

# Stephen Taylor | Teaching Statement

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We remember our best and worst teachers, such is the indelible impact that teaching can have on us. A good teacher can make a struggling student achieve beyond their imagining, and can set a talented student on the road to greatness. A poor teacher can drag even the brightest student down. Instructing and supervising students is thus an incredible privilege that comes with many responsibilities that I take extremely seriously. These students will form part of an unbroken chain of knowledge transfer — it is my responsibility to pass on the discoveries of prior generations, whilst also teaching the students to think for themselves so that they can do the same for the next generation.

In some quarters, teaching is seen as lesser than research, since it is the latter that advances inquiry into the unknown. However, arguably the greatest scientist of the 20<sup>th</sup> century once said "If you can't explain it simply, you don't understand it well enough". Einstein saw that teaching organizes the mind and improves the practice of research by compelling you to break a subject down into easily-digestible logical steps. I have always found this to be true, whether it was helping out my fellow Oxford undergraduate physics students with a difficult new topic, teaching my Cambridge undergraduate students the beauty of special and general relativity, or instructing Caltech graduate students on the latest advances in gravitational-wave data-analysis strategies.

Focus on specific PLANS for courses. I.e, new courses you'd develop AND basic intro/generalist courses and how you'd handle them, pref. in innovative ways.

wide general good → teaching strategies that manifest this good → examples from specific classes → evidence that the strategies were effective → conclusion

gravitational wave inference technique classes, show students the links between different detectors and bands, pulsar-timing has borrowed strategies from ligo, but pulsar-timing is far more advanced in stochastic signal inference. pulsar-timing has fed back to ligo in terms of phase coherent mapping.

taught relativity to Cambridge part II undergrads. small groups allowed deep focused learning, open discussion, and extensions beyond set syllabus. students were responsive.

one student still in contact. Caltech graduate student. Christopher Spalding, involved in exoplanetary research.

Students don't even know what they know. Feynman. Let students see the connections and the broad applicability of different techniques. Instead of isolated rote-learned facts, let students appreciate the deep bedrock of knowledge that connects different disciplines.