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| 一生一芯-answer |
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|  |
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**修改记录**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 版本号 | 修改文件 | 描述 | 作者 | 时间 |
| v1.0 |  | 初稿 | HateHanzo | 20250728 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
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**缩略语与约定符号**

**缩略语**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **英文简写** | **英文全称** | **中文描述** |
| AHB | Advanced High-performance Bus | 先进高性能总线 |
| SRAM | Static Random-Access Memory | 静态随机存取存储器 |
| FSM | Finite State Machine | 有限状态机 |
| SR-Latch | Set-Reset-Latch | SR锁存器 |
| ICG | Integrated Clock Gating Cell | 门控时钟 |

**约定符号**

1、对于某信号名A，若无特殊声明，A\_d1表示该信号延时一拍，A\_d2表示延时两拍，以此类推。如ahb\_addr\_d1表示信号ahb\_addr延时一拍。

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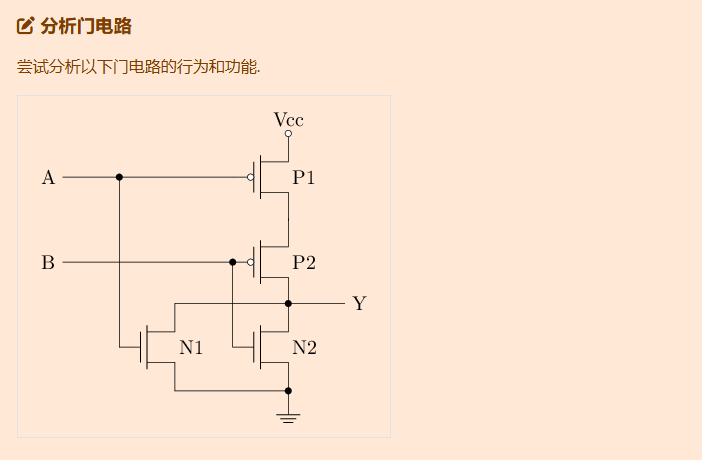
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**1 F阶段**

* 1. **F3**

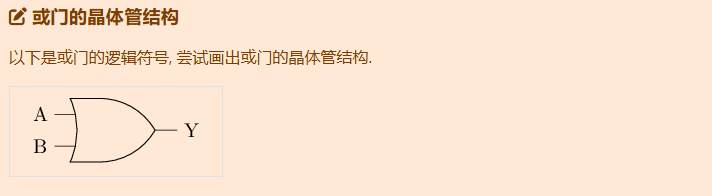
**1.1.1 分析门电路**



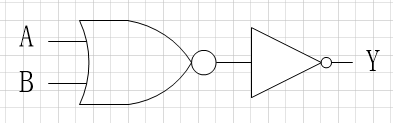
| **A** | **B** | **P1** | **P2** | **N1** | **N2** | **Y** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0 | 0 | 导通 | 导通 | 截止 | 截止 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 导通 | 截止 | 截止 | 导通 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 截止 | 导通 | 导通 | 截止 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 截止 | 截止 | 导通 | 导通 | 0 |

该电路是一个或非门

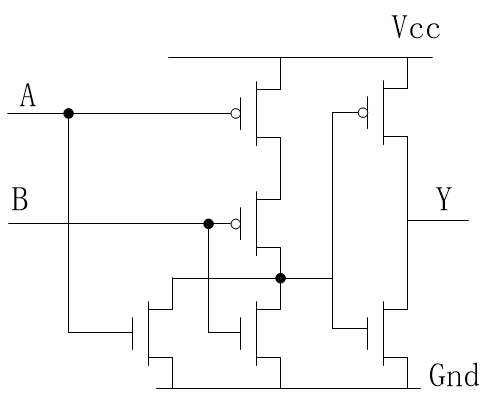
**1.1.2 或门的晶体管结构**



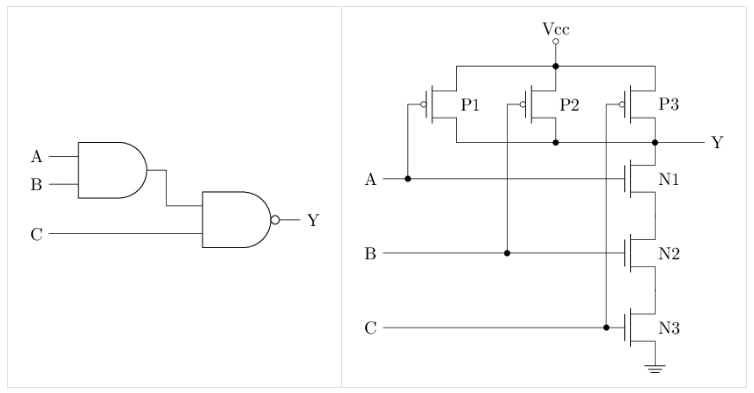
或门只需要或非门电路的输出和非门电路的输入连线即可得到，门电路结构可表示为：



晶体管结构为：

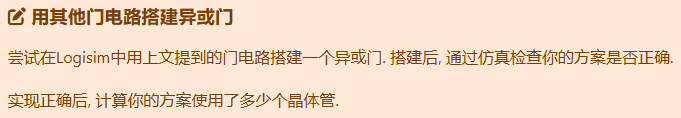


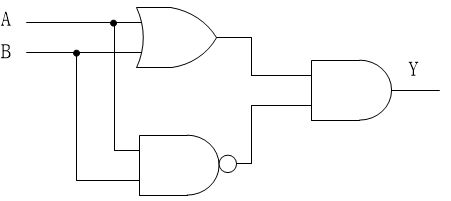
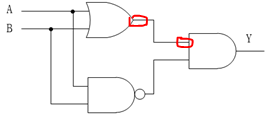
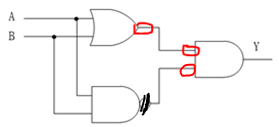
**1.1.3 对比两种实现的晶体管所需要的数量**

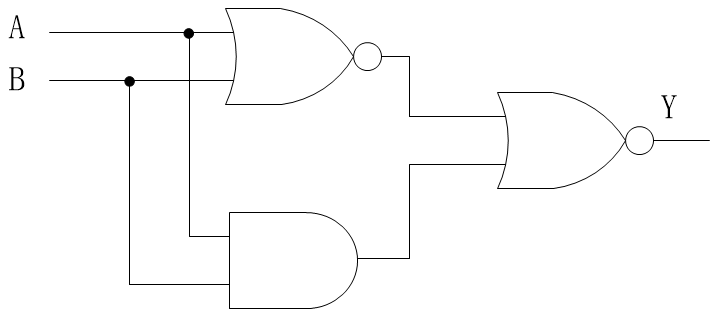
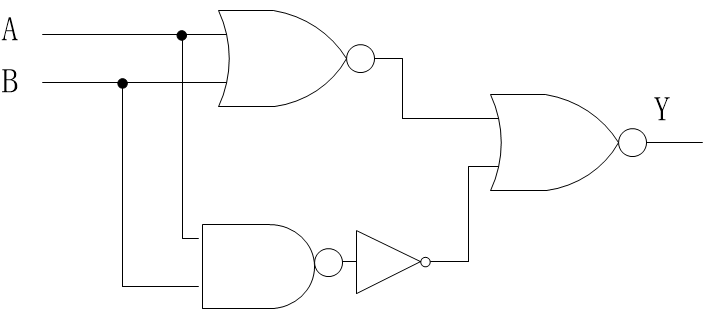


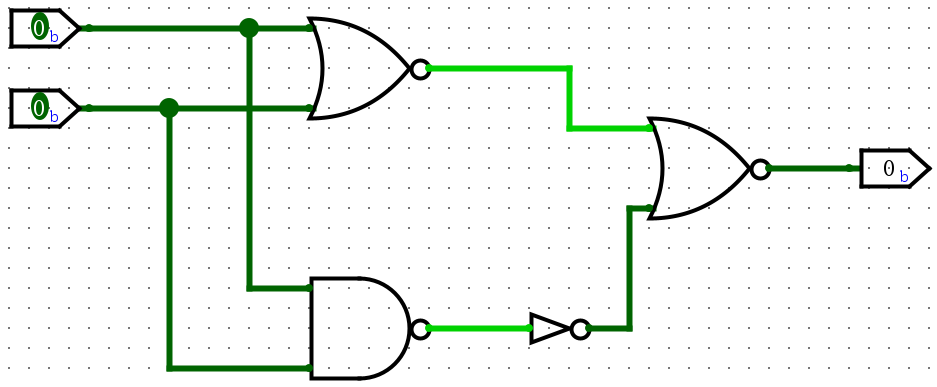
左图为与门+与非门，6+4=10；右图为6。

**1.1.4 用其他门电路搭建异或门**



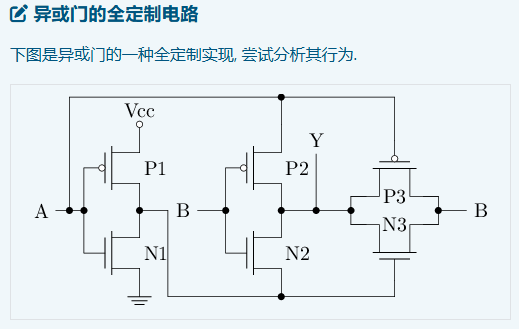
 ->  ->  ->

 -> 

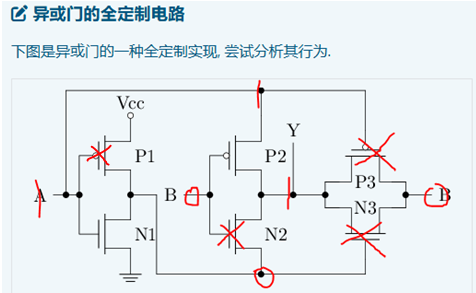


4+4+4+2 = 14

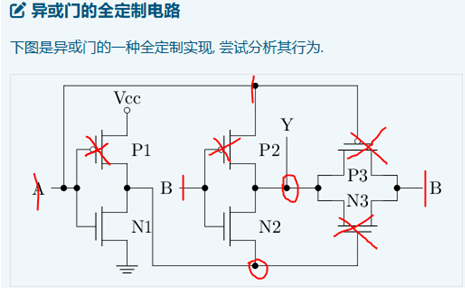
**1.1.5  异或门的全定制电路**



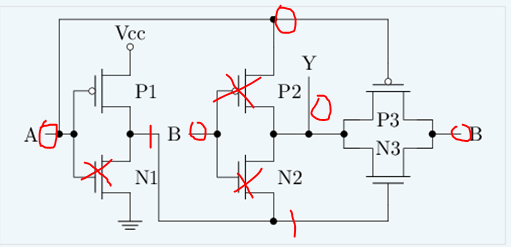
A=1,B=0，Y=1



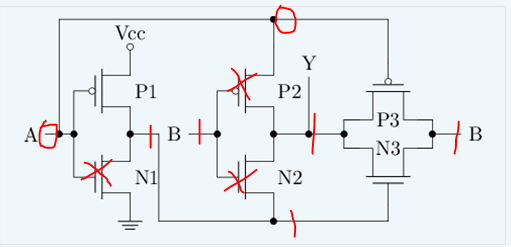
A=1,B=1，Y=0



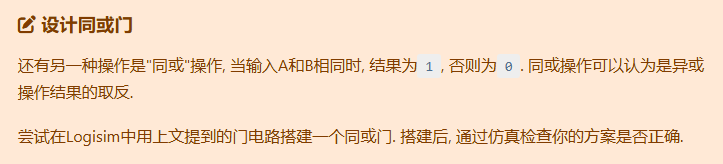
A=0,B=0，Y=0

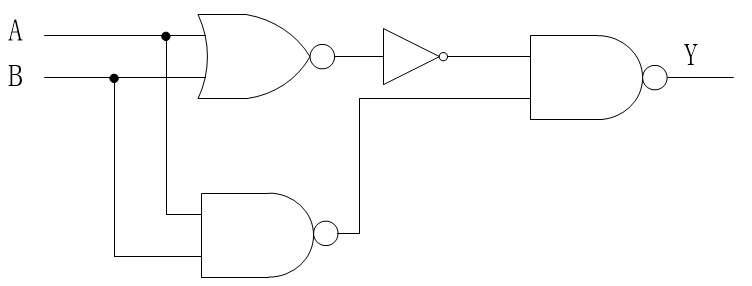


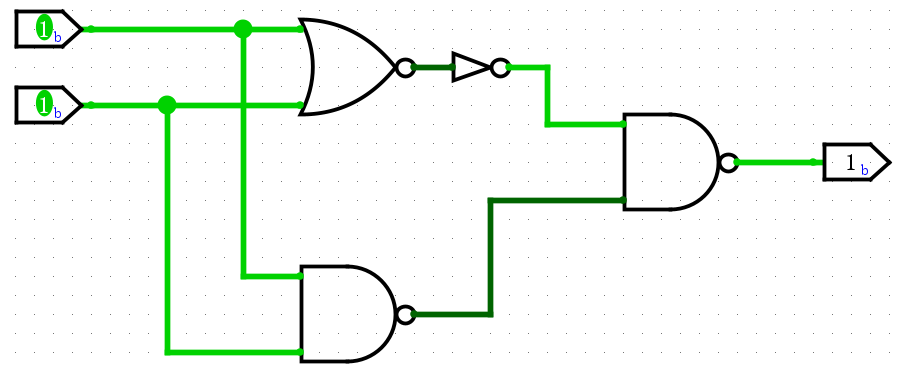
A=0,B=1，Y=1



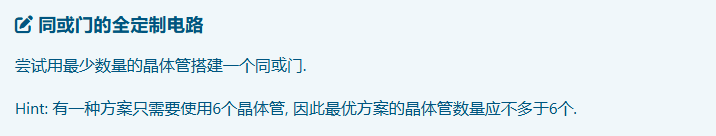
**1.1.6 设计同或门**

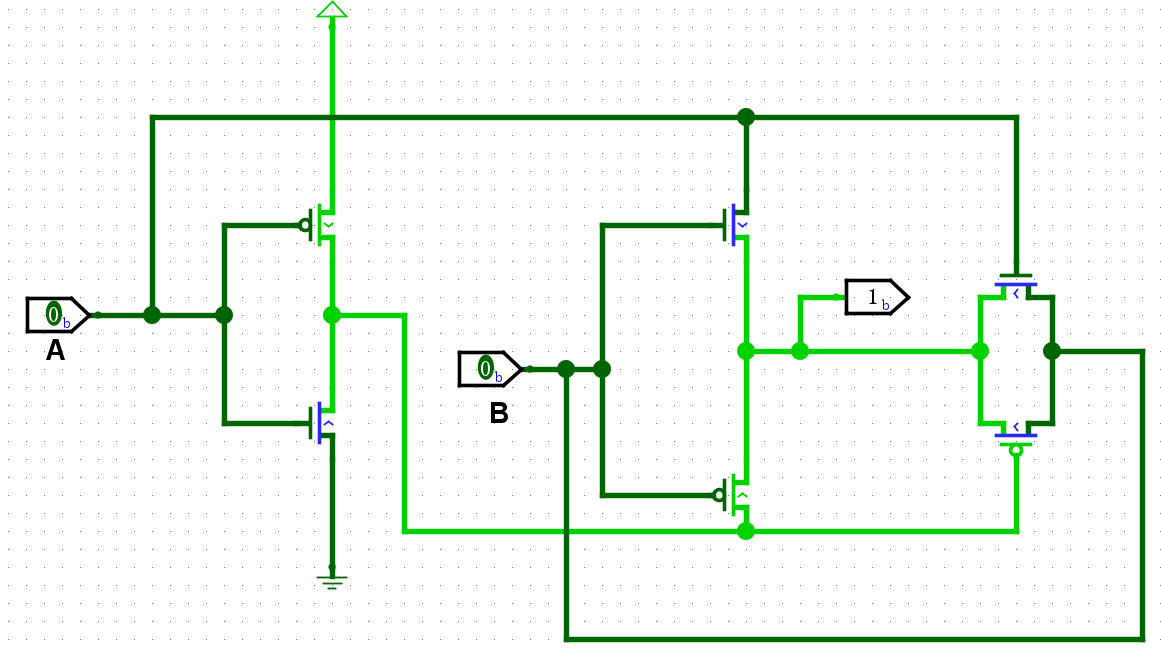






**1.1.7 同或门的全定制电路**





**1.1.8 八进制(octal)计数法**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 2进制 | 100 | 111 | 1000 | 1111 |
| 8进制 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 17 |
| 10进制 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 15 |

2进制转8进制：从最右为起点，每3个bit为一组建立和8进制的一一对应关系，比如000-0；001-1；。。。110-6；111-7，不足3位的用0补齐即可实现

8进制转2进制，每一位按照对应关系转换为2进制即可，比如17，7对应111，1对应001，那么17对应的2进制就是001111，通常把高位的0舍去，变成1111

8进制转10进制就是和2进制转10进制一样，加权求和，比如17转换为10进制就是1\*8^1 + 7\*8^0 = 15

10进制转8进制就是不停的除以8直到商为0，记录下余数，最后把余数倒序排列即可，比如十进制255转成8进制就是：

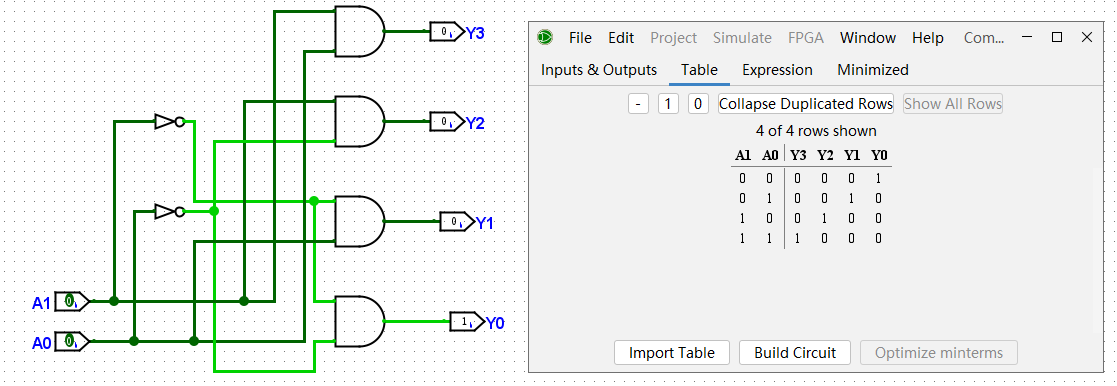
255/8=31…7

31/8=3…7

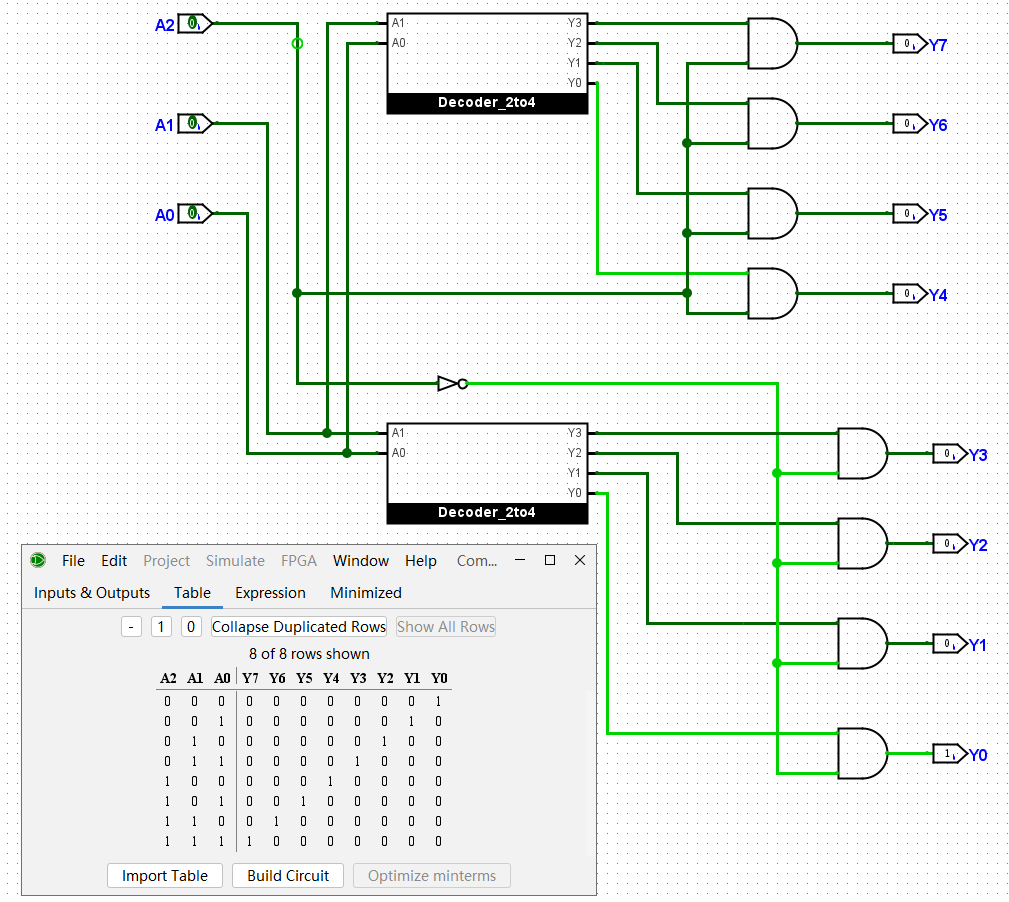
3/8=0…3

所以255对应的8进制就是377

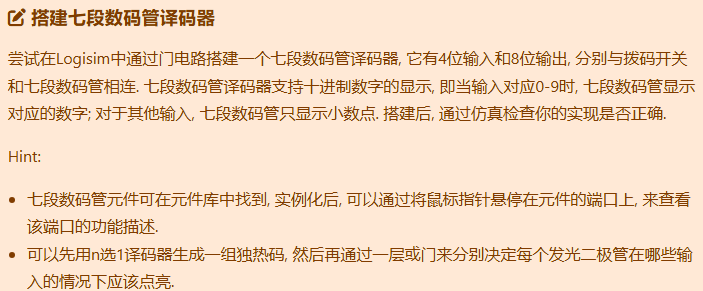
**1.1.9 搭建2-4译码器**



**1.1.a 译码器的扩展**



**1.1.b 搭建七段数码管译码器**





|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 拨码开关 | 4-16译码器输出 | 数码管显示数字 | 需点亮的数码管 |
| 0000 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_0001 | 0 | a/b/c/d/e/f |
| 0001 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_0010 | 1 | b/c |
| 0010 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_0100 | 2 | a/b/d/e/g |
| 0011 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_1000 | 3 | a/b/c/d/g |
| 0100 | 0000\_0000\_0001\_0000 | 4 | b/c/f/g |
| 0101 | 0000\_0000\_0010\_0000 | 5 | a/c/d/f/g |
| 0110 | 0000\_0000\_0100\_0000 | 6 | a/c/d/e/f/g |
| 0111 | 0000\_0000\_1000\_0000 | 7 | a/b/c |
| 1000 | 0000\_0001\_0000\_0000 | 8 | a/b/c/d/e/f/g |
| 1001 | 0000\_0010\_0000\_0000 | 9 | a/b/c/d/f/g |
| 其他 | … | 小数点 | h |

a = b0|b2|b3|b5|b6|b7|b8|b9

b = b0|b1|b2|b3|b4|b7|b8|b9

c = b0|b1|b3|b4|b5|b6|b7|b8|b9

d = b0|b2|b3|b5|b6|b8|b9

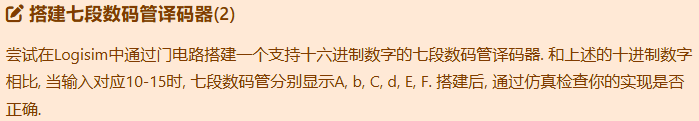
e = b0|b2|b6|b8

f = b0 |b4|b5|b6|b8|b9

g= b2|b3|b4|b4|b6|b8|b9

h= |b[15:10]

**1.1.c 搭建七段数码管译码器(2)**





|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 拨码开关 | 4-16译码器输出 | 数码管显示数字 | 需点亮的数码管 |
| 0000 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_0001 | 0 | a/b/c/d/e/f |
| 0001 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_0010 | 1 | b/c |
| 0010 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_0100 | 2 | a/b/d/e/g |
| 0011 | 0000\_0000\_0000\_1000 | 3 | a/b/c/d/g |
| 0100 | 0000\_0000\_0001\_0000 | 4 | b/c/f/g |
| 0101 | 0000\_0000\_0010\_0000 | 5 | a/c/d/f/g |
| 0110 | 0000\_0000\_0100\_0000 | 6 | a/c/d/e/f/g |
| 0111 | 0000\_0000\_1000\_0000 | 7 | a/b/c |
| 1000 | 0000\_0001\_0000\_0000 | 8 | a/b/c/d/e/f/g |
| 1001 | 0000\_0010\_0000\_0000 | 9 | a/b/c/d/f/g |
| 1010 | 0000\_0100\_0000\_0000 | A (b10) | a/b/c/e/f/g |
| 1011 | 0000\_1000\_0000\_0000 | b (b11) | c/d/e/f/g |
| 1100 | 0001\_0000\_0000\_0000 | C (b12) | a/d/e/f |
| 1101 | 0010\_0000\_0000\_0000 | d (b13) | b/c/d/e/g |
| 1110 | 0100\_0000\_0000\_0000 | E (b14) | a/d/e/f/g |
| 1111 | 1000\_0000\_0000\_0000 | F (b15) | a/e/f/g |

a = b0|b2|b3|b5|b6|b7|b8|b9|b10|b12|b14|b15

b = b0|b1|b2|b3|b4|b7|b8|b9|b10|b13

c = b0|b1|b3|b4|b5|b6|b7|b8|b9|b10|b11|b13

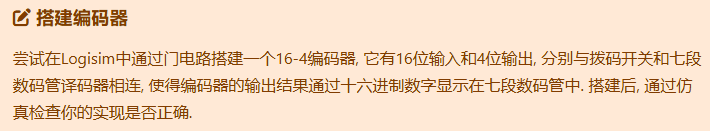
d = b0|b2|b3|b5|b6|b8|b9|b11|b12|b13|b14

e = b0|b2|b6|b8|b10|b11|b12|b13|b14|b15

f = b0 |b4|b5|b6|b8|b9|b10|b11|b12|b14|b15

g= b2|b3|b4|b4|b6|b8|b9|b10|b11|b13|b14|b15

**1.1.d 搭建编码器**



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a15 | a14 | a13 | a12 | a11 | a10 | a9 | a8 | a7 | a6 | a5 | a4 | a3 | a2 | a1 | a0 |  | y3 | y2 | y1 | y0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 其他情况 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  | X | X | X | X |

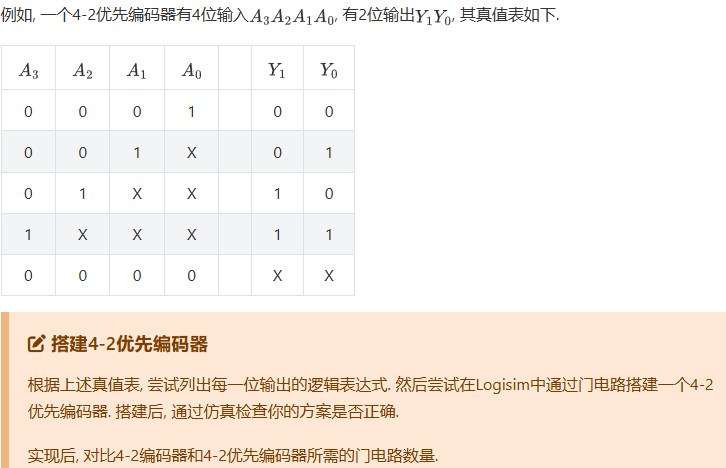
y3 = a8|a9|a10|a11|a12|a13|a14|a15

y2 = a4|a5|a6|a7|a12|a13|a14|a15

y1 = a2|a3|a6|a7|a10|a11|a14|a15

y0 = a1|a3|a5|a7|a9|a11|a13|a15

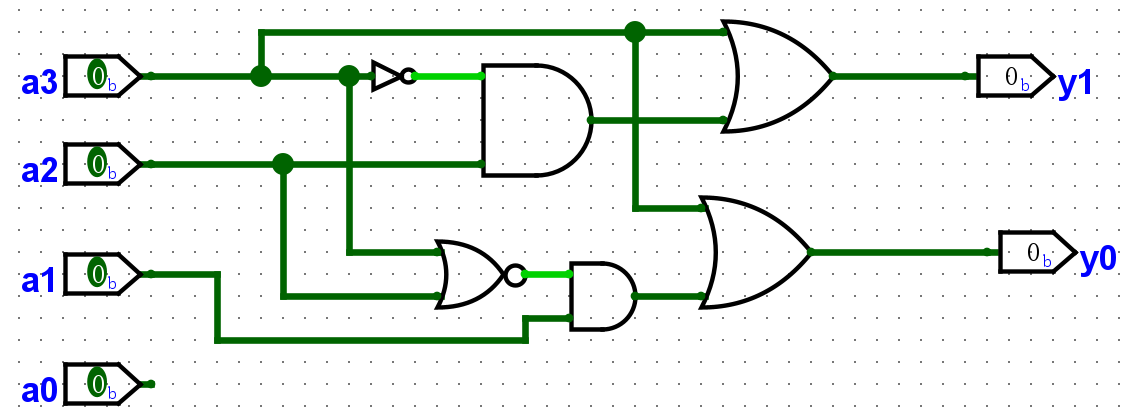
**1.1.e 搭建4-2优先编码器**



y1 = ～a3&a2 | a3

y0 = ～a3&～a2&a1 | a3

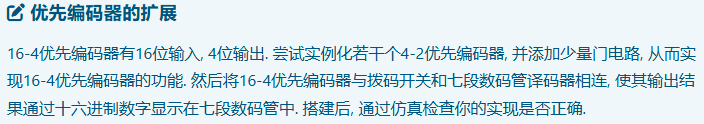
= (～(a3|a2))&a1 | a3



4-2编码器需要2个或门

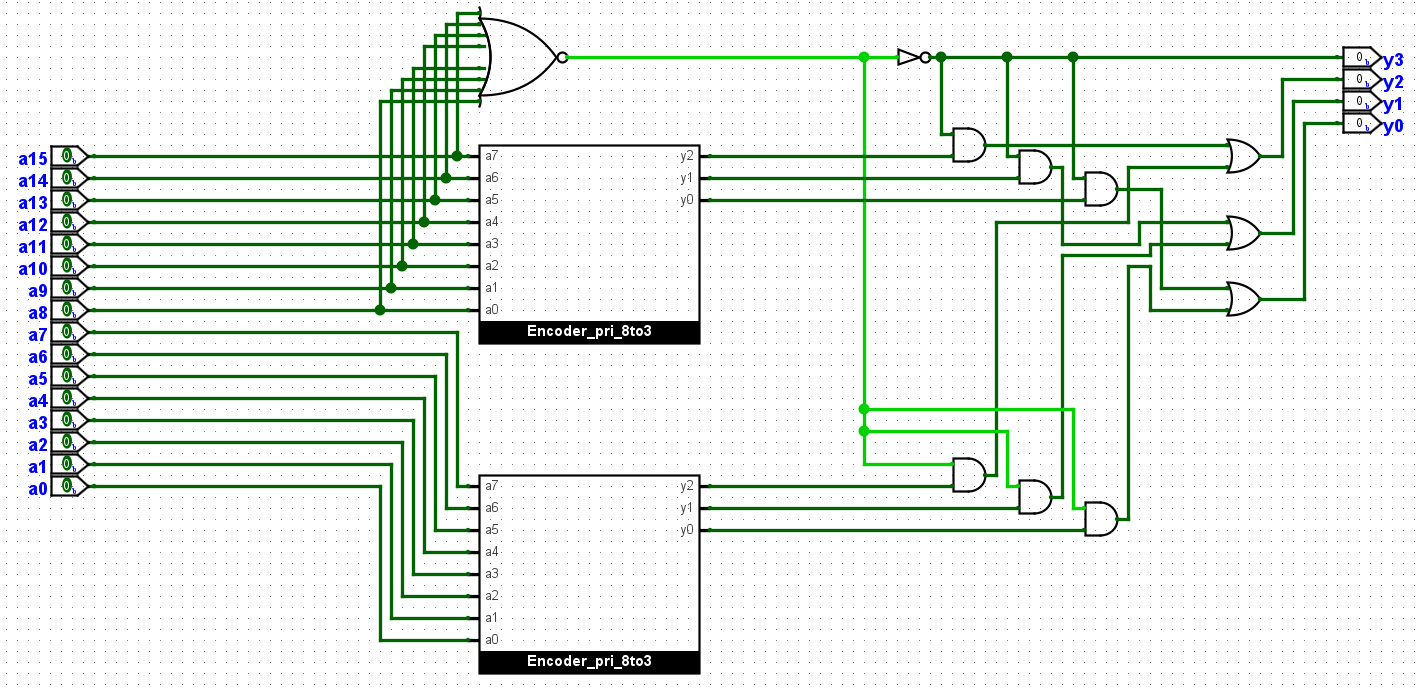
4-2优先编码区需要2个或门+2个与门+1个非门+1个或非门 = 6

**1.1.f 优先编码器的扩展**

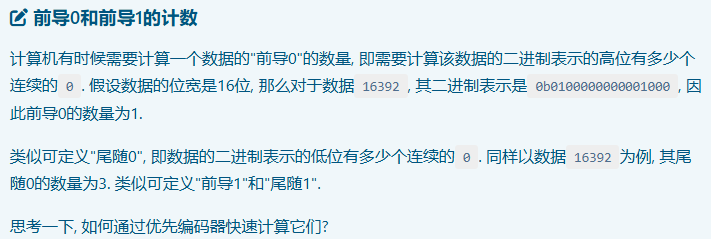


16-4优先编码器真值表

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a15 | a14 | a13 | a12 | a11 | a10 | a9 | a8 | a7 | a6 | a5 | a4 | a3 | a2 | a1 | a0 |  | y3 | y2 | y1 | y0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | X |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | x | x | x | x |



**1.2.0 前导0和前导1的计数**



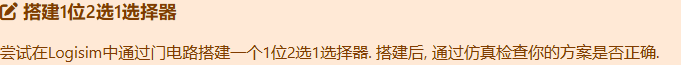
计算前导0：将数据输入对应位宽的优先编码器，假设优先编码器的输出值为x，那么前导0的数量为（位宽-1）-x，比如16392对应的数据位宽是16，其二进制值为0b0100\_0000\_0000\_1000，那么将其输入优先编码器其输出为14，前导0的数量为16-1-14=1

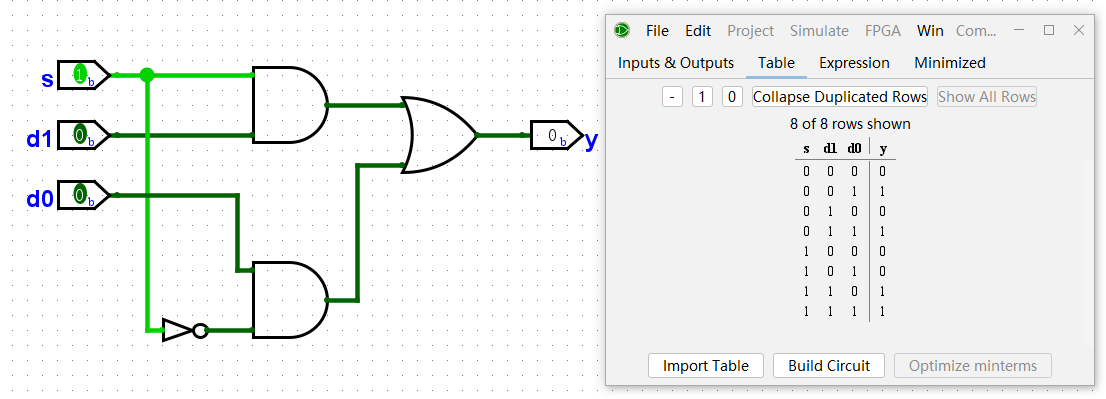
计算尾随0，将数据先倒序排列，再输入优先编码器计算，比如16392的二进制值为0b0100\_0000\_0000\_1000，先将其倒叙排列0b\_0001\_0000\_0000\_0010，输入优先编码器，得到12，16-1-12=3

计算前导1，先将数据按位取反，然后再输入优先编码器，比如数据61442，对应的二进制为0b1111\_0000\_0000\_0010，按位取反为0b0000\_1111\_1111\_1101，输入优先编码器，得到输出为11，16-1-11=4，所以前导1数量为4。

计算尾随1，参考计算尾随0，先将数据倒叙排列，再按位取反，再输入优先编码器，最后计算尾随1的数量。

**1.2.1 搭建1位2选1选择器**





**1.2.2 搭建3位4选1选择器**

**参考文献**

1. https://ysyx.oscc.cc/docs/2407/f/2.html

**附 录**