

Note: *italized* words are parameters and *[italicized]* words in square brackets are optional parameters

Getting Help:

git help *command*

git *command* --help

Git Setup - Used to set author on commits

git config --global user.name "*Your Name*"

git config --global user.email "*you@ex.com*"

Repository creation:

git init

Create a repository in the current directory

git clone *url*

Clone a remote repository into a subdirectory

File operations:

git add *path*

Stage file or files in directory recursively

-p *path*

Stage parts of files

git rm *path*

Remove file or directory from the working tree

git mv *path destination*

Move file or directory to new location

git checkout [*rev*] *file*

Restore file from current branch or revision

Working tree:

git status

Show status of the working tree

git diff [*path*]

Show diff of changes in the working tree

git diff HEAD *path*

Show diff of stages and unstaged changes

git reset HEAD *path*

Unstage file for commit

git commit

Commit files that have been staged (via git-add)

-a

Automatically stage all modified files

git reset --soft HEAD^

Undo commit & keep changes in the working tree

git reset --hard HEAD^

Reset the working tree to the last commit

git clean

Clean unknown files from the working tree

Examining History:

git log [*path*]

View commit log, optionally for specific path

git log [*from*[..*to*]]

View commit log for a given revision range

--stat

List diffstat for each revision

-S'*pattern*'

Search history for changes matching pattern

git blame [*file*]

Show file annotated with line modifications

Remote repositories:

git fetch [*remote*]

Fetch changes from a remote repository

git pull [*remote*]

Fetch and **merge** changes from a remote repository

git push [*remote*]

Push changes to a remote repository

git remote -v

List remote repositories

git remote add *remote_name url*

Add remote to list of tracked repositories

Branches:

git checkout *branch*

Switch working tree to branch

-b *branch*

Create branch before switching to it

git branch

List local branches

git merge *branch*

Merge changes from branch into current branch

Tags:

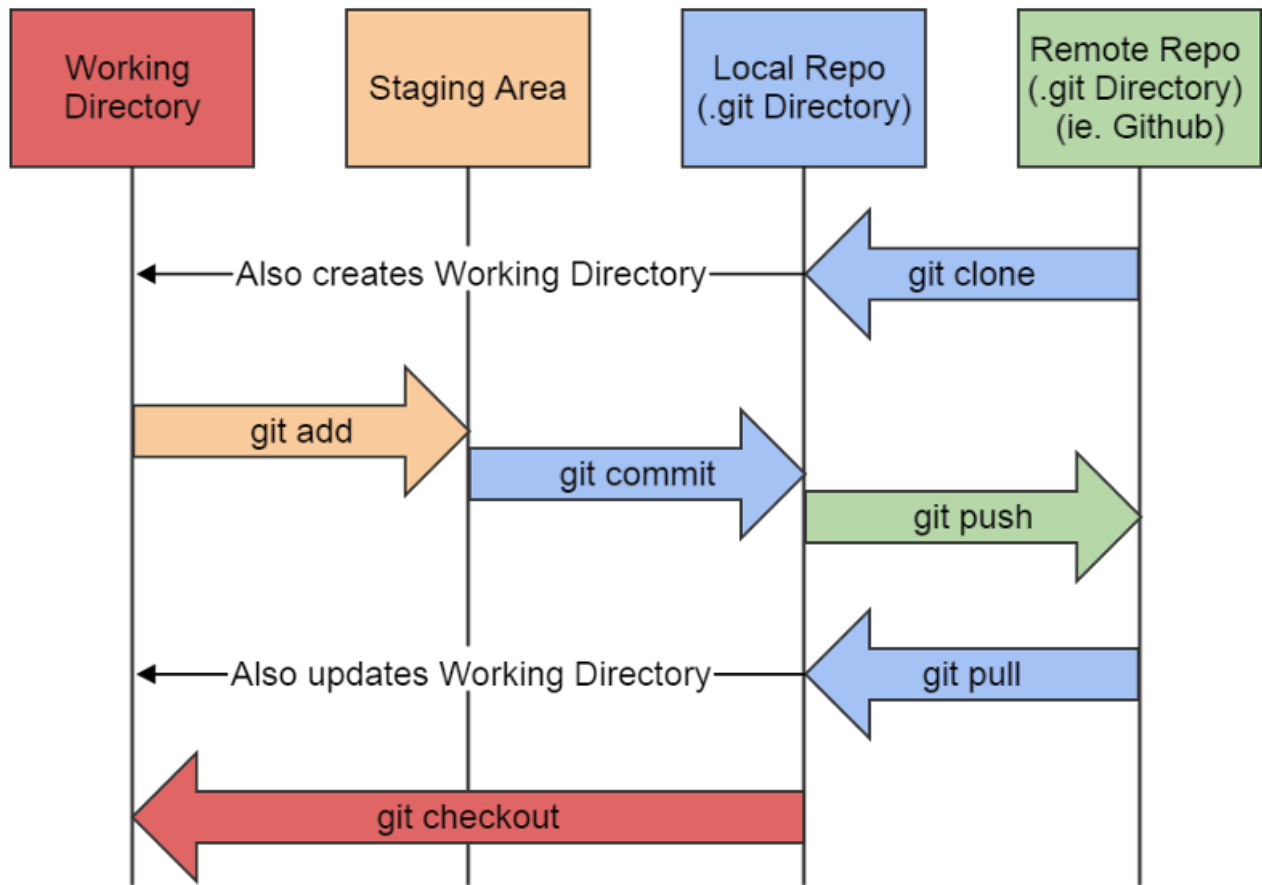
git tag *name* [*revision*]

Create tag for a given revision

-l [*pattern*]

List tags, optionally matching pattern

Visualizing git commands



Example Flows

Getting existing repository:

git clone *url*

Download and checkout a remote repository

Creating a new repository:

<start work>

Make some bugs or create a feature

git init

Create a repository in current directory

git add -p *glob*

Stage file(s) for commit

git commit

Create a commit from staged files

git remote add *remote_name url*

Add remote to list of tracked repositories

git push -u origin master

Send the changes to remote repository

Working on a repository:

git pull

Get the latest version with other changes

<make changes>

Make some bugs or add a feature

git add -p *glob*

Stage file(s) for commit

git commit

Create a commit from staged files

git push

Send the changes back to original repository

Helpful Hints:

use git-number to save typing

<https://github.com/holygeek/git-number>

create aliases and use them

<https://git.io/vCIBR>

use ssh keys with a passphrase

<https://help.github.com/articles/generating-ssh-keys/>

checkout tldr-manpages

<https://github.com/tldr-pages/tldr>

ignore binary and compiled files

add them to a .gitignore file <https://git-scm.com/docs/gitignore>

use cygwin on windows

get a linux terminal in windows <https://cygwin.com/>