King Saud University
College of Sciences
Department of Mathematics

106 Math Exercises

(7)

Hyperbolic Functions &

Inverse Hyperbolic Functions

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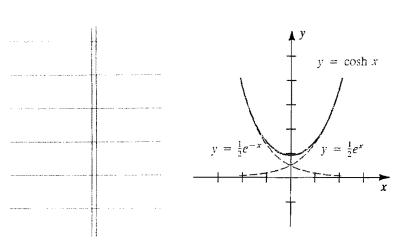
Hyperbolic Functions

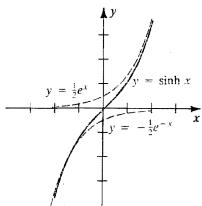
Definition:

$$coshx = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$coshx = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$
 , $sinhx = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$: $x \in \mathbb{R}$







$$cosh u + sinh u = e^{u}$$

$$cosh u + sinh u = e^u$$
 , $cosh u - sinh u = e^{-u}$

 $\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1$

By Definition (6.41), PROOF

$$\cosh^{2} x - \sinh^{2} x = \left(\frac{e^{x} + e^{-x}}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{e^{x} - e^{-x}}{2}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{2x} + 2 + e^{-2x}}{4} - \frac{e^{2x} - 2 + e^{-2x}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{e^{2x} + 2 + e^{-2x} - e^{2x} + 2 - e^{-2x}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4}{4} = 1.$$

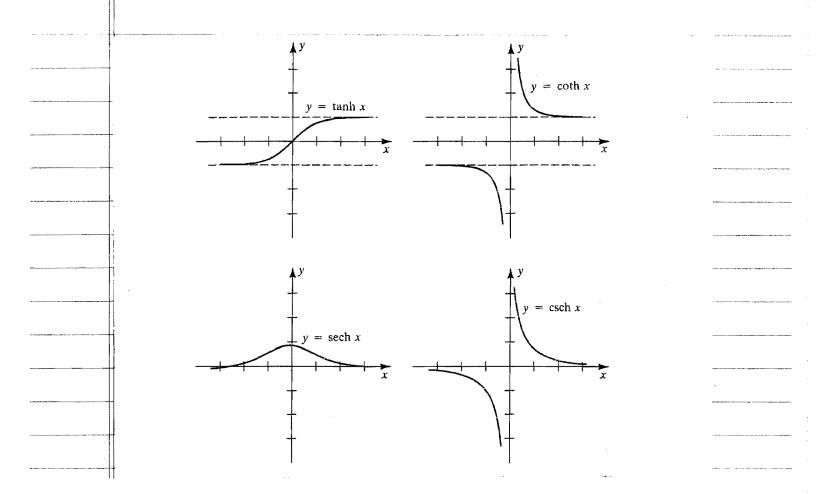
Definition-

(i)
$$\tanh x = \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

(ii)
$$coth x = \frac{\cosh x}{\sinh x} = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}, \quad x \neq 0$$

(iii)
$$\operatorname{sech} x = \frac{1}{\cosh x} = \frac{2}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

(iv)
$$\operatorname{csch} x = \frac{1}{\sinh x} = \frac{2}{e^x - e^{-x}}, \quad x \neq 0$$



Formulas:

$$1 - tanh^2x = sech^2x \quad , \quad coth^2x - 1 = csch^2x$$

<u>Differentiation</u> & <u>Integration</u>

(i)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh u) = \cosh u \frac{du}{dx}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cosh u) = \sinh u \frac{du}{dx}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tanh u) = \operatorname{sech}^2 u \frac{du}{dx}$$

(iv)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\coth u) = -\operatorname{csch}^2 u \frac{du}{dx}$$

(v)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech} u) = -\operatorname{sech} u \tanh u \frac{du}{dx}$$

(vi)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch} u) = -\operatorname{csch} u \operatorname{coth} u \frac{du}{dx}$$

(i)
$$\int \sinh u \, du = \cosh u + C$$

(ii)
$$\int \cosh u \, du = \sinh u + C$$

(iii)
$$\int \operatorname{sech}^2 u \, du = \tanh u + C$$

(iv)
$$\int \operatorname{csch}^2 u \, du = -\coth u + C$$

(v)
$$\int \operatorname{sech} u \tanh u \, du = -\operatorname{sech} u + C$$

(vi)
$$\int \operatorname{csch} u \operatorname{coth} u \, du = -\operatorname{csch} u + C$$

Q(1): Find f'(x) for the following :

1)
$$f(x) = e^{\sinh x} + \cosh(3^x)$$

2)
$$f(x) = \operatorname{sech}(x^2 + 1) + 3^{tanhx}$$

3)
$$f(x) = x^{coshx}$$

$$4) f(x) = tan^{-1}(sinhx)$$

5)
$$f(x) = \ln[\cosh(x^3 + 1)]$$

 $\frac{\text{Math106 Hyperbolic Functions \& Inverse Hyperbolic Functions (Malek Zein AL-Abdin)}}{Q(2) \ Evaluate \ the \ following \ integrals:}$

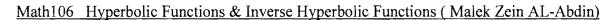
$$\int x^2 \cosh(x^3) \, dx$$

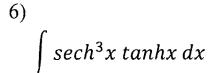
$$\int \frac{1}{\cosh^2(3x)} dx$$

$$\int \sinh\left(1-3x\right)dx$$

4)
$$\int \frac{csch\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)coth\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{x^2}dx$$

$$\int \frac{\cosh\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \, dx$$



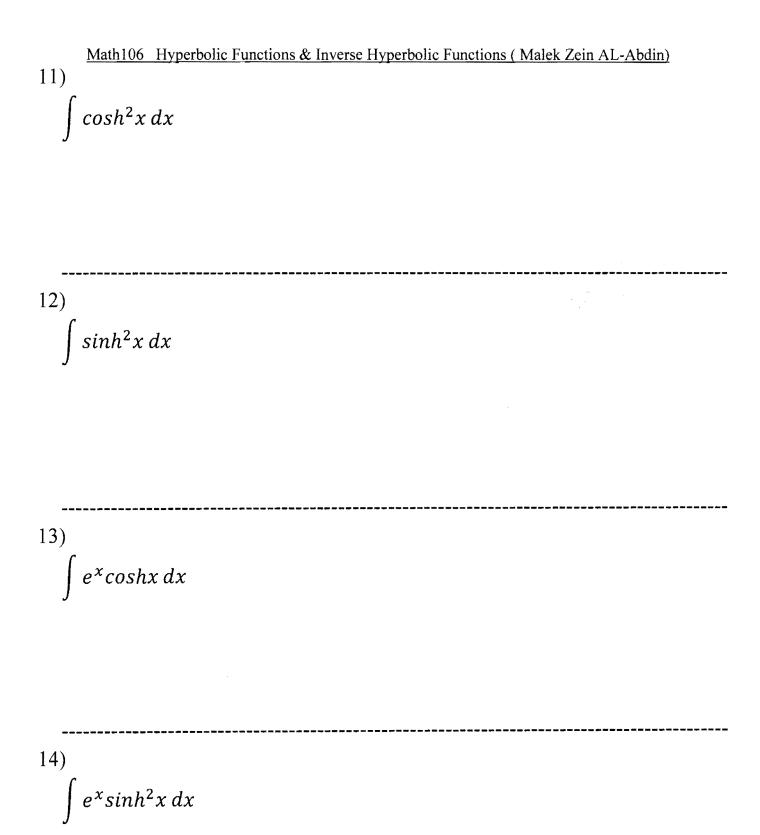


7)
$$\int \cosh^2(x-1)\sinh(x-1)\,dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sinh x}{1 + \sinh^2 x} dx$$

9)
$$\int \sinh x \, \operatorname{sech}^2 x \, dx$$

$$\int \cosh x \, \operatorname{csch}^2 x \, dx$$



$$\int \frac{e^x}{(\cosh x - \sinh x)^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{e^x}{(\cosh x + \sinh x)^3} dx$$

$$\int e^x (\cosh x - \sinh x)^4 dx$$

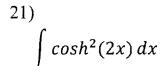
$$\int \frac{5^{coshx}}{cschx} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sinh^2 x}{e^{-x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\cosh(\ln x)}{dx} dx$$

20)

$$\int \frac{\cosh{(lnx)}}{x} dx$$



$$\int \frac{e^x}{\cosh x} dx$$

$$\int e^{2x} \sinh x \, dx$$

$$\int 2^x \sinh(2^x) dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x + \sinh x} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x + \sinh x} \ dx$$

27)

$$\int \frac{e^{5x}}{\left(\cosh 2x + \sinh 2x\right)^2} \ dx$$

 $\int_{0}^{1} \sinh(x) dx$

Q(3) Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \ln(\cosh x - 1)$

Inverse Hyperbolic Functions

Definition:

(i)
$$\sinh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$$

(ii)
$$\cosh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}), \quad x \ge 1$$

(iii)
$$\tanh^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x}$$
, $|x| < 1$

(iv)
$$\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x = \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{x}, \quad 0 < x \le 1$$

Differentiation

&

Integration

(i)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh^{-1}u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^2 + 1}}\frac{du}{dx}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cosh^{-1}u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^2 - 1}} \frac{du}{dx}, \quad u > 1$$

(iii)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tanh^{-1}u) = \frac{1}{1-u^2}\frac{du}{dx}, \quad |u| < 1$$

(iv)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech}^{-1}u) = \frac{-1}{u\sqrt{1-u^2}}\frac{du}{dx}, \quad 0 < u < 1$$

(i)
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + u^2}} du = \sinh^{-1} \frac{u}{a} + C$$
, $a > 0$

(ii)
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^2 - a^2}} du = \cosh^{-1} \frac{u}{a} + C$$
, $0 < a < u$

(iii)
$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - u^2} du = \frac{1}{a} \tanh^{-1} \frac{u}{a} + C$$
, $|u| < a$

(iv)
$$\int \frac{1}{u\sqrt{a^2-u^2}} du = -\frac{1}{a} \operatorname{sech}^{-1} \frac{|u|}{a} + C$$
, $0 < |u| < a$

(a)
$$\coth^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{x+1}{x-1} = \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right), |x| > 1$$

(b)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\coth^{-1}u) = \frac{1}{1-u^2}\frac{du}{dx}$$
, $|u| >$

(c)
$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - u^2} du = \frac{1}{a} \coth^{-1} \frac{u}{a} + C, \qquad |u| > a$$

(vi)
(a)
$$\operatorname{csch}^{-1} x = \ln \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{|x|} \right) = \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right),$$

(b)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}u) = \frac{-1}{|u|\sqrt{1+u^2}}\frac{du}{dx}, \qquad |u| \neq 0$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{1}{u\sqrt{a^2 + u^2}} du = -\frac{1}{a} \operatorname{csch}^{-1} \frac{|u|}{a} + C, \quad u \neq 0$$

Exercises

Q(1) Find f'(x) for the following:

(1)
$$f(x) = 3^{\sinh^{-1}x} + \tanh^{-1}(e^{2x})$$

(2)
$$f(x) = ln[cosh^{-1}(4x)] - cosh^{-1}(ln4x)$$

(3)
$$f(x) = tanh^{-1}(sin3x) + sech^{-1}\sqrt{1-x}$$

$$(4) f(x) = (sech^{-1}x)^{-3} + csch^{-1}(3x)$$

Q(2) Evaluate the following integrals:

$$(1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{64 + 25x^2}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{16x^2 - 9}} dx$$

(3)

$$\int \frac{1}{49 - 9x^2} dx$$

(4)

$$\int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{e^{2x} - 16}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 x}} dx$$

(6)

$$\int \frac{2}{5 - 3x^2} dx$$

(7)

 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{16 - e^{2x}}} dx$

(8)

$$\int_{4}^{8} \frac{x}{x^4 - 16} dx$$

$$(9) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{9+x}} dx$$

(10)

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+e^{2x}}} dx$$

(11)

$$\int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{16 + 9e^{2x}}} dx$$

(12)

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x}} dx$$