AOloopControl

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1 Initial Setup

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1.2 Pre-requisites

Libraries required :

- gcc
- openMP
- fitsio
- fftw (single and double precision)
- gsl
- readline

Recommended:

- CUDA
- Magma
- shared memory image viewer (shmimview or similar)

AOloop Control 1 Initial Setup

1.3 Installing the AdaptiveOpticsControl package

Source code is available on the AdaptiveOpticsControl git hub repository.

Download the latest tar ball (.tar.gz file), uncompress, untar and execute in the source directory (./AdaptiveOpticsControl-<version>/)

```
./configure
```

Include recommended high performance compile flags for faster execution speed:

```
./configure CFLAGS='-Ofast -march=native'
```

If you have installed CUDA and MAGMA libraries:

```
./configure CFLAGS='-Ofast -march=native' --enable-cuda --enable-magma
```

The executable is built with:

```
make install
```

The executable is ./AdaptiveOpticsControl-<version>/bin/AdaptiveOpticsControl

1.4 Setting up the work directory

Conventions:

- <srcdir> is the source code directory, usually .../AdaptiveOpticsControl-<version>
- <workdir> is the work directory where the program and scripts will be executed

The work directory is where all scripts and high level commands should be run from. You will first need to create the work directory and then load scripts from the source directory to the work directory by executing from the source directory the 'syncscript -e' command:

2

```
mkdir /<workdir>
cd <srcdir>/src/AOloopControl/scripts
./syncscripts -e /<workdir>
cd /<workdir>
```

Symbolic links to the source scripts and executable are now installed in the work directory :

```
olivier@ubuntu:/data/AOloopControl/AOloop1$ ls -l
total 28
drwxrwxr-x 2 olivier olivier 4096 Feb 21 18:14 aocustomscripts
drwxrwxr-x 2 olivier olivier 4096 Feb 21 18:14 aohardsim
lrwxrwxrwx 1 olivier olivier 57 Feb 21 18:14 aolconf -> /home/olivier/src/Cfits/src/drwxrwxr-x 2 olivier olivier 4096 Feb 21 18:14 aolconfscripts
lrwxrwxrwx 1 olivier olivier 70 Feb 21 19:08 AOloopControl -> /home/olivier/src/Cfits/drwxrwxr-x 2 olivier olivier 4096 Feb 21 18:14 aosetup
drwxrwxr-x 2 olivier olivier 4096 Feb 21 18:14 auxscripts
lrwxrwxrwx 1 olivier olivier 61 Feb 21 18:13 syncscripts -> /home/olivier/src/Cfits/
```

If new scripts are added in the source directory, running ./syncscripts will add them to the work directory.

The main executable is ./AOloopControl, which provides a command line interface (CLI) to all compiled code. Type AOloopControl -h for help. You can enter the CLI and list the available libraries (also called modules) that are linked to the CLI. You can also list the functions available within each module (m? <module.c>) and help for each function (cmd? <functionname>). Type help within the CLI for additional directions.

```
olivier@ubuntu:/data/AOloopControl/AOloop1$ ./AOloopControl

type "help" for instructions

Running with openMP, max threads = 8 (defined by environment variable OMP_NUM_THREADS

LOADED: 21 modules, 269 commands

./AOloopControl > m?

O cudacomp.c CUDA wrapper for AO loop

1 AtmosphericTurbulence.c Atmospheric Turbulence
```

Atmosphere Model

v 1.6

AtmosphereModel.c

```
3
                       memory management for images and variables
    4
            AOloopControl.c
                                AO loop control
             AOsystSim.c
                            conversion between image format, I/O
   5
    6
         AOloopControl DM.c
                                AO loop Control DM operation
   7
             OptSystProp.c
                              Optical propagation through system
   8
            ZernikePolyn.c
                              create and fit Zernike polynomials
    9
              WFpropagate.c
                                light propagation
   10
              image basic.c
                               basic image routines
   11
             image filter.c
                                image filtering
                         creating images (shapes, useful functions and patterns)
  12
           image_gen.c
  13
        linopt imtools.c
                           image linear decomposition and optimization tools
   14
                statistic.c
                                statistics functions and tools
   15
                      fft.c
                               FFTW wrapper
   16
                               image information and statistics
                     info.c
   17
            COREMOD_arith.c
                                image arithmetic operations
   18
           COREMOD iofits.c
                               FITS format input/output
  19
        COREMOD_memory.c
                           memory management for images and variables
            COREMOD_tools.c
   20
                                image information and statistics
./AOloopControl > exit
Closing PID 5291 (prompt process)
```

The top level script is aolconf. Run it with -h option for a quick help

./aolconf -h

1.5 Supporting scripts, all conficients directory

Scripts in the aolconfscripts directory are part of the high-level ASCII control GUI

Script	Description
aolconf_DMfuncs	DM functions
$aolconf_DMturb$	DM turbulence functions
aolconf_funcs	Misc functions
$aolconf_logfuncs$	data and command logging
aolconf_menuconfiguredonfigure loop menu	

Script	Description		
aolconf_menucontrol	loopntrol loop menu		
aolconf_menucontrol	matrix ol matrix menu		
aolconf_menu_mkFN	aolconf_menu_mkFModese modes		
aolconf_menurecord			
aolconf_menutestmodeTest mode menu			
${f aolconf_menutop}$	Top level menu		
$aolconf_menuview$	Data view menu		
${f aolconf_readconf}$	Configuration read functions		
aolconf_template	Template (not used)		

1.6 Supporting scripts (./auxscripts directory)

Scripts in the auxscripts directory are called by a olconf to perform various tasks. To list all commands, type in the auxscripts directory :

./listcommands

The available commands are listed in the table below. Running the command with the -h option prints a short help.

Script	Description
./mkHpoke	Compute real-time WFS residual image
./aolMeasureTiming	Measure loop timing
./aolCleanLOrespmat	Measure zonal resp matrix
./aolRMmeas_sensitivity	Measure photon sensitivity of zonal response
	matrix
./aolmon	Display AO loop stats
./acquRespM	Acquire response matrix
./aolctr	AO control process
./listrunproc	List running AOloop processes
./MeasDMmodesRec	Measure AO loop DM modes recovery
./aolARPFblock	AO find optimal AR linear predictive filter
	(single block)
./aolRM2CM	Align Pyramid camera

Script	Description
./aolCleanZrespmat	Cleans zonal resp matrix
./mkDMslaveActprox	Create DM slaved actuators map
./xptest	Compute cross-product of a data cube
./aolInspectDMmap	Inspect DM map
./aolARPFautoUpdate	Automatic update of AR linear predictive filter
./aolCleanZrespmat2	Cleans zonal resp matrix
./mkDMslaveAct	Create DM slaved actuators map
./aolReadConfFile	AOloop load file to stream
./aolLinSim	AO Linear Simulator
•	
./aolApplyARPF	Apply AR linear predictive filter
./aolARPF	AO find optimal AR linear predictive filter
./aolSetmcLimit	Compute real-time WFS residual image
./aolautotunegains	Automatic gain tuning Create AO wfs and DM masks
./aolmkMasks	
./aolmkmodesM	CREATE CM MODES FOR AO LOOP, MODAL DM
/a al Maagura I Oragamat	
./aolMeasureLOrespmat ./waitonfile	Acquire modal response matrix Wait for file to appear
•	Apply predictive filter to stream
./predFiltApplyRT	DM offload loop
./aoloffloadloop ./aolmkWFSres	-
•	Compute real-time WFS residual image Compute real-time WFS residual image
./aolWFSresoffloadloop ./aollindm2wfsim	-
•	Convert DM stream to WFS image stream Apply AR linear predictive filter (single block)
./aolApplyARPFblock ./aolmcoeffs2dmmap	GPU-based MODE COEFFS -> DM MAP
•	Create modes for AO loop
./aolmkmodes ./aolMeasureZrespmat2	Acquire zonal response matrix
, –	-
./processTelemetryPSDs	Process telemetry: create open and closed loop PSDs
/solzploopen	
./aolzploopon ./aollinsimDelay	WFS zero point offset loop Introduce DM delay
./shmimzero	Set shared memory image stream to zero
,	v e
./aolmkmodes2	Create modes for AO loop
./alignPyrTT	Align Pyramid TT Cot shared memory image size
./aolgetshmimsize	Get shared memory image size
./aolMeasureZrespmat	Acquire zonal response matrix

Script	Description
./xp2test	Compute cross-product of two data cubes
./waitforfilek	Wait for file to appear and then remove it
./aolmkLO_DMmodes	Create LO DM modes for AO loop
./aolscangain	AO scan gain for optimal value
$./aol_dmCave$	dmC temporal averaging
./alignPcam	Align Pyramid camera
./ aol Measure LO respmat 2	Acquire modal response matrix
./MeasureLatency	Measure AO system response latency
./aolARPFautoApply	Apply real-time AR linear predictive filter
./aolPFcoeffs2dmmap	GPU-based predictive filter coeffs -> DM
	MAP
./modesextractwfs	Extract mode values from WFS images
./Fits2shm	Copy FITS files to shared memor
./aolblockstats	Extract mode values from WFS images, sort
	per block
./aolrun	Run AO control loop
./aolMergeRMmat	Merge HO and LO resp matrices
./selectLatestTelemetry	Compute real-time WFS residual image
./MeasLoopModeResp	Measure AO loop temporal response

1.7 Hardware simulation scripts

Scripts in the ${\tt aohardsim}$ directory are called to simulate hardware for testing / simulations.

Script	Description
aosimDMstart aosimDMrun aosimmkWF	Start simulation DM shared mem Simulates physical deformable mirror (DM) creates properly sized wavefronts from
aosimWPyrFS	pre-computed wavefronts Simulates WFS

2 Hardware Simulation

2.1 Overview

There are 3 methods for users to simulate hardware

- METHOD 1: Provide an external simulation that adheres to AOloop-Control input/output conventions
- METHOD 2: Use the physical hardware simulation provided by the package
- METHOD 3: Use the linear hardware simulation: this option is fastest, but only captures linear relationships between DM actuators and WFS signals

2.2 METHOD 1: Provide an external simulation that adheres to AOloopControl input/output conventions

The user runs a loop that updates the wavefront sensor image when the DM input changes. Both the DM and WFS are represented as shared memory image streams. When a new DM shape is written, the DM stream semaphores are posted by the user, triggering the WFS image computation. When the WFS image is computed, its semaphores are posted.

2.3 METHOD 2: Physical hardware simulation

The AOsim simulation architecture relies on individual processes that simulate subsystems. Each process is launched by a bash script. ASCII configuration files are read by each process. Data I/O can be done with low latency using shared memory and semaphores: a process operation (for example, the wavefront sensor process computing WFS signals) is typically triggered by a semaphore contained in the shared memory wavefront stream. A low-speed file system based alternative to shared memory and semaphores is also provided.

2.3.1 Running Method 2

Launch the simulator with the following steps:

• Create a series of atmospheric wavefronts (do this only once, this step can take several hrs):

./aohardsim/aosimmkwf

Stop the process when a few wavefront files have been created (approximately 10 minimum). The AO code will loop through the list of files created, so a long list is preferable to reduce the frequency at which the end-of-sequence discontinuity occurs. The current wavefront file index is displayed as the process runs; in this example, the process is working on file #2:

```
Layer 0/7, Frame 99/100, File 0/100000000 [TIME = 0.0990 s] WRITING SC
Layer 0/7, Frame 99/100, File 1/100000000 [TIME = 0.1990 s] WRITING SC
Layer 1/7, Frame 42/100, File 2/100000000 [TIME = 0.2420 s]
```

Type CTRL-C to stop the process. Note that you can relaunch the script later to build additional wavefront files.

By default, the wavefront files are stored in the work directory. You may choose to move them to another location (useful if you have multiple work directories sharing the same wavefront files). You can then create a symbolic link atmwf to an existing atmospheric wavefront simulation directory. For example:

```
ln -s /data/AtmWF/wdir00/ atmwf
```

- Execute master script ./aohardsim/runAOhsim
- To stop the physical simulator: ./aohardsim/runAOhsim -k

Important notes:

- Parameters for the simulation can be changed by editing the .conf files in the aohardsim directory
- You may need to kill and relaunch the main script twice after changing parameters

2.3.2 Processes and scripts details

2.3.2.1 Process assimmkWF

aosimmkWF reads precomputed wavefronts and formats them for the simulation parameters (pixel scale, temporal sampling).

Parameters for aosimmkWF are stored in configuration file:

File aosimmkWF.conf.default:

! INCLUDE "../scripts/aohardsim/aosimmkWF.conf.default"

2.3.2.2 Process assimDMrun

File aosimDMrun.conf.default:

1 !INCLUDE "../scripts/aohardsim/aosimDMrun.conf.default"

2.3.2.3 Process aosimPyrWFS

File aosimPyrWFS.conf.default:

1 !INCLUDE "../scripts/aohardsim/aosimPyrWFS.conf.default"

2.3.3 AO loop control

The aolconf script is used to configure and launch the AO control loop. It can be configured with input/output from real hardware or a simulation of real hardware.

2.3.3.1 Shared memory streams

Script	Description
wf0opd	Wavefront OPD prior to wavefront correction [um]
wf1opd	Wavefront OPD after correction [um] (= $wf0opd - 2 \times dm05dispmap$)

Script	Description
dm05disp dm05dispmap	DM actuators positions DM OPD map
WFSinst pWFSint	Instantaneous WFS intensity WFS intensity frame, time averaged to WFS
	frame rate and sampled to WFS camera pixels

2.3.3.2 Hardware simulation architecture

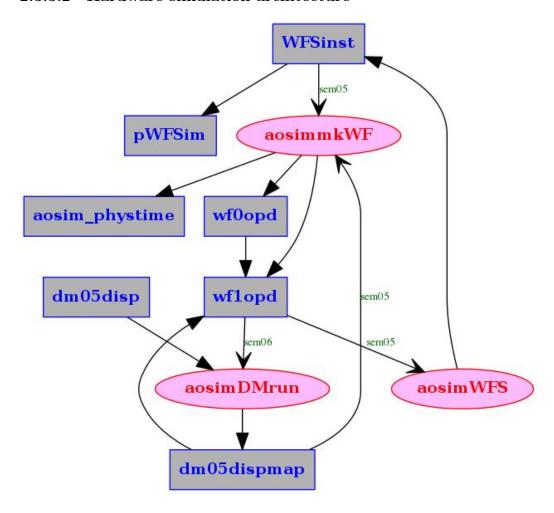


Figure 1: data flow

Close-loop simulation requires the following scripts to be launched to simulate the hardware, in the following order :

- aosimDMstart: This script creates DM channels (uses dm index 5 for simulation). Shared memory arrays dm05disp00 to dm05disp11 are created, along with the total displacement dm05disp. Also creates the wf1opd shared memory stream which is needed by aosimDMrun and will be updated by runWF. wf1opd is the master clock for the whole simulation, as it triggers DM shape computation and WFS image computation.
- aosimDMrun: Simulates physical deformable mirror (DM)
- aosimmkWF: Creates atmospheric wavefronts
- aosimWFS: Simulates WFS

Some key script variables need to coordinated between scripts. The following WF array size should match :

- WFsize in script aosimDMstart
- ARRAYSIZE in aosimmkWF.conf
- ARRAYSIZE in aosimDMrun.conf

The main hardware loop is between assimmkWF and assimWFS: computation of a wavefront by assimmkWF is *triggered* by completion of a WFS instantaneous image computation by assimWFS. The configuration files are configured for this link.

2.3.3.3 DM temporal response

The DM temporal response is assumed to be such that the distance between the current position p and desired displacement c values is multiplied by coefficient a < 1 at each time step dt. The corresponding step response is :

$$c - p((k+1)dt) = (c - p(kdt))a$$
$$c - p(kdt) = (c - p0)a^{k}$$
$$p(kdt) = 1 - a^{k}$$

The corresponding time constant is

$$a^{\frac{t0}{dt}} = 0.5$$

 $\frac{t0}{dt}ln(a) = ln(0.5)$
 $ln(a) = ln(0.5)dt/t0$
 $a = 0.5^{\frac{dt}{t0}}$

2.3.4 Processes and scripts: system ouput

The output (corrected) wavefront is processed to compute output focal plane images, and optionally LOWFS image.

2.3.4.1 Process assimcoroLOWFS

Computes coronagraphic image output and LOWFS image

File aosimcoroLOWFS.conf.default:

!INCLUDE "../scripts/aohardsim/aosimcoroLOWFS.conf.default"

2.3.4.2 Ouput simulation architecture

2.4 METHOD 3: Linear Hardware Simulation

2.4.1 Overview

The Linear Hardware Simulation (LHS) uses a linear response matrix to compute the WFS image from the DM state. It is significantly faster than the Physical Hardware Simulation (PHS) but does not capture non-linear effects.

3 AOloopControl setup

3.1 GUI description

The script aolconf starts the main GUI, from which all setup and control can be done. The GUI consists of several main screens, as shown below.

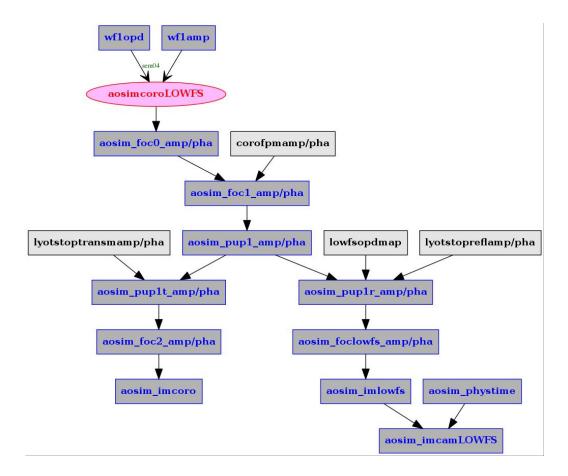


Figure 2: coroLOWFS data flow

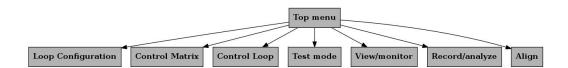


Figure 3: aolconf GUI screens

3.2 Setting up the hardware interfaces

3.2.1 Manual setup

• start all conf with loop number and loop name (you can ommit these arguments when launching the script again):

aolconf -L 3 -N testsim

The loop name (testsim in the above example) will both allocate a name for the loop and execute an optional custom setup script. The software package comes with a few such pre-made custom scripts for specific systems / examples. When the -N option is specified, the custom setup script ./setup/setup_<name> is ran. The script may make some of the steps described below optional.

- Set DM number (S command in Top Menu screen). If the DM stream exists, you should see its x and y size in the two lines below. If not, you will to enter the desired DM size and create the DM stream with the initDM command in the Top Menu.
- autoconfigure DM streams There are two possible setup configurations:
 - set physical DM (nolink in Top Menu screen). This command automactically sets up the following symbolic links:
 - * dm##disp03 is linked to aol#_dmC (loop dm control channel)
 - * dm##disp00 is linked to aol#_dmO (flat offset channel)
 - * dm##disp04 is linked to aol#_dmZP0 (zero point offset 0 actuation channel)
 - * dm##disp05 is linked to aol#_dmZP1 (zero point offset 1 actuation channel)
 - * dm##disp06 is linked to aol#_dmZP2 (zero point offset 2 actuation channel)
 - * dm##disp07 is linked to aol#_dmZP3 (zero point offset 3 actuation channel)

- * dm##disp08 is linked to aol#_dmZP4 (zero point offset 4 actuation channel)
- * dm##disp is linked to aol#_dmdisp (total dm displacement channel)
- * dm##disp02 is linked to aol#_dmRM (response matrix actuation channel)
- set virtual DM, which is a link to another DM (dmolink in Top Menu screen)
- **OPTIONAL: set DM delay** ('setDMdelayON' and 'setDMdelayval' in **Top Menu** screen)
- (Re-)Start DM comb if needed ('stopDM' and 'initDM' commands in Top Menu screen)
- load Memory (M in Top Menu screen). The dm performs the symbolic links to the DM channels.
- link to WFS camera (wfs to Loop Configuration screen). Select the WFS shared memory stream.

3.2.2 Setup script

An assetup script may be used to perform all these operations. Inspect the content of directory assetup to see such scripts. You may use or modify as needed. If you use a assetup script, execute it from the working directory, and then start aslconf:

```
./aosetup/aosetup_<myLoop>
./aolconf
```

3.3 Acquiring a zonal response matrix

- set response matrix parameters in Loop Configure screen: amplitude, time delay, frame averaging, excluded frames
- set normalization and Hadmard modes in Loop Configure screen. Normalization should probably be set to 1.

- start zonal response matrix acquisition (zrespon in Loop Configure screen). The process runs in tmux session aol#zrepM.
- stop zonal response matrix acquistion (zrespoff in Loop Configure screen).

The following files are then created:

File	Archived location Description
zrespmat.fits	zrespM/zrespM_\${dat zstn}l.fites ponse matrix
wfsref0.fits	$wfsref0/wfsref0_\$\{date \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \} fite ference\ (time-averaged$
	image)
wfsmap.fits	wfsmap/wfsmap_\${da ldstp }ofitWFS elements
	sensitivity
dmmap.fits	dmmap/dmmap_\${dat\datp}offtDM elements sensitivity
wfsmask.fits	wfsmask/wfsmask_\${dMtESn}ixesmask, derived from
	wfsmap
dmmaskRM.fits	s dmmaskRM/dmmaskR IDM_\$\fo datestr}matsk, derived
	from dmmap by selecting
	actuators with strong response
dmslaved.fits	dmslaved/dmslaved_\$ {datest } Mitsectuators: actuators
	near active actuators in
	dmmaskRM
dmmask.fits	dmmask/dmmask_\${dDtestmastes all actuators
	controlled (union of dmmaskRM
	and dmslaved)

Note that at this point, the files are NOT loaded in shared memory, but the archieved file names are stored in the staging area "conf_zrm_staged/conf_streamname.txt" for future loading.

- Adopt staged configuration (upzrm in Loop Configure screen)
- Load zrespm files into shared memory (SMloadzrm in Loop Configure screen)

3.4 Acquiring a modal response matrix (optional)

In addition to the zonal response matrix, a modal response matrix can be acquired to improve sensitivity to low-oder modes.

To do so:

- activate RMMon to toggle the modal RM on.
- select RM amplitude and maximum cycles per aperture (CPA)
- start the acquisiton (LOresp_on)
- stop the acquisiton (LOresp_off)

The following files are then created:

File	Archived location Description
LOrespmat.fits	LOrespM/LOrespM_\$\forall deltr\righthat sptnse matrix
$respM_LOmode$	est. 10 De la company de la co
LOwfsref0.fits	LOwfsref0/LOwfsref0_WAStesferefits measured during
	LO RM acquisition
LOwfsmap.fits	LOwfsmap/LOwfsmap/Ms/pdofeWiF}Sfielements
	sensitivity
LOdmmap.fits	LOdmmap/LOdmmap Majoloofe LLM. Ellements sensitivity
LOwfsmask.fits	LOwfsmask/LOwfsmask/Lowfsm
	wfsmap
LOdmmask.fits	LOdmmask/LOdmmask (Adatustur) intessk, derived
	from dmmap by selecting
	actuators with strong response

Note that at this point, the files are NOT loaded in shared memory, but the archieved file names are stored in the staging area "conf_mrm_staged//conf_streamname.txt" for future loading.

• Adopt staged configuration (upmrm in Loop Configure screen)

• Load LOrespm files into shared memory (SMloadmrm in Loop Configure screen)

3.5 Automatic system calibration (recommended)

The automatic system calibration performs all steps listed above under zonal and modal response matrix acquisition.

The old calibrations are archived as follows:

- "conf_zrm_staged" and "conf_mrm_staged" hold the new configuration (zonal and modal respectively)
- "conf_zrm_staged.000" and "conf_mrm_staged.000" hold the previous configuration (previously "conf_zrm_staged" and "conf_mrm_staged")
- "conf_zrm_staged.001" and "conf_mrm_staged.001" hold the configuration previously named "conf_zrm_staged.000" and "conf_mrm_staged.000"
- etc for a total of 20 configuration

3.6 Managing configurations

At any given time, the current configuration (including control matrices if they have been computed) can be saved using the SAVE CURRENT SYSTEM CALIBRATION command. Saving a configuration will save all files in the conf directory into a user-specified directory.

Previously saved configurations can be loaded with the LOAD SAVED SYSTEM CALIBRATION command. This will load saved files into the conf directory and load all files into shared memory.

3.7 Building control matrix

• set SVDlimit (SVDla in Control Matrix screen). Set value is 0.1 as a starting point for a stable loop.

• perform full CM computation (mkModes0 in Control Matrix screen). Enter first the number of CPA blocks you wish to use. Computation takes a few minutes, and takes place in tmux session aol#mkmodes.

The following files are created:

File	Archived location	Description
aolN_	_ DMmodes /DMmodes	s_\${d2Mestmondites
$aolN_{_}$	$_{ m respM}$ respM/respM_ $${ m dag}$	atestr WfRS response to DM modes

Block-specific files:

File	Archived location	Description
aolN_DMn	nodesbymodes/DMmodes	sbb_D\$M[dautoestes]ffuitsblock bb
$aolN_respN$	$\mathbf{Mbb} \operatorname{respM/respMbb}_\$ \{ \mathbf{d} \}$	late Wif Sitesponse to DM modes
		for block bb
aolN_contr	Mbb:fittsrM/contrMbb_\$	{daCesutt}ofitsnatrix for block bb
aolN_contr	McbconfittsMc/contrMcbb_	_\${Catlestuseditesontrol matrix for
		block bb
aolN_contr	Mcacobb Mitset/contrMca	actloo <u>l</u> s fosates on this matrix for
		block bb, only active actuators

Note that at this point, the files are NOT loaded in shared memory, but the archieved file names are stored in "conf/conf_.txt" for future loading.

• Load CM files into shared memory (SMloadCM in Control Matrix screen)

3.8 Running the loop: Choosing hardware mode (CPU/GPU)

There are multiple ways to perform the computations on CPU and/or GPUs. The main 3 parameters are:

- $\mathbf{GPU}: 0$ if matrix multiplication(s) done on CPU, >0 for GPU use. This is the number GPUs to use for matrix mult.
- **CMmode**: 1 if using a combined matrix between WFS pixels and DM actuators, skipping intermediate computation of modes
- **GPUall** : if using GPUall, then the WFS reference subtraction is wrapped inside the GPU matrix multiplication

GPU	CMm	o G PUa	alMatrix Feature	e Description
>0	ON	ON	contrMcfastest	dark-subtracted WFS frame imWFS0
			no	is multiplited by collapsed control
			mcoeff	matrix (only active pixels).
				normalization and WFS reference
				subtraction are wrapped in this GPU
				operation as subtraction of
				pre-computed vector output. This is
				the fastest mode.
>0	ON	OFF	contrMcact	WFS reference is subtracted from
				imWFS0 in CPU, yielding imWFS2.
				imWFS2 is multiplied by control
				matrix (only active pixels) in GPU.
>0	OFF	OFF	contrM	MWFS reference is subtracted from
				imWFS0 in CPU, yiedling imWFS2.
				imWFS2 is multiplied (GPU) by
				control matrix to yield mode values.
				Mode coefficients then multiplied
				(GPU) by modes.
0	ON	_	contrMcact	imWFS2 is multiplied by control
				matrix (only active pixels) in CPU
0	OFF	-	contrM	imWFS2 multiplied by modal control
				matrix

3.9 Auxilliary processes

A number of auxilliary processes can be running in addition to the main loop operation.

3.9.1 Extract WFS modes

Launches script ./auxscripts/modesextractwfs:

! !INCLUDE "../scripts/auxscripts/modesextractwfs"

Converts WFS residuals into modes.

3.9.2 Extract open loop modes

Launches script C function (CPU-based):

key : aolcompolm
module : AOloopControl.c

info : compute open loop mode values

syntax : <loop #>
example : aolcompolm 2

C call : long AOloopControl_ComputeOpenLoopModes(long loop)

This function is entirely modal, and assumes that the WFS modes (see section above) are computed. The key input to the function is aolN_modeval, the WFS residual mode values. The function uses this telemetry and knowledge of loop gain and mult factor to track open loop mode values.

Optionally, it also includes aolN_modeval_pC, the predictive control mode values that are added to the correction in predictive mode.

3.9.3 Running average of dmC

Launches script ./auxscripts/aol dmCave 0.0005:

!INCLUDE "../scripts/auxscripts/aol_dmCave"

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3.9.4 Compute and average wfsres

Launches script ./auxscripts/aolmkWFSres 0.0005:

!INCLUDE "../scripts/auxscripts/aolmkWFSres"

4 Offsetting

4.1 Overview

Input channels are provided to offset the AO loop convergence point. By default, **DM channels 04, 05, 06, 07, and 08 are dedicated to zero-point offsetting**. The DM channels are sym-linked to aolN dmZPO - aolN dmZP7.

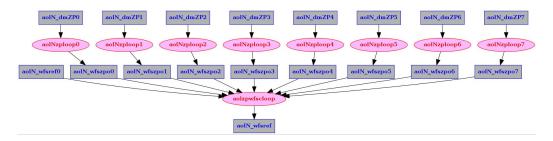


Figure 4: WFS zero point offsetting

4.2 DM offsets

4.2.1 Zonal CPU-based zero point offset

CPU-based zero point offsets will compute WFS offsets from the zero point offset DM channels (04-11) and apply them to the aolN_wfsref stream. To activate this features, the user needs to:

• Toggle the zero point offset loop process ON (LPzpo) prior to starting the loop.

Cfits command aolzpwfscloop (C function AOloopControl_WFSzeropoint_sum_update_loop) launches a loop that monitors shared memory streams aolN_wfszpo0 to aolN_wfszpo3, and updates the WFS reference when one of these has changed. The loop is running insite tmux session aolNwfszpo, and is launched when the loop is closed (Floopon) if the loop zero point offset flag is toggled on (LPzpo)

• Activate individual zero point offset channels (zplon0 to zplon4).

Every time one of the activated DM channel changes, the corresponding wfs aolN_wfszpo# zero point offset is CPU-computed.

4.2.2 GPU-based zero point offset

A faster GPU-based zero point offset from DM to WFS is provided for each of the 8 offset channels. GPU-based and CPU-based offsetting for a single channel are mutually exclusive.

4.3 WFS offsets

5 Controlling offsets from another loop

5.1 Virtual DM (dm-to-dm link)

In this mode, the AO loop controls a virtual DM. The virtual actuators are correspond to modes controlling the zero point offset of another loop. In this section, I assume that **loopA** is the main loop (directly controls a physical DM) and that **loopB** is the virtual loop.

- Create a separate working directory for **loopB**, allocate a separate loop number and loop name
- Choose DM index number (S)

- Select number of **loopA** modes controlled by **loopB**. The number is entered as DM x size (dmxs in Top menu)
- Enter 1 for DM y size (dmys in Top menu)
- Link loop DM to external loop (dmolink in Top menu). Select the loop number to link to (loopA), and select an offset channel. This will set up several key files:
 - dm2dmM : loopA modes controlled by loopB
 - dm2dmO : symbolic link to loopA DM channel controlled by loopB
 - dmwrefRM : loopA WFS response to modes controlled by loopB
 - dmwrefO : loopA WFS zero point offset
- Choose DM or WFS offset mode. For WFS offset mode (faster), toggle to 1 (dmwref1). Note that the DMcomb process will perform the offsetting
- (Re)-create DM streams and run DMcomb process (initDM)

Commands to the \mathbf{loopB} DM should now propagate to modal commands to \mathbf{loopA} ..

5.2 Running the loop

The next steps are similar to the ones previously described, with the following important differences:

• The control matrix should be computed in zonal mode (no modal CPA block decomposition)

6 Predictive control (experimental)

6.1 Overview

Predictive control is implemented in two processes:

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• The optimal auto-regressive (AR) filter predicting the current state from previous states is computed. The AR filter is computed from open-loop estimates, so the processes computing open-loop telemetry need to be running.

• the AR filter is applied to write a prediction buffer, which can be written asynchronously from the main loop steps.

The predictive filter is modal, and adopts the same modes as the main control loop.

6.2 Scripts

File	Description
aolARPF aolARPFblock	find auto-regressive predictive filter AO find optimal AR linear predictive filter

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7.1 Semaphores

dm00disp	
0	?
6	-> compute simulated linear WFS image
aol0_dmdisp	
0	?
7	-> compute delayed DM : aol0_dmdispD
aol0_imWFS0	
0	?

aol0_imWFS0	
2	-> extract modes from WFS image script ./auxscripts/modesextractwfs
	./auxscripts/modesextractwrs