Classification Analysis

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Contents

Logistic Regression	1
Assumption	1
ETL	1
Data Pre-processing	2
Convert data type	2
Statistical testing	5
Data Pre-processing	14
Model Training	15
Model Evaluation	16
Tree Based Method	16
Model Training	16
Model Evaluation	17

Logistic Regression

Assumption

- Dependent variable is binary
- Predictor variables must not have perfect multicollinearity
- Large sample size
- No influential outliers

\mathbf{ETL}

```
# import .csv file into R
gc = read.csv('./Data/german_credit.csv')
# take a look at the structure of the data
str(gc)
## 'data.frame': 1000 obs. of 21 variables:
```

```
## $ Creditability : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

## $ Account.Balance : int 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 2 ...

## $ Duration.of.Credit..month. : int 18 9 12 12 12 10 8 6 18 24 ...

## $ Payment.Status.of.Previous.Credit: int 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 2 ...

## $ Purpose : int 2 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 ...

## $ Credit.Amount : int 1049 2799 841 2122 2171 2241 3398 1361 1098 3758 ...

## $ Value.Savings.Stocks : int 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 ...

## $ Length.of.current.employment : int 2 3 4 3 3 2 4 2 1 1 ...
```

```
: int 4 2 2 3 4 1 1 2 4 1 ...
##
   $ Instalment.per.cent
##
   $ Sex...Marital.Status
                                       : int 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 ...
   $ Guarantors
##
                                       : int
                                             1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ Duration.in.Current.address
                                             4 2 4 2 4 3 4 4 4 4 ...
##
                                       : int
                                      : int 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 4 ...
##
   $ Most.valuable.available.asset
                                       : int 21 36 23 39 38 48 39 40 65 23 ...
##
   $ Age..years.
## $ Concurrent.Credits
                                       : int 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 ...
                                              1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ Type.of.apartment
                                       : int
## $ No.of.Credits.at.this.Bank
                                      : int
                                             1 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 ...
                                             3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
## $ Occupation
                                       : int
                                             1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 ...
##
  $ No.of.dependents
                                       : int
##
   $ Telephone
                                       : int
                                              1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
   $ Foreign.Worker
                                             1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
                                       : int
```

From the structure, we can see that a lot of categorical data being read as integer. Next, we will pre-process the data before proceed with fit the data into training logistic regression model.

Data Pre-processing

Convert data type

##

##

0.274

No Acc No Bal Has Bal

0.269

0.457

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
names(gc)[1] = 'cr'
table(gc$cr)/sum(table(gc$cr))
##
##
     0
         1
## 0.3 0.7
gc$cr = as.factor(gc$cr)
names(gc)[2] = 'acc.bal'
table(gc$acc.bal)/sum(table(gc$acc.bal))
##
##
       1
             2
                   3
## 0.274 0.269 0.063 0.394
# we wish to combine category 4 into 3
gc$acc.bal = replace(gc$acc.bal, gc$acc.bal == 4, 3)
gc$acc.bal = factor(gc$acc.bal, levels = seq(1:3),
                       labels = c('No Acc', 'No Bal', 'Has Bal'))
table(gc$acc.bal)/sum(table(gc$acc.bal))
##
```

```
names(gc)[4] = 'pmt.stat.prev.cr'
table(gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr)/sum(table(gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr))
##
##
       0
                   2
             1
## 0.040 0.049 0.530 0.088 0.293
# we wish to combine category 1 into 0, and 4 into 3. Then shift downward
gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr[gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr <= 1] = 1</pre>
gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr[gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr == 2] = 2
gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr[gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr >= 3] = 3
table(gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr)/sum(table(gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr))
##
##
       1
             2
                   3
## 0.089 0.530 0.381
gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr = factor(gc$pmt.stat.prev.cr, levels = seq(1:3),
                             labels = c('Some probs', 'paid up', 'no prob'))
names(gc)[7] = 'savings.stocks'
table(gc$savings.stocks)/sum(table(gc$savings.stocks))
##
##
             2
                   3
                         4
                               5
## 0.603 0.103 0.063 0.048 0.183
gc$savings.stocks[gc$savings.stocks == 4] = 3
gc$savings.stocks[gc$savings.stocks == 5] = 4
gc$savings.stocks = factor(gc$savings.stocks, levels = seq(1:4),
                           labels = c('none', '<100', '100-1000', '>1000'))
table(gc$savings.stocks)/sum(table(gc$savings.stocks))
##
##
                                 >1000
                <100 100-1000
       none
##
      0.603
               0.103
                        0.111
                                 0.183
names(gc)[8] = 'len.emp'
table(gc$len.emp)/sum(table(gc$len.emp))
##
##
       1
             2
                   3
## 0.062 0.172 0.339 0.174 0.253
gc$len.emp[gc$len.emp == 2] = 1
gc$len.emp[gc$len.emp == 3] = 2
gc$len.emp[gc$len.emp == 4] = 3
gc$len.emp[gc$len.emp == 5] = 4
gc$len.emp = factor(gc$len.emp, levels = seq(1:4),
                    labels = c('<1', '1-4', '4-7', '>7'))
table(gc$0ccupation)/sum(table(gc$0ccupation))
##
##
       1
             2
                   3
## 0.022 0.200 0.630 0.148
```

```
gc$0ccupation[gc$0ccupation == 2] = 1
gc$0ccupation[gc$0ccupation == 3] = 2
gc$0ccupation[gc$0ccupation == 4] = 3
gc$Occupation = factor(gc$Occupation, levels = seq(1:3),
                       labels = c('unemp', 'skilled', 'exec'))
names(gc)[10] = 'sex'
table(gc$sex)/sum(table(gc$sex))
##
##
             2
                   3
       1
## 0.050 0.310 0.548 0.092
gc$sex[gc$sex == 2] = 1
gc$sex[gc$sex == 3] = 2
gc$sex[gc$sex == 4] = 3
gc$sex = factor(gc$sex, levels = seq(1:3),
                labels = c('single male', 'married male', 'female'))
names(gc)[17] = 'cr.at.bank'
table(gc$cr.at.bank)/sum(table(gc$cr.at.bank))
##
##
       1
             2
                   3
## 0.633 0.333 0.028 0.006
gc$cr.at.bank[gc$cr.at.bank >= 2] = 2
gc$cr.at.bank = factor(gc$cr.at.bank, levels = seq(1:2),
                       labels = c('1', '>1'))
table(gc$Guarantors)/sum(table(gc$Guarantors))
##
##
      1
## 0.907 0.041 0.052
gc$Guarantors[gc$Guarantors >= 2] = 2
gc$Guarantors = factor(gc$Guarantors, levels = seq(1:2),
                       labels = c('no', 'yes'))
table(gc$Concurrent.Credits)/sum(table(gc$Concurrent.Credits))
##
##
      1
            2
## 0.139 0.047 0.814
gc$Concurrent.Credits[gc$Concurrent.Credits <= 2] = 1</pre>
gc$Concurrent.Credits[gc$Concurrent.Credits <= 3] = 2</pre>
gc$Concurrent.Credits = factor(gc$Concurrent.Credits, levels = seq(1:2),
                               labels = c('yes', 'no'))
table(gc$Purpose)/sum(table(gc$Purpose))*100
##
##
                          4
                                                  10
      0
                2
                     3
                               5
                                    6
                                         8
                                              9
           1
## 23.4 10.3 18.1 28.0 1.2 2.2 5.0 0.9 9.7 1.2
```

```
gc$Purpose[gc$Purpose %in% c(2, 3, 4, 5)] = 3
gc$Purpose[gc$Purpose %in% c(6, 7, 8, 9)] = 4
gc$Purpose[gc$Purpose == 1] = 2
gc$Purpose[gc$Purpose == 0] = 1
gc$Purpose = factor(gc$Purpose, levels = seq(1:4),
                   labels = c('new car', 'used car', 'house', 'other'))
str(gc)
## 'data.frame':
                   1000 obs. of 21 variables:
## $ cr
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "0", "1": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ acc.bal
                                  : Factor w/ 3 levels "No Acc", "No Bal", ...: 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 3 2 ....
## $ Duration.of.Credit..month.
                                  : int 18 9 12 12 12 10 8 6 18 24 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 3 levels "Some probs", "paid up", ...: 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 ....
## $ pmt.stat.prev.cr
## $ Purpose
                                  : Factor w/ 4 levels "new car", "used car", ...: 3 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 ...
## $ Credit.Amount
                                  : int 1049 2799 841 2122 2171 2241 3398 1361 1098 3758 ...
## $ savings.stocks
                                  : Factor w/ 4 levels "none", "<100", ...: 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 4 levels "< 1","1-4","4-7",...: 1 2 3 2 2 1 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ len.emp
                                  : int 4 2 2 3 4 1 1 2 4 1 ...
## $ Instalment.per.cent
## $ sex
                                  : Factor w/ 3 levels "single male",..: 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Guarantors
## $ Duration.in.Current.address : int 4 2 4 2 4 3 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Most.valuable.available.asset: int 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 4 ...
                                  : int 21 36 23 39 38 48 39 40 65 23 ...
## $ Age..years.
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "yes", "no": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Concurrent.Credits
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ Type.of.apartment
## $ cr.at.bank
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "1",">1": 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ Occupation
                                  : Factor w/ 3 levels "unemp", "skilled", ...: 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                  : int 1212121211...
## $ No.of.dependents
## $ Telephone
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                  : int 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
## $ Foreign.Worker
Statistical testing
cat.table = data.frame(var = character(), p.value = numeric())
for (i in colnames(gc))
str(chisq.test(gc$cr, gc$acc.bal))$p.value
## List of 9
## $ statistic: Named num 121
   ..- attr(*, "names")= chr "X-squared"
##
## $ parameter: Named int 2
   ..- attr(*, "names")= chr "df"
##
## $ p.value : num 5.74e-27
## $ method : chr "Pearson's Chi-squared test"
## $ data.name: chr "gc$cr and gc$acc.bal"
##
  $ observed : 'table' int [1:2, 1:3] 135 139 105 164 60 397
##
    ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
                   : chr [1:2] "0" "1"
##
   .. ..$ gc$cr
   .. ..$ gc$acc.bal: chr [1:3] "No Acc" "No Bal" "Has Bal"
##
##
   $ expected : num [1:2, 1:3] 82.2 191.8 80.7 188.3 137.1 ...
   ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##
                    : chr [1:2] "0" "1"
##
   .. ..$ gc$cr
##
     ....$ gc$acc.bal: chr [1:3] "No Acc" "No Bal" "Has Bal"
  $ residuals: 'table' num [1:2, 1:3] 5.82 -3.81 2.71 -1.77 -6.58 ...
##
##
    ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##
    ....$ gc$cr : chr [1:2] "0" "1"
```

.. ..\$ gc\$acc.bal: chr [1:3] "No Acc" "No Bal" "Has Bal"

##

```
## $ stdres : 'table' num [1:2, 1:3] 8.17 -8.17 3.78 -3.78 -10.68 ...
   ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
   ....$ gc$cr : chr [1:2] "0" "1"
    .. ..$ gc$acc.bal: chr [1:3] "No Acc" "No Bal" "Has Bal"
  - attr(*, "class")= chr "htest"
##
## List of 9
## $ statistic: Named num 121
   ..- attr(*, "names")= chr "X-squared"
## $ parameter: Named int 2
   ..- attr(*, "names")= chr "df"
## $ p.value : num 5.74e-27
## $ method : chr "Pearson's Chi-squared test"
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## $ observed : 'table' int [1:2, 1:3] 135 139 105 164 60 397
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                  : chr [1:2] "0" "1"
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    .. ..$ gc$cr
   .. ..$ gc$acc.bal: chr [1:3] "No Acc" "No Bal" "Has Bal"
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   .. ..$ gc$cr
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  $ residuals: 'table' num [1:2, 1:3] 5.82 -3.81 2.71 -1.77 -6.58 ...
    ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##
                  : chr [1:2] "0" "1"
##
    .. ..$ gc$cr
   .. ..$ gc$acc.bal: chr [1:3] "No Acc" "No Bal" "Has Bal"
##
  $ stdres : 'table' num [1:2, 1:3] 8.17 -8.17 3.78 -3.78 -10.68 ...
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```

```
CrossTable(gc$cr,
       gc$acc.bal, digits = 1, prop.r = F, prop.t = F,
       prop.chisq = F, chisq = T)
##
##
##
    Cell Contents
## |-----|
## |
                   ΝI
         N / Col Total |
## |
## |-----|
##
##
## Total Observations in Table: 1000
##
##
##
           | gc$acc.bal
       gc$cr | No Acc | No Bal | Has Bal | Row Total |
##
    -----|----|----|-----|
               135 | 105 | 60 |
0.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
         0 |
##
                                           300 l
##
          1
##
    -----|----|----|
                                  397 |
               139 |
          1 |
                        164 |
                                           700 I
##
##
         0.5 l
                         0.6 l
                                  0.9 |
## -----|----|-----|
                                 457 l
                        269 |
## Column Total |
                274 |
                         0.3 |
##
    1
                 0.3 |
                                  0.5 |
  -----|-----|------|
##
##
##
## Statistics for All Table Factors
##
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
  ______
## Chi^2 = 120.8438 d.f. = 2 p = 5.742621e-27
##
##
##
# digits : how many number after a decimal point
# prop.r : percentage (proportion) of row total
margin.table(prop.table(table(gc$cr, gc$acc.bal)),1)
##
##
  0 1
```

Data Pre-processing

0.3 0.7

library(gmodels)

- Feature Engineering: Create new relevant features from existing data (e.g., extracting time-based features from a time stamp)
- Feature scaling: Standardize or normalize to ensure numerical stability
- Feature selection: Remove irrelevant feature or correlated feature

```
# look for the dependency of the response (Creditability) on each of the predictor variable
```

```
# for both are numeric variable, we can use correlation, cor()
# In case of binary logistic regression where the response is binary categorical variable,
# if both are categorical variable, we use chi square test
# chi square test
chisq.test(gc$cr, gc$acc.bal)
##
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: gc$cr and gc$acc.bal
## X-squared = 120.84, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
chisq.test(gc$cr, gc$Instalment.per.cent)
##
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data: gc$cr and gc$Instalment.per.cent
## X-squared = 5.4768, df = 3, p-value = 0.14
Model Training
  • Select appropriate ML algorithm
  • Split data into test/train
  • Train the model
# split data into train and test
indexes = sample(1:nrow(gc), size = 0.5 * nrow(gc))
# sample from dataset of a seq of number 1 to 1000 and take 500 sample dataset from it
train = gc[indexes, ]
test = gc[-indexes, ]
# this step wont carry the data type of the previous data, you'll need to re-convert tha data type into factor whe
generalized linear model = glm()
  • when y is binary
H_0 : B_i = 0
H_1 : B_i a b
model = glm(cr~acc.bal, family=binomial, data = gc)
summary(model)
## Call:
## glm(formula = cr ~ acc.bal, family = binomial, data = gc)
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                  0.0292 0.1208 0.242 0.8091
## acc.balNo Bal
                    0.4167
                               0.1739
                                        2.397
                                                0.0165 *
## acc.balHas Bal
                  1.8604
                               0.1838 10.121
                                               <2e-16 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 1221.7 on 999 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1095.0 on 997 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1101
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

Remove non-significant variable, repeat this step until all variables in the model are significant

Model Evaluation

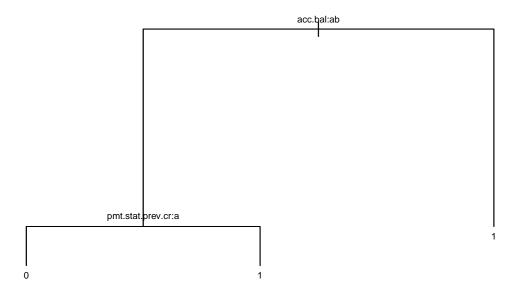
```
fit = fitted.values(model)

# setting threshold
t = rep(0,500)
for (i in 1:500) {
   if (fit[i] >= 0.5) {
      t[i] = 1
   }
}

# create cross table
conf.mat = table(t, train$cr)
```

Tree Based Method

Model Training



Model Evaluation

Evaluate train set

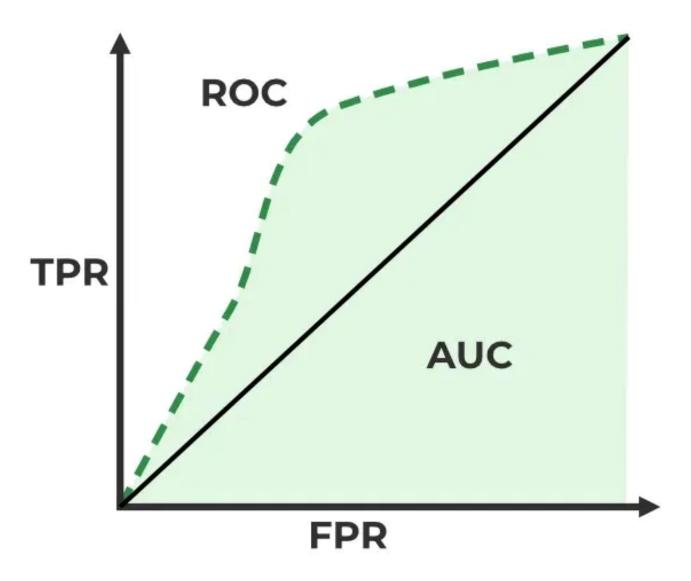
```
train_pred = predict(model_tree, train, type='class')
ct1 = table(train$cr, train_pred)
t_train_acc = sum(diag(ct1))/500*100
```

Evaluate test set

AUC-ROC curve

Used for evaluating binary classification model. Plots True Positive Rate (TPR) VS False Positive Rate (FPR) at different threshold

- TPR : ratio of correctly predicted positive instances
- FPR : ratio of wrongly predicted positive instances
- AUC : Area Under the Curve
- ROC : Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve



Pruning

```
model_tree_prune = prune.misclass(model_tree, best = 8)
```

```
## Warning in prune.tree(tree = model_tree, best = 8, method = "misclass"): best
## is bigger than tree size
```