Budget-constrained Recommendation of a Set of Alternatives for Common Use

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Outline

We seek to find good ways for a group of agents to spend a limited budget on a set of alternatives which they all have to consume and over which they have different preferences.

- Motivation: Two Scenarios
- The Knapsack Problem for Multiple Agents
- Desirable Properties of Recommendation Sets
- Budgeted Voting Rules
- Results: Rules & Property Satisfaction
- Future Work

Motivation: A problem with the News Media

News Media are vulnerable to the following vicious cycle: People are biased. They are more likely to consumn media content that confirms their biases. Thus media have an incentive to feed their consumers' bias. If they follow it, this can entrench division and erode the commonly accepted factual base. If they don't, a part of the population may come to believe that their world view is not represented by the media and become increasingly distrusting of the news.

A Common Core

Can we devise a transparent, intersubjectively justified method to select a common core of issues to which everybody should pay attention?

Scenario I: An Essential Readings News Recommendation Algorithm

Online social networks often recommend news articles to their users based on an algorithm that infers preferences from user's past behavior and demographic properties. Such a News Feed may have little overlap for people belonging to different social or political spheres.

Imagine a news aggregator that asks users for an amount of time they want to read everyday, scrapes their social network accounts and based on this information creates a list of essential readings of the desired length.

Scenario II: A Newspaper Page

A newspaper with a diverse readership has recently lost readers on one side of the political spectrum who feel that the medium does not report on the issues they care about. Responding to this criticism they would like to create a page that reflects preference data they collect from their readers. How can they fill the page in a way that is a good compromise given their voters diverse preferences over issues?

The Knapsack Problem

At a higher level of abstraction, we seek to find good ways for a group of agents to spend a limited budget on a set of alternatives which they all have to consume and over which they have different preferences. For the single agent case, this problem is the well-known Knapsack Problem: How can I find the combination of items that fits in my knapsack which is most valuable for my camping trip? However, if the knapsack is packed for a group with different preferences, there is no simple way to maximize utility. Thus a voting rule is needed.