King Saud University

College of Science

Department of Mathematics

106 Math Exercises

(2)

Change of Variables

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Change of Variables

Assume
$$u = g(x) \Rightarrow du = g'(x)dx$$

$$\int f[g(x)] g'(x) dx = \int f(u) du = F(u) + c = F(g(x)) + c$$

Basic Rules of Integration:

$$\int 1 \, du = u + c$$

$$\int k \, du = ku + c : k \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\int u^n \, du = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1} + c : n \neq -1, n \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\int \sin u \, du = -\cos u + c$$

$$\int \cos u \, du = \sin u + c$$

$$\int \sec^2 u \, du = \tan u + c$$

$$\int \csc^2 u \, du = -\cot u + c$$

$$\int \sec u \tan u \, du = \sec u + c$$

$$\int \csc u \cot u \, du = -\csc u + c$$

$$\sec u = \frac{1}{\cos u} \quad , 1 + \tan^2 u = \sec^2 u$$

$$\csc u = \frac{1}{\sin u} \quad , 1 + \cot^2 u = \csc^2 u$$

$$\int x(x^2+1)^{30} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\int (2x-1)^{20} dx$$

4) If

$$\int \sqrt{2x+3} \, dx = k(2x+3)^{3/2} + c$$

, then

- (a) $k = \frac{1}{3}$ (b) $k = \frac{2}{3}$ (c) $k = -\frac{3}{2}$ (d) None of these

$$\int \frac{(3+\frac{1}{x})^{3/2}}{x^2} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}+1)^2} dx$$

$$7) \int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^7}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(x^{3/2} + 4)^3} dx$$

$$\int x \sqrt{x-3} \ dx$$

$$\int x \sqrt{x^2 + 3} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{x \ dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 9}}$$

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \, dx$$

$$\int (x-1) \sqrt[3]{x-3} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(1+\sqrt{x}\,)}{\sqrt{x}}\,dx$$

$$\int x \sin(x^2 + 1) \, dx$$

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$$\int \frac{\sec^2(\frac{1}{x}+2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(\sqrt{x}+1\right)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{2 + \cos x}} dx$$

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos x \, dx$$

$$\int 3\tan^2 x \sec^2 x \, dx$$

$$\int \sin 2x \sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(\sqrt{\theta}^{\,}\right)}{\sqrt{\theta^{\,}}\sin^2(\sqrt{\theta})} d\theta$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + 16}} dx$$

$$\int (1 + \frac{2}{x^3}) \sqrt{x - \frac{1}{x^2}} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2} \sec(3 - \frac{1}{x}) \tan(3 - \frac{1}{x}) dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\cos^2(x^3)} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x dx}{\sin^2(x^2)}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^3 x \csc x} dx$$