PHASE 1: LEXICAL ANLYSIS

Definition:

Given a piece of code, this phase should analyze it and outputs a list of tokens found. This phase relies on a pre-made DFA transition table, which should be well-designed for the best result.

Design:

THE CLASS:

We made a class and called it Lexical. The constructor of the class takes only the path of the DFA table (as plain-text file).

A lexical analyzer requires a transition table to use. We wanted to make that table code-independent, which will make future additions and edits much easier. To solve this problem, we designed our system to deal with a specific-formatted plain-text file containing the transitions.

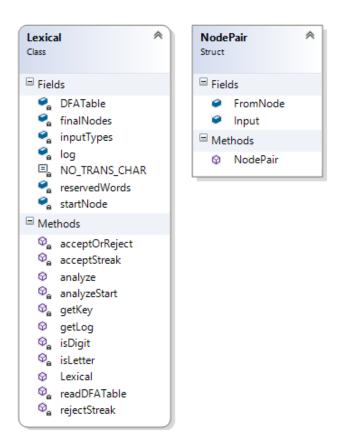
The system initially takes the path of the table once, and analyze any piece of code afterwards with the same constructed table using the function analyze.

Lexical main functions are:

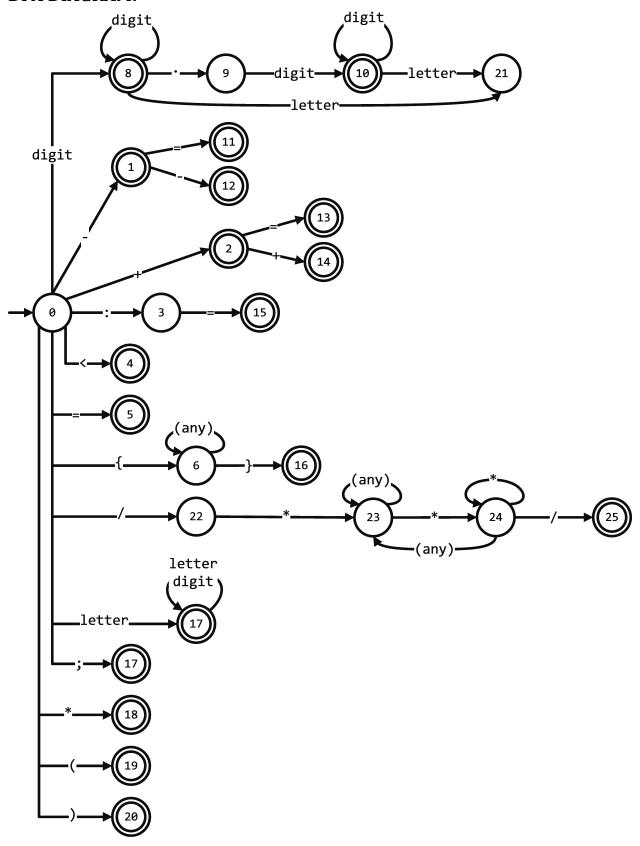
1. readDFATable: A private function that reads the content of the plain-text DFA transition table and store it a private data-structured object. This function is automatically called when a new object of Lexical is instantiated.

- 2. analyze: A public function that do the work of analyzing the code (converting the code into tokens). The code string is given as the only input parameter. Returns a List object of accepted tokens.
- 3. getLog: A public function that returns a summary (log history) of the last analyzed code by analyze. This is usually useful for testing the system. The log contains both accepted and rejected tokens along with their lexeme names.

CLASS DIAGRAM:



DFA DIAGRAM:



Output:

The expected output from this phase is a list of tokens found in the code. The Lexical class also offers log history showing the accepted tokens along with any error/unidentified tokens for testing purposes.

The system supports the following tokens:

- ID's
- Numbers
- Fraction numbers
- Minus operator (-)
- Plus operator (+)
- Less-than comparison (<)
- Equality comparison (=)
- Assign operator (:=)
- Augmented minus operation (-=)
- Augmented plus operation (+=)
- Decrement operator (--)
- Increment operator (++)
- C-like comments (/*comment*/)
- Curley braces comments ({comment})
- End of statement sign (;)
- Multiplication operator (*)
- Left parenthesis
- Right parenthesis

And the following reserved words (as defined by Tiny-C language description):

If, Then, Else, End, Write, Read, Repeat, Until.