

ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

PURE MATHEMATICS

4027/2

PAPER 2

SPECIMEN PAPER

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper. Additional materials: Data booklet

Mathematical tables/ electronic calculator

Allow candidates 5 minutes to count pages before the examination.

This booklet should not be punched or stapled and pages should not be removed.

TIME 2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page and your Centre number and Candidate number on the top right corner of every page of this paper.

Answer all questions in **Section A** and any **four** from **Section B**.

Check that all the pages are in the booklet and ask the invigilator for a replacement if there are duplicate or missing pages.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper using **black** or **blue** pens.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below that question.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Decimal answers which are not exact should be given correct to three significant figures unless stated otherwise. Answers in degrees should be given correct to one decimal place.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. Electronic calculators or Mathematical tables may be used to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

This specimen paper consists of 18 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

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Section A [52 marks]

Answer all questions in this Section.

1 (a) Functions f and g are defined by

$$f: x \to \frac{1}{3x-1}, \ x \neq \frac{1}{3}$$

$$g: x \to x^2 - 1$$
.

Find an expression for

(i) fg(x),

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) $f^{-1}(x)$,

Answer _____ [2]

(iii) gg(x).

(b) Solve the inequality;

$$\frac{\left(x-2\right)\left(x+3\right)}{\left(x-4\right)}>0$$

Answer		[3]
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2 (a) Solve the simultaneous equations;

$$4x - 3y = 15$$
$$8x^2 - 27y = 45$$

(b) Prove the identity $\frac{(\sin x + \cos x)^2}{\sin x \cos x}$ \circ 2 + sec x cosec x.

Answer

[3]

(c)	Solve the equation	$\sin^2\theta + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$	$s \theta = 0 \text{ for } 0^{\circ} E$	θ £ 360°.
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Answer	 [3]
Allswei	[၁]

3 (a) (i) Expand
$${}_{\xi}^{\alpha}1 - \frac{x \ddot{0}^7}{3 \dot{\theta}}$$
 in ascending powers of x , up to and including the term in x^3 .

(ii) State the set of values of x for which the expansion is valid.

(b) Find the range of values of p for which the equation $x^2 - 2px + 3p = 0$ has real roots.

4	(a)	The table shows experimental values of two quantities x and y which are
		connected by the equation $y = kb^x$.

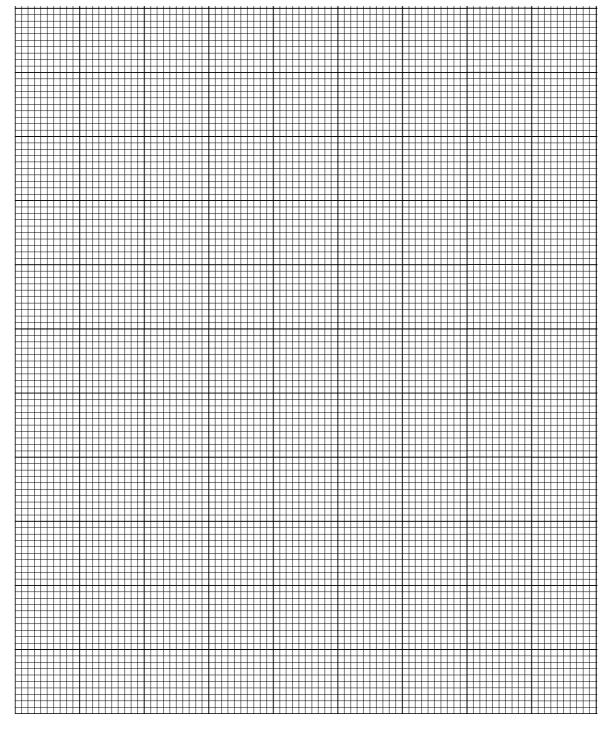
х	1	2	3	4
y	30	75	190	470

(i)	Draw an ap	proximate	straight	line graph	on the	grid on	page 6
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(ii) Use the graph to estimate the values of
$$k$$
 and b .

Answer
$$k =$$

4 (a) (i)



4	(b)	Two points A and B have coordinates $(-2, -3)$ and $(7, 4)$ respectively. The perpendicular bisector of the line joining A and B meets the y-axis at C . Calculate the coordinates of point C .	
		Answer	[4]
5	(a)	A particle P travels in a straight line from a fixed point O. Its velocity, v m/s is given by $v = t^2 - 10t + 24$, where t is the time in seconds after leaving O.	
		Find the	
	(i)	values of t for which P is instantaneously at rest,	
		Answer	[2]
	(ii)	distance OP when $t = 3$,	
		Answer	[2]
	(iii)	range of values of <i>t</i> for which the acceleration is negative.	
		Answer	[2]
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(i)	Find $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{OP}} \bullet \overrightarrow{\mathbf{PQ}}$ in terms of $/$.
	Answer
(ii)	Given that $\hat{\mathbf{OPQ}} = 90^{\circ}$, calculate the value of /.
(iii)	AnswerShow that triangle OPQ is isosceles.

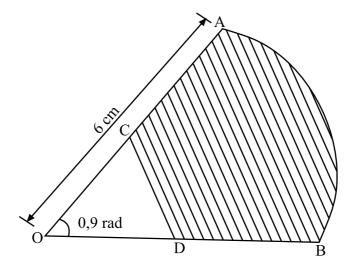
Section B [48 marks]

Answer any **four** questions in this section.

Each question in this section carries 12 marks

6	(a)	The remainder when $x^3 - 5x + a$ is divided by $x + 3$ is twice the remainder when it is divided by $x - 2$. Find the value of a .	
		Answer	[4]
	(b)	An arithmetic progression has 14 terms. The sum of the odd terms (i.e. 1^{st} , 3^{rd} , 5^{th} etc.) is 40 and the sum of the even terms (i.e. 2^{nd} , 4^{th} , 6^{th} etc.) is 161	
		Find the	
		(i) first term and the common difference of the progression,	
		Answer	[6]
		Answer	[2]

7 (a) OAB is a sector of a circle with centre O and radius 6 cm. The mid-point of OA and OB are C and D respectively. CD is a straight line.



Given that angle $\mathbf{AOB} = 0.9$ radians, calculate the:

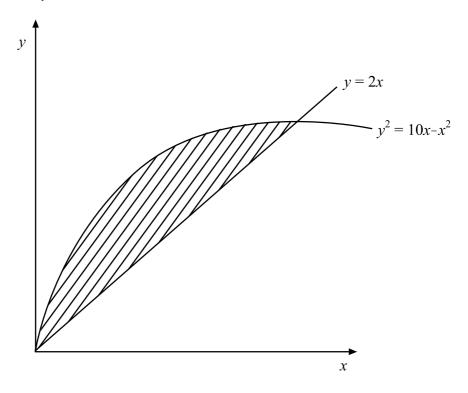
(i) length of the arc AB,

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) area of the shaded region.

(b)		ctangular block is such that the sides of its base are of length and $3x$ cm. The sum of the lengths of all its edges is 200 cm	
	Find	the	
	(i)	volume, $v \text{ cm}^3$ in terms of x ,	
			523
		Answer	[3]
	(ii)	value of x for which v has a maximum value.	
			503
		Answer	[3]
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8 (a) The diagram shows part of the curve $y^2 = 10x - x^2$ and the straight line y = 2x.



Calculate the

(i) area of the shaded part,

(ii)	volume of the solid generated when the shaded region is rotated through 360° about the <i>x</i> -axis.

Answer [4

(b) Find the gradient of the curve $x^2 + y^2 + 5x - 4y + 7 = 0$ at the point (-4; 3).

9 (i) Expand $(9-4x)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^2 .

14

	(ii)	State the range of values of x for which the expansion is valid.			
	(iii)	Answer	[2]		
10	(a)	Evaluate $\hat{0}_0^3 \frac{12}{2x+3} dx$	[6]		

Answer _____

[3]

(b)	A curve is defin	ed parametrically	by the	equations
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$$x = t + \frac{1}{t}, \qquad y = t - \frac{1}{t}$$

Find,

(i) $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of t,

Answer _____ [3]

(ii) the values of t at the points on the curve where $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$,

Answer _____ [2]

(iii) the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point $\overset{\,\,}{c}\frac{5}{2}; \frac{3\ddot{0}}{2\ddot{\emptyset}}$.

			10	
11	(a)	Solve	e the equation $4^{x+1} = 16^{2x}$.	
			Answer	[3]
	(b)	(i)	Express $2 \cos \theta - 5 \sin \theta$ in the form $r \cos(q + a)$.	
		(-)	(4	
			Answer	[3]
		(ii)	Hence solve the equation	
			$2\cos\theta - 5\sin\theta = 2 \text{ for } 0^{\circ} < \theta < 360^{\circ}.$	
			Answer	[3]

(c)	Solve the equation	2x - 3	=	3x.

Answer	[3]

- 12 (a) The time of swing T, of a simple pendulum of length x units is given by $T = k\sqrt{x}$, where k is a constant. Find in terms of dx and x an expression for the approximate value of
 - (i) dT,

(ii)
$$\frac{d\mathbf{T}}{T}$$
.

(b)	A geo Giver	A geometric progression is such that the 4^{th} term is twice the 3^{rd} term. Given that the 7^{th} term is 512, find			
	(i)	the first term and the common ratio,			
		Answer	[3]		
	(ii)	the sum of the first 10 terms of the progression.			
		Answer	[2]		

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