

# In-EVM Mina State Verification Circuit Description

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## 1 Introduction

### WIP

High level description according to RfP<sup>1</sup>

1. Computing several hash values from the data of the proof. This involves using the Poseidon hash function with 63 full rounds both over  $\mathbb{F}_p$  and  $\mathbb{F}_q$  with round constants and MDS matrix specified for  $\mathbb{F}_p$ <sup>2</sup> and for  $\mathbb{F}_q$ <sup>3</sup>.
2. Checking arithmetic equations.
3. Performing one multi-scalar multiplication (MSM) of size  $2n_2 + 4 + (2 + 25) = 63$ , for which some of the bases are fixed and some are variable.
4. For each  $i \in \{1, 2\}$ , performing a multi-scalar multiplication over  $\mathbb{G}_i$  of size  $2^{n_i}$  with a fixed array of bases, and with scalars that can be very efficiently computed from the proof.

Note that for MSM in Step 4:

$$\sum_{i=0}^{2^{n_k}-1} s_i \cdot G_i = H$$
$$s_i := \prod_{\substack{0 \leq j \leq n_k \\ \text{bits}(i)[j]=1}} \phi(c_j),$$

where:

- $\phi: \{0, 1\}^{128} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}$  is defined as `to_field` in the implementation<sup>4</sup>.
- Given an integer  $i < 2^{n_k}$ ,  $\text{bits}(i)$  is defined as the little-endian bit array of length  $n$  representing the binary expansion of  $i$ .
- $G_0, \dots, G_{2^{n_k}-1} \in \mathbb{G}_k$  is a fixed sequence of group elements<sup>5</sup>.
- $c_0, \dots, c_{n_k-1} \in \{0, 1\}^{128}$  is a sequence of challenges.

We use the same 15-wires PLONK circuits that are designed for Mina.<sup>6</sup>

## 2 Preliminaries

### WIP

<sup>1</sup>[https://hackmd.io/u\\_2Ygx8XS5Ss1a0bgOFjK4](https://hackmd.io/u_2Ygx8XS5Ss1a0bgOFjK4)

<sup>2</sup><https://github.com/o1-labs/proof-systems/blob/master/oracle/src/pasta/fp.rs>

<sup>3</sup><https://github.com/o1-labs/proof-systems/blob/master/oracle/src/pasta/fq.rs>

<sup>4</sup><https://github.com/o1-labs/proof-systems/blob/49f81edc9c86e5907d26ea791fa083640ad0ef3e/oracle/src/sponge.rs#L33>

<sup>5</sup><https://github.com/o1-labs/proof-systems/blob/master/dlog/commitment/src/srs.rs#L70>

<sup>6</sup>[https://o1-labs.github.io/mina-book/specs/15\\_wires/15\\_wires.html](https://o1-labs.github.io/mina-book/specs/15_wires/15_wires.html)

## 2.1 Pasta Curves

Let  $n_1 = 17$ ,  $n_2 = 16$ . Pasta curves parameters:

- $p = 2^{254} + 45560315531419706090280762371685220353$
- $q = 2^{254} + 45560315531506369815346746415080538113$
- Pallas:

$$\mathbb{G}_1 = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{F}_p | y^2 = x^3 + 5\}$$

$$|\mathbb{G}_1| = q$$

- Vesta:

$$\mathbb{G}_2 = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{F}_q | y^2 = x^3 + 5\}$$

$$|\mathbb{G}_2| = p$$

## 2.2 Verification Algorithm

Proof state (here  $\mathbb{F}_r$  is a scalar field of  $\mathbb{G}$ ):

- DLog Commitments:
  - $l_{comm}, r_{comm}, o_{comm}, z_{comm} \in \mathbb{G}$
  - $t_{comm} = (t_{comm,1}, t_{comm,2}) \in (\mathbb{G}^5 \times \mathbb{G})$
- Openings:
  - $(L_i, R_i) \in \mathbb{G} \times \mathbb{G}$  for  $0 \leq i < \text{lr\_rounds}$
  - $\delta, SG \in \mathbb{G}$
  - $z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{F}_r$
- Polynomial Evaluations  $a, b$ , for  $i = \{1, 2\}$ :
  - $l_i, r_i, o_i, z_i, f_i \in \mathbb{F}_r$
  - $t_i \in \mathbb{F}_r^5$
  - $\sigma_{1_i}, \sigma_{2_i} \in \mathbb{F}_r$
- $w \in \mathbb{F}_r^{sw}$  - witness
- previous challenges:
  - $(c_i, p_i) \in (\mathbb{F}_r \times \mathbb{G})$  for  $0 \leq i < \text{prev}$

Let  $g_r, g_q$  are generators of  $\mathbb{F}_r$  and  $\mathbb{F}_q$  accordingly.

Verification algorithm:

- for each  $\mathcal{P}$ :
  - $p_{comm} = \text{MSM}(\text{lgr\_comm}, \text{proof}, \text{public}) \in \mathbb{G}$  // public input verification
  - $\text{ORACLES} \rightarrow \{\text{digest}, (\beta, \gamma, \alpha', \alpha, \zeta, v, u, \zeta', v', u'), \alpha_2, (\text{pub}_1, \text{pub}_2), \text{evlp}, \text{polys}, \zeta_1, \text{combined inner product}\}$ :
    - $H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{absorb}(p_{comm} || l_{comm} || r_{comm} || o_{comm})$
    - $\beta = H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{squeeze}()$
    - $\gamma = H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{squeeze}()$
    - $H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{absorb}(z_{comm})$
    - $\alpha' = H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{squeeze}()$
    - $\alpha = \phi(\alpha', \text{endo\_r})$
    - $H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{absorb}(t_{comm,1} || \infty || \dots || \infty || t_{comm,2})$
    - $\zeta' = H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{squeeze}()$
    - $\zeta = \phi(\zeta', \text{endo\_r})$
    - $\text{digest} = H_{\mathbb{F}_q}.\text{digest}()$
    - $\zeta_1 = \zeta^n$
    - $\zeta_w = \zeta * g_r$
    - $\alpha_2 = [\alpha^2, \dots, \alpha^{19}]$
    - compute Lagrange base evaluation denominators

- 1.2.15 evaluate public input polynomials (return  $pub_1, pub_2$ )
- 1.2.16  $H_{\mathbb{F}_r}.absorb(pub_1 || pub_2)$
- 1.2.17  $v' = H_{\mathbb{F}_r}.squeeze()$
- 1.2.18  $v = \phi(v', endo\_r)$
- 1.2.19  $u' = H_{\mathbb{F}_r}.squeeze()$
- 1.2.20  $u = \phi(u', endo\_r)$
- 1.2.21  $elvp = \zeta^{mp1}, \zeta_{\omega}^{mp1}$
- 1.2.22 `prev_chal_evals`
- 1.2.23 inner product calculations
- 1.3 arithmetic operations:
  - 1.3.1 polynomial evaluation over  $a, b$  (proof evaluations)
  - 1.3.2 polynomial evaluation over `zkpm` at  $\zeta$
  - 1.3.3 `perm_scalars`
- 1.4  $f_{comm} = \text{MSM}(p, s)$
- 1.5 linearization polynomial evaluation consistency:
- 2. `srs.verify`:
  - 2.1 ...
  - 2.2 MSM:

$$\sum_i r^i (c_i Q_i + \text{delta}_i - (z_{1,i}(G_i + b_i U_i) + z_{2,i} H))$$

### 3 Elliptic Curve Arithmetic

WIP

#### 3.1 Addition

Row	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
$i$	$x_1$	$y_1$	$x_2$	$y_2$	$x_3$	$y_3$	$r$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$

Constraints:

- $(x_2 - x_1) \cdot (y_3 + y_1) - (y_1 - y_2) \cdot (x_1 - x_3)$
- $(x_1 + x_2 + x_3) \cdot (x_1 - x_3) \cdot (x_1 - x_3) - (y_3 + y_1) \cdot (y_3 + y_1)$
- $(x_2 - x_1) \cdot r = 1$

#### 3.2 Doubling and Tripling

Row	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
$i$	$x_1$	$y_1$	$x_2$	$y_2$	$x_3$	$y_3$	$r_1$	$r_2$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$

Constraints:

- Doubling:
  - $4 \cdot y_1^2 \cdot (x_2 + 2 \cdot x_1) = 9 \cdot x_1^4$
  - $2 \cdot y_1 \cdot (y_2 + y_1) = (3 \cdot x_1^2) \cdot (x_1 - x_2)$
  - $y_1 \cdot r_1 = 1$
- Addition (for tripling):
  - $(x_2 - x_1) \cdot (y_3 + y_1) - (y_1 - y_2) \cdot (x_1 - x_3)$
  - $(x_1 + x_2 + x_3) \cdot (x_1 - x_3) \cdot (x_1 - x_3) - (y_3 + y_1) \cdot (y_3 + y_1)$
  - $(x_2 - x_1) \cdot r_2 = 1$

### 3.3 Variable Base Scalar Multiplication

For  $S = [r]T$ , where  $r = 2^n + k$  and  $k = [k_n \dots k_0]$ ,  $k_i \in \{0, 1\}$ : <sup>7</sup>

1.  $S = [2]T$
2. for  $i$  from  $n - 1$  to 0:
  - 2.1  $Q = k_{i+1} ? T : -T$
  - 2.2  $R = S + Q$
  - 2.3  $S = R + S$
3.  $S = k_0 ? S - T : S$

Row	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
$i$	$x_T$	$y_T$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n = 0$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$b_1$	$s_3$	$s_4$	$b_2$
$i + 1$	$s_5$	$b_3$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$x_V$	$y_V$	$s_1$	$b_1$	$s_3$	$b_2$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$i + 100$	$x_T$	$y_T$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$b_1$	$s_3$	$s_4$	$b_2$
$i + 101$	$s_5$	$b_3$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$x_V$	$y_V$	$s_1$	$b_1$	$s_3$	$b_2$

Constraints:

- $b_1 \cdot (b_1 - 1) = 0$
- $b_2 \cdot (b_2 - 1) = 0$
- $(x_P - x_T) \cdot s_1 = y_P - (2b_1 - 1) \cdot y_T$
- $s_1^2 - s_2^2 = x_T - x_R$
- $(2 \cdot x_P + x_T - s_1^2) \cdot (s_1 + s_2) = 2y_P$
- $(x_P - x_R) \cdot s_2 = y_R + y_P$
- $(x_R - x_T) \cdot s_3 = y_R - (2b_2 - 1) \cdot y_T$
- $s_3^2 - s_4^2 = x_T - x_S$
- $(2 \cdot x_R + x_T - s_3^2) \cdot (s_3 + s_4) = 2 \cdot y_R$
- $(x_R - x_S) \cdot s_4 = y_S + y_R$
- $n = 32 \cdot \text{next}(n) + 16 \cdot b_1 + 8 \cdot b_2 + 4 \cdot \text{next}(b_1) + 2 \cdot \text{next}(b_2) + \text{next}(b_3)$

### 3.4 Variable Base Endo-Scalar Multiplication

For  $S = [r]T$ , where  $r = [r_n \dots r_0]$  and  $r_i \in \{0, 1\}$ : <sup>8</sup>

1.  $S = [2](\phi(T) + T)$
2. for  $i$  from  $\frac{n}{2} - 1$  to 0:
  - 2.1  $Q = r_{2i+1} ? \phi([2r_{2i} - 1]T) : [2r_{2i} - 1]T$
  - 2.2  $R = S + Q$
  - 2.3  $S = R + S$

Row	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
$i$	$x_T$	$y_T$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$s_1$	$s_3$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$
$i + 1$	$s_5$	$b_3$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$s_1$	$s_3$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$i + 62$	$x_T$	$y_T$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$s_1$	$s_3$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$
$i + 63$	$s_5$	$b_3$	$x_S$	$y_S$	$x_P$	$y_P$	$n$	$x_R$	$y_R$	$s_1$	$s_3$	$b_1$	$b_2$	$b_3$	$b_4$

<sup>7</sup>Using the results from <https://arxiv.org/pdf/math/0208038.pdf>

<sup>8</sup>Using the results from <https://eprint.iacr.org/2019/1021.pdf>

Constraints:

- $b_1 \cdot (b_1 - 1) = 0$
- $b_2 \cdot (b_2 - 1) = 0$
- $b_3 \cdot (b_3 - 1) = 0$
- $b_4 \cdot (b_4 - 1) = 0$
- $((1 + (\text{endo} - 1) \cdot b_2) \cdot x_T - x_P) \cdot s_1 = (2 \cdot b_1 - 1) \cdot y_T - y_P$
- $(2 \cdot x_P - s_1^2 + (1 + (\text{endo} - 1) \cdot b_2) \cdot x_T) \cdot ((x_P - x_R) \cdot s_1 + y_R + y_P) = (x_P - x_R) \cdot 2 \cdot y_P$
- $(y_R + y_P)^2 = (x_P - x_R)^2 \cdot (s_1^2 - (1 + (\text{endo} - 1) \cdot b_2) \cdot x_T + x_R)$
- $((1 + (\text{endo} - 1) \cdot b_2) \cdot x_T - x_R) \cdot s_3 = (2 \cdot b_3 - 1) \cdot y_T - y_R$
- $(2 \cdot x_R - s_3^2 + (1 + (\text{endo} - 1) \cdot b_4) \cdot x_T) \cdot ((x_R - x_S) \cdot s_3 + y_S + y_R) = (x_R - x_S) \cdot 2 \cdot y_R$
- $(y_S + y_R)^2 = (x_R - x_S)^2 \cdot (s_3^2 - (1 + (\text{endo} - 1) \cdot b_4) \cdot x_T + x_S)$
- $n = 16 \cdot \text{next}(n) + 8 \cdot b_1 + 4 \cdot b_2 + 2 \cdot b_3 + b_4$

## 4 Multi-Scalar Multiplication Circuit

**WIP**

Input:  $G_0, \dots, G_{n-1} \in \mathbb{G}, s_0, \dots, s_{n-1} \in \mathbb{F}_r$ , where  $\mathbb{F}_r$  is scalar field of  $\mathbb{G}$ .

Output:  $S = \sum_{i=0}^n s_i \cdot G_i$

Options:

- Straightforward Sum: rows  $\approx n \cdot (k + 2)$ , where  $k$  is the number of rows in a scalar multiplication circuit.
- Pippenger's Algorithm: ??

## 5 Poseidon Circuit

**WIP**

Constraints:

- $\text{STATE}(i + 1) = \text{STATE}(i)^\alpha \cdot \text{MDS} + \text{RC}$

5.1  $\mathbb{F}_p$

5.2  $\mathbb{F}_q$

## 6 Other Circuits

**WIP**

## 7 Bringing it all together

**WIP**

## References