



## Description

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

## Features

- ◆ Hall effect measuring principle
- ◆ Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- ◆ Low power consumption
- ◆ Extended measuring range
- ◆ Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0



$$I_{PN} = 2000A$$

## Advantages

- ◆ Very good linearity
- ◆ Excellent accuracy
- ◆ Low temperature drift
- ◆ Wide frequency bandwidth
- ◆ Optimized response time
- ◆ No insertion losses
- ◆ High immunity against external interference
- ◆ Excellent performance and price

## Industrial applications

- ◆ AC variable speed drives
- ◆ Battery supplied applications
- ◆ Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- ◆ Power supplies for welding applications
- ◆ Static converters for DC motor drives
- ◆ Switched-Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)

TYPES OF PRODUCTS					
Type	Primary nominal current r. m. s $I_{PN}$ (A)	Measuring resistance $R_M$ ( $\Omega$ )			
BSH-2000IC V5M	$\pm 2000 A_{max}$	0~4	with $\pm 15V @ 75^\circ C$	0~3	with $\pm 15V @ 85^\circ C$
	$\pm 2000 A_{max}$	2~22	with $\pm 24V @ 75^\circ C$	8~21	with $\pm 24V @ 85^\circ C$
	$\pm 3000 A_{max}$	2~6	with $\pm 24V @ 75^\circ C$	8~8	$\pm 2800A$ with $\pm 24V @ 85^\circ C$

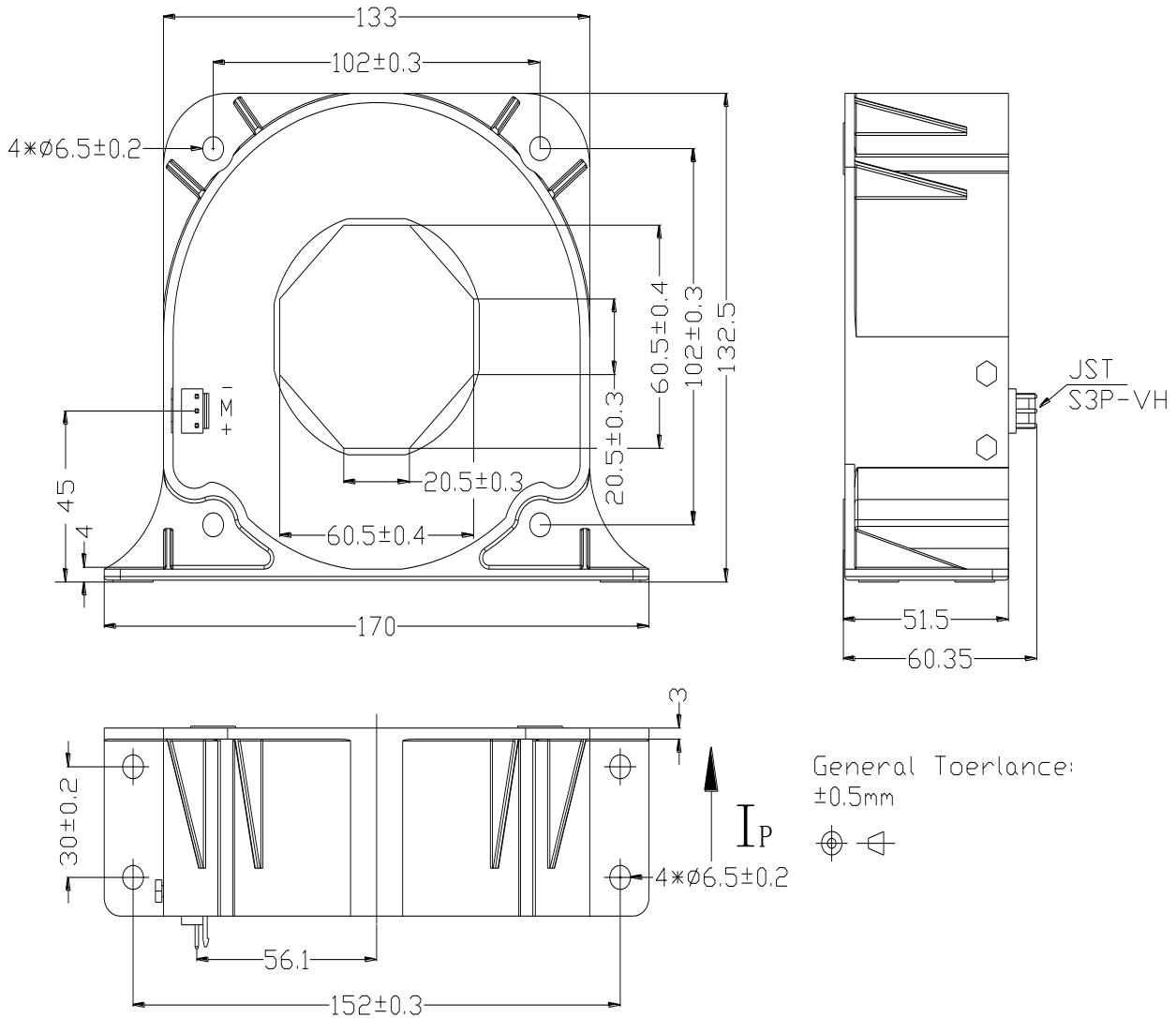
**Parameters Table**

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	UNIT	VALUE	CONDITIONS
<b>Electrical data</b>				
Supply voltage( $\pm 5\%$ )	$V_C$	V	$\pm 15 \sim \pm 24$	
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA	33(@ $\pm 24$ )+ $I_S$	
Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	$I_{SN}$	mA	400	
Conversion ratio	$K_N$		1:5000	
R. m. s voltage for AC isolation test	$V_d$	KV	3	@ 50Hz, 1 min
<b>Accuracy - Dynamic performance data</b>				
Linearity	$\epsilon_L$	%	$< \pm 0.1$	
Accuracy	$X_G$	%	$< \pm 0.3$	@ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Offset current	$I_O$	mA	$< \pm 0.5$	@ $I_P = 0, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Magnetic offset current	$I_{OM}$	mA	$\pm 0.2$	@ $I_P = 0$ and specified $R_m$ , after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$
Thermal drift of $I_O$	$I_{OT}$	mA	$< \pm 0.5$	@ $-25^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$
			$< \pm 1.5$	@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim -25^\circ\text{C}$
Response time	$t_r$	$\mu\text{s}$	$< 1$	@ 90% of $I_{PN}$ step
$d_i/d_t$ accurately followed	$d_i/d_t$	A/ $\mu\text{s}$	$> 50$	
Frequency bandwidth <sup>(1)</sup>	BW	kHz	DC~100	@ -1dB
<b>General data</b>				
Ambient operating temperature	$T_A$	$^\circ\text{C}$	$-40 \sim +85$	
Ambient storage temperature	$T_S$	$^\circ\text{C}$	$-50 \sim +90$	
Secondary coil resistance	$R_s$	$\Omega$	27.5	@ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$
			28.5	@ $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$
Mass	$m$	kg	1.5	
<b>Isolation characteristics</b>				
Creepage distance	dCp	mm	29.1	
Clearance distance	dCI	mm	27.1	
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		600	Group I

**Notes:**

- (1) Please refer to derating curves in the technical file to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency.

**Dimensions BSH-2000ICV5M** (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



◆ **Instructions of use**

1. When the test current passes through the sensors you can get the size of the output current.  
(Warning: wrong connection may lead to sensors damage.)
2. Based on user needs, the sensors output range can be appropriately regulated.
3. According to user needs, different rated input currents and output currents of the sensors can be customized.
4. You can get the best dynamic characteristics when the input current complete filling the primary hole.
5. It is the best magnetic coupling, when the primary circuit close to the bottom of sensor.



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