

# STQD 6114 UNSTRUCTURED DATA ANALYTICS



#### 1. STRUCTURED DATA



- Structured data is a data whose elements are addressable for effective analysis.
- ☑ It has been organized into a formatted repository that is typically a database.
- It concern all data which can be stored in database SQL in table with rows and columns.
- □ Today, those data are most processed in development and simplest way to manage information.



### 2. UNSTRUCTURED DATA



- Substructured data is a data which is not organised in a pre-defined manner or does not have a pre-defined data model, thus it is not a good fit for a mainstream relational database.
- So for unstructured data, there are alternative platforms for storing and managing, it is increasingly prevalent in IT systems and is used by organizations in a variety of business intelligence and analytics applications.



## 3. SEMI- STRUCTURED DATA



- Semi-structured data is information that does not reside in a rational database but that have some organizational properties that make it easier to analyze.
- With some process, you can store them in the relation database (it could be very hard for some kind of semi-structured data).
- Semi-structured exist to ease space.





#### Project 1: From the video (5%)

- Solution For every application of big data found in different fields (eg. Banking, telecommunication, healthcare, etc) mentioned in the video, give two real-life examples each.
- □Construct the table to differentiate between structured, unstructured and semi-structured. Give at least 3 points.
- ■Based on your opinion, why unstructured data gains its popularity nowadays?
- Submission due: 4 April 2022 (12.00pm), submit personally to me via Chat Microsoft Teams