

Rashomon Code Flow

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All code can be found on [Github](#). The links below lead to the function that performs each action.

1 One Iteration Function

1. Set Up:

- (a) Set seed
- (b) [Load Dataset](#)
- (c) [Train Test Candidate Split Data](#)
 - df_Test: 20%
 - df_Candidate: 80%
 - Initial df_Train: Remaining
- (d) [\(Batch\): Calculate distance/diversity metric](#)

$$d_n^x = \min_m ||x_n - x_m|| \quad (1)$$

This is the distance from an unlabeled observation n to its nearest labeled neighbor.

2. Learning Procedure

For $i = 0$ to $\text{len}(\text{df_Train})$:

- (a) Prediction Method:
 - i. [Train TreeFarms](#) model on df_Train
 - Results in K number of trees
 - ii. [Predict label](#) for df_Test for all K tree in TreeFarms
 - iii. [Calculate F1 score \(micro average\)](#) from each tree in TreeFarms model for the df_Test
 - Note that the F1 score is over all K trees, including the duplicate trees, even if we are only using the set of unique trees for the selection process ([Line 51](#)).
 - Note that my TestErrorFunction still stores both F1 scores: (1) using the duplicate trees and (2) using only the unique trees. ([Line 31-55](#)).
- (b) [Selection Query](#)
 - i. (UNREAL) Restrict ourselves to only the unique trees ([Lines 53 - 56](#)).
 - ii. Predict the labels of df_Candidate for each (unique) tree in TreeFarms ([Lines 40 - 51](#)).
 - iii. Calculate recommendation metric (Vote Entropy) for each observation in the candidate set based off of the (unique/duplicate) trees ([Lines 74 - 83](#)):

$$\text{VoteEntropy}(y, x) = - \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}} \frac{\text{vote}_{\mathcal{C}}(y, x)}{|\mathcal{C}|} \log \frac{\text{vote}_{\mathcal{C}}(y, x)}{|\mathcal{C}|} \quad (2)$$

where

$$\text{vote}_{\mathcal{C}} = \sum_{c \in \mathcal{C}} \mathbb{I}\{c(x) = y\} \quad (3)$$

is the number of "votes" that label y receives for x amongst the models in the Rashomon set of trees \mathcal{C} .

- iv. Weight VoteEntropy (2) with Diversity Metric 1 with Diversity weight w . ([Line 86](#)):

$$\text{UncertaintyMetric}(y, x; w) = (1 - w) \cdot \text{VoteEntropy} + w \cdot \text{Diversity} \quad (4)$$

- v. Recommend the top k candidate observations with the highest vote entropy ([Lines 77 - 81](#)):

$$\arg \max_x \text{UncertaintyMetric}$$

(c) Update ([Lines 67-69](#))

- i. Add that observation df_Training
- ii. Remove that observation from df_Candidate
- (d) Repeat Steps (a) - (c)