Project Data Mining

Contents

Inflation Time Series Analysis

```
library(arrow)
library(dplyr)
inflation = read_parquet("https://storage.dosm.gov.my/cpi/cpi_2d.parquet")
str(inflation)
## tibble [2,506 x 3] (S3: tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
   $ date : POSIXct[1:2506], format: "2010-01-01 08:00:00" "2010-02-01 08:00:00" ...
## $ division: chr [1:2506] "overall" "overall" "overall" "overall" ...
             : num [1:2506] 99.4 99.4 99.4 99.4 99.6 ...
unique(inflation$division)
                                      "03"
   [1] "overall" "01"
                            "02"
                                                           "05"
                                                                     "06"
                                                 "04"
##
                            "09"
   [8] "07"
                  "08"
                                      "10"
                                                 "11"
                                                           "12"
                                                                     "13"
```

```
Take only the CPI value for the overall market.
```

```
inflation = inflation %>%
subset(division == 'overall')
```

```
unique(inflation$division)
```

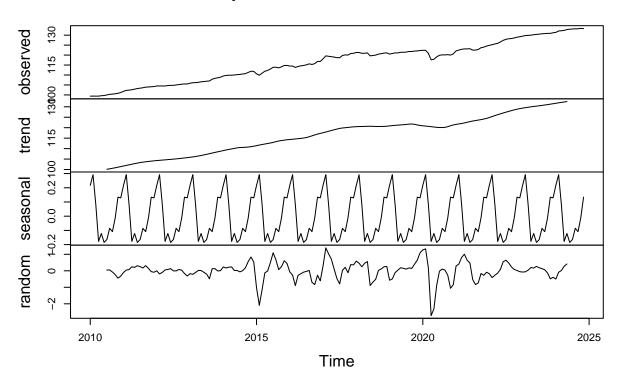
```
## [1] "overall"
```

Convert data into time series

```
inflation = inflation[,3]
inflation_ts = ts(inflation, start = c(2010,1), frequency = 12)
```

```
plot(decompose(inflation_ts))
```

Decomposition of additive time series



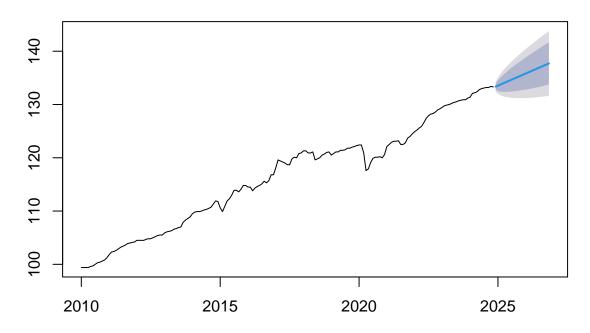
Forecast using ARIMA

```
library(forecast)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
## method from
## as.zoo.data.frame zoo

plot(forecast(auto.arima(inflation_ts)))
```

Forecasts from ARIMA(0,1,1) with drift



Forecast using TBATS

plot(forecast(tbats(inflation_ts)))

Forecasts from BATS(0.003, {0,0}, 1, -)

