Data Science

Data Science involves the use of statistical and computational methods to analyze and interpret data.

Common programming languages in Data Science include Python and R.

Data Science often uses **data visualization** tools to present insights from data in a clear and interpretable way.

Machine Learning

Machine Learning models learn from **data** to make **predictions** or decisions without being explicitly programmed.

Machine Learning has three main types: supervised, unsupervised, and reinforcement learning.

Training a Machine Learning model involves feature extraction and model evaluation.

Data Visualization

Data visualization is used to represent data through graphs and charts.

Tools like Tableau, Power BI, and Matplotlib are commonly used for Data Visualization.

Effective Data Visualization helps to identify trends and patterns in data.

Statistics

Statistics is the science of collecting, analyzing, and interpreting data.

Key concepts in Statistics include mean, median, and standard deviation.

Patterns

Patterns in data are **repeating** or predictable sequences.

Detecting Patterns is essential for making accurate **predictions**.

Machine learning algorithms use Patterns to recognize **trends** in new data.

Predictions

Predictions are often based on historical data trends.

In Machine Learning, Predictions are outputs of a **trained** model.

Accurate Predictions require a model to be **generalized** well across different data.

Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to machines that mimic **human intelligence**.

All encompasses fields like machine learning, natural language processing, and robotics.

Al can perform tasks like image recognition, speech synthesis, and decision-making.

ΑI

Al algorithms can process large amounts of data quickly and efficiently.

Al applications include self-driving cars, chatbots, and recommendation systems.

All research focuses on improving accuracy, efficiency, and ethical considerations.

Deep Learning

Deep learning is a subset of machine learning that uses neural networks with multiple layers.

Deep learning is often used in complex tasks like image recognition and speech processing.

Backpropagation is a key technique used to train Deep learning models.

Neural Network

Neural Networks are computing systems inspired by the human brain's structure.

A Neural Network consists of layers of **nodes** or **neurons** that process input data.

Natural Language Processing (NLP)

NLP allows computers to understand and process human language.

NLP tasks include sentiment analysis, translation, and text summarization.

NLP techniques include tokenization and part-of-speech tagging.

Cybersecurity

Cybersecurity involves protecting systems and data from unauthorized access or attacks.

Common Cybersecurity practices include firewalls, antivirus software, and multi-factor authentication.

Cybersecurity professionals often perform vulnerability assessments and penetration testing.

Security

Security measures are designed to safeguard data, networks, and systems.

Encryption is a Security technique used to protect sensitive data.

Security protocols often involve access controls and authentication.

Encryption

Encryption transforms data into a **coded format** to prevent unauthorized access.

Common encryption methods include AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) and RSA.

Public key and **private key** Encryption allow secure data exchange over the internet.