



Programação para Dispositivos Móveis

FLUTTER

Professor Jean Carlo Wagner

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Agenda

- Cadastro
- Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico
- Navegação: exemplo básico

Cadastro

- Um cadastro contempla lista de usuários, assim como métodos para salvar e excluir, ou seja, inserir, alterar e excluir, além da navegação e *widgets Stateless* e *Stateful*.
- O primeiro passo será criar um projeto em um diretório destinado aos projetos e desenvolvimento Flutter/Dart:

```
C:\Users\Jean\Documents\Flutter>flutter create flutter_crud
Creating project flutter_crud...
Running "flutter pub get" in flutter_crud...
Resolving dependencies in flutter_crud... (2.1s)
+ async 2.10.0 (2.11.0 available)
+ boolean_selector 2.1.1
+ characters 1.2.1 (1.3.0 available)
+ clock 1.1.1
+ collection 1.17.0 (1.17.1 available)
+ cupertino_icons 1.0.5
+ fake_async 1.3.1
+ flutter 0.0.0 from sdk flutter
+ flutter_lints 2.0.1
+ flutter_test 0.0.0 from sdk flutter
```

Cadastro

```
+ js 0.6.5 (0.6.7 available)
+ lints 2.0.1
+ matcher 0.12.13 (0.12.15 available)
+ material_color_utilities 0.2.0 (0.3.0 available)
+ meta 1.8.0 (1.9.1 available)
+ path 1.8.2 (1.8.3 available)
+ sky_engine 0.0.99 from sdk flutter
+ source_span 1.9.1
+ stack_trace 1.11.0
+ stream_channel 2.1.1
+ string_scanner 1.2.0
+ term_glyph 1.2.1
+ test_api 0.4.16 (0.5.1 available)
+ vector_math 2.1.4
Changed 24 dependencies in flutter_crud!
Wrote 127 files.
```

All done!

You can find general documentation for Flutter at: <https://docs.flutter.dev/>

Detailed API documentation is available at: <https://api.flutter.dev/>

Cadastro

If you prefer video documentation, consider: <https://www.youtube.com/c/flutterdev>

In order to run your application, type:

```
$ cd flutter_crud  
$ flutter run
```

Your application code is in `flutter_crud\lib\main.dart`.

```
C:\Users\Jean\Documents\Flutter>cd flutter_crud
```

```
C:\Users\Jean\Documents\Flutter\flutter_crud>
```

Cadastro

- Neste cadastro cada usuário pode ter um *avatar*. Para tal, procure por imagens de *avatar*, por exemplo, em sites como <https://pixabay.com/images/search/avatar/>
- Após selecionar os *avatars*, na pasta *lib*, crie uma pasta *models*, a qual representará os modelos.
- Na seqüência, crie um arquivo *user.dart*, o qual receberá as classes de usuários.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

class User {
  final String id;
  final String name;
  final String email;
  final String avatarUrl;
  const User({
    required this.id,
    required this.name,
    required this.email,
    required this.avatarUrl,
  });
}
```

Cadastro

- Em seguida, crie outra pasta em `lib`, chamada `data` e insira um arquivo novo, como por exemplo, `dummy_users.dart`. Este arquivo receberá o cadastro de cada usuário, com `id`, `name`, `email` e `avatarUrl`:

```
import 'package:flutter_crud/models/user.dart';

const DUMMY_USERS = {
  '1': const User(
    id: '1',
    name: 'Maria',
    email: 'maria@senac.br',
    avatarUrl:
      'https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2021/11/12/03/04/woman-6787784__340.png',
  ),
  '2': const User(
    id: '2',
    name: 'Rafael',
    email: 'rafael@senac.br',
    avatarUrl:
      'https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2016/04/01/12/11/avatar-1300582__340.png',
  ),
}
```

Cadastro

```
'3': const User(  
  id: '3',  
  name: 'Michel',  
  email: 'michel@senac.br',  
  avatarUrl:  
    'https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2016/03/31/20/11/avatar-1295575__340.png',  
) ,  
'4': const User(  
  id: '4',  
  name: 'Tiago',  
  email: 'tiago@senac.br',  
  avatarUrl:  
    'https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2016/03/31/20/31/amazed-1295833__340.png',  
) ,  
'5': const User(  
  id: '5',  
  name: 'Leandro',  
  email: 'leandro@senac.br',  
  avatarUrl:  
    'https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2016/03/31/20/27/avatar-1295773__340.png',  
) ,  
};
```


Cadastro

- Feito o cadastro inicial em `dummy_users.dart`, vamos criar outra pasta em `lib`, chamada `views`. Nesta pasta crie um arquivo `user_list.dart` o qual substituirá a tela de projeto inicial, a do contador com FAB (*Floating Action Button*), com tema azul:

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

class UserList extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text('Lista de usuários'),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```

Cadastro

- No arquivo principal, substituir `const MyHomePage(title: 'Flutter Demo Home Page')` por `UserList()`. Obviamente, também excluir a classe `MyHomePage`.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:fluttercrud/views/user_list.dart';

void main() {
  runApp(MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Flutter Demo',
      theme: ThemeData(
        primarySwatch: Colors.blue,
        visualDensity:
VisualDensity.adaptivePlatformDensity,
      ),
      home: UserList(),
    );
  }
}
```

Cadastro

- A seguir proceda às modificações conforme abaixo.
- O operador *spread* {... } permite definir um número indefinido de parâmetros para uma função, *array* ou objeto.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:fluttercrud/data/dummy_users.dart';

class UserList extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    const users = {...DUMMY_USERS};

    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text('Lista de usuários'),
      ),
      body: ListView.builder(
        itemCount: users.length,
        itemBuilder: (ctx, i) => Text(users.values.elementAt(i).name),
      ),);}}
```

Cadastro

- A seguir crie uma pasta para alocar os *widgets*, por exemplo, `componentes` e dentro desta pasta crie um arquivo chamado `user_tile.dart`.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

import '../data/dummy_users.dart';

class UserTile extends StatelessWidget {
  final User user;

  const UserTile(this.user);

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    final avatar = user.avatarUrl == null || user.avatarUrl.isEmpty
      ? CircleAvatar(child: Icon(Icons.person))
      : CircleAvatar(backgroundImage: NetworkImage(user.avatarUrl));
    return ListTile(
      leading: avatar,
    );
  }
}
```

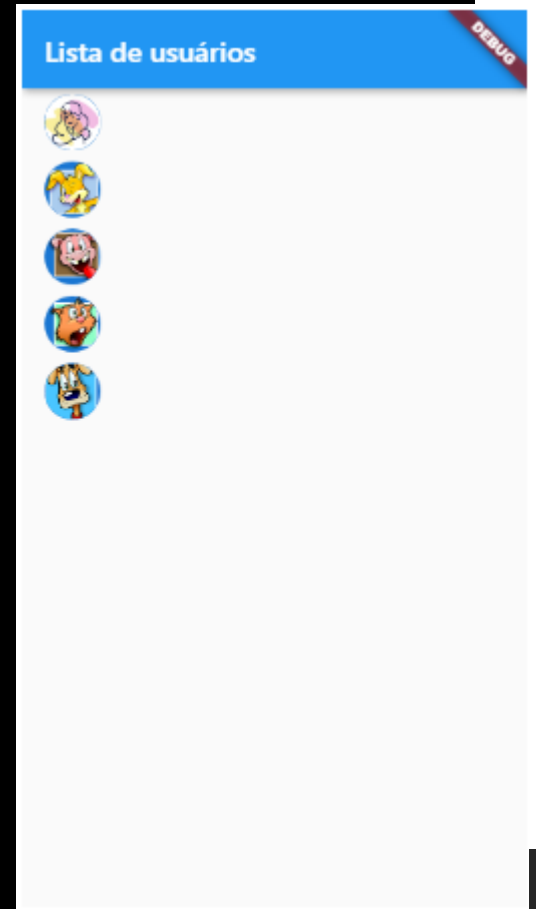
Cadastro

- Em `user_list` troque `Text(users.values.elementAt(i).name)`, por `UserTile(users.values.elementAt(i))`,

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:fluttercrud/components/user_tile.dart';
import 'package:fluttercrud/data/dummy_users.dart';

class UserList extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    final users = {...DUMMY_USERS};

    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text('Lista de usuários'),
      ),
      body: ListView.builder(
        itemCount: users.length,
        itemBuilder: (ctx, i) => UserTile(users.values.elementAt(i)),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```



Cadastro

- Em `user_tile` inclua as linhas a seguir e salve. Veja o que ocorreu.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

import '../data/dummy_users.dart';

class UserTile extends StatelessWidget {
  final User user;

  const UserTile(this.user);

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    final avatar = user.avatarUrl == null || user.avatarUrl.isEmpty
      ? CircleAvatar(child: Icon(Icons.person))
      : CircleAvatar(backgroundImage: NetworkImage(user.avatarUrl));
    return ListTile(
      leading: avatar,
      title: Text(user.name),
      subtitle: Text(user.email),
    );
  }
}
```

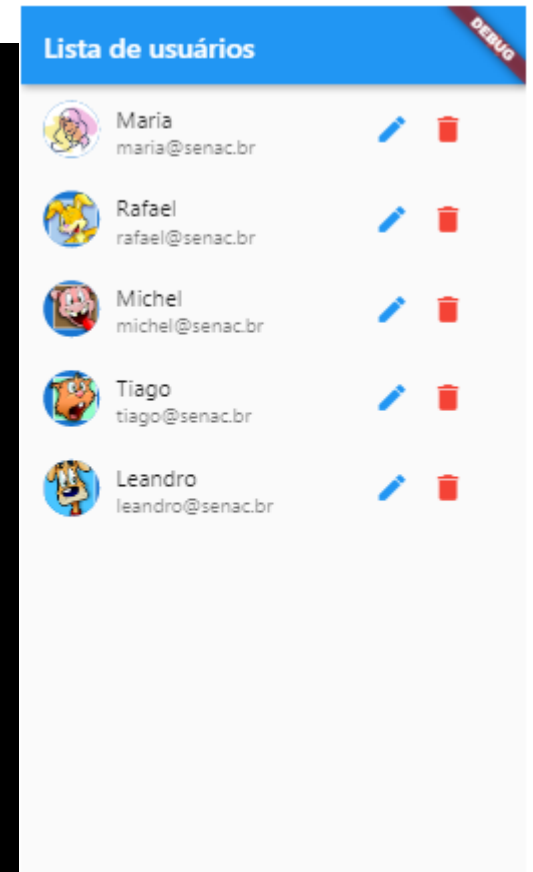
Cadastro

```
width: 100,  
child: Row(children: <Widget>[  
  IconButton(  
    onPressed: () {}, icon: Icon(Icons.edit), color: Colors.blue),  
  IconButton(  
    onPressed: () {}, icon: Icon(Icons.delete), color: Colors.red),  
]),  
),  
);  
}  
}
```

Cadastro

- Em `user_list` inclua a linha a seguir e salve.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:fluttercrud/components/user_tile.dart';
import 'package:fluttercrud/data/dummy_users.dart';
class UserList extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    final users = {...DUMMY_USERS};
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text('Lista de usuários'),
        actions: <Widget>[IconButton(onPressed: () {}, icon: Icon(Icons.add))],
      ),
      body: ListView.builder(
        itemCount: users.length,
        itemBuilder: (ctx, i) => UserTile(users.values.elementAt(i)),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```



Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() => runApp(MyApp());

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  // This widget is the root of your application.
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Flutter UI Controls',
      theme: ThemeData(
        primarySwatch: Colors.blue,
      ),
      home: MyHomePage(title: 'Flutter UI Controls Home Page'),
    );
  }
}

class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
  final String title;
  const MyHomePage({Key? key, required this.title}) : super(key: key);

  @override
  _MyHomePageState createState() => _MyHomePageState();
}
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
class _MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {  
  final GlobalKey<ScaffoldState> _scaffoldKey = new GlobalKey<ScaffoldState>();  
  String? _dropdownButtonValue = 'One';  
  String? _popupMenuButtonValue = 'One';  
  bool? _checkboxValue = true;  
  String? _radioBoxValue = 'One';  
  double _sliderValue = 10;  
  bool _switchValue = false;  
  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return Scaffold(  
      key: _scaffoldKey,  
      appBar: AppBar(  
        title: Text(widget.title),  
      ),  
      body: Container(  
        padding: EdgeInsets.only(left: 10, right: 10),  
        child: SingleChildScrollView(  
          child: Column(  
            mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
            crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,  
            children: <Widget>[  
              // Buttons  
              Column(  
                mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
                crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
children: <Widget>[
  _GroupText('Buttons'),
  ButtonBar(
    alignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,
    mainAxisSize: MainAxisSize.min,
    buttonMinWidth: 200,
    buttonHeight: 30,
    buttonAlignedDropdown: true,
    layoutBehavior: ButtonBarLayoutBehavior.padded,
    buttonPadding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 10),
    children: <Widget>[
      RaisedButton(
        onPressed: () => _showToast('Clicked on RaisedButton'),
        child: Text('Raised Button'),
      ),
      FlatButton(
        onPressed: () => _showToast('Clicked on FlatButton'),
        child: Text('Flat Button'),
      ),
      OutlineButton(
        onPressed: () => _showToast('Clicked on OutlineButton'),
        child: Text('OutlineButton'),
      ),
      Row(
        children: <Widget>[
          Text('IconButton: '),
          IconButton(
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
        onPressed: () =>
          _showToast('Clicked on IconButton'),
        icon: Icon(Icons.build),
      ),
    ],
  ),
  Row(
    children: <Widget>[
      Text('DropDownButton: '),
      DropDownButton(
        value: _dropdownButtonValue,
        onChanged: (String? value) {
          setState(() {
            _dropdownButtonValue = value;
          });
          _showToast(
            'Changed value of dropdown button to $value');
        },
        items: ['One', 'Two', 'Three', 'Four']
          .map<DropDownMenuItem<String>>() {
            (String value) =>
              DropDownMenuItem<String>() {
                value: value,
                child: Text(value),
              }
          })
          .toList(),
    ],
  ),
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
Row(  
  children: <Widget>[  
    Text('PopupMenuButton: '),  
    Text(_popupMenuButtonValue!),  
    PopupMenuButton<String>(  
      onSelected: (String result) {  
        setState(() {  
          _popupMenuButtonValue = result;  
        });  
        _showToast(  
          'Selected \'$result\' item on PopupMenuButton');  
        },  
      itemBuilder: (BuildContext context) =>  
        <PopupMenuEntry<String>>[  
          const PopupMenuItem<String>(  
            value: 'One',  
            child: Text('One'),  
          ),  
          const PopupMenuItem<String>(  
            value: 'Two',  
            child: Text('Two'),  
          ),  
          const PopupMenuItem<String>(  
            value: 'Three',  
            child: Text('Three'),  
          ),  
        ],  
    ),  
  ],  
)
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
const PopupMenuItem<String>(
    value: 'Four',
    child: Text('Four'),
),
]),
],
),
],
),
_Spaceline(),
// Checkbox
Column(
    mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,
    crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,
    children: <Widget>[
        _GroupText('Checkbox'),
        Row(
            children: <Widget>[
                Text('Simple checkbox'),
                Checkbox(
                    value: _checkboxValue,
                    onChanged: (bool? newValue) {
                        setState(() {
                            _checkboxValue = newValue;
                        });
                    },
                ),
            ],
        ),
    ],
);
```

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Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
        _showToast(  
            'Changed value of checkbox to $_checkboxValue');  
    }},  
    ],  
  ),  
  ],  
  _SpaceLine(),  
  // Radio[Box]  
  Column(  
    mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
    crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,  
    children: <Widget>[  
      _GroupText('Radio[Box]'),  
      RadioListTile(  
        title: const Text('One'),  
        value: 'One',  
        groupValue: _radioBoxValue,  
        onChanged: (String? value) {  
          setState(() {  
            _radioBoxValue = value;  
          });  
          _showToast('Changed value of Radio[Box] to $value');  
        }},  
      RadioListTile(  
        title: const Text('Two'),  
        value: 'Two',  
        groupValue: _radioBoxValue,  
        onChanged: (String? value) {
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
        setState(() {
          _radioBoxValue = value;
        });
        _showToast('Changed value of Radio[Box] to $value');
      })),
      RadioListTile(
        title: const Text('Three'),
        value: 'Three',
        groupValue: _radioBoxValue,
        onChanged: (String? value) {
          setState(() {
            _radioBoxValue = value;
          });
          _showToast('Changed value of Radio[Box] to $value');
        })),
      RadioListTile(
        title: const Text('Four'),
        value: 'Four',
        groupValue: _radioBoxValue,
        onChanged: (String? value) {
          setState(() {
            _radioBoxValue = value;
          });
          _showToast('Changed value of Radio[Box] to $value');
        })),
    ],
  ),
```


Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
    _SpaceLine(),  
    // Slider  
    Column(  
      mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
      crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,  
      children: <Widget>[  
        _GroupText('Slider'),  
        Slider(  
          value: _sliderValue,  
          onChanged: (newValue) {  
            setState(() {  
              _sliderValue = newValue;  
            });  
          },  
          min: 0,  
          max: 100,  
          divisions: 50,  
          label: _sliderValue.toInt().toString(),  
        ),  
      ],  
    ),  
    _SpaceLine(),  
    // Switch  
    Column(  
      mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
      crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,  
      children: <Widget>[  
        _GroupText('Switch'),
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
Row(  
  children: <Widget>[  
    Text('Simple switch'),  
    Switch(  
      value: _switchValue,  
      onChanged: (newValue) {  
        setState(() {  
          _switchValue = newValue;  
        });  
        _showToast('Changed value of Switch to $newValue');  
      },  
    ),  
  ],  
,  
,  
),  
_SpaceLine(),  
// TextField  
Column(  
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
  crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,  
  children: <Widget>[  
    _GroupText('TextField'),  
    TextField(  
      obscureText: false,  
      decoration: InputDecoration(  
        border: OutlineInputBorder(),  
        labelText: 'TextField',  

```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
    ),  
  ),  
],  
,  
_SpaceLine(),  
// DateTimePicker  
Column(  
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.start,  
  crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,  
  children: <Widget>[  
    _GroupText('DateTimePicker'),  
    OutlinedButton(  
      onPressed: () {  
        showDatePicker(  
          context: context,  
          initialDate: DateTime.now(),  
          firstDate: DateTime(1970),  
          lastDate: DateTime.now(),  
        ).then((value) {  
          _showToast('Selected date $value');  
        });  
      },  
      child: Text('Open DatePicker'),  
    ),  
    OutlinedButton(  
      onPressed: () {  
        showTimePicker(  
          context: context,
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```

        initialTime: TimeOfDay.now(),
      ).then((value) {
        _showToast('Selected time $value');
      });
    },
    child: Text('Open TimePicker'),
  ),
],
),
PreferredSize(
  height: 50,
)
],
),
),
),
floatingActionButton: FloatingActionButton(
  onPressed: () => _showToast('Clicked on float action button'),
  tooltip: 'Increment',
  child: Icon(Icons.add),
),
);
}

void _showToast(String text) {}

RaisedButton({required void Function() onPressed, required Text child}) {}

```

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Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
FlatButton({required void Function() onPressed, required Text child}) {}

OutlineButton({required void Function() onPressed, required Text child}) {}
}

class _GroupText extends StatelessWidget {
  final String text;

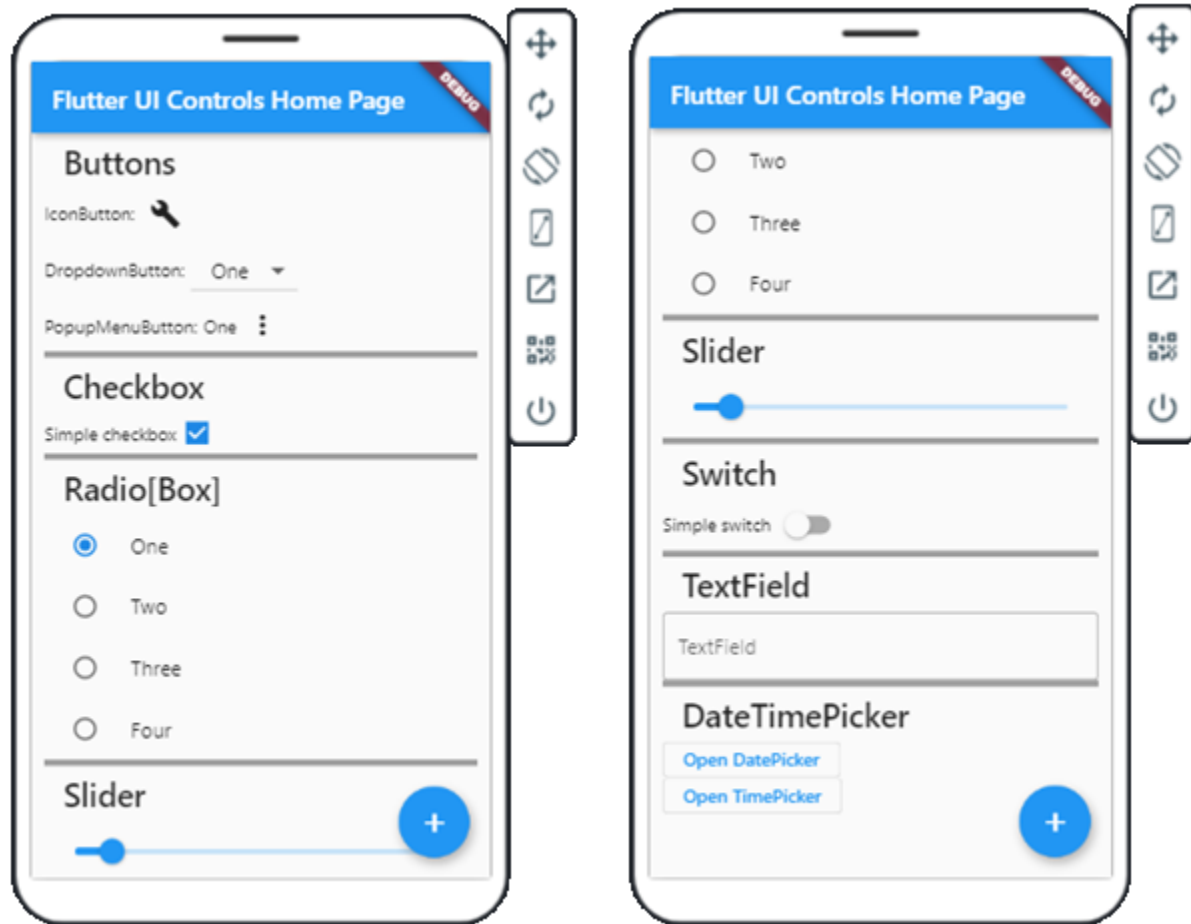
  const _GroupText(this.text);

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Padding(
      padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 5, horizontal: 15),
      child: Text(
        text,
        style: TextStyle(fontSize: 25, fontWeight: FontWeight.w500),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico

```
class _SpaceLine extends StatelessWidget {  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return SizedBox(  
      height: 5,  
      child: Container(  
        color: Colors.grey,  
      ),  
    );  
  }  
}
```

Controle sobre a UI: exemplo básico



Navegação: exemplo básico

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() => runApp(MyApp());

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  // This widget is the root of your application.
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Navigation Over Screens',
      theme: ThemeData(
        primarySwatch: Colors.blue,
      ),
      // home: MainPage(),

      // Declare routes
      routes: {
        // Main initial route
        '/': (context) => MainPage(),
        // Second route
        '/second': (context) => SecondPage(),
      },
      initialRoute: '/',
    );
  }
}
```


Navegação: exemplo básico

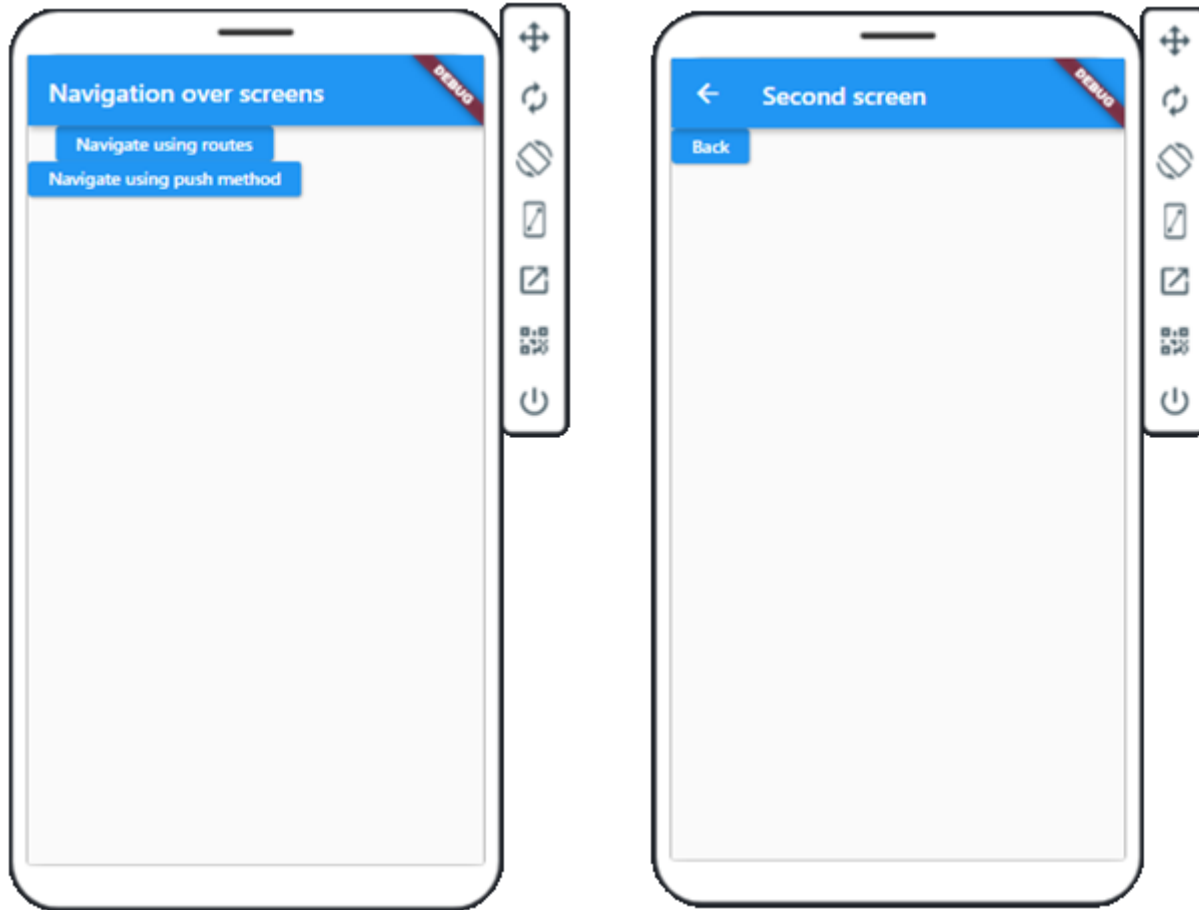
```
class MainPage extends StatelessWidget {  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) =>  
    Scaffold(  
      appBar: AppBar(  
        title: Text('Navigation over screens'),  
      ),  
      body: Container(  
        child: Column(  
          children: <Widget>[  
            // Navigate using declared route name  
            ElevatedButton(  
              onPressed: () => Navigator.pushNamed(context, '/second'),  
              child: Text('Navigate using routes'),  
            ),  
            // Navigate using simple push method  
            ElevatedButton(  
              onPressed: () =>  
                Navigator.push(  
                  context,  
                  MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => SecondPage()),  
                ),  
          ],  
        ),  
      ),  
    ),  
  ),  
}
```

Navegação: exemplo básico

```
        child: Text('Navigate using push method'),
      ],
    ),
  );
}

class SecondPage extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text('Second screen'),
      ),
      body: Container(
        child: ElevatedButton(
          onPressed: () => Navigator.pop(context),
          child: Text('Back'),
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```

Navegação: exemplo básico



Dúvidas!?

