

The Derivative of the Softmax Function

Non-Mandatory Homework

Consider the Softmax function:

$$\sigma(z_j) = \frac{\exp z_j}{\sum_{k=1}^m \exp z_k}$$

Prove that the derivative of $\sigma(z_j)$ w.r.t (with respect to) z_v can be formulated as:

$$\frac{\partial \sigma(z_j)}{\partial z_v} = \begin{cases} \sigma(z_j) (1 - \sigma(z_j)) & j = v \\ -\sigma(z_j) \sigma(z_v) & j \neq v \end{cases}$$

Solution

$$\frac{\partial \sigma(z_j)}{\partial z_v} = \frac{\frac{\partial \exp z_j}{\partial z_v} \Sigma - \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial z_v} \exp z_j}{\Sigma^2}$$

If $j = v$:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \sigma(z_j)}{\partial z_v} &= \frac{\exp(z_j) \Sigma - \exp(z_j)^2}{\Sigma^2} = \frac{\exp(z_j) (\Sigma - \exp(z_j))}{\Sigma^2} \\ &= \frac{\exp(z_j)}{\Sigma} \times \frac{\Sigma - \exp(z_j)}{\Sigma} \\ &= \frac{\exp(z_j)}{\Sigma} \left(1 - \frac{\exp(z_j)}{\Sigma} \right) = \sigma(z_j) (1 - \sigma(z_j)) \end{aligned}$$

If $j \neq v$:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \sigma(z_j)}{\partial z_v} &= \frac{0 \times \Sigma - \exp(z_v) \exp(z_j)}{\Sigma^2} = -\frac{\exp(z_v) \exp(z_j)}{\Sigma^2} \\ &= -\frac{\exp(z_j)}{\Sigma} \times \frac{\exp(z_v)}{\Sigma} = -\sigma(z_j) \sigma(z_v) \end{aligned}$$