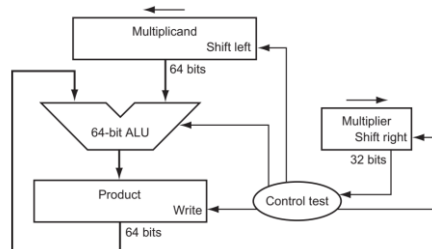


## CS202 Computer Organization HW#3

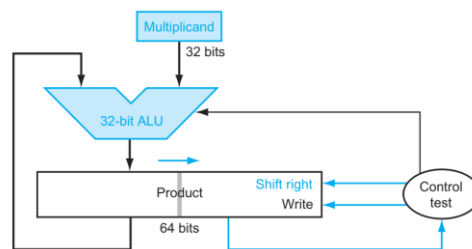
### Problem 1.

Calculate the product of the unsigned 6-bit integers in decimal  $50_{\text{dec}}$  and  $9_{\text{dec}}$ , using the hardware described below. Show the procedures by filling the contents of each register (Multiplicand, Multiplier and Product) on each step in a form.



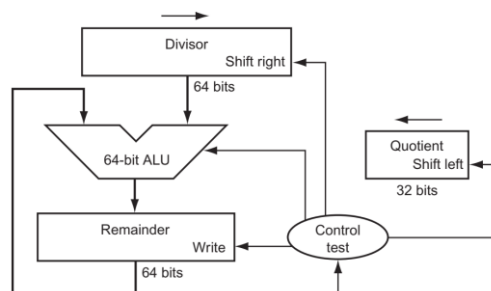
### Problem 2.

Calculate the product of the unsigned 8-bit integers in decimal  $98_{\text{dec}}$  and  $17_{\text{dec}}$ , using the hardware described below. Show the procedures by filling the contents of each register (Multiplicand and Product) on each step in a form, please also show the boundary between product and multiplier in the Product register using the symbol “|”.



### Problem 3.

Calculate  $60_{\text{dec}}$  divided by  $18_{\text{dec}}$  using the hardware described below, assume that both inputs are unsigned 6-bit integers. Show the procedures by filling the contents of each register (Quotient, Divisor and Remainder) on each step in a form.



### Problem 4.

IEEE 754-2008 contains a half precision that is only 16 bits wide. The leftmost bit is still the sign bit, the exponent is 5 bits wide and has a bias of 15, and the mantissa (fraction) is 10 bits long. A hidden 1 is assumed. Write down the bit pattern to represent  $-0.9375_{\text{dec}}$ .

calculate the range and relative accuracy of this 16-bit floating point format.

**Problem 5.**

Calculate the sum of 26.125 and 0.2900390625 by hand, assuming A and B are stored in the 16-bit half precision described in Problem 4. Assume 1 guard, 1 round bit, and 1 sticky bit, and round to the nearest even. Show all the steps.