Exercise Collection – Gaussian Processes

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Lecture exercises

Exercise 1: Gaussian Processes

Assume your data follows the following law:

$$oldsymbol{y} = oldsymbol{f} + oldsymbol{arepsilon}, \quad oldsymbol{arepsilon} \sim \mathcal{N}(oldsymbol{0}, \sigma^2 oldsymbol{I}),$$

with $f = f(x) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ being a realization of a Gaussian process (GP), for which we a priori assume

$$f(\mathbf{x}) \sim \mathcal{GP}(m(\mathbf{x}), k(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}')).$$

 \boldsymbol{x} here only consists of 1 feature that is observed for n data points.

- (a) Derive / define the prior distribution of f.
- (b) Derive the posterior distribution f|y.
- (c) Derive the posterior predictive distribution $y_*|x_*, \boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}$ for a new sample x_* from the same data-generating process.
- (d) Implement the GP with squared exponential kernel, zero mean function and $\ell = 1$ from scratch for n = 2 observations $(\boldsymbol{y}, \boldsymbol{x})$. Do this as efficiently as possible by explicitly calculating all expensive computations by hand. Do the same for the posterior predictive distribution of y_* . Test your implementation using simulated data.