

# Mining Graph Data

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2025-01-12

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Graph Data

- Non-linear data structure that consist of nodes and edges

Objective

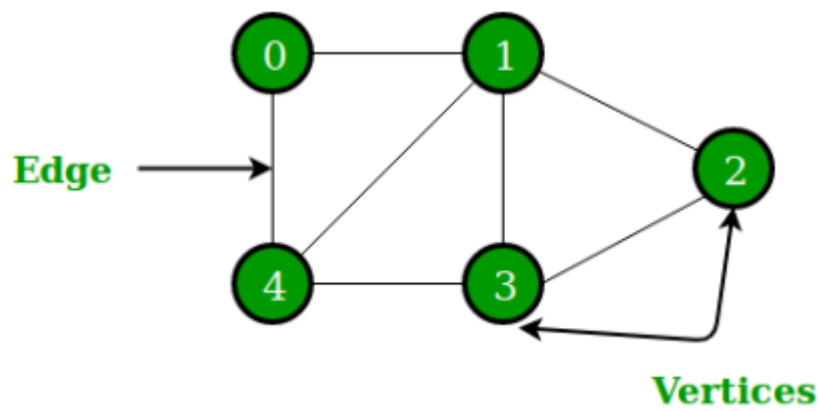
- Extract meaningful insight from graph data
- Explain the links, relationships, or interconnections among some entities

Example

- Social network
- web
- cyber security
- power grid
- supply chain
- protein-protein interaction

Graph theory

- Mathematical foundation used to model pairwise relation between objects
- A structure data that contain vertices (nodes) and egde



Basic terms

- Graph
- Edge
- Degree
- Loop
- Multiple edge
- Simple graph

- Sub-graph
- Clique
- Path and circle
- Isomorphic
  - 2 graphs are isomorphic if they have different forms but have the same number of vertexes, edges, and the same relationship
- Automorphic
  - 2 graphs are automorphic if they have same structure but different relationship behaviour

## Types of graphs

- Directed and undirected graph
- Weighted and unweighted graph
- Labeled and unlabeled
- cyclic and acyclic
- Trees Graph
- Bipartite graph
- Hypergraph

## Representations for graph

- Adjacency list
- Edge list
- Adjacency matrix

## Graph manipulation

- Remove nodes(vertices)
- Generate subgraph
- Join graphs
- Modify nodes data
- Modify edge data

## Link and Network analysis

- Link : relationship between two entities
- Network : collection of entities and links between them

## Node prominence analysis

- Degree centrality
- Closeness centrality
- Betweenness centrality
- Eigenvector centrality scores
- Information centrality scores
- Flow betweenness scores

- Centralization
- Cutpoints

Subgroup analysis

- Types of cohesive subgroups
  - Clique
  - k-Cores
- Technique to investigate a subgroup structure based on community detection
  - Modularity
  - Community detection

## Data Jaringan (Network Science)

```
# Perlombongan data graf
library(igraph)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'igraph'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      decompose, spectrum

## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##      union
```

## Types of graph

### 1) Undirected graph

```
g = graph_from_literal(1-2, 1-3, 1-7, 3-4, 2-3, 2-4, 3-5, 4-5,
                      4-6, 4-7, 5-6, 5-8, 6-7, 7-8)

g

## IGRAPH e36769f UN-- 8 14 --
## + attr: name (v/c)
## + edges from e36769f (vertex names):
##  [1] 1--2 1--3 1--7 2--3 2--4 3--4 3--5 7--4 7--6 7--8 4--5 4--6 5--6 5--8
```

```
class(g)
```

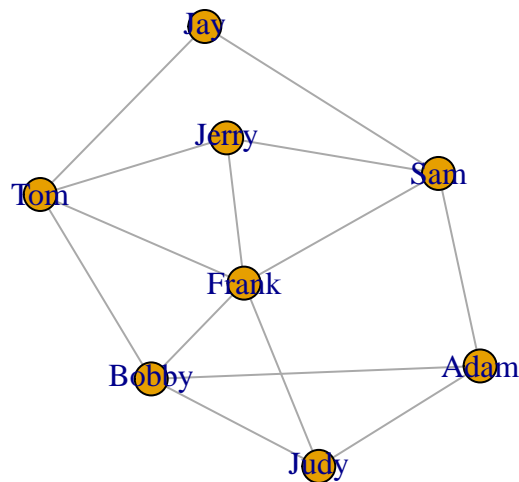
```
## [1] "igraph"
```

```
# labelkan nod/verteks
V(g)$name = c('Adam', 'Judy', 'Bobby', 'Sam', 'Frank', 'Tom', 'Jerry',
              'Jay')

g
```

```
## IGRAPH e36769f UN-- 8 14 --
## + attr: name (v/c)
## + edges from e36769f (vertex names):
## [1] Adam --Judy Adam --Bobby Adam --Sam Judy --Bobby Judy --Frank
## [6] Bobby--Frank Bobby--Tom Sam --Frank Sam --Jerry Sam --Jay
## [11] Frank--Tom Frank--Jerry Tom --Jerry Tom --Jay
```

```
# Plot graf dengan hubungan tak terarah
set.seed(12)
plot(g)
```

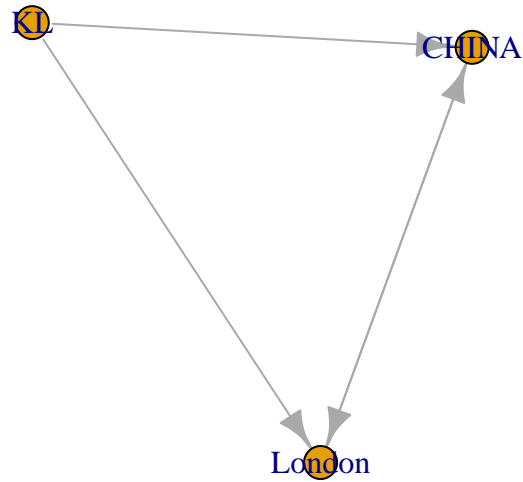


## 2) Directed Graph

```
dg = graph_from_literal(KL->CHINA, KL->London, CHINA->London)
dg
```

```
## IGRAPH e392942 DN-- 3 4 --
## + attr: name (v/c)
## + edges from e392942 (vertex names):
## [1] KL ->CHINA KL ->London CHINA ->London London->CHINA
```

```
plot(dg)
```



### 3) Weighted Graph

- berapa kuat hubungan antara nod/verteks

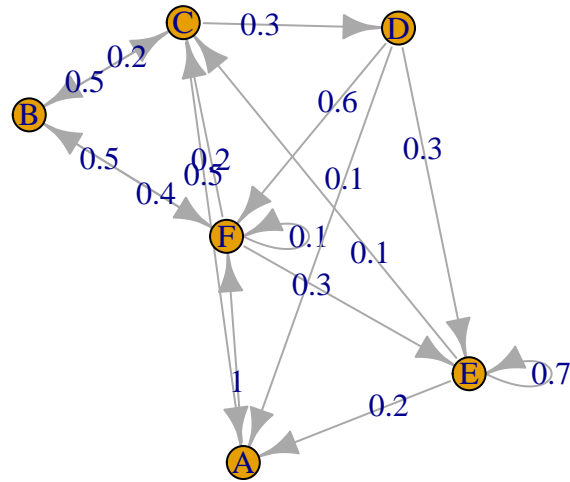
```

m = read.table(row.names=1, header=T,
               text=' A  B  C  D  E  F
                   A 0  0  0  0  0  1
                   B 0  0  0.5 0  0  0.5
                   c 0.5 0.2 0  0.3 0  0
                   D 0.1 0  0  0  0.3 0.6
                   E 0.2 0  0.1 0  0.7 0
                   F 0  0.4 0.2 0  0.3 0.1')

m = as.matrix(m)

ig = graph_from_adjacency_matrix(m, weighted=T)
plot(ig, edge.label=E(ig)$weight)

```



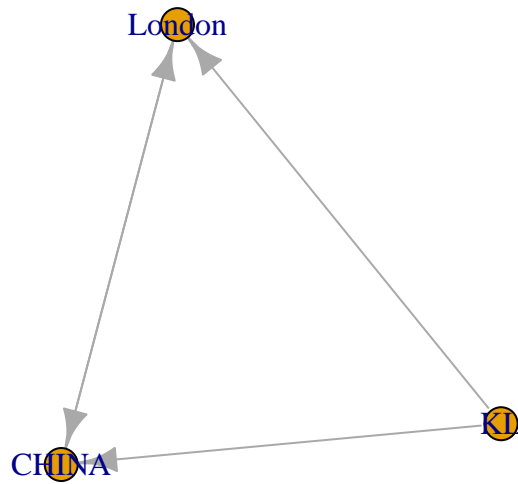
#### 4) Labeled Graph

#### 5) Cyclic Graph

At least ada 1 kitaran dah boleh dianggap sebagai graf berkitar

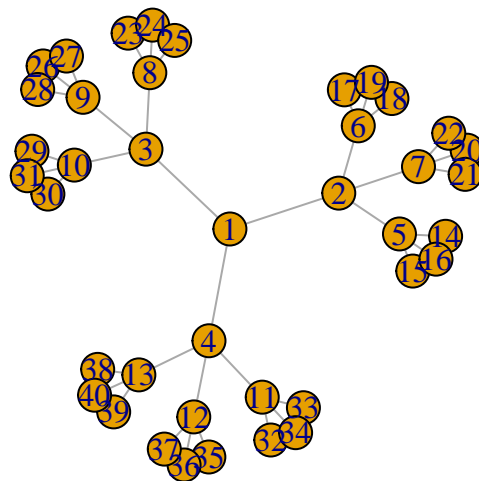
#### 6) Acyclic Graph

```
plot(dg)
```



## 7) Trees Graph

```
tr = make_tree(40, children=3, mode='undirected')
plot(tr)
```





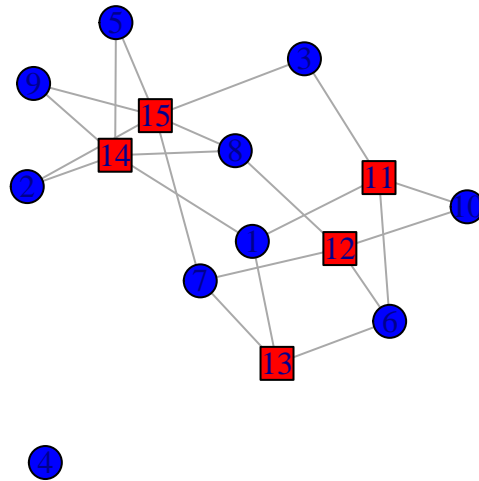
```
class(tr)
```

```
## [1] "igraph"
```

## 8) Bipartite Graph

Bipartite graph is a type of graph where vertices can be divided into 2 disjoint set, with each edge connecting a vertex in one set to a vertex in another set. There will be no edge connecting vertices in the same set.

```
# no. bottom vertices, no. top vertices, connection probability
gb = sample_bipartite(10, 5, p=0.4)
col = c('blue', 'red')
shape = c('circle', 'square')
plot(gb, vertex.color = col[as.numeric(V(gb)$type+1)],
      vertex.shape=shape[as.numeric(V(gb)$type+1)])
```



```
class(gb)
```

```
## [1] "igraph"
```

## 9) Hypergraph

2-hypergraph : 1 edge connects 2 nodes

```
library(HyperG)
```

```
## Loading required package: mclust
```

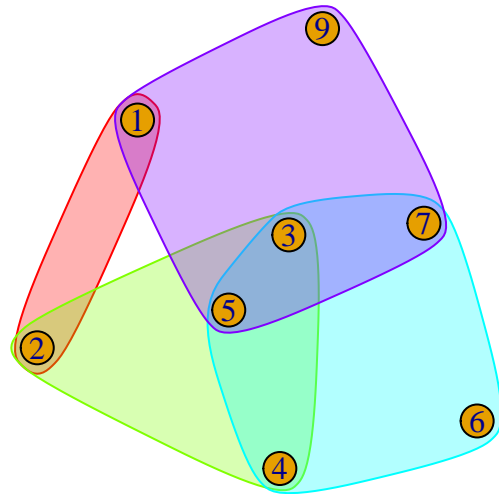
```
## Package 'mclust' version 6.1.1
```

```
## Type 'citation("mclust")' for citing this R package in publications.
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'HyperG'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:igraph':
##
##      is.simple, line.graph

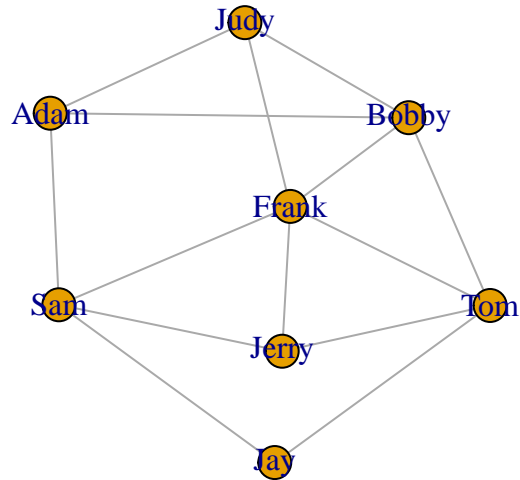
h = hypergraph_from_edgelist(list(1:2, 2:5, 3:7, c(1,3,5,7,9)))
plot(h)
```



## Representations for Graphs

### 1) Adjacency list

```
plot(g)
```



```
Adj.list1 = as_adj_list(g)
Adj.list1
```

```
## $Adam
## + 3/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Judy Bobby Sam
##
## $Judy
## + 3/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Adam Bobby Frank
##
## $Bobby
## + 4/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Adam Judy Frank Tom
##
## $Sam
## + 4/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Adam Frank Jerry Jay
##
## $Frank
## + 5/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Judy Bobby Sam Tom Jerry
##
## $Tom
## + 4/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Bobby Frank Jerry Jay
##
## $Jerry
## + 3/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Sam Frank Tom
##
## $Jay
## + 2/8 vertices, named, from e36769f:
## [1] Sam Tom
```

```
Adj.list2 = as_adj_list(dg)
Adj.list2
```

```
## $KL
## + 2/3 vertices, named, from e392942:
## [1] CHINA London
##
## $CHINA
## + 3/3 vertices, named, from e392942:
## [1] KL London London
##
## $London
## + 3/3 vertices, named, from e392942:
## [1] KL CHINA CHINA
```

```
Adj.list3 = as_adj_list(tr)
Adj.list3
```

```
## [[1]]
## + 3/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 2 3 4
##
## [[2]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 1 5 6 7
##
## [[3]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 1 8 9 10
##
## [[4]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 1 11 12 13
##
## [[5]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 2 14 15 16
##
## [[6]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 2 17 18 19
##
## [[7]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 2 20 21 22
##
## [[8]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 3 23 24 25
##
## [[9]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 3 26 27 28
##
## [[10]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 3 29 30 31
##
## [[11]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 4 32 33 34
##
```

```
## [[12]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 4 35 36 37
##
## [[13]]
## + 4/40 vertices, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 4 38 39 40
##
## [[14]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 5
##
## [[15]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 5
##
## [[16]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 5
##
## [[17]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 6
##
## [[18]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 6
##
## [[19]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 6
##
## [[20]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 7
##
## [[21]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 7
##
## [[22]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 7
##
## [[23]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 8
##
## [[24]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 8
##
## [[25]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 8
##
## [[26]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 9
##
## [[27]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 9
##
```

```
## [[28]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 9
##
## [[29]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 10
##
## [[30]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 10
##
## [[31]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 10
##
## [[32]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 11
##
## [[33]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 11
##
## [[34]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 11
##
## [[35]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 12
##
## [[36]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 12
##
## [[37]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 12
##
## [[38]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 13
##
## [[39]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 13
##
## [[40]]
## + 1/40 vertex, from e3b7b57:
## [1] 13
```

## 2) Edge list

```
Ed.list1 = as.data.frame(as_edgelist(g))
Ed.list1
```

```
##      V1    V2
## 1  Adam  Judy
## 2  Adam Bobby
## 3  Adam   Sam
## 4  Judy Bobby
```

```
## 5    Judy Frank
## 6    Bobby Frank
## 7    Bobby    Tom
## 8      Sam Frank
## 9      Sam Jerry
## 10     Sam    Jay
## 11 Frank    Tom
## 12 Frank Jerry
## 13    Tom Jerry
## 14    Tom    Jay
```

```
Ed.list2 = as.data.frame(as_edgelist(dg))
Ed.list2
```

```
##      V1      V2
## 1     KL  CHINA
## 2      KL London
## 3  CHINA London
## 4 London  CHINA
```

```
Ed.list3 = as.data.frame(as_edgelist(gb))
Ed.list3
```

```
##      V1 V2
## 1      1 11
## 2      3 11
## 3      6 11
## 4     10 11
## 5      6 12
## 6      7 12
## 7      8 12
## 8     10 12
## 9      1 13
## 10     6 13
## 11     7 13
## 12     1 14
## 13     2 14
## 14     5 14
## 15     8 14
## 16     9 14
## 17     2 15
## 18     3 15
## 19     5 15
## 20     7 15
## 21     8 15
## 22     9 15
```

### 3) Adjacency Matrix

```
Adj.M1 = as_adjacency_matrix(g)
Adj.M1
```

```
## 8 x 8 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##      Adam Judy Bobby Sam Frank Tom Jerry Jay
## Adam      .    1    1    1      .    .    .    .
## Judy      1      .    1      .    1      .    .    .
## Bobby      1    1      .      .    1    1      .    .
## Sam        1      .      .      .    1      .    1    1
## Frank      .    1    1    1      .    1      1      .
## Tom        .      .    1      .    1      .    1    1
## Jerry      .      .      .    1      1    1      .    .
## Jay        .      .      .    1      .    1      .    .
```

```
Adj.M2 = as_adjacency_matrix(dg)
Adj.M2
```

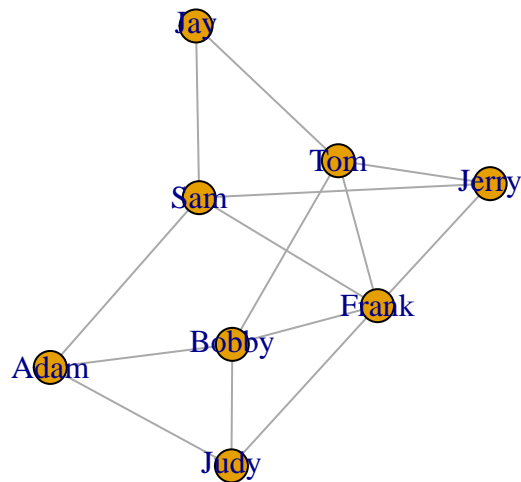
```
## 3 x 3 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##           KL CHINA London
## KL      .      1      1
## CHINA   .      .      1
## London  .      1      .
```

## Graph Manipulation

Among the important techniques of graph manipulation are:

1. remove specific nodes/vertices.
2. generate subgraph.
3. join graphs.
4. modify the nodes data.
5. modify the edge data.

```
library(igraph)
g = graph_from_literal(1-2, 1-3, 1-7, 3-4, 2-3, 2-4, 3-5, 4-5,
                      4-6, 4-7, 5-6, 5-8, 6-7, 7-8)
V(g)$name = c('Adam', 'Judy', 'Bobby', 'Sam', 'Frank', 'Tom', 'Jerry',
              'Jay')
plot(g)
```



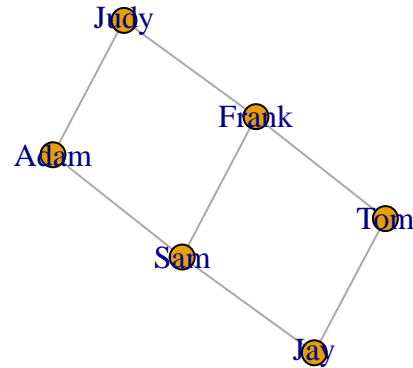
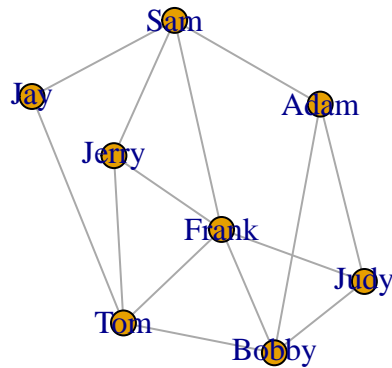
## Remove Specific Nodes/Vertices



```
h = g- vertices(c('Jerry', 'Bobby'))
h
```

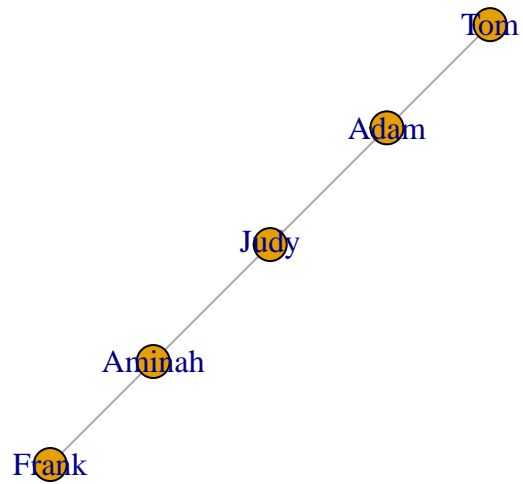
```
## IGRAPH e4c6f46 UN-- 6 7 --
## + attr: name (v/c)
## + edges from e4c6f46 (vertex names):
## [1] Adam --Judy  Adam --Sam   Judy --Frank Sam   --Frank Sam   --Jay
## [6] Frank--Tom   Tom   --Jay
```

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(g)
plot(h)
```



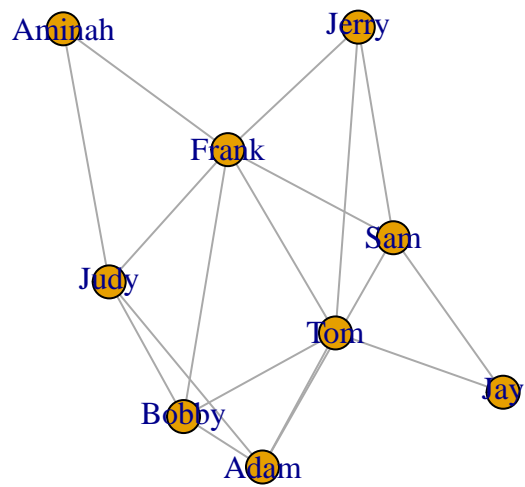
## Generate Subgraph

```
h2 = graph_from_literal('Adam'-'Judy', 'Adam'-'Tom', 'Judy'-'Aminah',
                        'Aminah'-'Frank')
plot(h2)
```



## Join Graph

```
h3 = union(h2, g)
plot(h3)
```



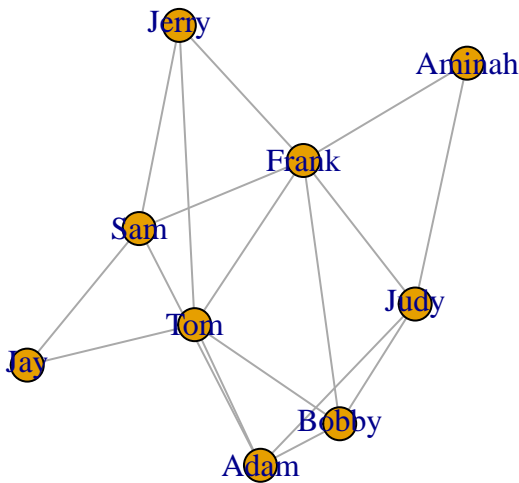
## Modify the Nodes Data

```
V(h3)

## + 9/9 vertices, named, from e4dcfbc:
## [1] Adam   Judy   Tom    Aminah Frank  Bobby  Sam    Jerry  Jay

V(h3)$gender = c('male', 'female', 'male', 'female', 'male', 'male', 'male',
                  'male', 'female')

plot(h3)
```



```
vertex_attr(h3)

## $name
## [1] "Adam"   "Judy"   "Tom"    "Aminah" "Frank"  "Bobby"  "Sam"   "Jerry"
## [9] "Jay"
##
## $gender
## [1] "male"   "female" "male"   "female" "male"   "male"   "male"   "male"
## [9] "female"
```

## Modify the Edge Data

```
# view the edge of the graph
E(h3)

## + 17/17 edges from e4dcfbc (vertex names):
## [1] Sam --Jay   Sam  --Jerry Frank --Jerry Frank --Sam   Frank --Bobby
## [6] Aminah--Frank Tom  --Jay   Tom  --Jerry Tom   --Bobby Tom   --Frank
## [11] Judy --Bobby Judy --Frank Judy --Aminah Adam  --Sam   Adam  --Bobby
## [16] Adam --Tom   Adam  --Judy
```

```
E(h3)$type = c('email', 'phone', 'FB', 'email', 'class', 'Twitter', 'neighbor',
               'phone', 'FB', 'email', 'class', 'neighbor', 'phone', 'email',
               'email', 'FB', 'neighbor')
```

```
edge_attr(h3)
```

```
## $type
## [1] "email"      "phone"      "FB"         "email"      "class"      "Twitter"
## [7] "neighbor"   "phone"      "FB"         "email"      "class"      "neighbor"
## [13] "phone"      "email"      "email"      "FB"         "neighbor"
```

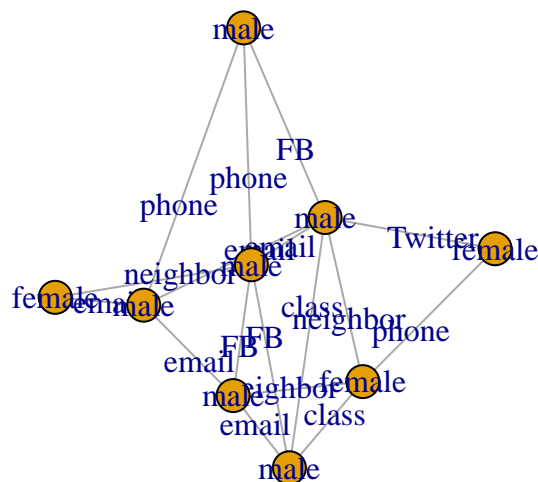
```
E(h3)$weight = c(10,1,3,2,2,2,1,5,9,8,1,6,2,9,3,10,7)
```

```
edge_attr(h3)
```

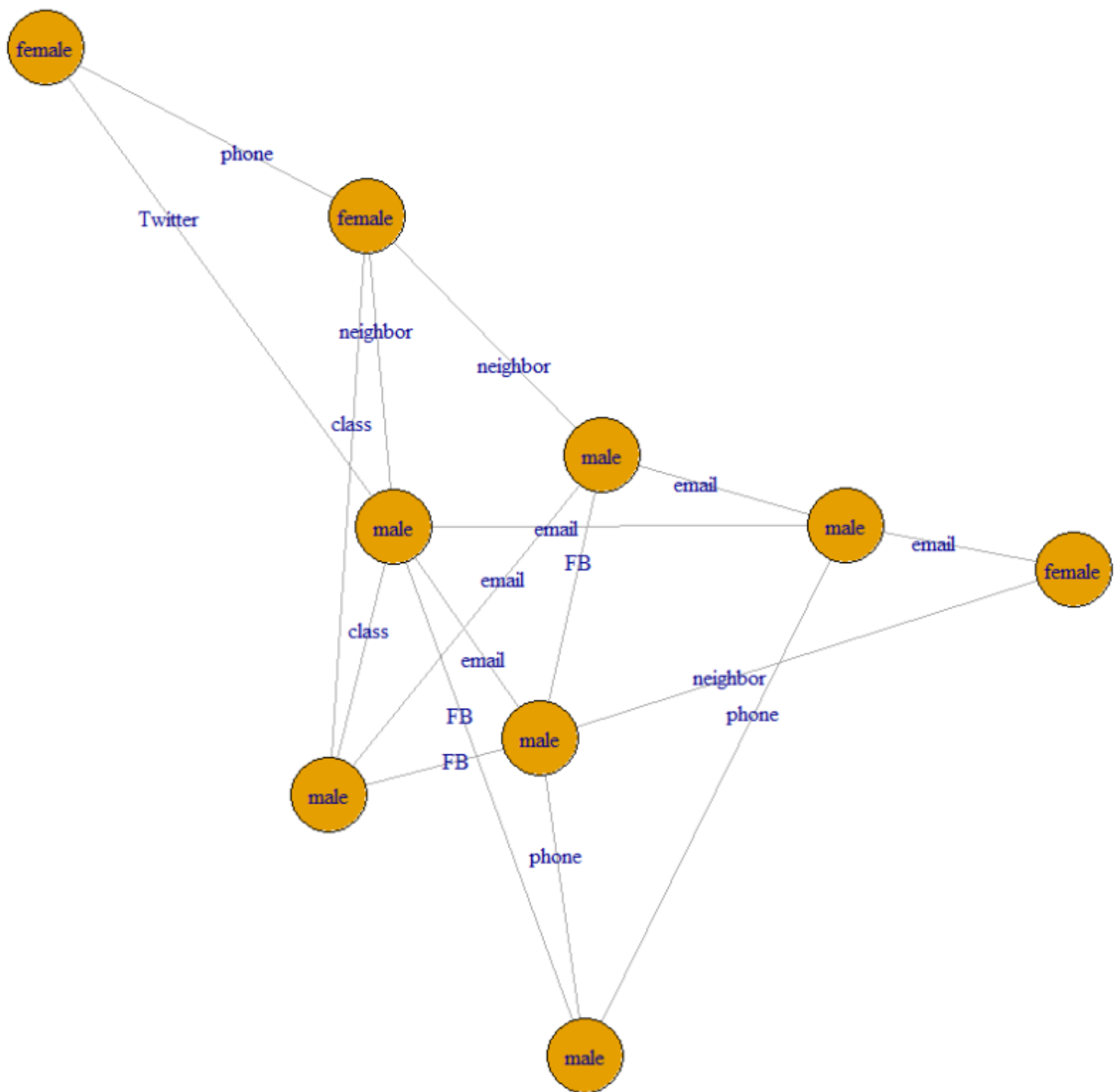
```
## $type
## [1] "email"      "phone"      "FB"         "email"      "class"      "Twitter"
## [7] "neighbor"   "phone"      "FB"         "email"      "class"      "neighbor"
## [13] "phone"      "email"      "email"      "FB"         "neighbor"
##
## $weight
## [1] 10  1  3  2  2  2  1  5  9  8  1  6  2  9  3 10  7
```

## Graph Visualization

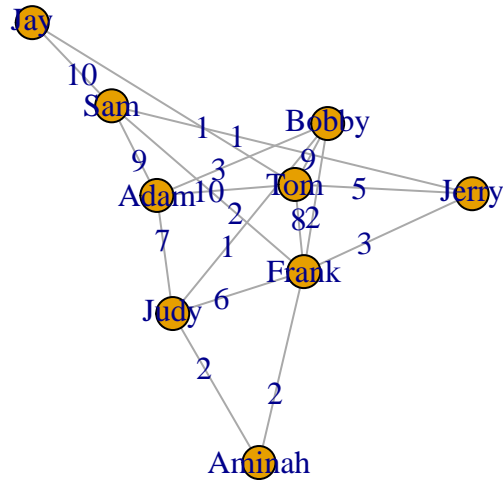
```
plot(h3, vertex.label=V(h3)$gender, edge.label = E(h3)$type)
```



For clearer view :



```
plot(h3, vertex.label=V(h3)$name, edge.label = E(h3)$weight)
```



## Node Prominence Analysis

```
library(statnet)
```

```
## Loading required package: tergm
```

```
## Loading required package: ergm
```

```
## Loading required package: network
```

```
##
```

```
## 'network' 1.19.0 (2024-12-08), part of the Statnet Project
```

```
## * 'news(package="network")' for changes since last version
```

```
## * 'citation("network")' for citation information
```

```
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'network'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:HyperG':
```

```
##
```

```
## has.loops
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:igraph':
```

```
##
```

```
## %c%, %s%, add.edges, add.vertices, delete.edges, delete.vertices,  
## get.edge.attribute, get.edges, get.vertex.attribute, is.bipartite,  
## is.directed, list.edge.attributes, list.vertex.attributes,  
## set.edge.attribute, set.vertex.attribute
```

```

##
## 'ergm' 4.7.5 (2024-11-06), part of the Statnet Project
## * 'news(package="ergm")' for changes since last version
## * 'citation("ergm")' for citation information
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information

## 'ergm' 4 is a major update that introduces some backwards-incompatible
## changes. Please type 'news(package="ergm")' for a list of major
## changes.

## Loading required package: networkDynamic

##
## 'networkDynamic' 0.11.5 (2024-11-21), part of the Statnet Project
## * 'news(package="networkDynamic")' for changes since last version
## * 'citation("networkDynamic")' for citation information
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information

## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'tergm':
##   method              from
##   simulate_formula.network ergm

##
## 'tergm' 4.2.1 (2024-10-08), part of the Statnet Project
## * 'news(package="tergm")' for changes since last version
## * 'citation("tergm")' for citation information
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information

##
## Attaching package: 'tergm'

## The following object is masked from 'package:ergm':
##
##   snctrl

## Loading required package: ergm.count

##
## 'ergm.count' 4.1.2 (2024-06-15), part of the Statnet Project
## * 'news(package="ergm.count")' for changes since last version
## * 'citation("ergm.count")' for citation information
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information

## Loading required package: sna

## Loading required package: statnet.common

##
## Attaching package: 'statnet.common'

## The following object is masked from 'package:ergm':
##
##   snctrl

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   attr, order

```

```
## sna: Tools for Social Network Analysis
## Version 2.8 created on 2024-09-07.
## copyright (c) 2005, Carter T. Butts, University of California-Irvine
## For citation information, type citation("sna").
## Type help(package="sna") to get started.
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'sna'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:igraph':
##
## betweenness, bonpow, closeness, components, degree, dyad.census,
## evcent, hierarchy, is.connected, neighborhood, triad.census
```

```
## Loading required package: tsna
```

```
##
## 'statnet' 2019.6 (2019-06-13), part of the Statnet Project
## * 'news(package="statnet")' for changes since last version
## * 'citation("statnet")' for citation information
## * 'https://statnet.org' for help, support, and other information
```

```
## unable to reach CRAN
```

install UserNetR from github

```
library(devtools)
```

```
## Loading required package: usethis
```

```
install_github('DougLuke/UserNetR')
```

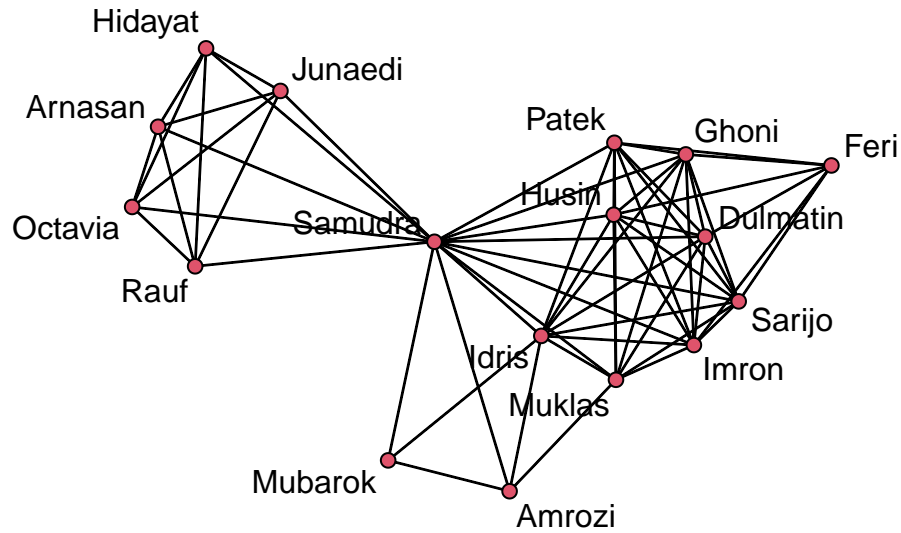
```
## Using GitHub PAT from the git credential store.
```

```
## Skipping install of 'UserNetR' from a github remote, the SHA1 (0888dd2b) has not changed since last install.
## Use 'force = TRUE' to force installation
```

```
library(UserNetR)
```

```
data(Bali)
par(mar=c(1,1,1,1))
plot(Bali, displaylabels = T)
```





Bali

```
## Network attributes:
## vertices = 17
## directed = FALSE
## hyper = FALSE
## loops = FALSE
## multiple = FALSE
## bipartite = FALSE
## total edges= 63
## missing edges= 0
## non-missing edges= 63
##
## Vertex attribute names:
## role vertex.names
##
## Edge attribute names:
## IC
```

Node names

```
name = Bali%v%'vertex.names'
name
```

```
## [1] "Muklas" "Amrozi" "Imron" "Samudra" "Dulmatin" "Idris"
## [7] "Mubarak" "Husin" "Ghoni" "Arnasan" "Rauf" "Octavia"
## [13] "Hidayat" "Junaedi" "Patek" "Feri" "Sarijo"
```

Node roles

```
Role = Bali%v%'role'
Role
```

```
## [1] "CT" "OA" "OA" "CT" "BM" "CT" "OA" "BM" "BM" "SB" "TL" "TL" "TL" "TL" "BM"
## [16] "SB" "BM"
```

Edge attribute

```
Attr = Bali%e%'IC'  
Attr
```

```
## [1] 2 2 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 2 4 5 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 2 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 3  
## [39] 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 1 2 3 1 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 3 1
```

Prominence Node Measurement:

Degree Centrality

```
deg = degree(Bali)  
deg
```

```
## [1] 18 8 18 30 18 20 6 18 18 10 10 10 10 18 12 18
```

Closeness Centrality

```
cls = closeness(Bali)  
cls
```

```
## [1] 0.6956522 0.5517241 0.6956522 0.9411765 0.6956522 0.7272727 0.5333333  
## [8] 0.6956522 0.6956522 0.5714286 0.5714286 0.5714286 0.5714286 0.5714286  
## [15] 0.6956522 0.4848485 0.6956522
```

Betweenness Centrality

```
btw = betweenness(Bali)  
btw
```

```
## [1] 4.6666667 0.6666667 3.3333333 122.3333333 3.3333333 12.3333333  
## [7] 0.0000000 3.3333333 3.3333333 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000  
## [13] 0.0000000 0.0000000 3.3333333 0.0000000 3.3333333
```

Eigenvector Centrality Scores

Information Centrality Scores

Flow Betweenness Scores

Centralization

graph centralization measure  
Ukuran pemusatan graph

```
centralization(Bali, degree)
```

```
## [1] 0.5375
```

```
centralization(Bali, closeness)
```

```
## [1] 0.3343513
```

## Cutpoints

Analisis titik potong

```
net = Bali
cpnet = cutpoints(net, return.indicator = T)
cpnet
```

```
##      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10     11     12     13
## FALSE FALSE FALSE  TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##     14     15     16     17
## FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

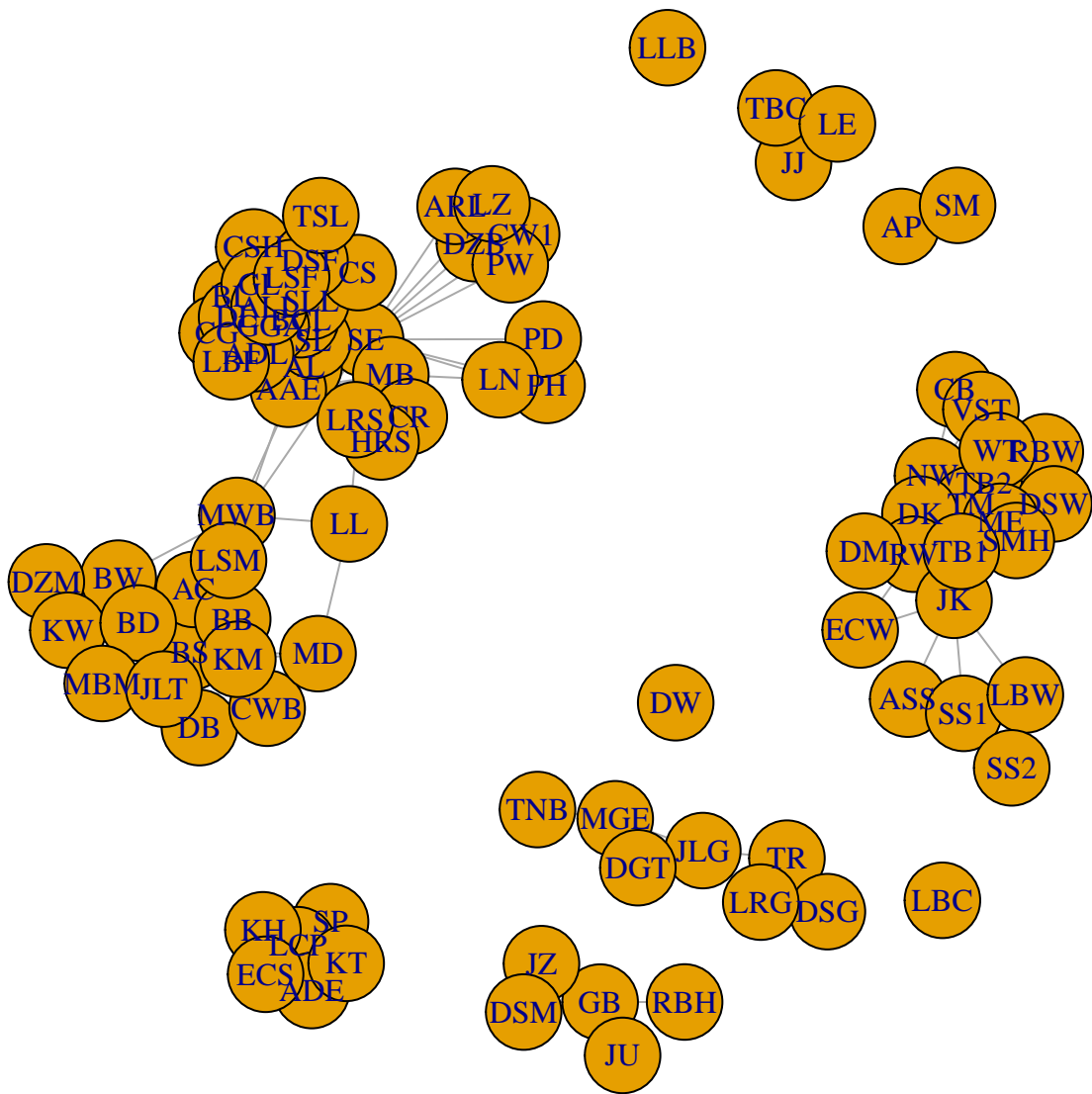
```
name[4]
```

```
## [1] "Samudra"
```

## Subgroups analysis

```
data(Facebook)
plot(Facebook)
```

```
## This graph was created by an old(er) igraph version.
## i Call 'igraph::upgrade_graph()' on it to use with the current igraph version.
## For now we convert it on the fly...
```



```
class(Facebook)
```

```
## [1] "igraph"
```



Clique

```
clique = cliques(Facebook)
```

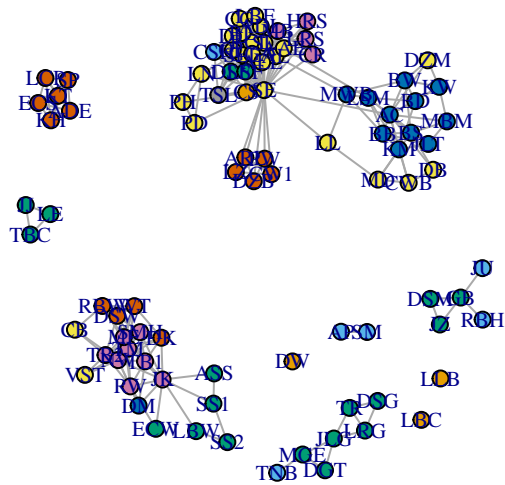
```
# biggest clique
max_clique = maxCliques(Facebook)
```

## k-Cores

```
k_core = coreness(Facebook)

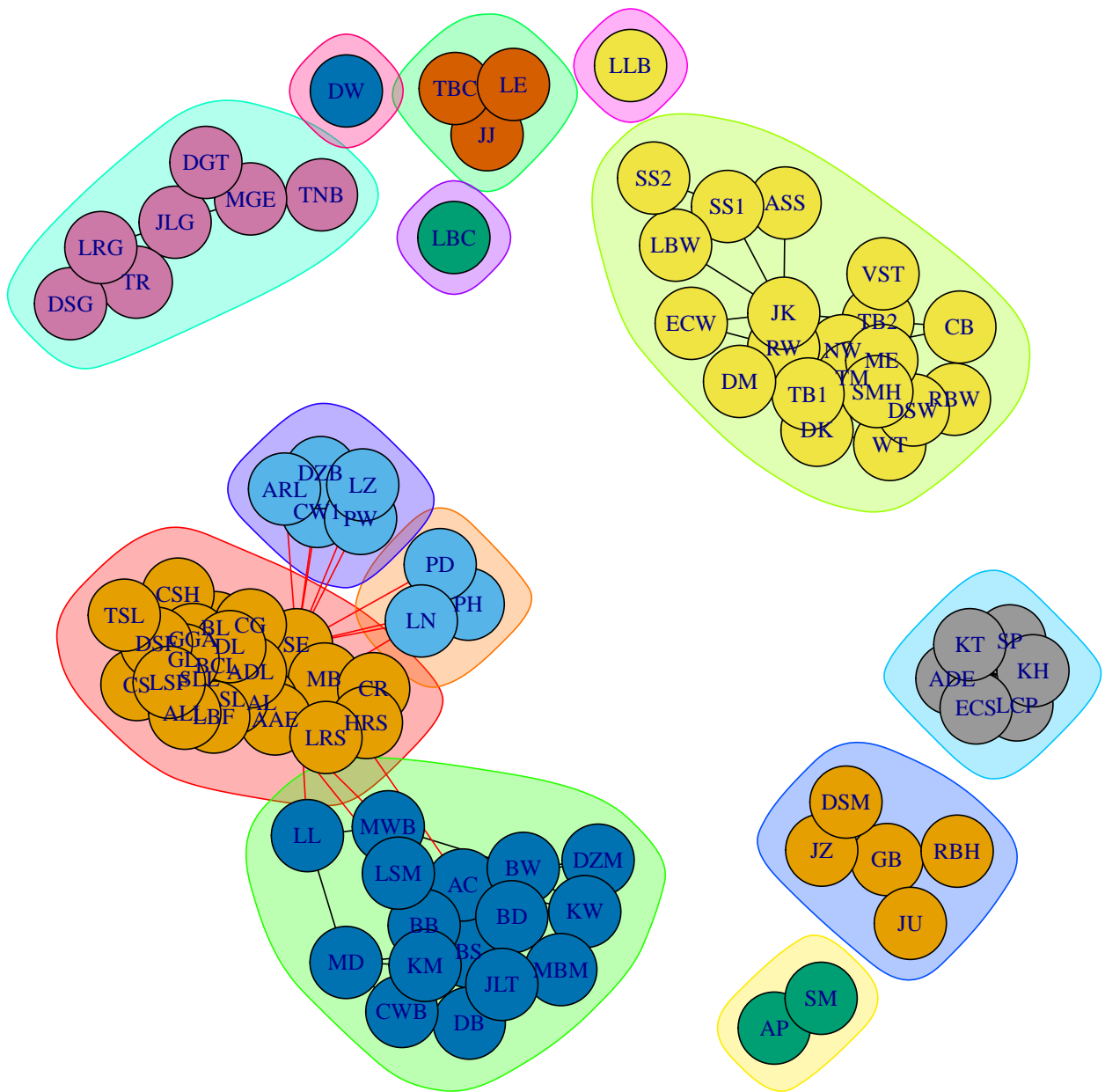
# plot same cores
V(Facebook)$color = as.factor(k_core)
plot(Facebook, main = 'Subgroups based on cores', vertex.size=7,
      vertex.label.cex=0.7)
```

## Subgroups based on cores



Community detection & modularity measure

```
#community detection
community_d = cluster_louvain(Facebook)
plot(community_d, Facebook)
```



```
#modularity
# measure of how well a graph is divided into clusters (or communities)
modularity_score = modularity(community_d)
modularity_score
```

```
## [1] 0.6356095
```