## Expert Witness Statement: Professor Harold T.

## Worthington

- My name is **Professor Harold T. Worthington**, and I study economics and how we
- 4 value things. I teach at Zhejiang University and have written many articles about
- 5 the value of goods and human life.

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- 6 I have prepared a report called "The Value of Human Life: Comparing Royal2 and
- 7 Non-Royal Babies." In the report, I looked at the contract between Rumpelstiltskin
- and Anne Miller about turning straw into gold for a human baby.
- 9 Based on my research, I believe that this exchange was NOT an "extraordinarily
- unequal" deal. I argue that all human babies, whether royal or not, are equal in
- value. Or, if not equal, the royal baby is actually worth less than the non-royal baby.
- The idea that a royal baby is more valuable than a regular baby is not true.
- From a moral point of view, we cannot easily value a human life, but of course it is
- possible to do it from a business point of view. I read Dr. Goldsmith's report, and I
- think it is ridiculous. We can see that a baby is probably going to grow up and get a
- 16 job and start to earn money. If we add up all the money that person will make in their
- life, that is the value of that person's life. Three giant rooms full of gold for a baby that
- would probably never earn money because royals do not work is far from unequal. If
- it is extraordinarily unequal, it is extraordinarily unequal for Rumpelstiltskin-he
- 20 is the one spending too much.
- Rumpelstiltskin's service of turning straw into gold is a fair deal if human lives have
- 22 the same value. So, if the value of the gold is similar to the value of any baby's lifetime
- 23 money, the exchange is reasonable.

<sup>1</sup>价值

<sup>2</sup>星家

<sup>3</sup>芒谬的

- <sup>24</sup> In conclusion, I say that this exchange was not extraordinarily unequal, and the idea
- 25 that royal babies are worth more than other babies is not supported by facts. I am
- ready to share my report as evidence for this trial.