

Desarrollo de aplicaciones distribuidas con Visual Studio 2013 y MS SQLServer 2014

BASADO EN EL PATRON MVC

Ms. Ing. Camilo E. Suárez Rebaza

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DEL SANTA | ESCUELA DE INGENIERÍA DE SISTEMAS

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1 DESCRIPCIÓN DEL CASO

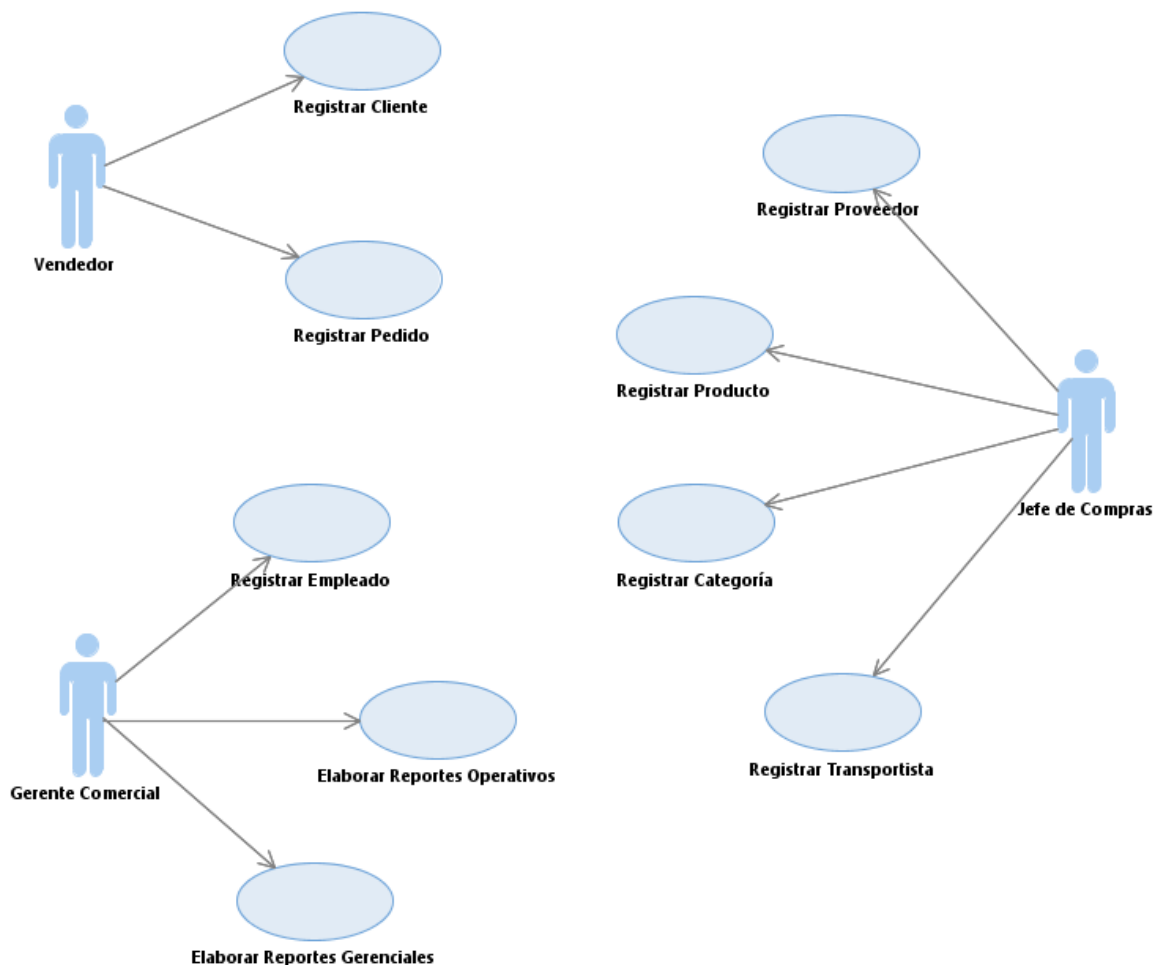
El Caso de estudio trata de la implementación de un sistema de gestion de pedidos basado sobre la base de datos Northwind, que viene a ser la base de datos de ejemplo de Microsoft SQL Server®.

El objetivo es desarrollar una aplicación que permita ingresar datos y procesar la información contenida en la mencionada base de datos, siguiendo el enfoque Modelo-Vista-Controlador; es decir las clases de la aplicación deberán estar agrupadas según las capas requeridas por el patron MVC.

La aplicación se desarrollará utilizando el Visual Studio 2013, concretamente el Visual Net, agrupando por proyectos las diferentes capas del patrón MVC: Logica de Presentación, Logica de Negocio, Lógica de acceso a Datos y Lógica de entidades.

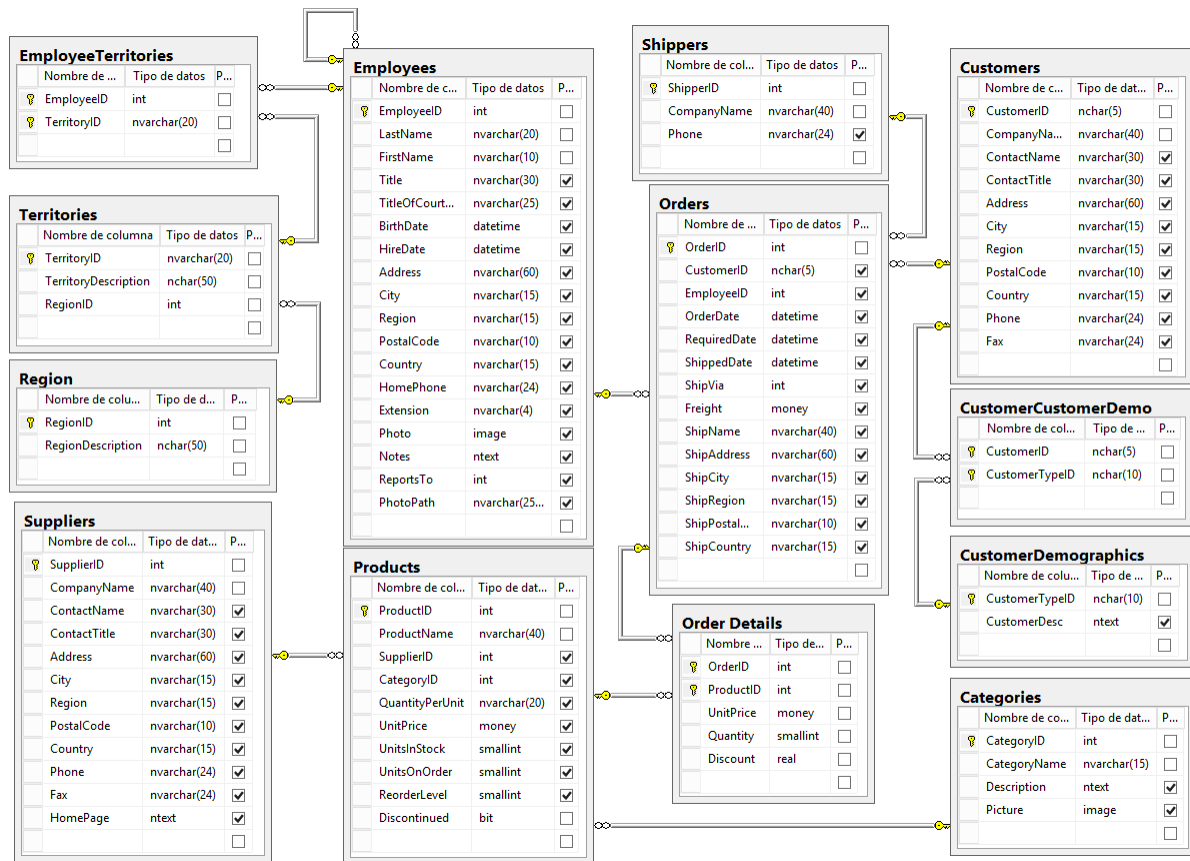
2 MODELADO UML DEL CASO

EL diagrama de casos de uso inicial es como sigue:



3 MODELO DE BASE DE DATOS

El caso utiliza la base de datos de ejemplo “Northwind” de MS SQL Server, la cual tiene la siguiente estructura:

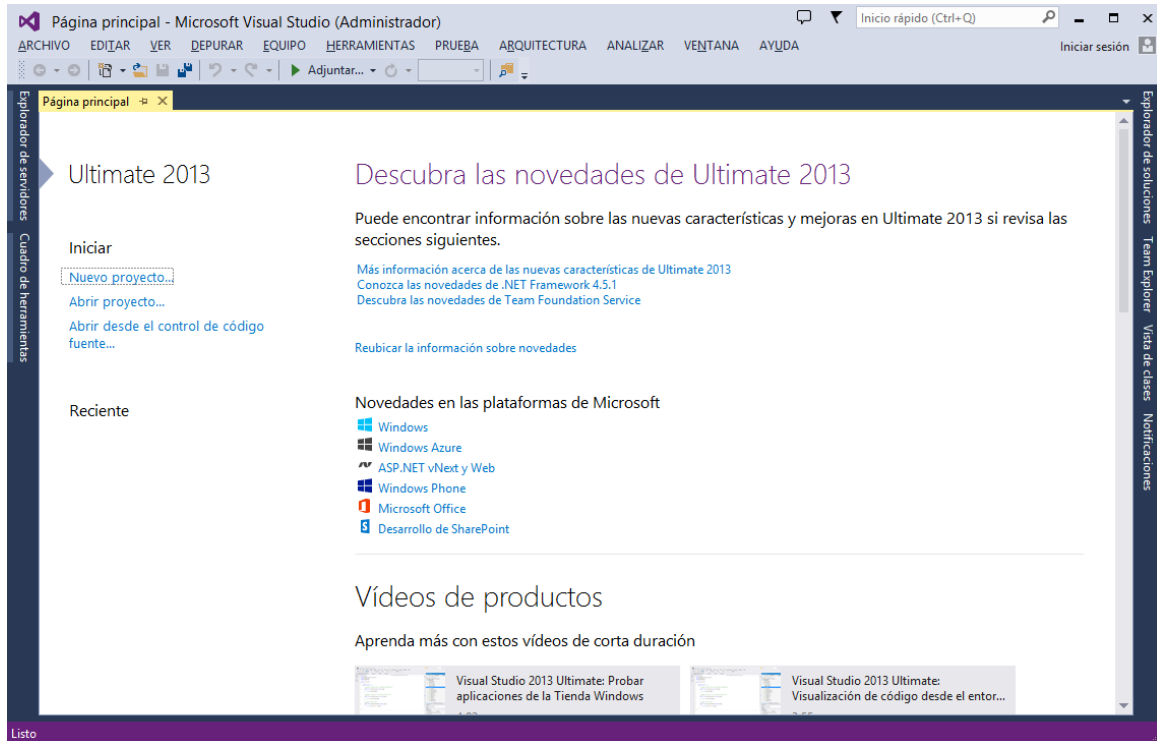


Se ingresarán datos y procesarán informes y reportes para las siguientes tablas:

Caso de Uso	Tablas
Registrar Cliente	Customers
Registrar Pedido	Orders, Order Details
Registrar Empleado	Employees
Registrar Proveedor	Suppliers
Registrar Producto	Products
Registrar Categoría	Categories
Registrar Transportista	Shippers
Elaborar Reportes Operativos	Varias
Elaborar Reportes Gerenciales	Varias

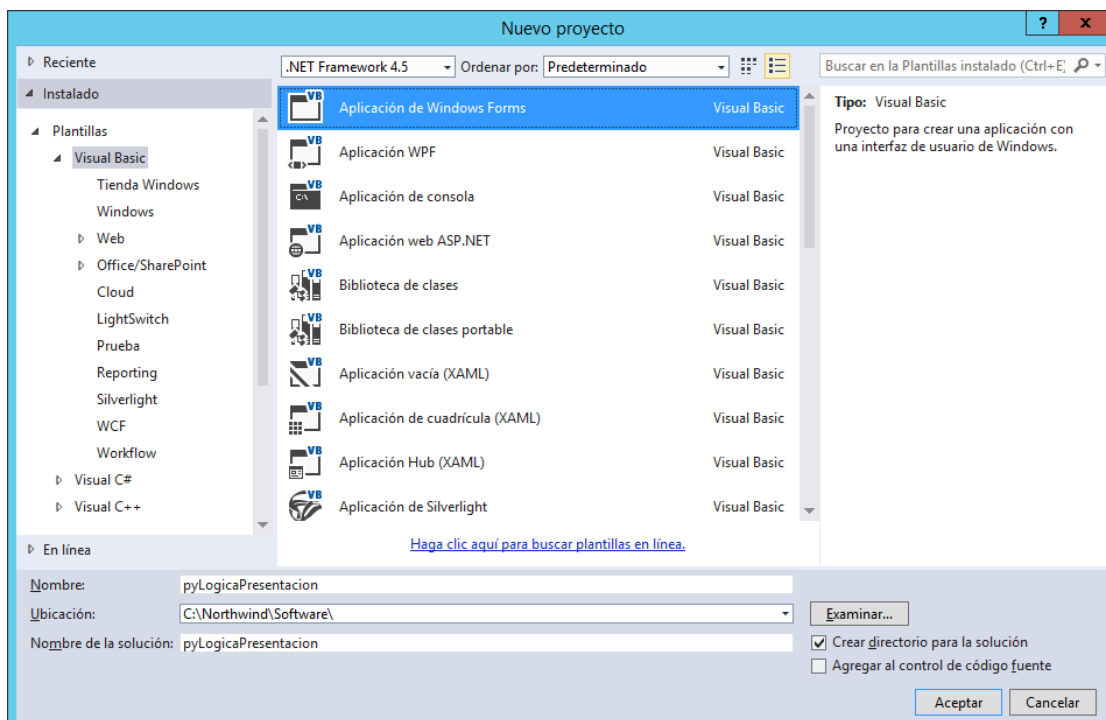
4 CREACIÓN DE LA SOLUCIÓN EN VISUAL STUDIO

La Solución de Visual Studio para el caso se compone de 4 proyectos diferentes e interrelacionados, iniciamos el Visual Studio 2013, y obtenemos:

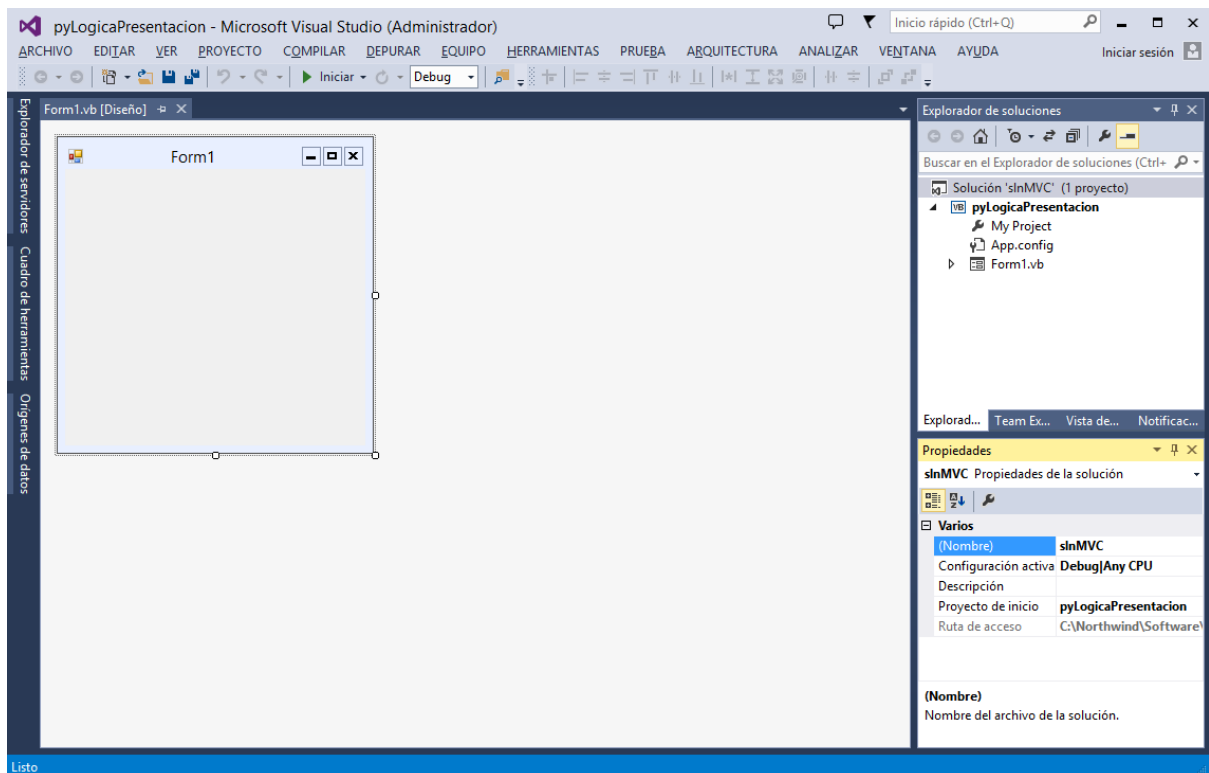


4.1 CAPA DE LÓGICA DE PRESENTACIÓN

La solución empieza con la creación el proyecto para los formularios de la lógica de presentación, hacemos clic en “Nuevo Proyecto” (Windows Forms) y configuramos como sigue:



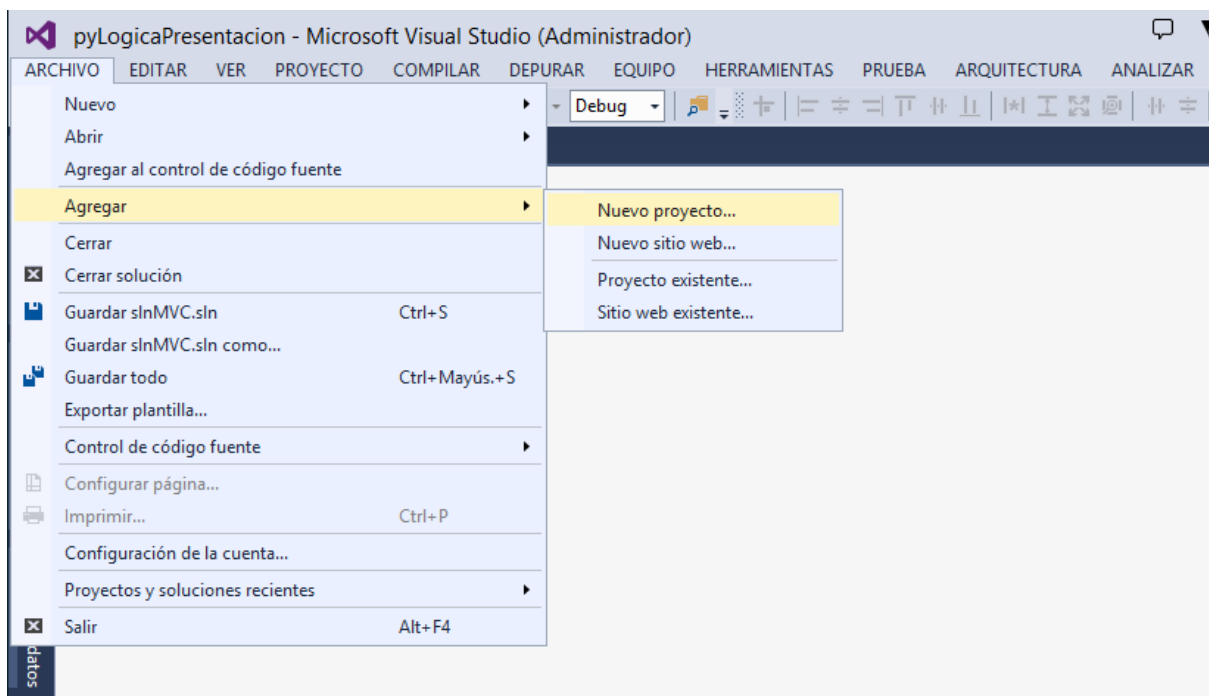
Clic en aceptar y tenemos nuestro primer proyecto creado. Cambiamos el nombre de la solución de la siguiente manera (La solución por defecto asume el nombre del primer proyecto):



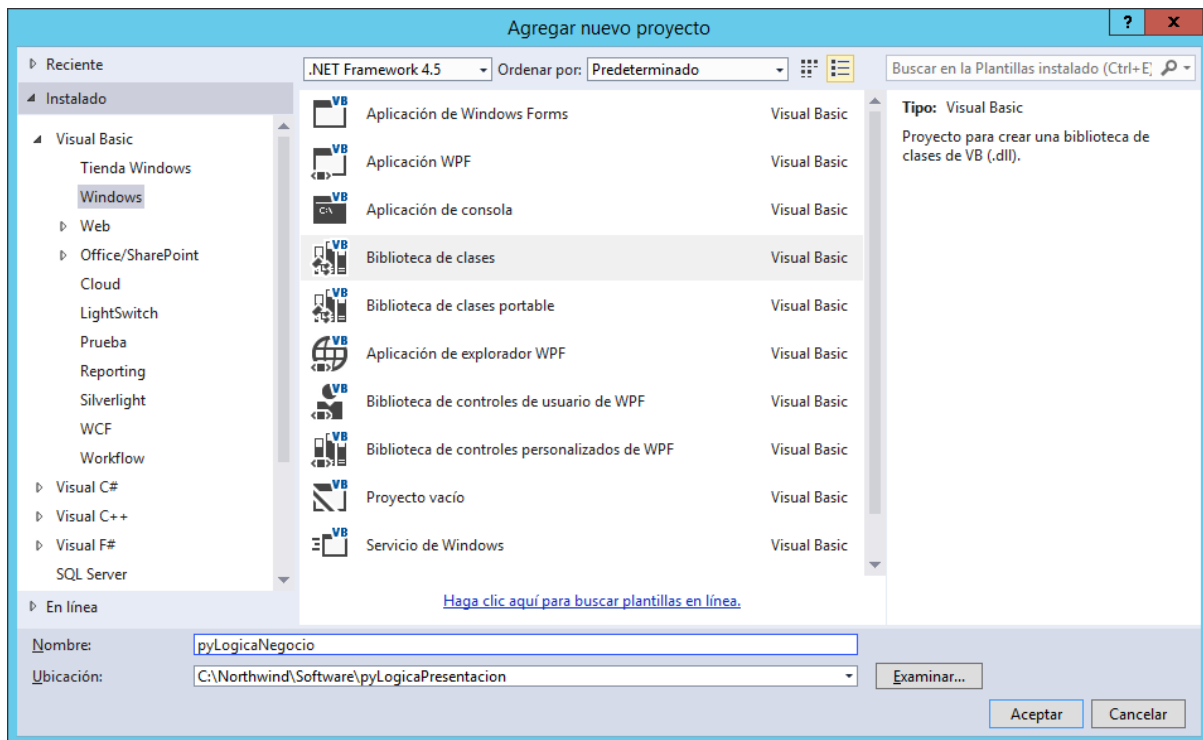
Luego seguimos agregando los demás proyectos, uno por cada capa.

4.2 CAPA DE LÓGICA DE NEGOCIO

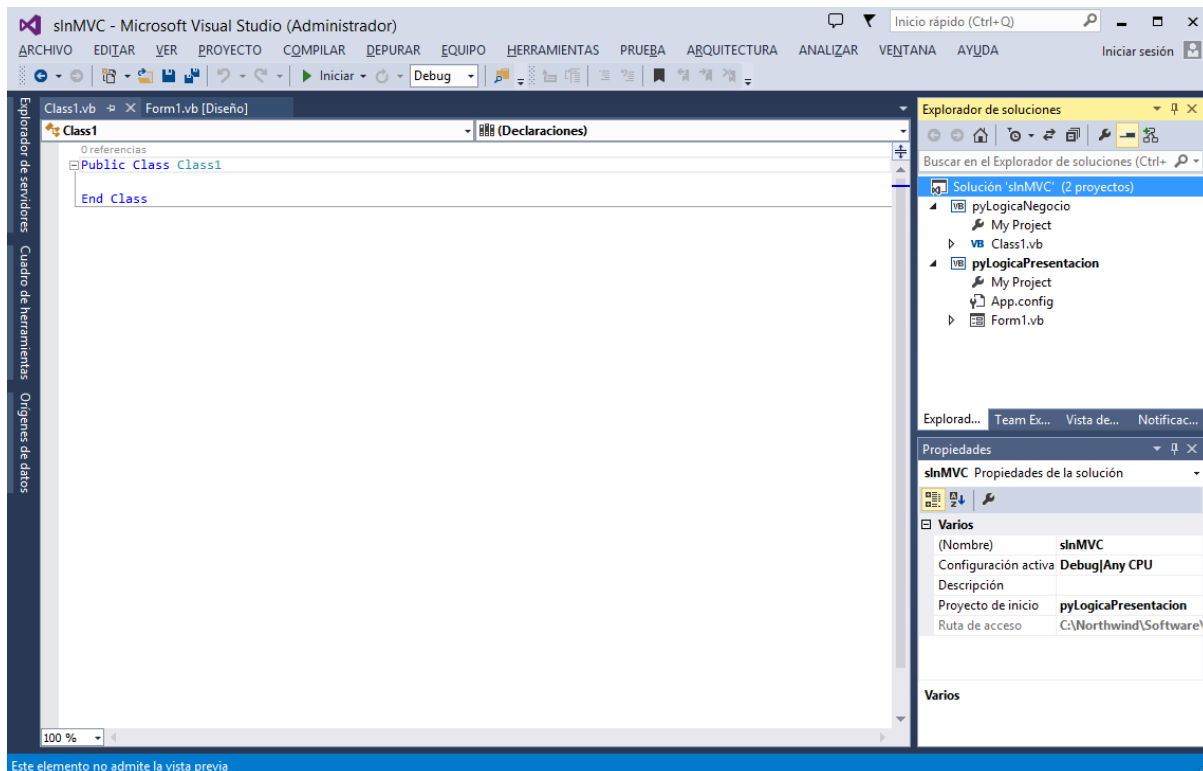
Para agregar el proyecto correspondiente a ésta capa hacemos clic en **“Menú Archivo > Agregar > Nuevo Proyecto”**:



Escogemos “Biblioteca de Clases” y configuramos como se muestra a continuación:



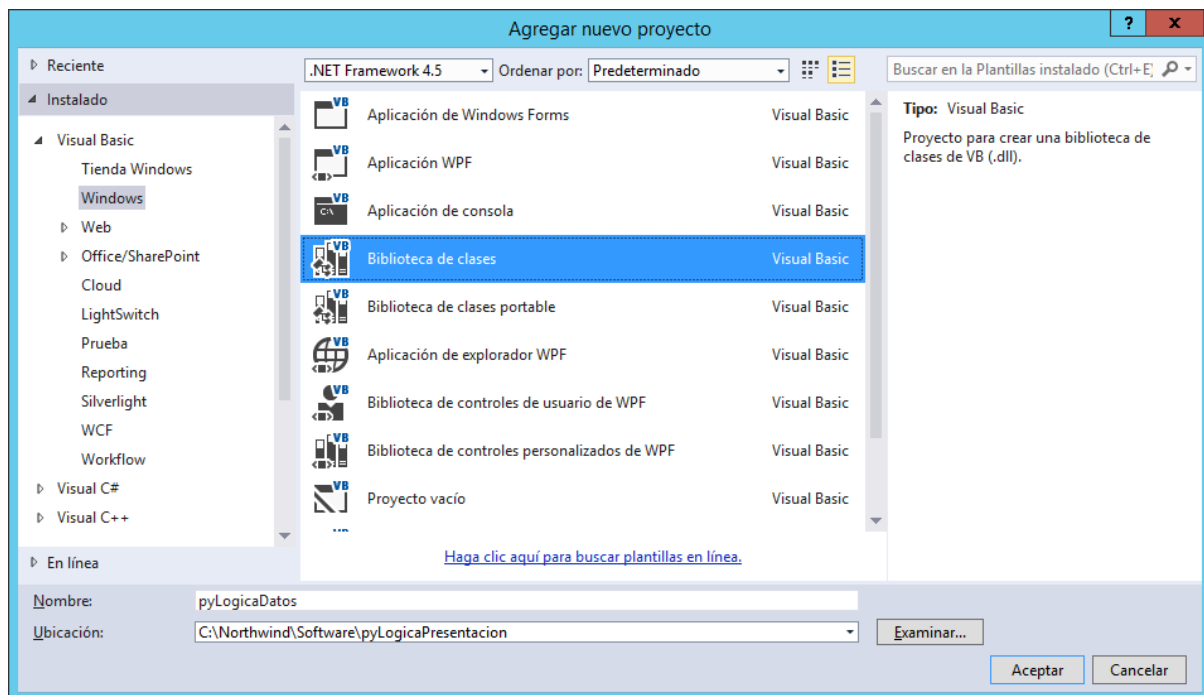
Clic en <Aceptar> y tendremos nuestro segundo proyecto creado:



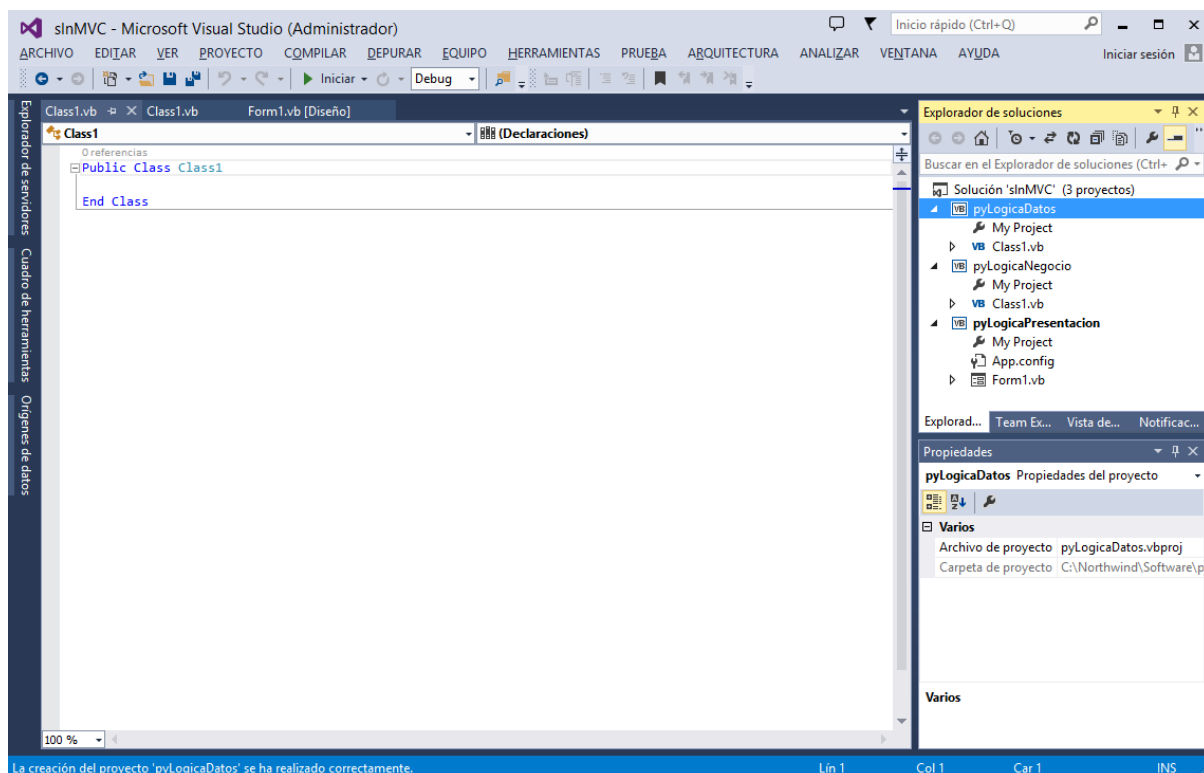
Continuamos con los proyectos para las demás capas lógicas.

4.3 CAPA DE LÓGICA DE ACCESO A DATOS

Nuevamente agregamos un “Nuevo Proyecto” (Biblioteca de Clases), este proyecto está encargado de la conexión a la base de datos y de gestionar las inserciones, actualizaciones, eliminaciones y consultas que requiera nuestra aplicación:



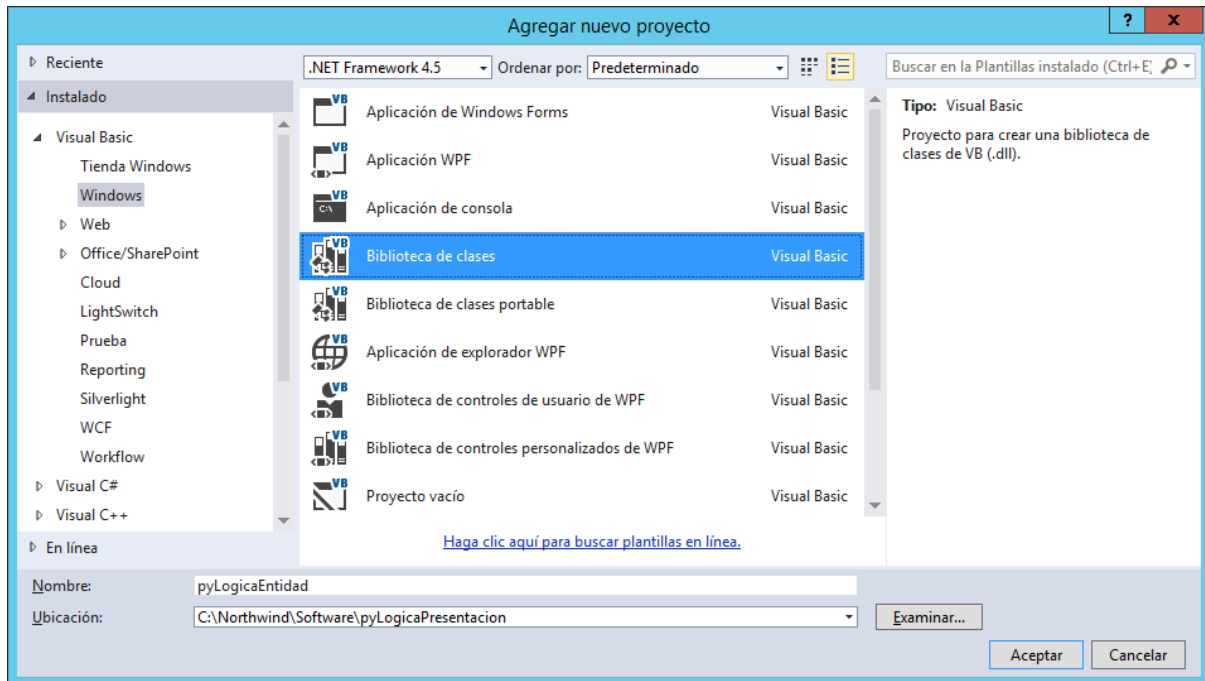
Clic en aceptar y tendremos:



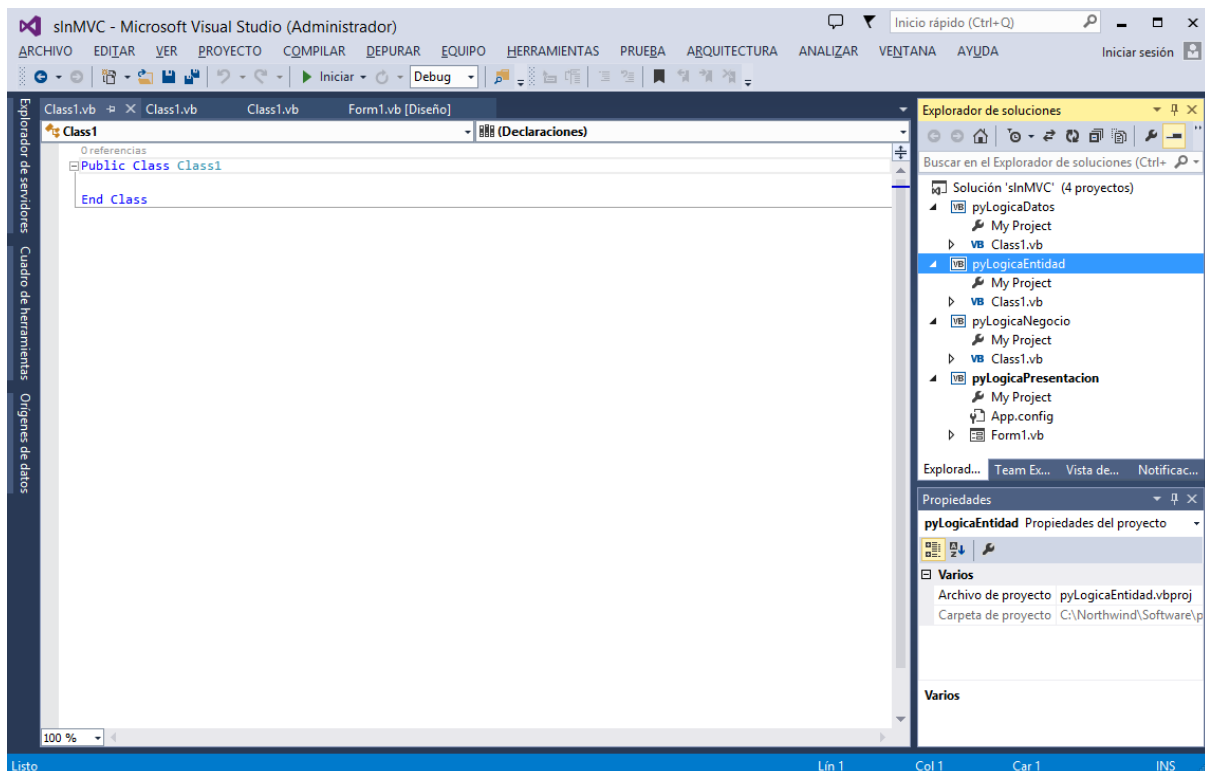
Y ya tenemos casi finalizada la estructura de nuestra solución.

4.4 CAPA DE LÓGICA DE ENTIDAD

Finalmente, creamos un proyecto más, esta vez para la Capa de Entidad, ésta capa es la encargada única y exclusivamente de la representación de los datos, es decir contiene clases que van a “mapear” con las tablas de la base de datos, así mismo contendrá las clases que “mapeen” con las vistas necesarias para los reportes de la solución. Clic en **“Archivo > Agregar > Nuevo Proyecto”** (Biblioteca de Clases) y configuramos de la siguiente manera:



Clic en aceptar y obtenemos:

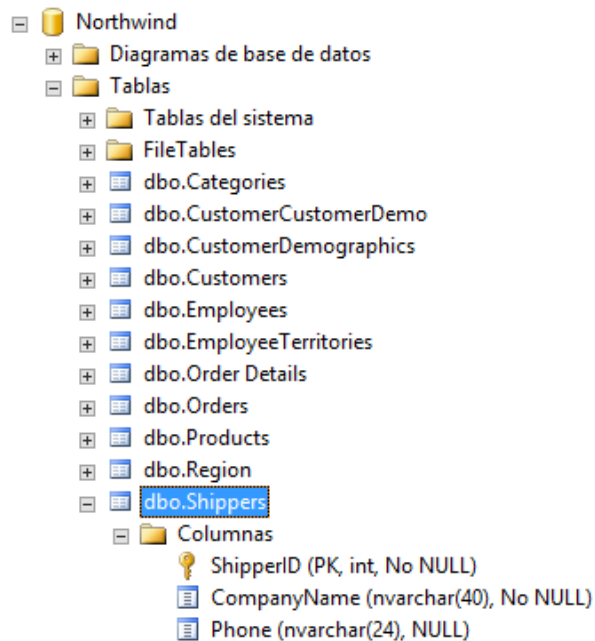


Guardamos los proyectos creados.

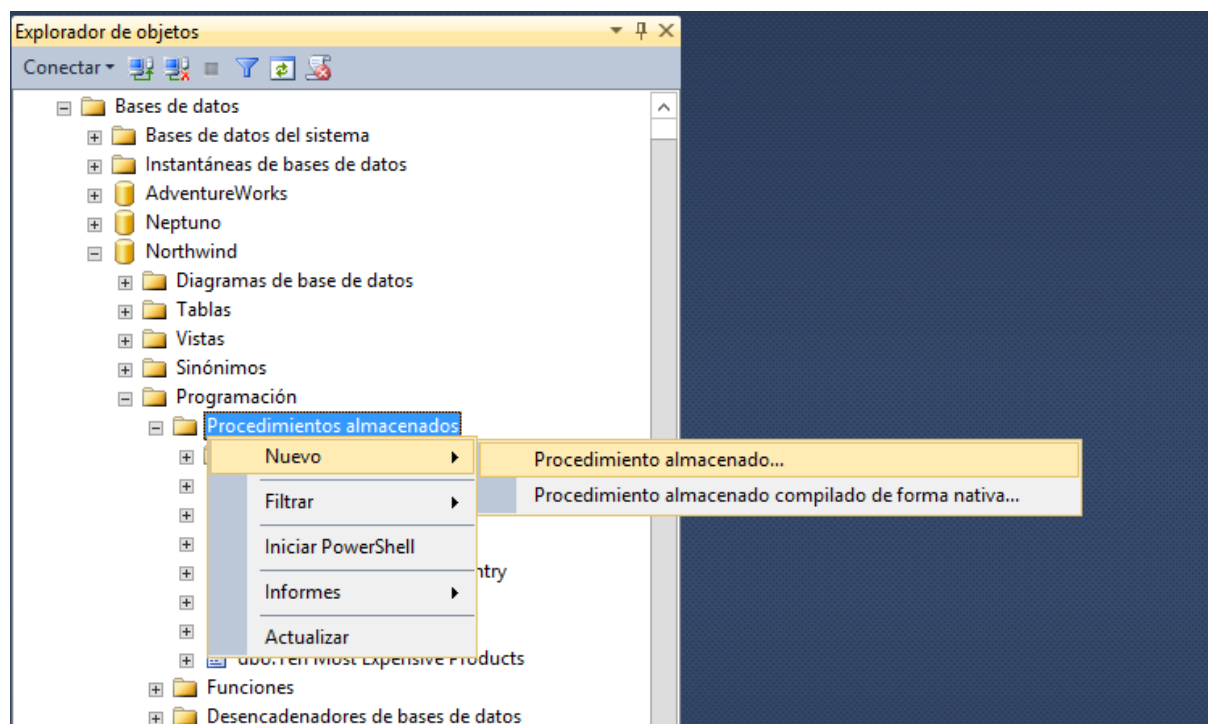
5 IMPLEMENTACIÓN DE LOS CASOS DE USO

5.1 REGISTRAR TRANSPORTISTA (SHIPPERS)

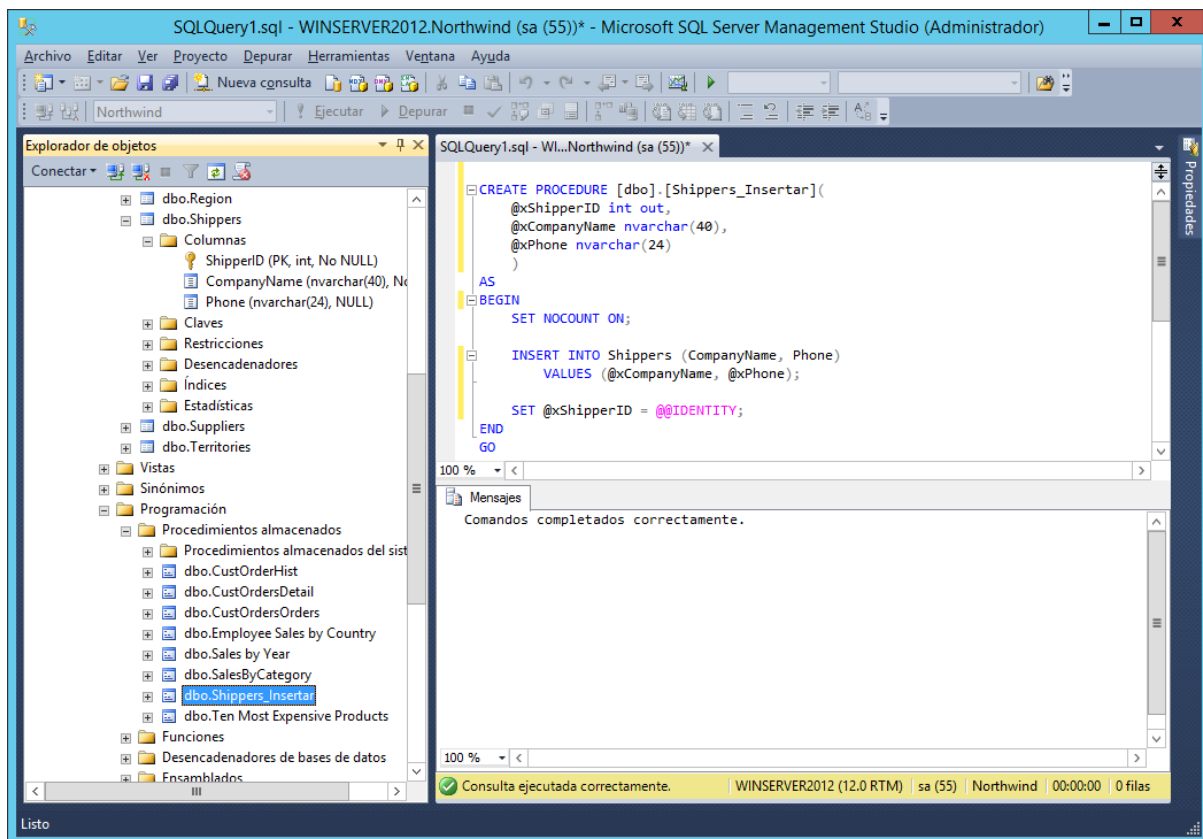
De acuerdo con la base de datos, la tabla “Shippers” contiene tres campos:



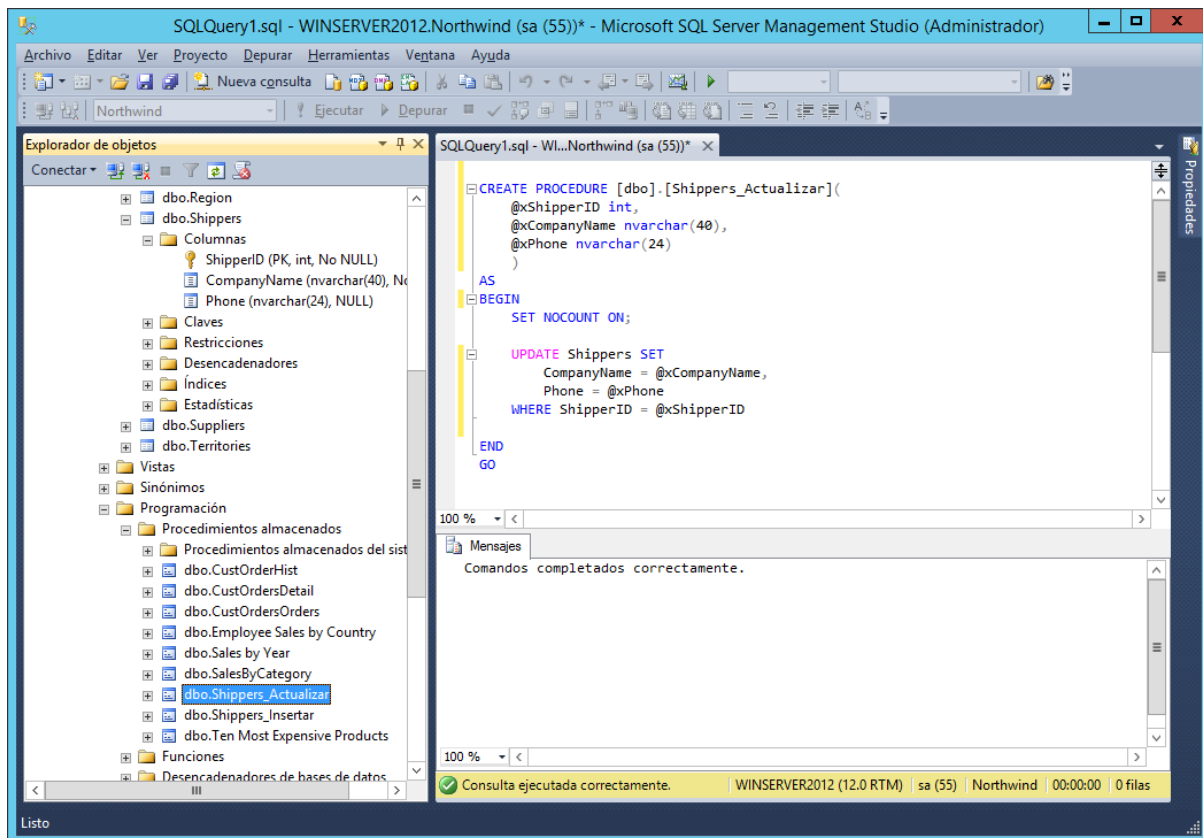
Paso 1: Creamos el procedimiento almacenado para agregar un nuevo Transportista (Shipper), para ello nos dirigimos a la consola de administración de MS SQLServer 2014 y:



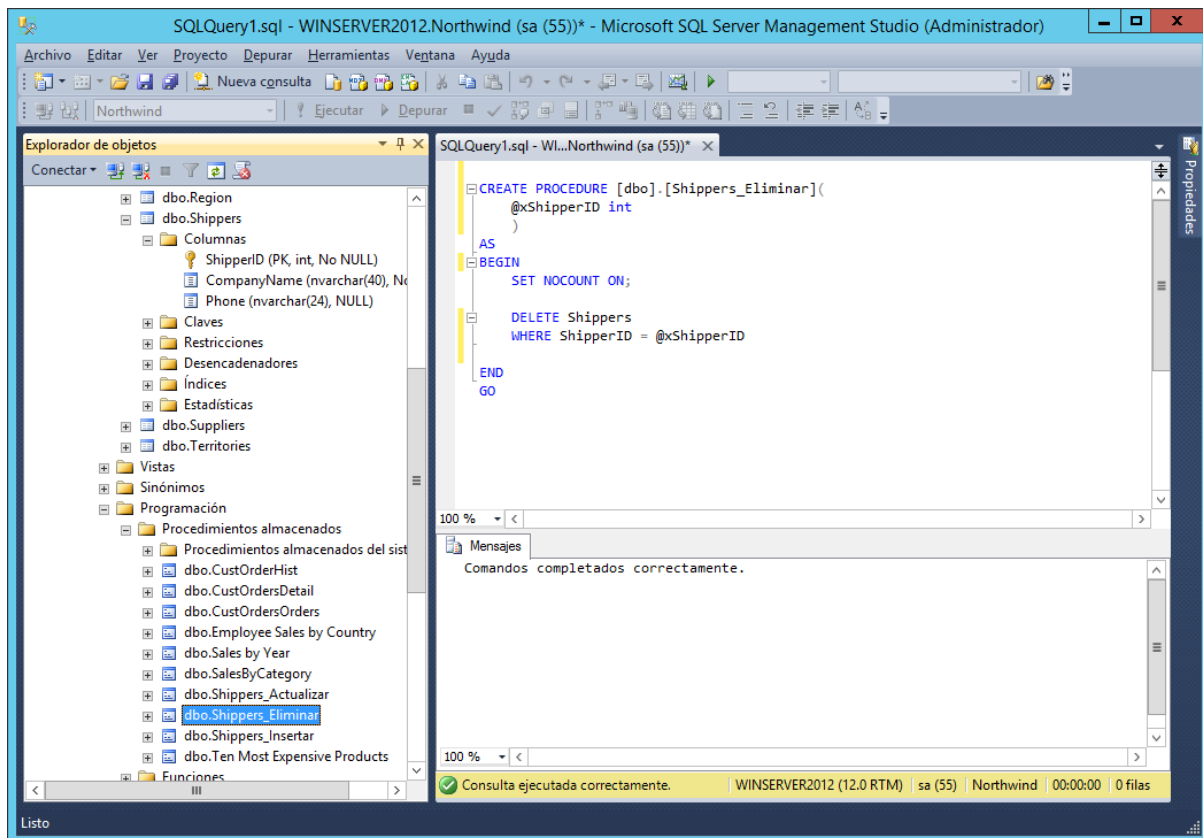
Clic en “Procedimiento almacenado” y codificamos como sigue:



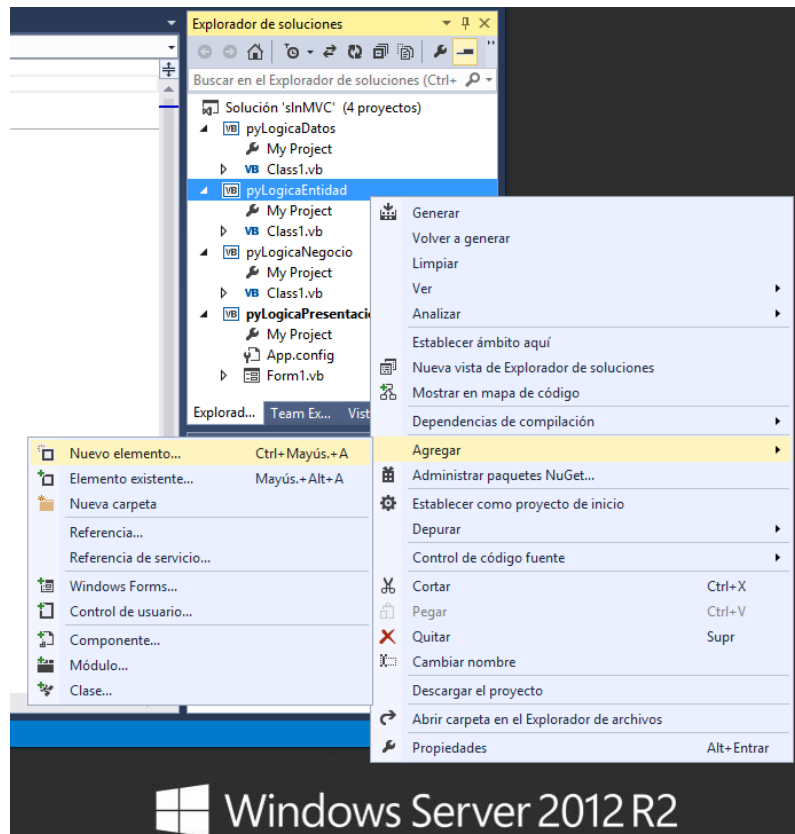
Ejecutamos con <F5> y el procedimiento queda agregado, lo mismo para el procedimiento de actualización:



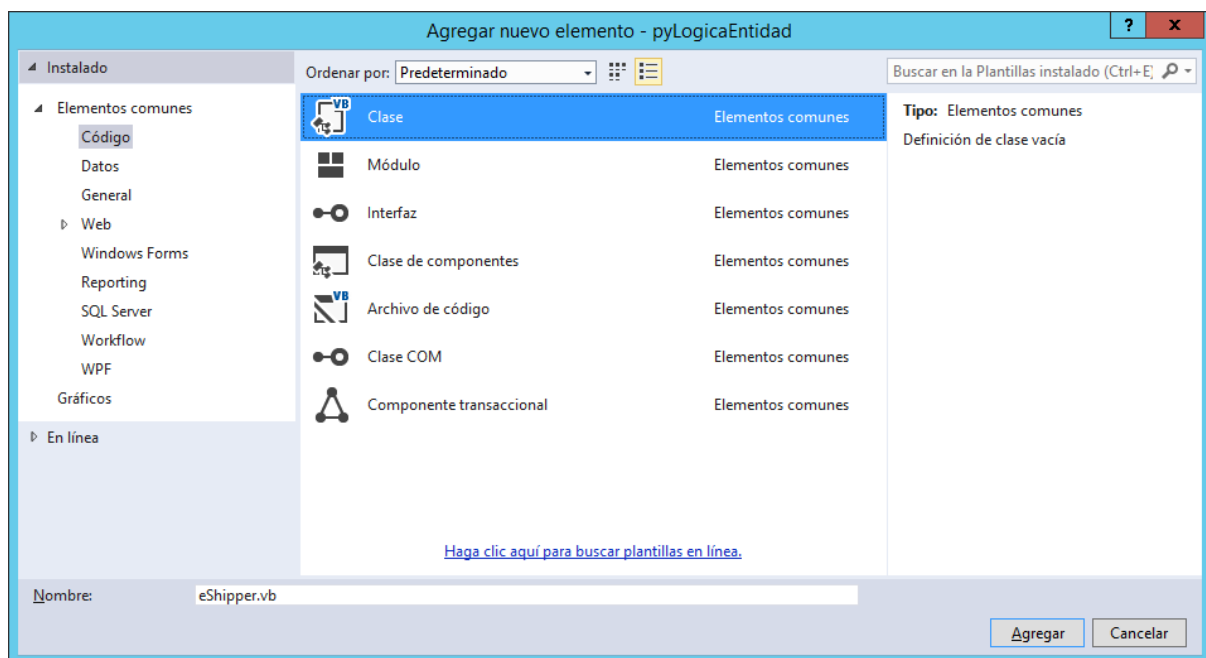
Y por último el procedimiento de eliminación:



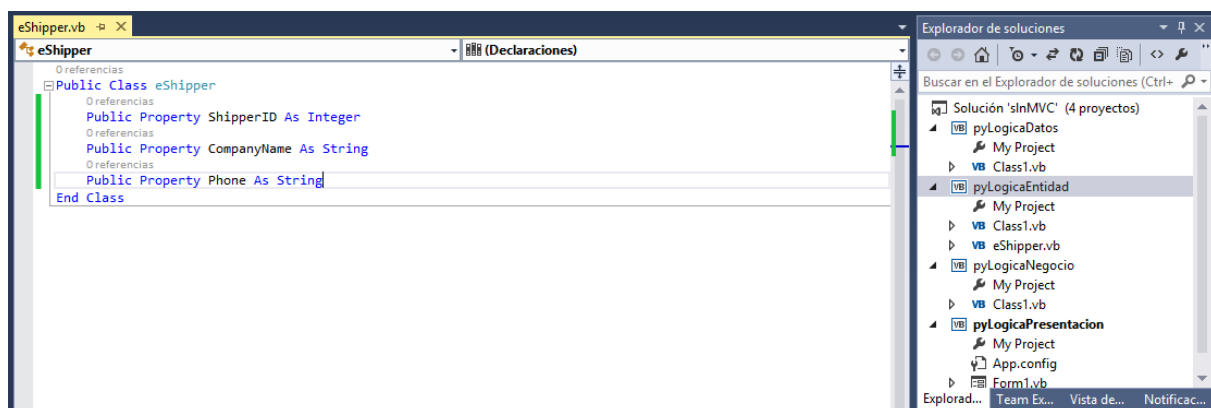
Paso 2: Debemos agregar una clase al proyecto de lógica de entidad para representar dicha estructura:



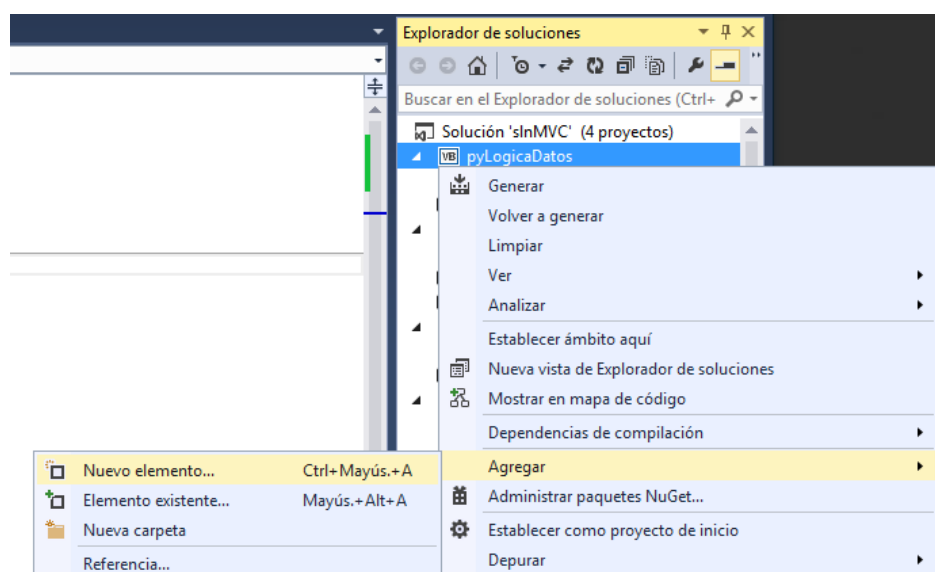
Clic en “Nuevo elemento” y seleccionamos “Clase”, le damos el nombre “eShipper”:



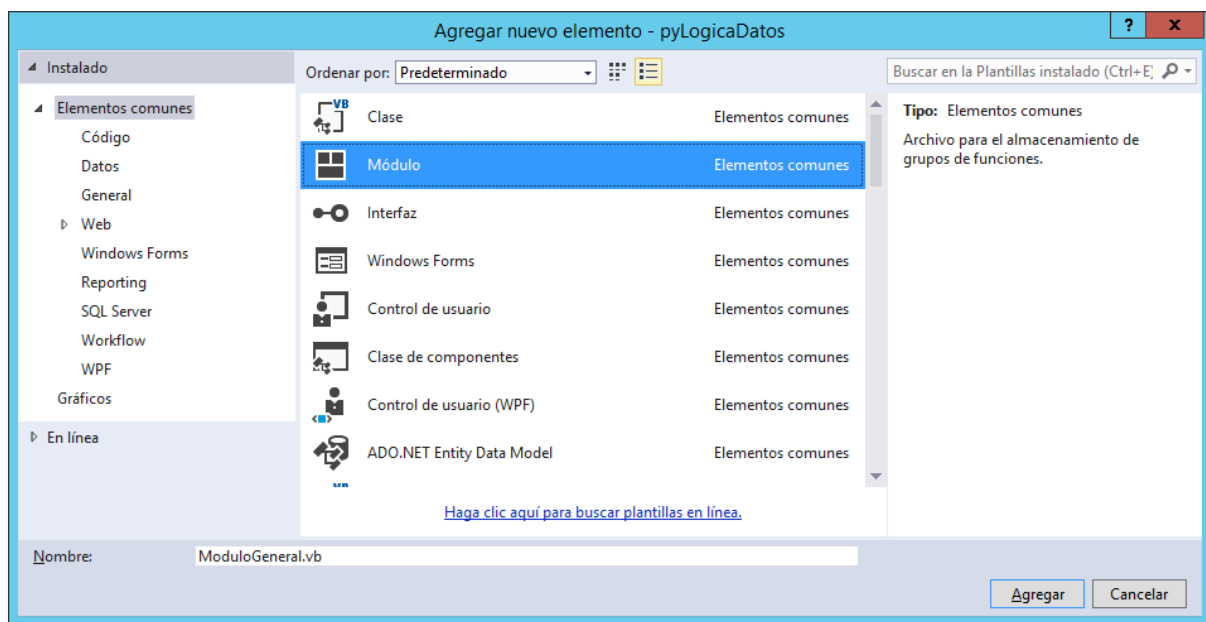
Clic en <Agregar> y codificamos como sigue:



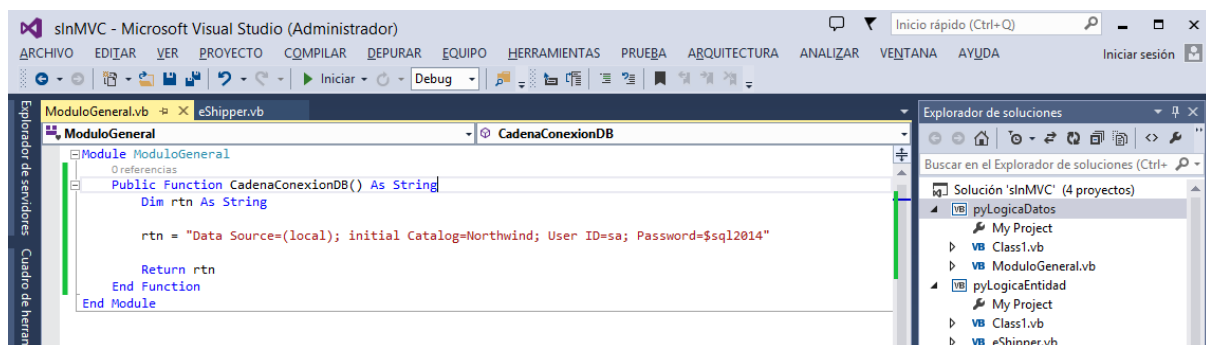
Paso 2, agregamos un módulo correspondiente a la cadena de conexión a la base de datos:



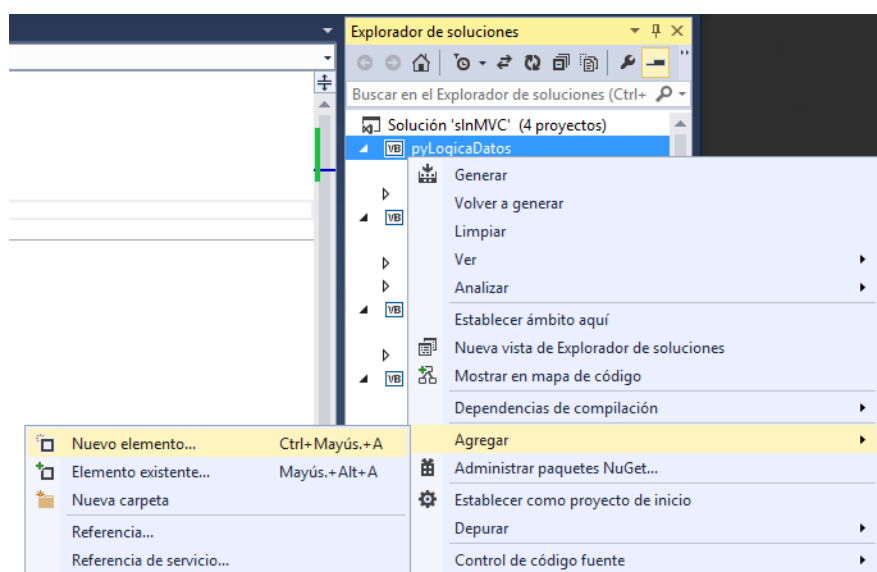
Clic en “Nuevo elemento” y seleccionamos “modulo” nombrándolo como sigue:



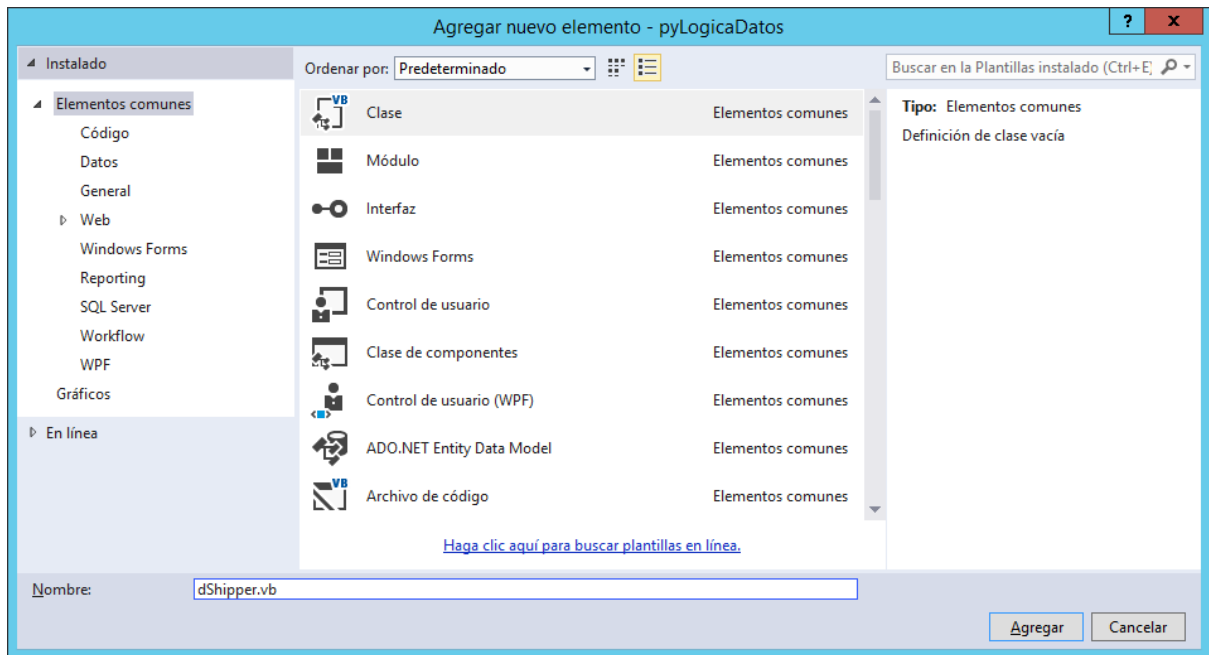
Clic en agregar y codificamos como sigue:



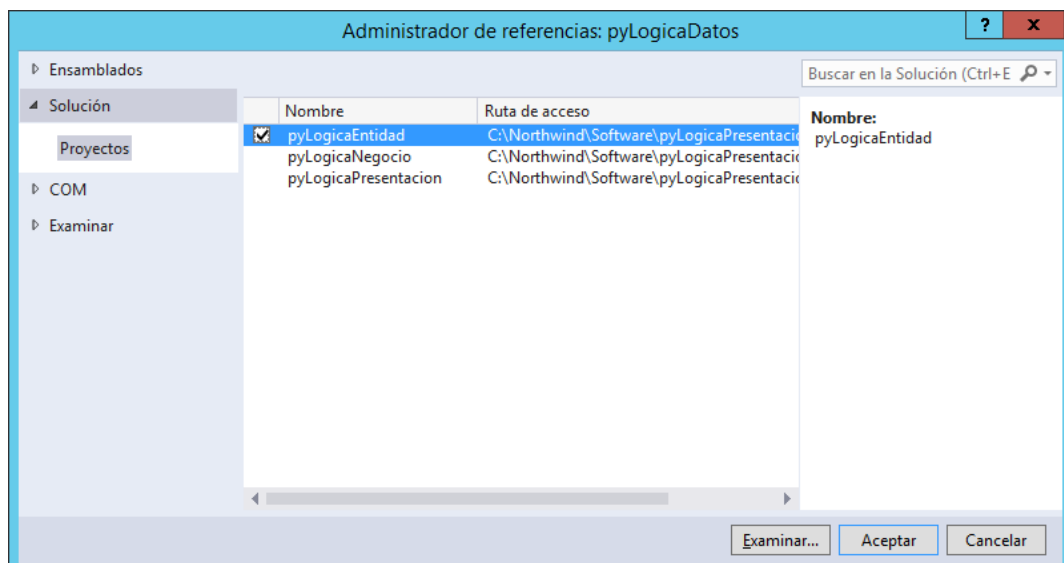
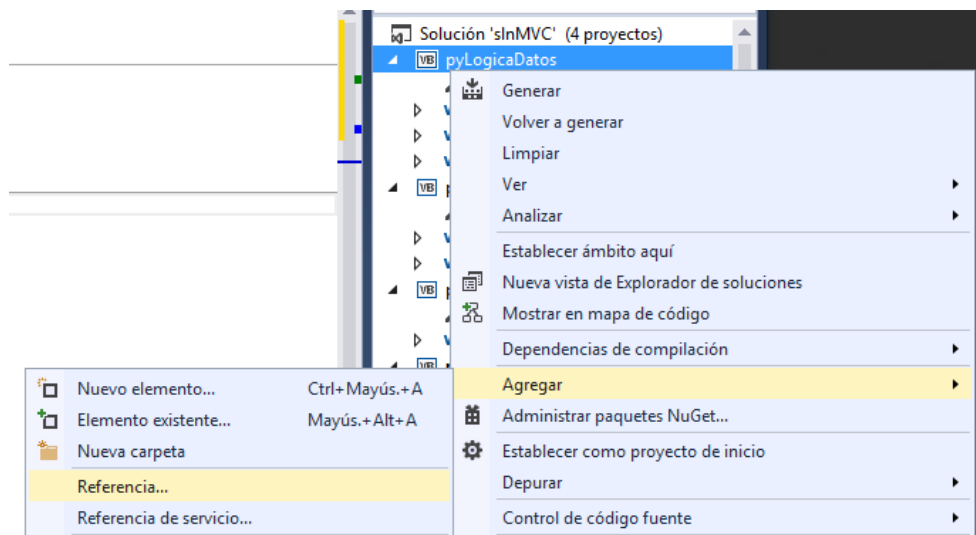
Paso 3, Agregamos la clase correspondiente en la capa de acceso a datos:



Clic en “Nuevo Elemento” y escogemos “Clase”, la nombramos “dShipper”:

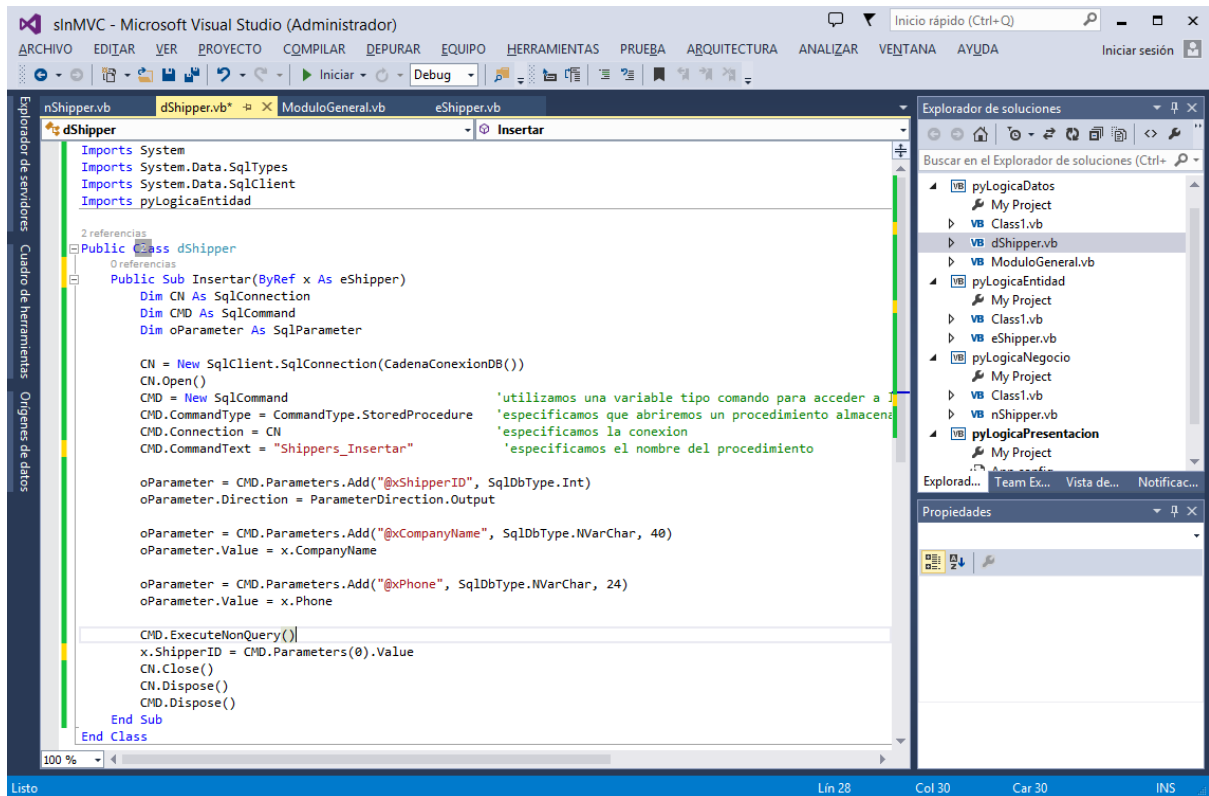


Antes de seguir codificando debemos agregar la referencia a la capa de entidad:



Clic en Aceptar y listo, ya podemos importar las Clases de la Capa de Logica de Entidad a la Capa de Acceso a Datos; procediendo a codificar la clase “dShipper” como se muestra:

Inserción:



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with the file explorer on the left displaying a project structure with folders like 'pyLogicaDatos', 'pyLogicaEntidad', and 'pyLogicaPresentacion'. The main editor window shows the code for the 'dShipper' class in 'dShipper.vb'. The code includes imports for 'System', 'System.Data.SqlTypes', 'System.Data.SqlClient', and 'pyLogicaEntidad'. It defines a 'Public Class dShipper' with a 'Public Sub Insertar' method. The method takes a 'ByRef x As eShipper' parameter and performs a database insert operation using 'SqlCommand' and 'SqlClient'. Comments in Spanish explain the steps: creating a command, specifying the stored procedure, connection, and command text, adding parameters, and executing the command. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Listo', 'Lín 28', 'Col 30', 'Car 30', and 'INS'.

```
Imports System
Imports System.Data.SqlTypes
Imports System.Data.SqlClient
Imports pyLogicaEntidad

Public Class dShipper
    Public Sub Insertar(ByRef x As eShipper)
        Dim CN As SqlConnection
        Dim CMD As SqlCommand
        Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

        CN = New SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
        CN.Open()
        CMD = New SqlCommand
        CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a I
        CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
        CMD.CommandText = "Shippers_Insertar" 'especificamos la conexion
        'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

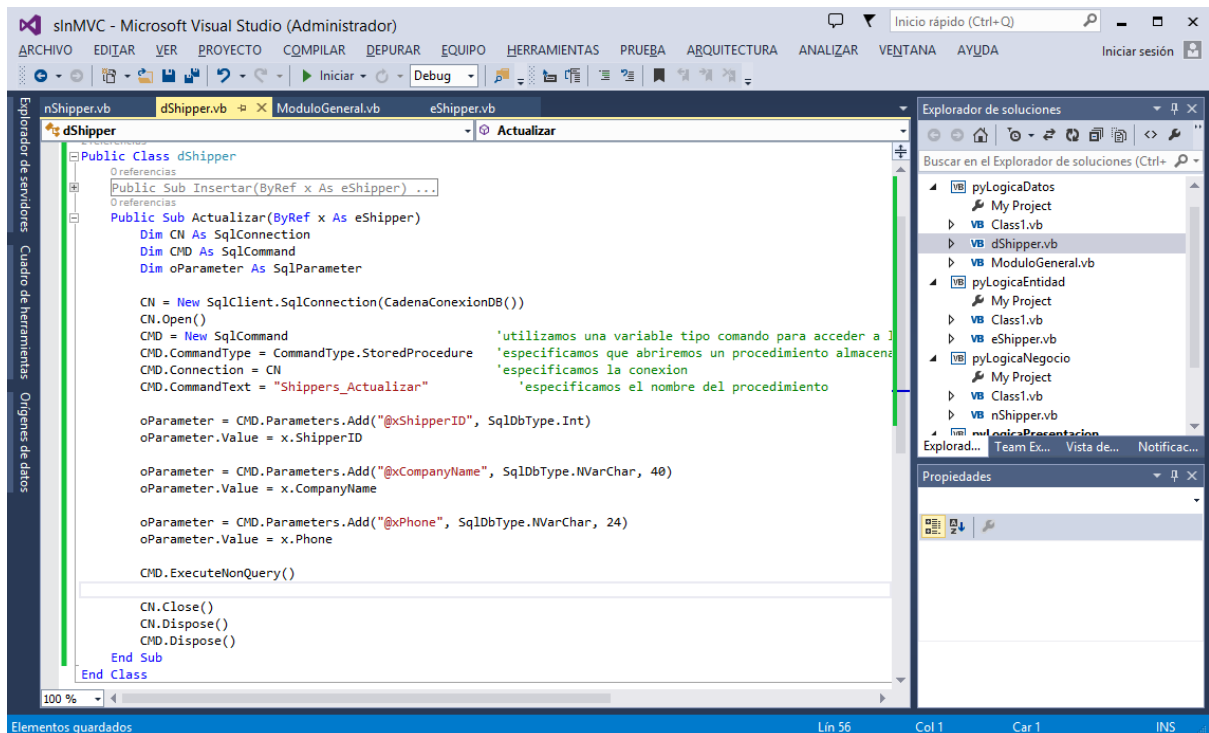
        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xShipperID", SqlDbType.Int)
        oParameter.Direction = ParameterDirection.Output

        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCompanyName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40)
        oParameter.Value = x.CompanyName

        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPhone", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24)
        oParameter.Value = x.Phone

        CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
        x.ShipperID = CMD.Parameters(0).Value
        CN.Close()
        CN.Dispose()
        CMD.Dispose()
    End Sub
End Class
```

Actualización:



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with the file explorer on the left displaying the same project structure. The main editor window shows the code for the 'dShipper' class in 'dShipper.vb'. The code includes imports for 'System', 'System.Data.SqlTypes', 'System.Data.SqlClient', and 'pyLogicaEntidad'. It defines a 'Public Class dShipper' with a 'Public Sub Actualizar' method. The method takes a 'ByRef x As eShipper' parameter and performs a database update operation using 'SqlCommand' and 'SqlClient'. Comments in Spanish explain the steps: creating a command, specifying the stored procedure, connection, and command text, adding parameters, and executing the command. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Elementos guardados', 'Lín 56', 'Col 1', 'Car 1', and 'INS'.

```
Public Class dShipper
    Public Sub Actualizar(ByRef x As eShipper)
        Dim CN As SqlConnection
        Dim CMD As SqlCommand
        Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

        CN = New SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
        CN.Open()
        CMD = New SqlCommand
        CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a I
        CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
        CMD.CommandText = "Shippers_Actualizar" 'especificamos la conexion
        'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xShipperID", SqlDbType.Int)
        oParameter.Value = x.ShipperID

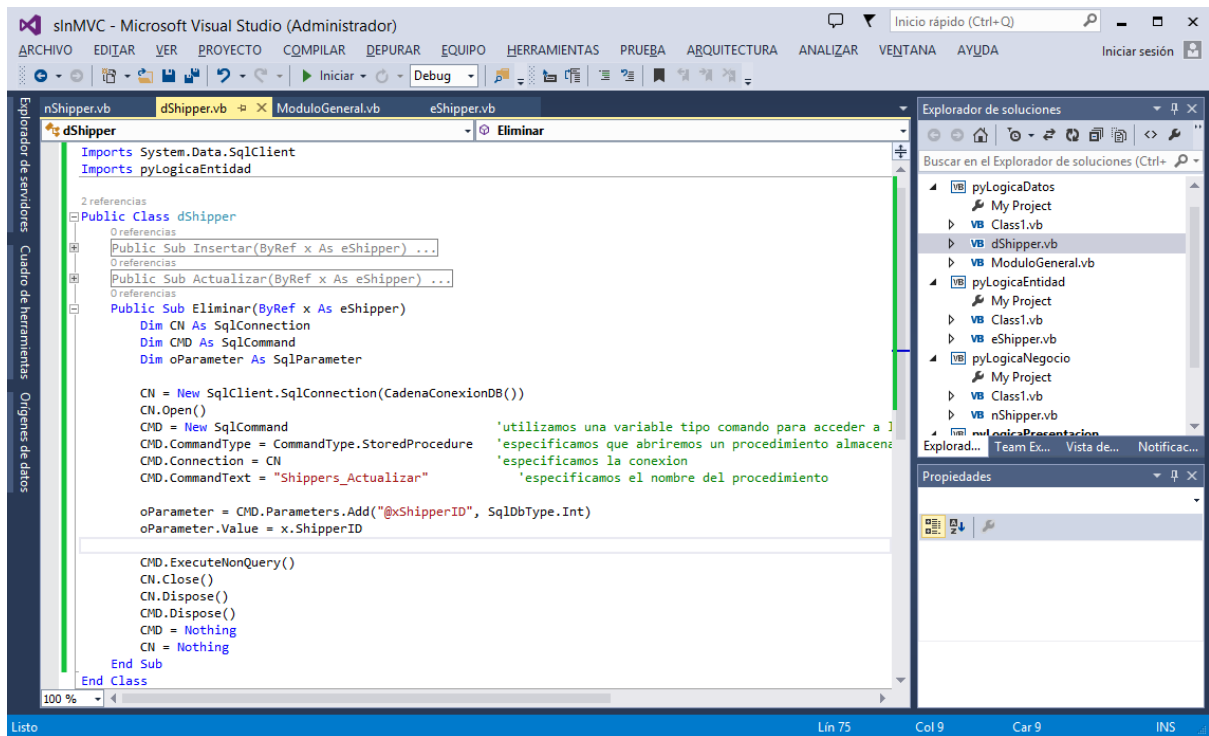
        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCompanyName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40)
        oParameter.Value = x.CompanyName

        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPhone", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24)
        oParameter.Value = x.Phone

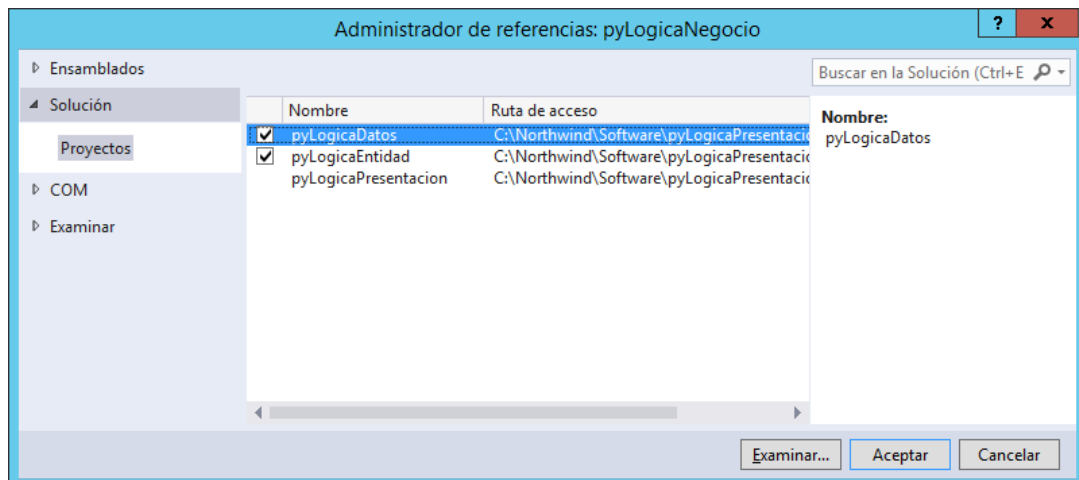
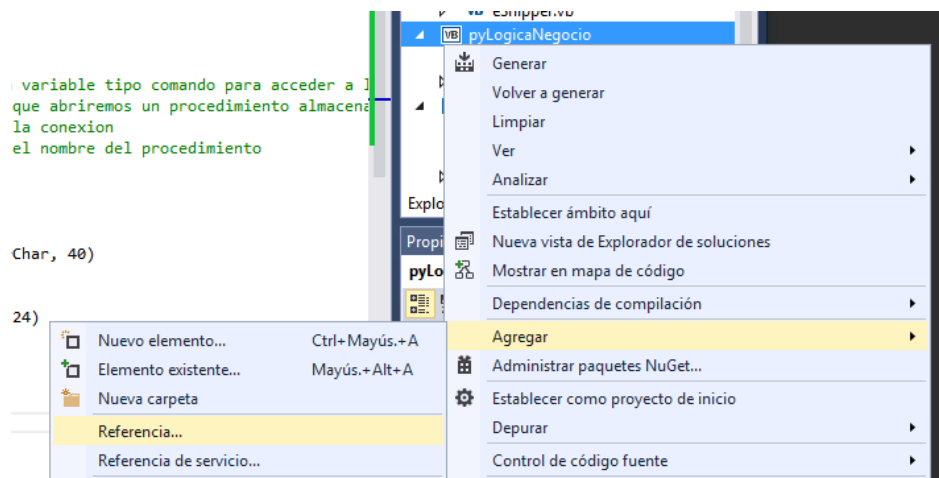
        CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()

        CN.Close()
        CN.Dispose()
        CMD.Dispose()
    End Sub
End Class
```

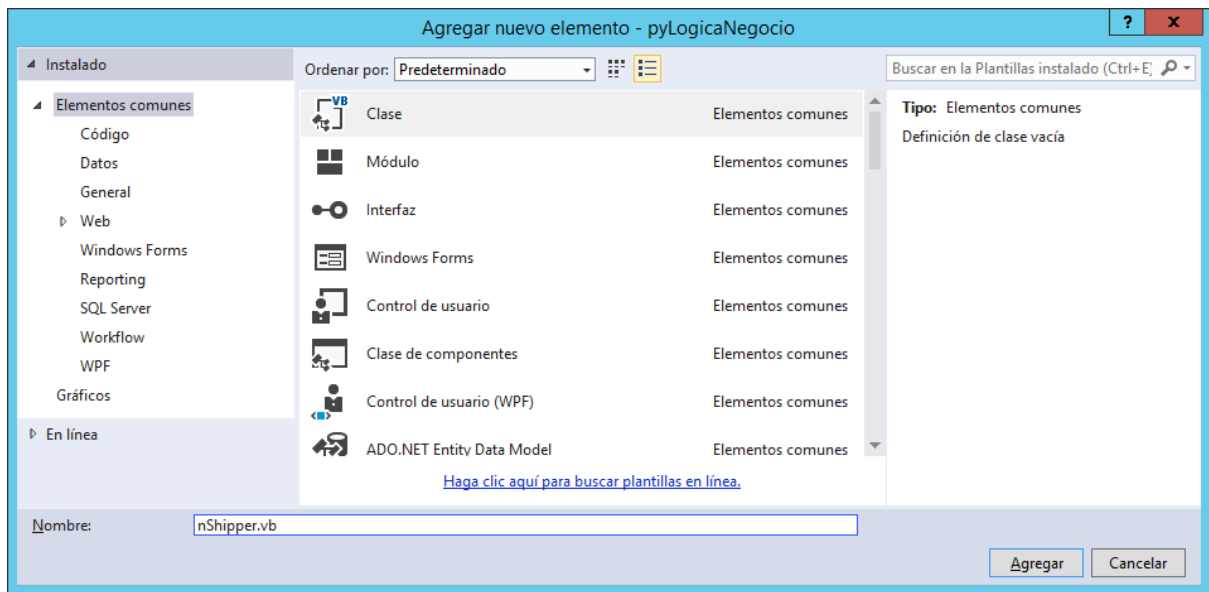
Eliminación



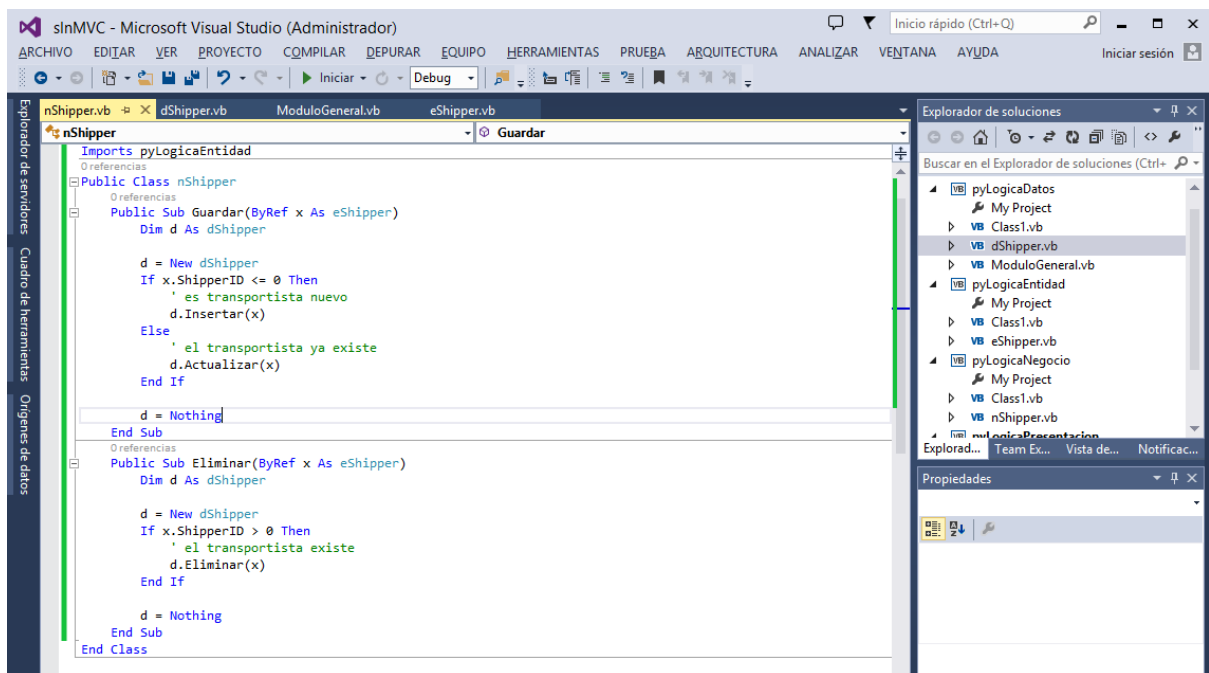
Paso 4, agregamos la referencia para que la Capa de Negocio pueda llamar a las clases de la capa de datos como a las de entidad:



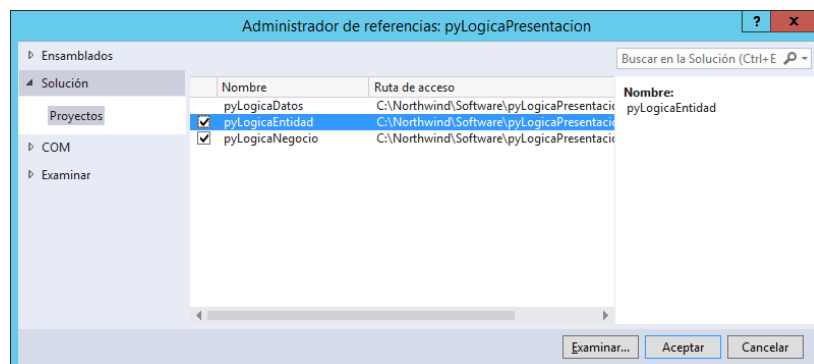
Paso 5, agregamos la clase en la capa de Logica de Negocio, tal como se muestra:



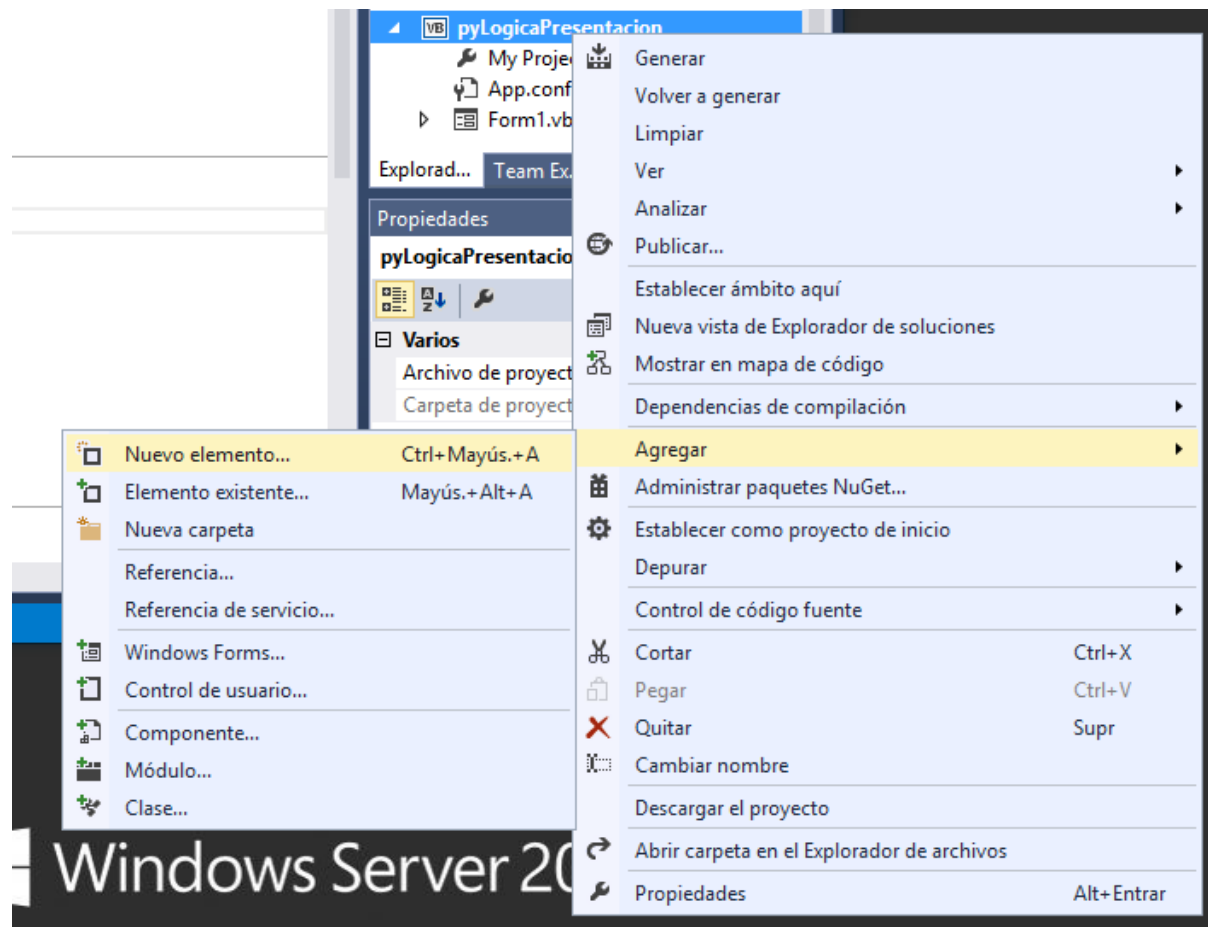
Funciones de Guardar y Eliminar:



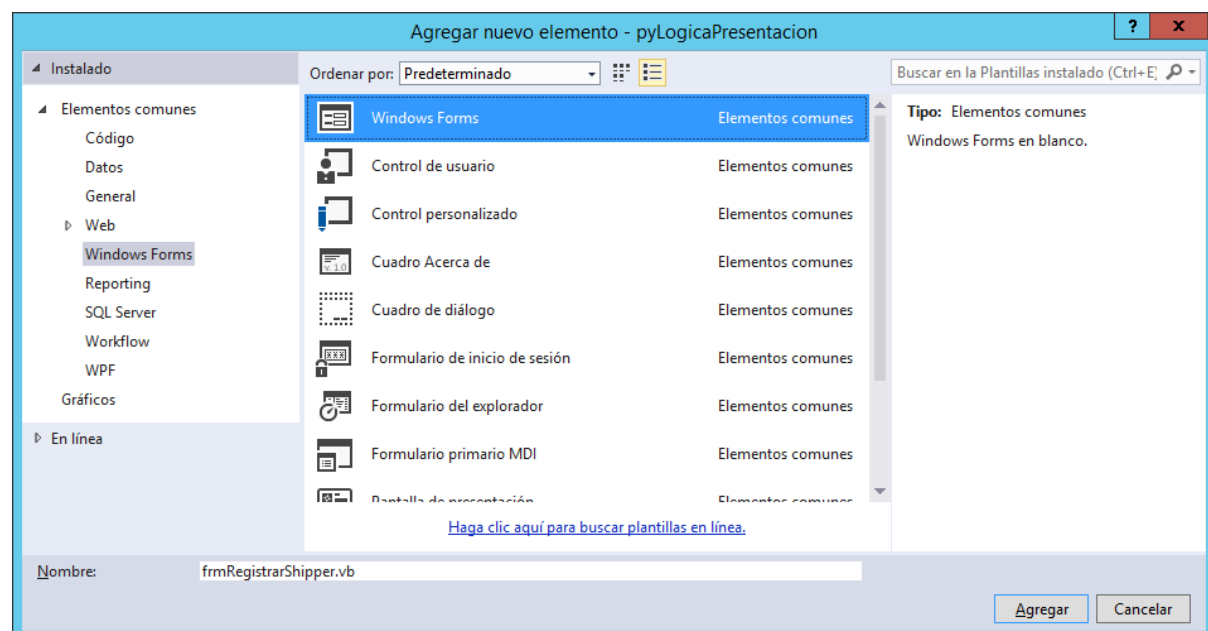
Paso 6, Agregar las referencias a la lógica de Presentación:



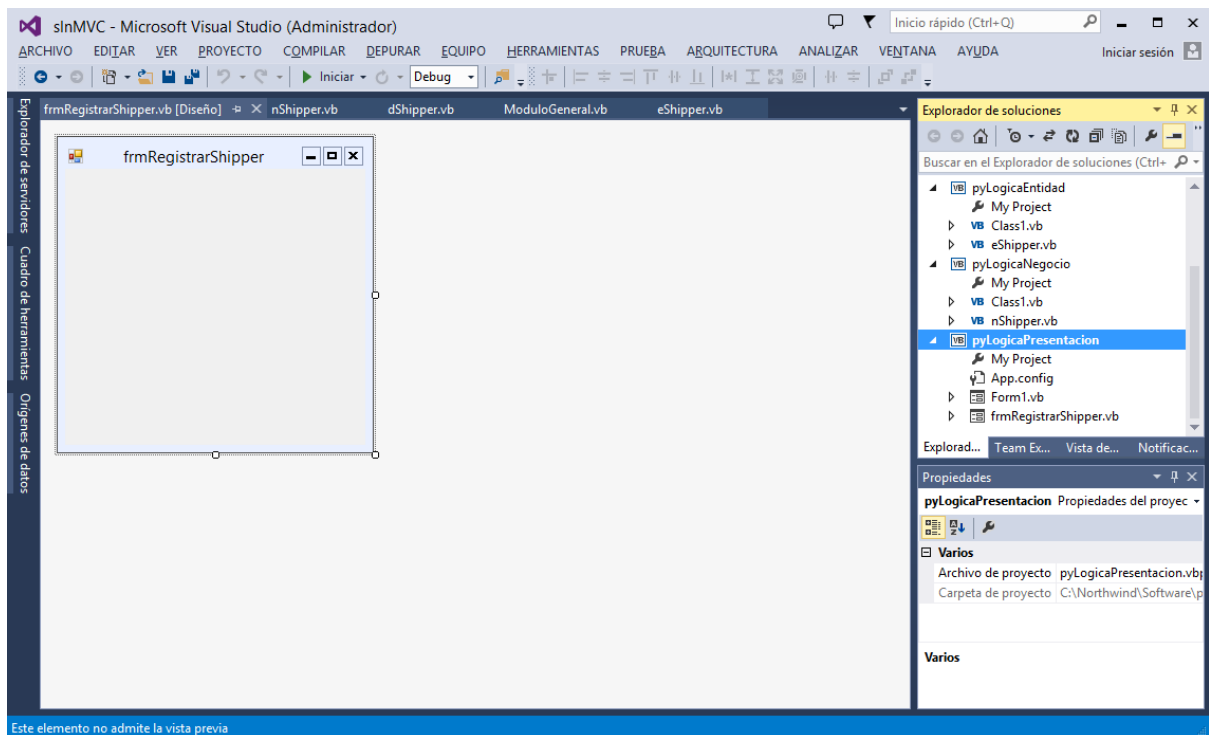
Paso 7, Diseñar y Codificar el Fomulario de ingreso de datos:



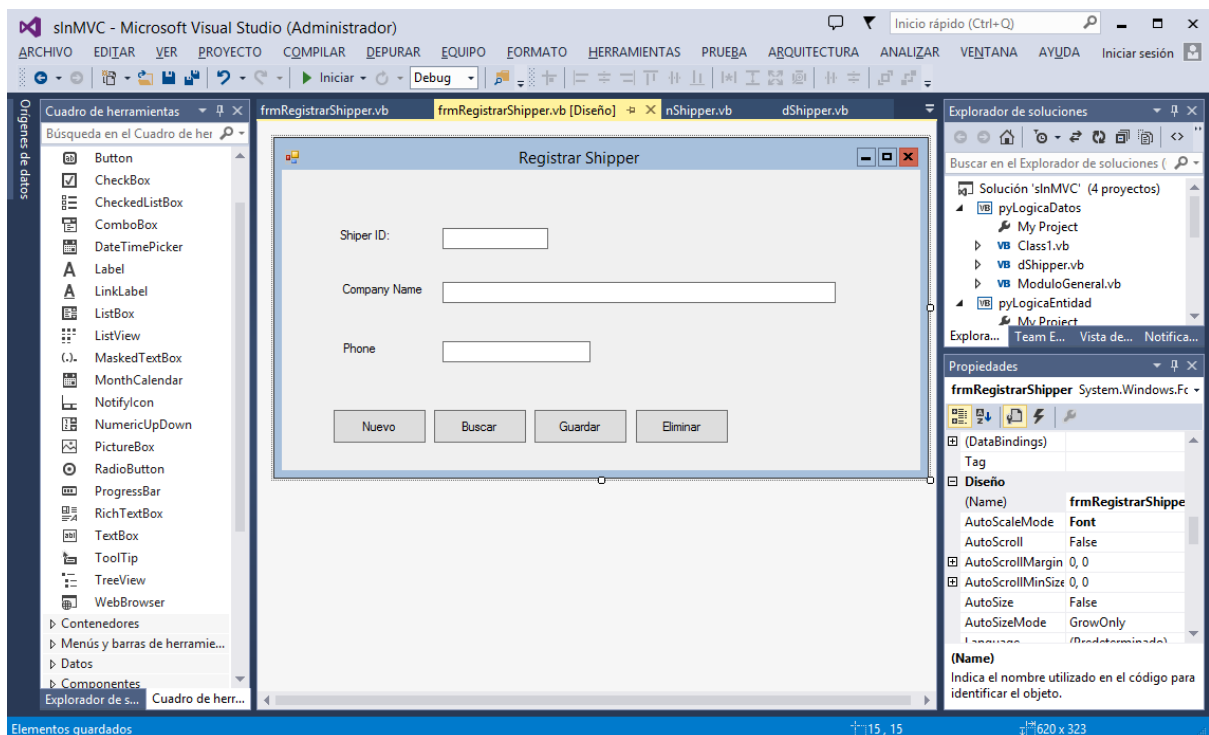
Escogemos “Windows Forms” y llenamos:



Clic en agregar y se muestra el diseño del formulario:



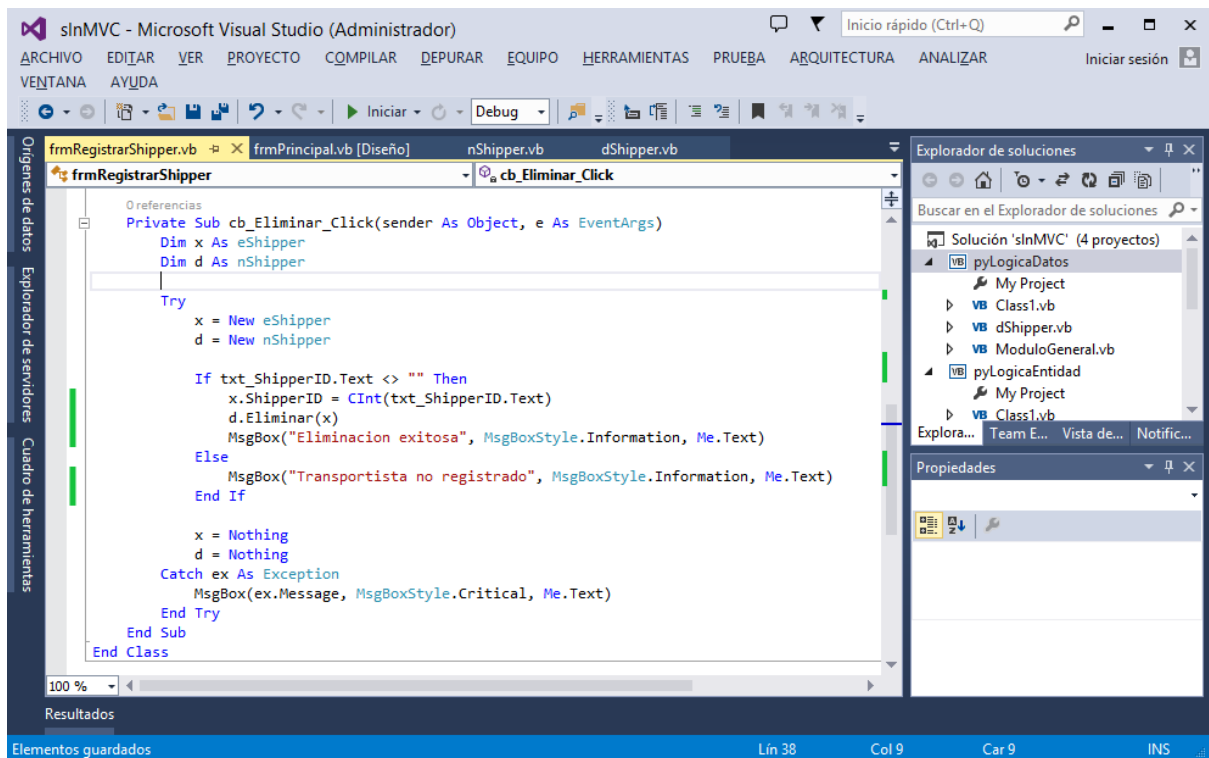
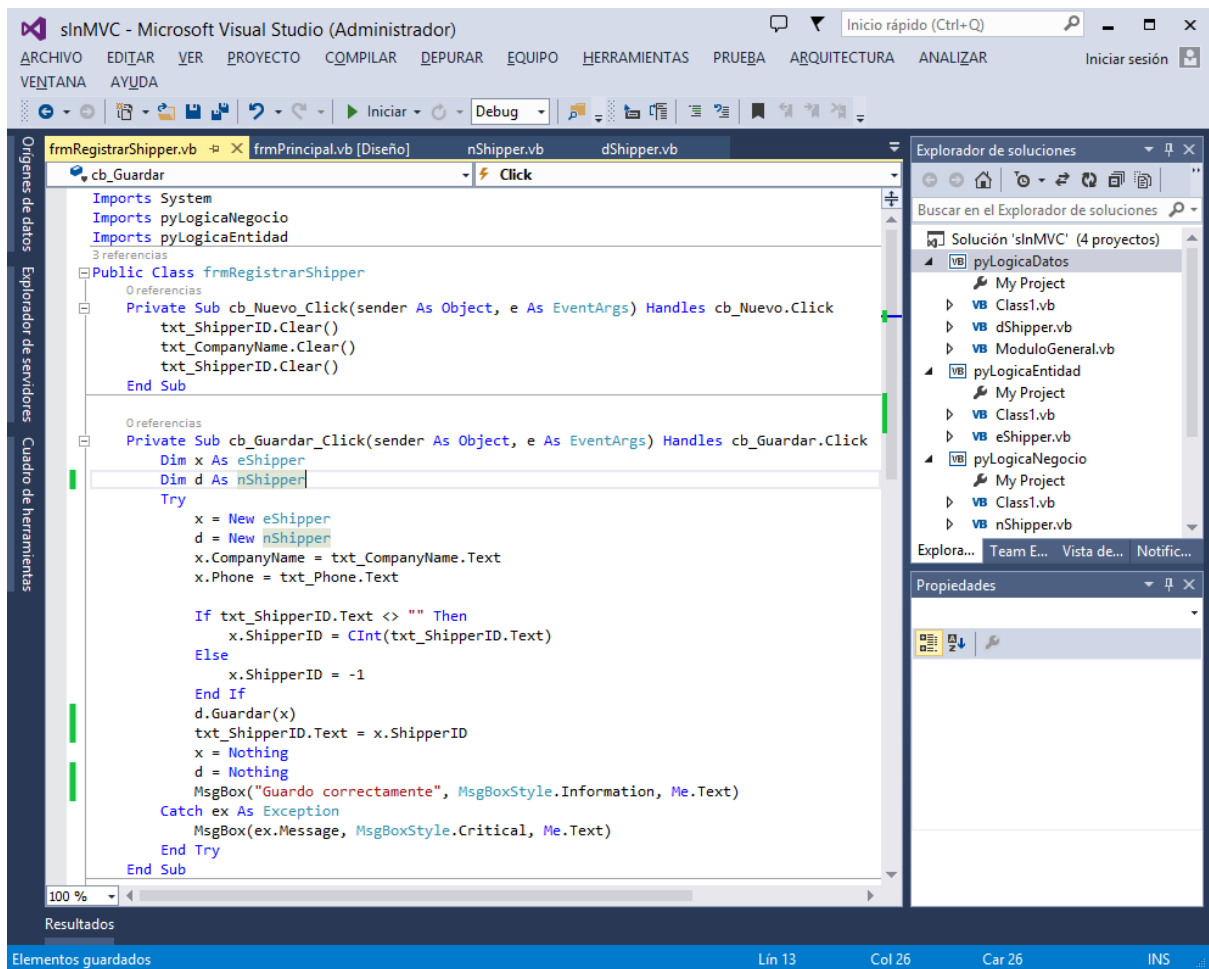
Agregamos los siguientes controles:



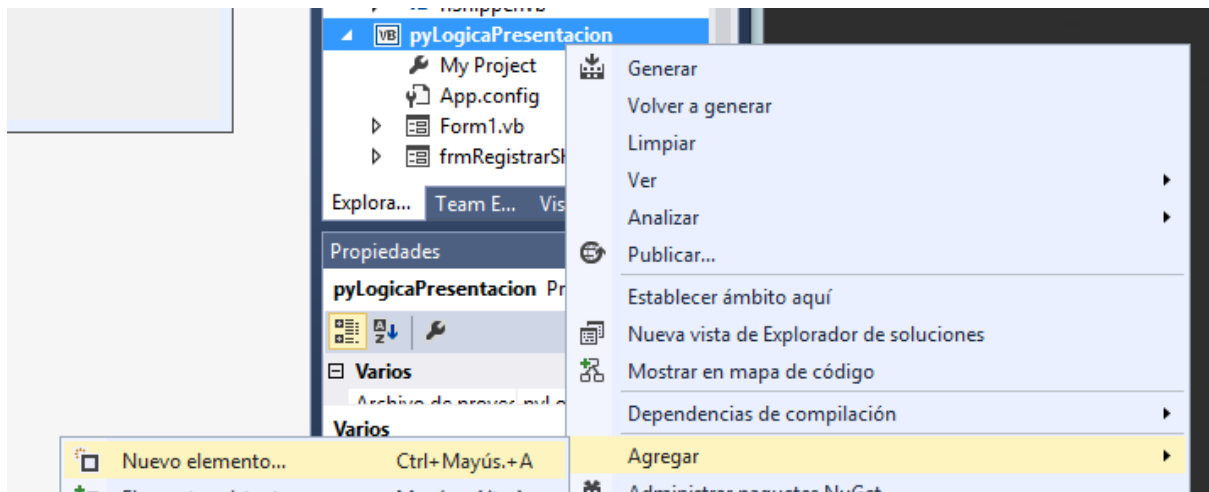
Desde arriba hacia abajo los controles son: txt_ShipperID, txt_CompanyName, txt_Phone, cb_Nuevo, cb_Buscar, cb_Guardar, cb_Eliminar.

Para txt_ShipperID Establecemos su propiedad Enabled = false.

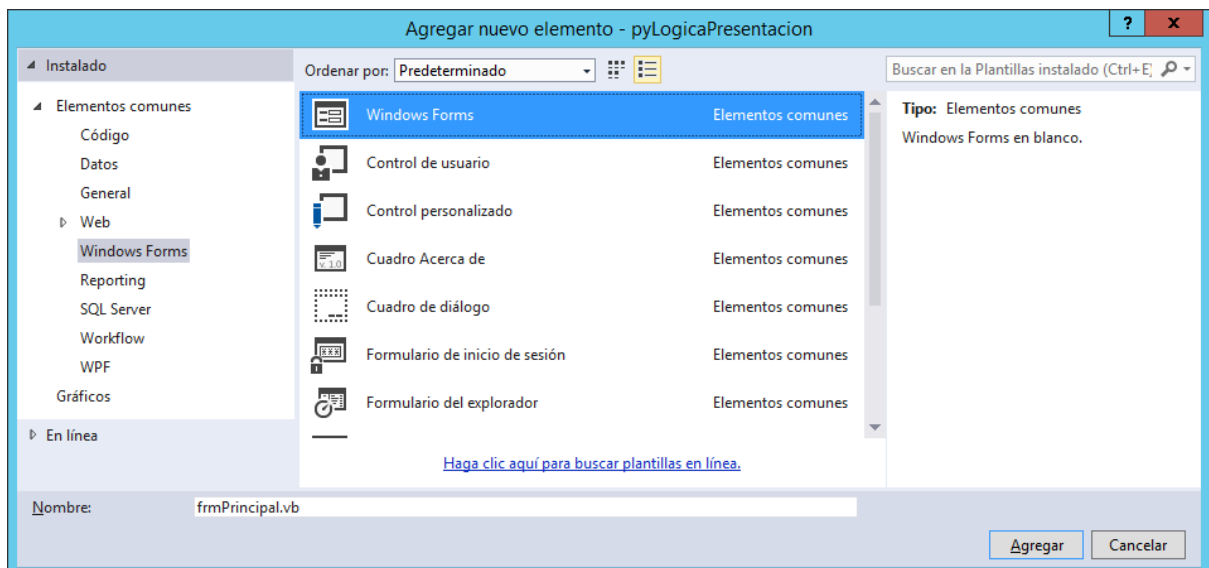
Paso 8, Procedemos a codificar los diferentes botones de comando.



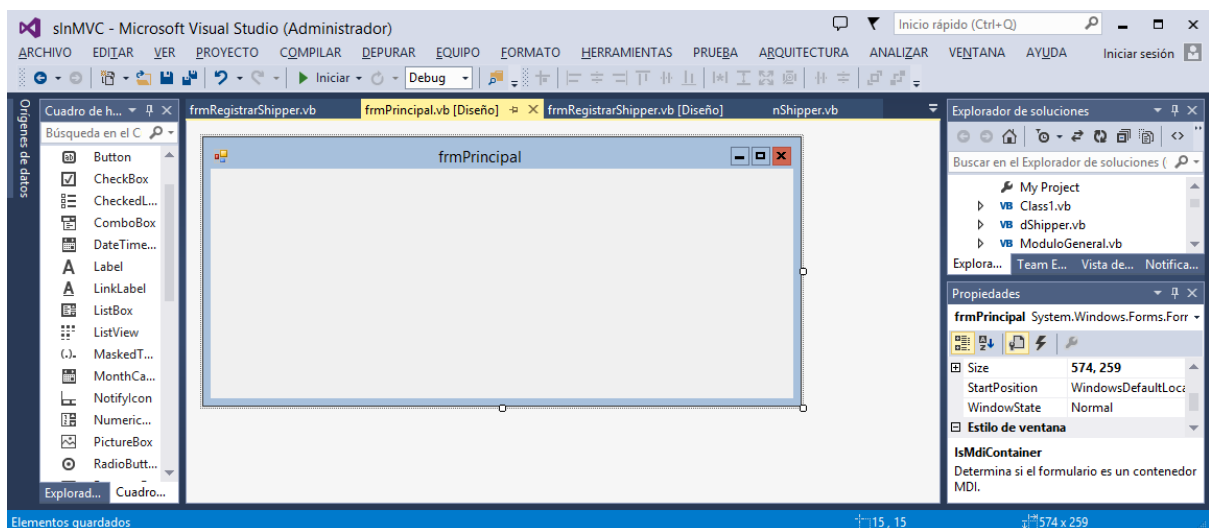
Paso 9, creamos el formulario MDI para la aplicación:



Seleccionamos “Windows Forms” y nombramos como sigue:



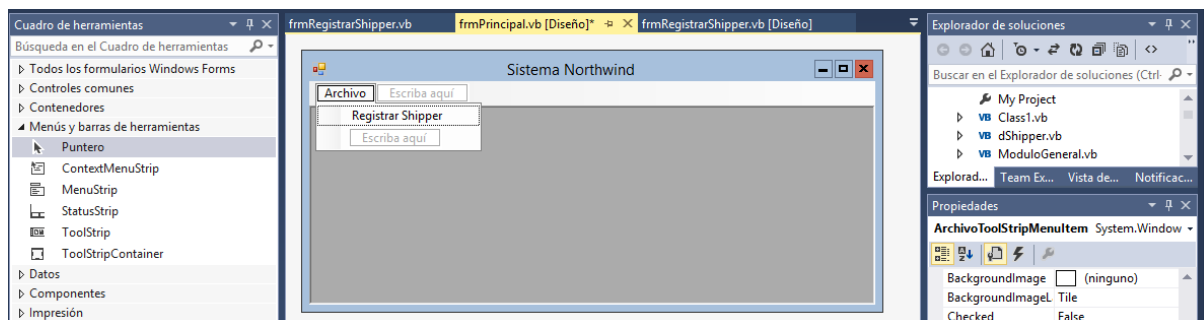
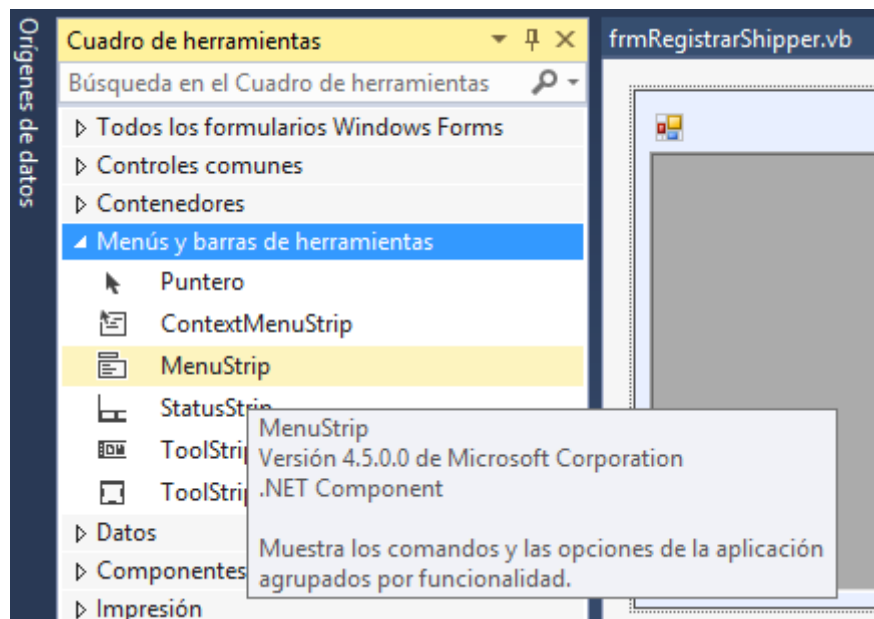
Clic en aceptar y tenemos:



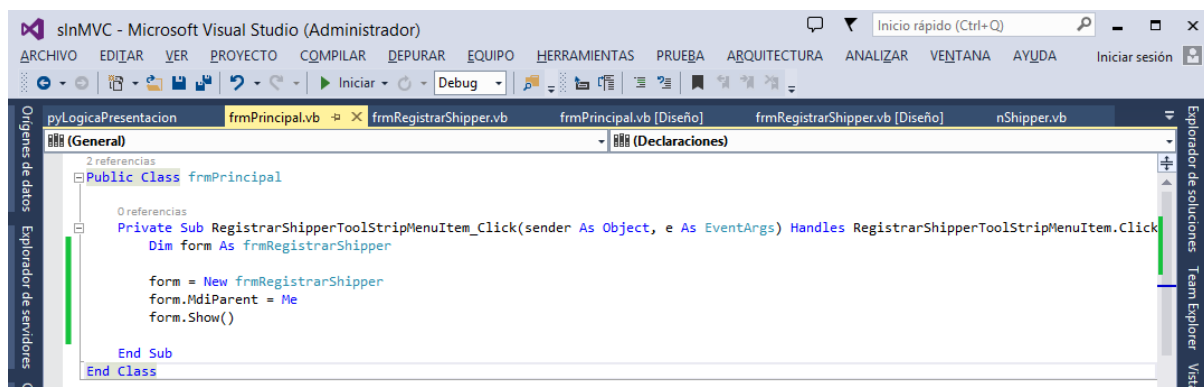
Establecemos las siguientes propiedades:

Propiedad	Valor
isMDIContainer	True
WindowState	Maximized
Text	Sistema Northwind

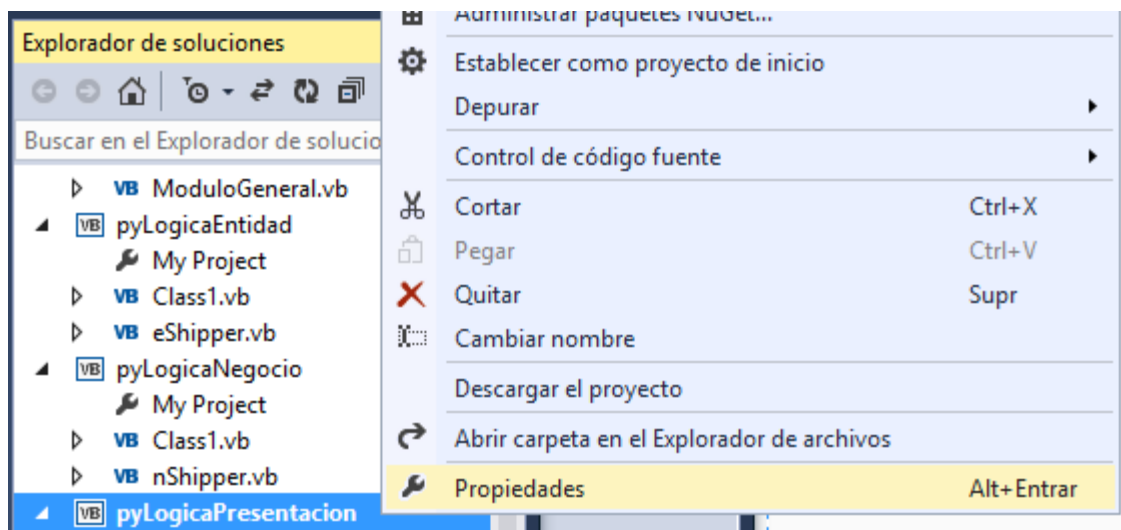
Agregamos un menú:



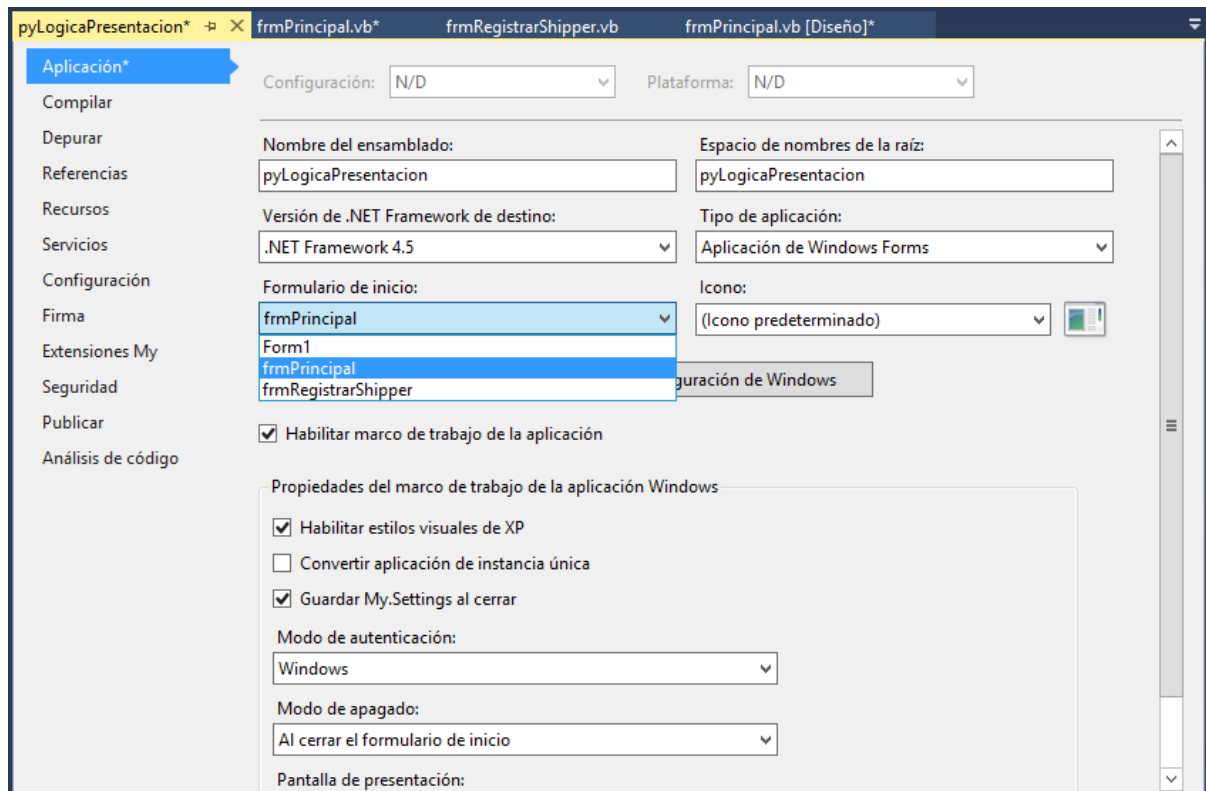
Luego codificamos dicho menú como sigue:



Establecemos el formulario de inicio del proyecto como sigue:



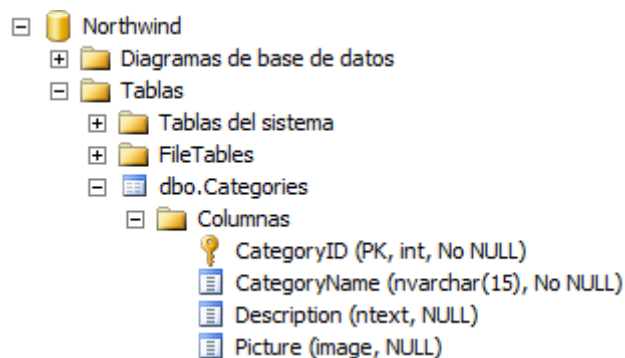
Y configuramos como sigue:



5.2 REGISTRAR CATEGORÍA (CATEGORIES)

5.2.1 Crear Procedimientos almacenados de Inserción, Actualización y Eliminación

La tabla "Categories" tiene los siguientes campos y tipos de datos:



Procedimiento Almacenado para inserción:

```
SQLQuery2.sql - WL...Northwind (sa (58))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Categories_Insertar](
    @xCategoryID int out,
    @xCategoryName nvarchar(15),
    @xDescription ntext,
    @xPicture image
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET NOCOUNT ON;

    INSERT INTO Categories(CategoryName, [Description], Picture)
        VALUES (@xCategoryName, @xDescription, @xPicture);

    SET @xCategoryID = @@IDENTITY;
END
```

Procedimiento Almacenado para actualizar:

```
SQLQuery2.sql - WL...Northwind (sa (58))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Categories_Actualizar](
    @xCategoryID int,
    @xCategoryName nvarchar(15),
    @xDescription ntext,
    @xPicture image
)
AS
BEGIN
    UPDATE Categories SET
        CategoryName = @xCategoryName,
        [Description] = @xDescription,
        Picture = @xPicture
    WHERE CategoryID = @xCategoryID;
END
```

Procedimiento Almacenado para eliminar:


```

SQLQuery2.sql - Wl...Northwind (sa (58))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Categories_Eliminar](
    @xCategoryID int
)
AS
BEGIN
    DELETE FROM Categories
    WHERE CategoryID = @xCategoryID;
END

```

Procedimiento almacenado para buscar por nombre de categoría:

```

SQLQuery1.sql - U...UNSPC\Camilo (54))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Categories_Buscar](
    @xCategoryID int out,
    @xCategoryName nvarchar(15),
    @xDescription nvarchar(1000) out,
    @xPicture varbinary(max) out
)
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT @xCategoryID = CategoryID,
           @xDescription = CAST([Description] as nvarchar(1000)),
           @xPicture = CAST(Picture as varbinary(max))
    FROM Categories
    WHERE CategoryName = @xCategoryName;
END

```

5.2.2 Crear Clase Entidad

La clase entidad se crea, en el proyecto correspondiente a la lógica de entidad:

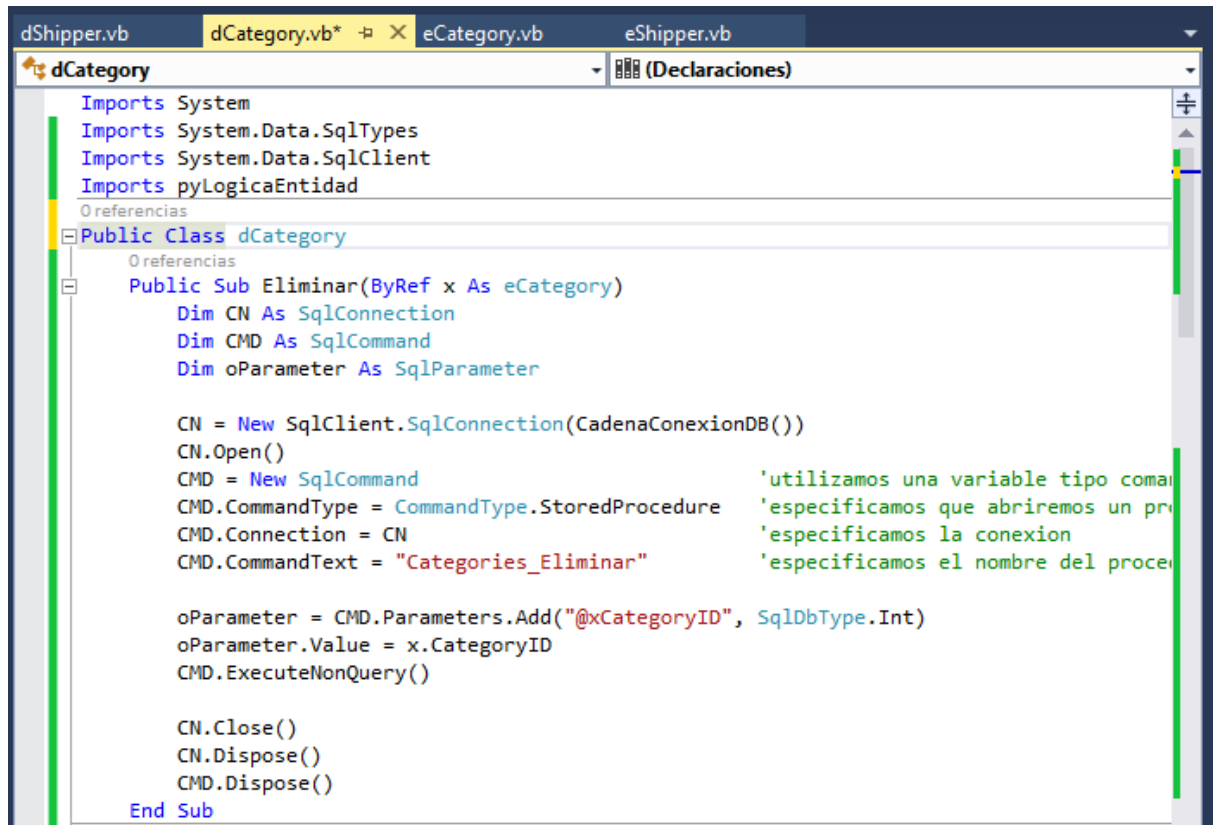
```

frmRegistrarCategory.vb  nCategory.vb  dShipper.vb  eCategory.vb X  dCategory.vb  eShipper.vb
eCategory (Declaraciones)
Imports System.IO
Imports System.Drawing

16 referencias
Public Class eCategory
    10 referencias
    Public Property CategoryID As Integer
    4 referencias
    Public Property CategoryName As String
    3 referencias
    Public Property Description As String
    4 referencias
    Public Property Picture As Byte()
    2 referencias
    Public Property PictureJPG As Image
        Set(value As Image)
            Dim ms As New MemoryStream()
            value.Save(ms, System.Drawing.Imaging.ImageFormat.Jpeg)
            Picture = ms.GetBuffer()
        End Set
        Get
            Dim ms As New MemoryStream(Picture)
            Return Image.FromStream(ms)
        End Get
    End Property
End Class

```

5.2.3 Crear clase de acceso a datos



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with the file explorer at the top displaying four files: dShipper.vb, dCategory.vb*, eCategory.vb, and eShipper.vb. The active file is dCategory.vb, and the 'Declaraciones' (Declarations) tab is selected. The code defines a public class dCategory with a public sub Eliminar. The sub takes a ByRef x As eCategory as a parameter. It declares local variables for a SQL connection (CN), a SQL command (CMD), and a SQL parameter (oParameter). The code then establishes a connection, opens it, creates a new SQL command, sets its command type to CommandType.StoredProcedure, assigns the connection, and sets the command text to 'Categories_Eliminar'. It adds a parameter '@xCategoryID' of type SqlDbType.Int with the value x.CategoryID. The command is executed using ExecuteNonQuery(). Finally, the connection and command objects are closed and disposed of.

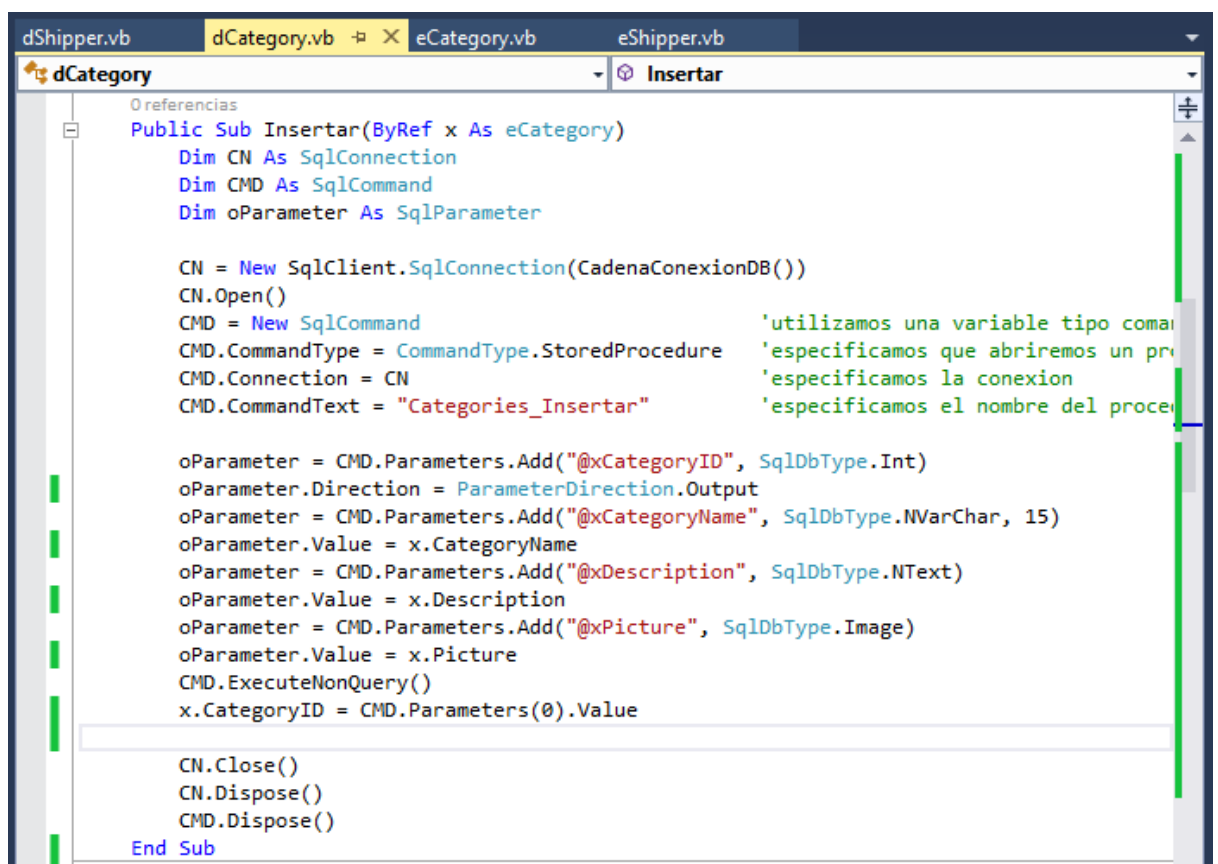
```
Imports System
Imports System.Data.SqlTypes
Imports System.Data.SqlClient
Imports pyLogicaEntidad

0 referencias
Public Class dCategory
    0 referencias
    Public Sub Eliminar(ByRef x As eCategory)
        Dim CN As SqlConnection
        Dim CMD As SqlCommand
        Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

        CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
        CN.Open()
        CMD = New SqlCommand
        CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando
        CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento
        CMD.CommandText = "Categories_Eliminar" 'especificamos la conexion
        'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int)
        oParameter.Value = x.CategoryID
        CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()

        CN.Close()
        CN.Dispose()
        CMD.Dispose()
    End Sub
```



The screenshot shows the same Visual Studio IDE with the file explorer at the top. The active file is still dCategory.vb, but now the 'Insertar' tab is selected. The code defines a public sub Insertar. It takes a ByRef x As eCategory as a parameter. It declares local variables for a SQL connection (CN), a SQL command (CMD), and a SQL parameter (oParameter). The code establishes a connection, opens it, creates a new SQL command, sets its command type to CommandType.StoredProcedure, assigns the connection, and sets the command text to 'Categories_Insertar'. It adds four parameters: '@xCategoryID' (SqlDbType.Int), '@xCategoryName' (SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15), '@xDescription' (SqlDbType.NText), and '@xPicture' (SqlDbType.Image). The values for these parameters are taken from the x object. The command is executed using ExecuteNonQuery(). The CategoryID property of the x object is then set to the value of the first parameter. Finally, the connection and command objects are closed and disposed of.

```
0 referencias
Public Sub Insertar(ByRef x As eCategory)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand
    Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento
    CMD.CommandText = "Categories_Insertar" 'especificamos la conexion
    'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int)
    oParameter.Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15)
    oParameter.Value = x.CategoryName
    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xDescription", SqlDbType.NText)
    oParameter.Value = x.Description
    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPicture", SqlDbType.Image)
    oParameter.Value = x.Picture
    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    x.CategoryID = CMD.Parameters(0).Value

    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```

```
dShipper.vb dCategory.vb x eCategory.vb eShipper.vb
dCategory Insertar

0 referencias
Public Sub Actualizar(ByRef x As eCategory)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand
    Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a la base de datos
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
    CMD.CommandText = "Categories_Actualizar" 'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int)
    oParameter.Value = x.CategoryID

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15)
    oParameter.Value = x.CategoryName

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xDescription", SqlDbType.NText)
    oParameter.Value = x.Description

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPicture", SqlDbType.Image)
    oParameter.Value = x.Picture

    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```

```
dShipper.vb dCategory.vb x eCategory.vb eShipper.vb
dCategory Listar

0 referencias
Public Function Listar() As List(Of eCategory)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand
    Dim rtn As List(Of eCategory)
    Dim Reg As SqlDataReader
    Dim x As eCategory

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a la base de datos
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.Text 'especificamos que usaremos una consulta
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
    CMD.CommandText = "Select CategoryID, CategoryName from Categories Order By 2"
    Reg = CMD.ExecuteReader(CommandBehavior.CloseConnection)
    rtn = New List(Of eCategory)
    While (Reg.Read())
        x = New eCategory()
        x.CategoryID = Reg.GetInt32(0)
        x.CategoryName = Reg.GetString(1)
        rtn.Add(x)
    End While

    Reg.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
    Return (rtn)
End Function
```

```

1 referencia
Public Sub Buscar(ByRef x As eCategory)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand
    Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a los procedi
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
    CMD.CommandText = "Categories_Buscar" 'especificamos la conexion
    'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int)
    oParameter.Direction = ParameterDirection.Output

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15)
    oParameter.Value = x.CategoryName

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xDescription", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 1000)
    oParameter.Direction = ParameterDirection.Output

    oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPicture", SqlDbType.VarBinary, 512002)
    'imagenes de hasta 500KB + 2 bytes de control internos
    oParameter.Direction = ParameterDirection.Output

    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    x.CategoryID = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xCategoryID").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xCategoryID").Value)
    x.Description = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xDescription").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xDescription").Value)
    If Not IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xPicture").Value) Then
        x.Picture = CMD.Parameters("@xPicture").Value
    End If

    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
End Class

```

5.2.4 Crear clase de negocio

```

nCategory.vb dShipper.vb dCategory.vb eCategory.vb eShipper.vb nShipper.vb
nCategory Eliminar
Imports System
Imports pyLogicaDatos
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
0 referencias
Public Class nCategory
    0 referencias
    Public Sub Guardar(ByRef x As eCategory)
        Dim d As dCategory

        d = New dCategory
        If x.CategoryID <= 0 Then ' es Categoria nueva
            d.Insertar(x)
        Else ' la categoria ya existe
            d.Actualizar(x)
        End If

        d = Nothing
    End Sub

    0 referencias
    Public Sub Eliminar(ByRef x As eCategory)
        Dim d As dCategory

        d = New dCategory
        If x.CategoryID > 0 Then ' La categoria existe
            d.Eliminar(x)
        End If

        d = Nothing
    End Sub
End Class

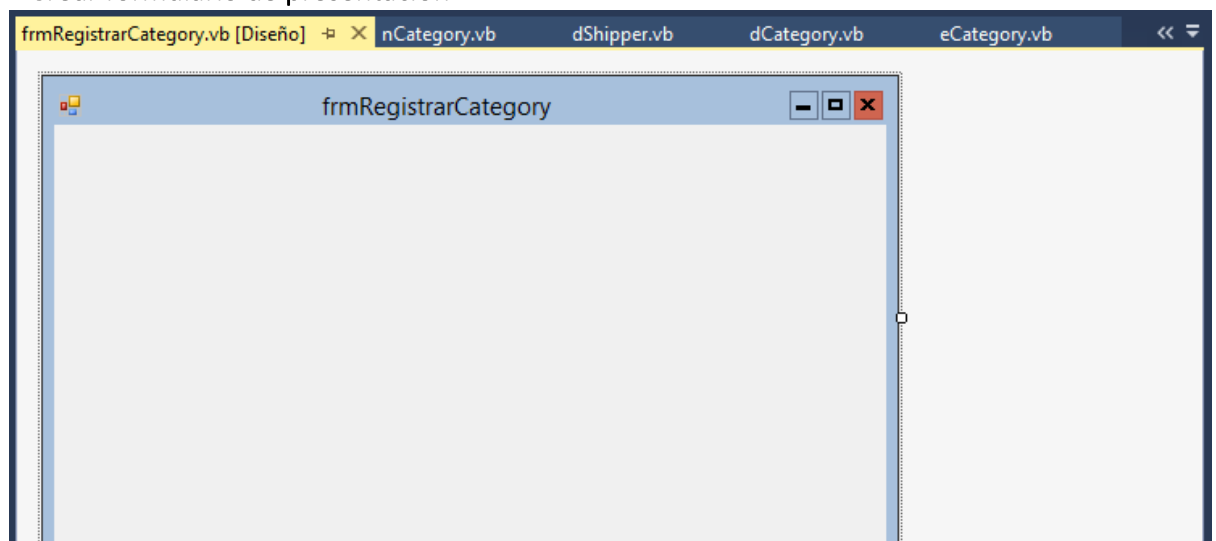
```

```
0 referencias
Public Function Listar() As List(Of eCategory)
    Dim d As dCategory
    Dim rtn As List(Of eCategory)

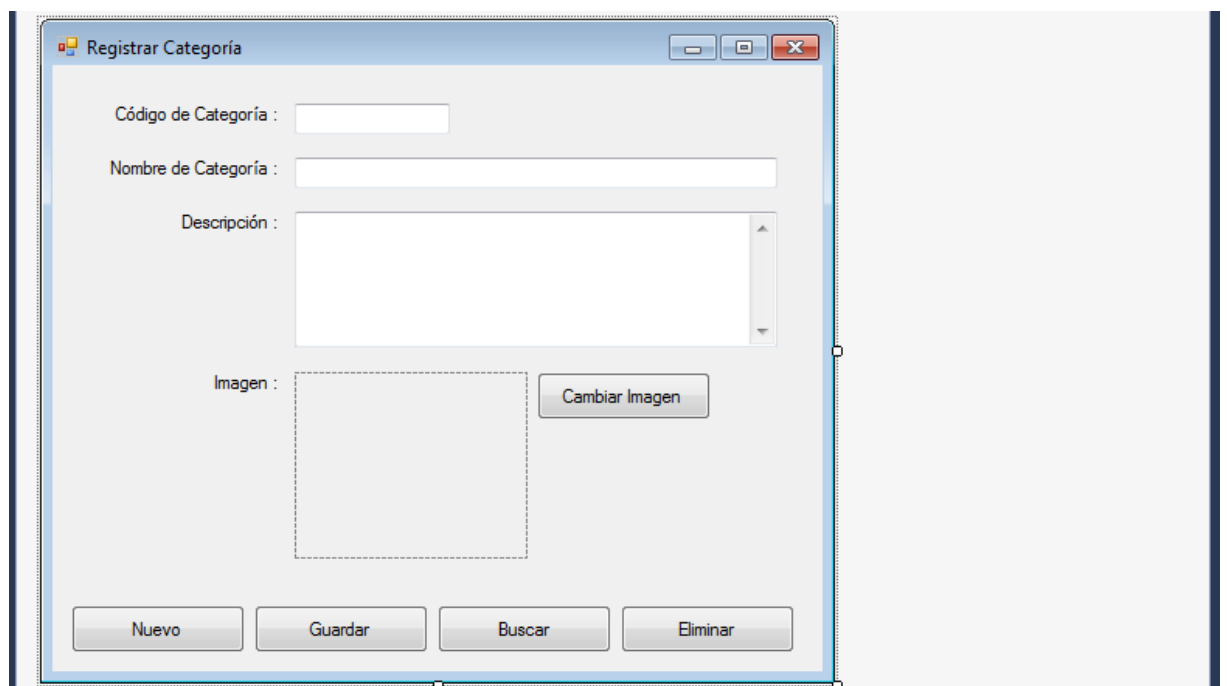
    d = New dCategory()
    rtn = d.Listar()
    d = Nothing
    Return rtn
End Function

0 referencias
Public Sub Buscar(ByRef x As eCategory)
    Dim d As dCategory
    |
    d = New dCategory
    d.Buscar(x)
    d = Nothing
End Sub
End Class
```

5.2.5 Crear formulario de presentación



Se agregan los siguientes controles:



Los controles de ingreso de datos tienen los siguientes nombres de arriba hacia abajo: txt_CategoryID, txt_CategoryName, txt_Descripcion, pb_Imagen, cb_CambiarImagen, cb_Nuevo, cb_Guardar, cb_Buscar, cb_Eliminar. Adicionalmente se ha establecido la propiedad **text** del formulario a **"Registrar Categoría"** y la propiedad **Enabled** de txt_CategoryID a **False**.

La programación es como sigue:

```
frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño]  frmRegistrarCategory.vb  nCategory.vb  dShipper.vb
cb_Guardar  Click
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
Imports pyLogicaNegocio
Imports System.IO
1 referencia
Public Class frmRegistrarCategory
0 referencias
Private Sub cb_Nuevo_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Nuevo.Click
    txt_CategoryID.Clear()
    txt_CategoryName.Clear()
    txt_Descripcion.Clear()
    pb_Imagen.ResetText()
End Sub
0 referencias
Private Sub cb_CambiarImagen_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_CambiarImagen
    Dim file As OpenFileDialog = New OpenFileDialog()

    file.Filter = "Archivo JPG|*.jpg"
    If (file.ShowDialog() = DialogResult.OK) Then
        pb_Imagen.Image = Image.FromFile(file.FileName)
    End If
End Sub
```

```
frmRegistrarCategory.vb  nCategory.vb  dShipper.vb  eCategory.vb  dCategory.vb  eShipper.vb
cb_Guardar  Click
0 referencias
Private Sub cb_Guardar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Guardar.Click
    Dim n As nCategory
    Dim x As eCategory

    Try
        n = New nCategory()
        x = New eCategory()
        x.CategoryName = txt_CategoryName.Text
        x.Description = txt_Descripcion.Text
        x.PictureJPG = pb_Imagen.Image 'internamente se procesa y asigna valor a x.Picture

        If txt_CategoryID.Text <> "" Then
            x.CategoryID = CInt(txt_CategoryID.Text)
        Else
            x.CategoryID = -1
        End If
        n.Guardar(x)
        MsgBox("Se guardó correctamente", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
        txt_CategoryID.Text = x.CategoryID.ToString()

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)

    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
```

```

frmRegistrarCategory.vb  nCategory.vb  dShipper.vb  eCategory.vb  dCategory.vb  eShipper.vb
cb_Eliminar  Click
0 referencias
Private Sub cb_Eliminar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Eliminar.Click
    Dim n As nCategory
    Dim x As eCategory

    Try
        If txt_CategoryID.Text <> "" Then
            n = New nCategory
            x = New eCategory
            x.CategoryID = CInt(txt_CategoryID.Text)
            n.Eliminar(x)
        End If
        MsgBox("Se eliminó correctamente", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)
    End Try

    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub

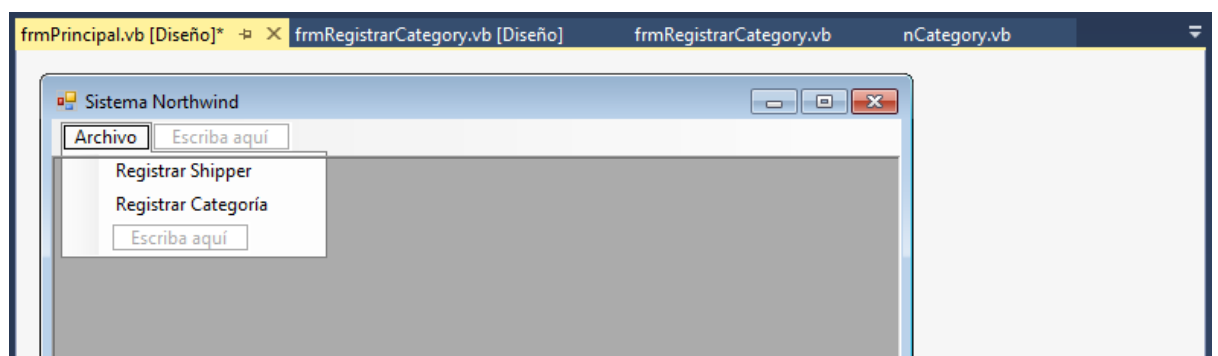
Private Sub cb_Buscar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Buscar.Click
    Dim n As nCategory
    Dim x As eCategory
    Try
        If txt_CategoryName.Text <> "" Then
            n = New nCategory
            x = New eCategory
            x.CategoryName = txt_CategoryName.Text.Trim()
            n.Buscar(x)
            If x.CategoryID >= 1 Then
                MsgBox("Categoría encontrada", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
                txt_CategoryID.Text = x.CategoryID.ToString()
                txt_Descripcion.Text = x.Description
                pb_Imagen.Image = x.PictureJPG
            Else
                MsgBox("Categoría no encontrada", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
            End If
        End If

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)
    End Try

    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
End Class

```

Añadimos una opción a la ventana principal:



Y codificamos como sigue:

frmPrincipal.vb frmPrincipal.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarCategory.vb

RegistrarCategoríaToolStripMenuItem Click

2 referencias

```
Public Class frmPrincipal

    0 referencias
    Private Sub RegistrarShipperToolStripMenuItem_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles RegisterShipperToolStripMenuItem.Click
        Dim form As frmRegistrarShipper

        form = New frmRegistrarShipper
        form.MdiParent = Me
        form.Show()

    End Sub

    0 referencias
    Private Sub RegistrarCategoríaToolStripMenuItem_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles RegistrarCategoríaToolStripMenuItem.Click
        Dim form As frmRegistrarCategory

        form = New frmRegistrarCategory
        form.MdiParent = Me
        form.Show()

    End Sub
End Class
```


5.3 REGISTRAR PROVEEDOR (SUPPLIERS)

5.3.1 Crear Procedimientos almacenados de Inserción, Actualización y Eliminación

La tabla "Suppliers" tiene la siguiente estructura:

dbo.Suppliers
Columnas
SupplierID (PK, int, No NULL)
CompanyName (nvarchar(40), No NULL)
ContactName (nvarchar(30), NULL)
ContactTitle (nvarchar(30), NULL)
Address (nvarchar(60), NULL)
City (nvarchar(15), NULL)
Region (nvarchar(15), NULL)
PostalCode (nvarchar(10), NULL)
Country (nvarchar(15), NULL)
Phone (nvarchar(24), NULL)
Fax (nvarchar(24), NULL)
HomePage (ntext, NULL)

Procedimiento almacenado para inserción:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - Wl...Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Suppliers_Insertar](
    @xSupplierID int out,
    @xCompanyName nvarchar(40),
    @xContactName nvarchar(30),
    @xContactTitle nvarchar(30),
    @xAddress nvarchar(60),
    @xCity nvarchar(15),
    @xRegion nvarchar(15),
    @xPostalCode nvarchar(10),
    @xCountry nvarchar(15),
    @xPhone nvarchar(24),
    @xFax nvarchar(24),
    @xHomePage ntext
)
AS
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO Suppliers (CompanyName, ContactName, ContactTitle, "Address",
        City, Region, PostalCode, Country, Phone, Fax, HomePage)
    VALUES
        (@xCompanyName, @xContactName, @xContactTitle, @xAddress,
            @xCity, @xRegion, @xPostalCode, @xCountry, @xPhone, @xFax, @xHomePage);

    SET @xSupplierID = @@IDENTITY;
END
```

Procedimiento almacenado para actualización:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - Wl...Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Suppliers_Actualizar](
    @xSupplierID int,
    @xCompanyName nvarchar(40),
    @xContactName nvarchar(30),
    @xContactTitle nvarchar(30),
    @xAddress nvarchar(60),
    @xCity nvarchar(15),
    @xRegion nvarchar(15),
    @xPostalCode nvarchar(10),
    @xCountry nvarchar(15),
    @xPhone nvarchar(24),
    @xFax nvarchar(24),
    @xHomePage ntext
)
AS
BEGIN
    UPDATE Suppliers SET
        CompanyName = @xCompanyName,
        ContactName = @xContactName,
        ContactTitle = @xContactTitle,
        [Address] = @xAddress,
        City = @xCity,
        Region = @xRegion,
        PostalCode = @xPostalCode,
        Country = @xCountry,
        Phone = @xPhone,
        Fax = @xFax,
        HomePage = @xHomePage
    WHERE SupplierID = @xSupplierID;
END
```

Procedimiento almacenado de eliminación:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - Wl...Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Suppliers_Eliminar](
    @xSupplierID int
)
AS
BEGIN
    DELETE FROM Suppliers
    WHERE SupplierID = @xSupplierID;
END
```

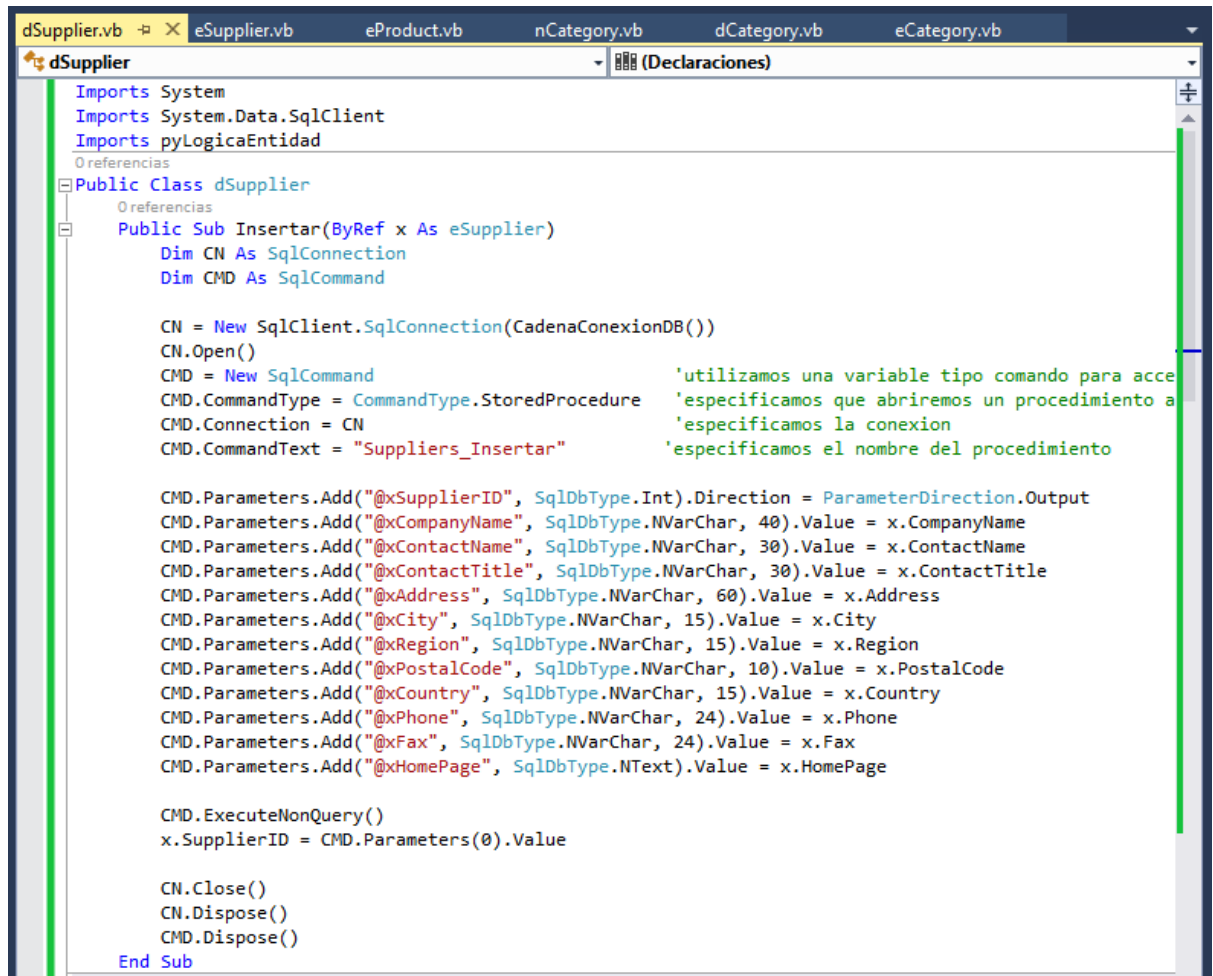
Procedimiento almacenado para buscar por nombre:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - Wl...Northwind (sa (54))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Suppliers_Buscar](
    @xSupplierID int out,
    @xCompanyName nvarchar(40),
    @xContactName nvarchar(30) out,
    @xContactTitle nvarchar(30) out,
    @xAddress nvarchar(60) out,
    @xCity nvarchar(15) out,
    @xRegion nvarchar(15) out,
    @xPostalCode nvarchar(10) out,
    @xCountry nvarchar(15) out,
    @xPhone nvarchar(24) out,
    @xFax nvarchar(24) out,
    @xHomePage nvarchar(200) out
)
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT @xSupplierID = SupplierID,
           @xCompanyName = CompanyName,
           @xContactName = ContactName,
           @xContactTitle = ContactTitle,
           @xAddress = address,
           @xCity = City,
           @xRegion = Region,
           @xPostalCode = PostalCode,
           @xCountry = Country,
           @xFax = Fax,
           @xHomePage = CAST([HomePage] as nvarchar(200))
    FROM Suppliers
    WHERE CompanyName = @xCompanyName;
END
```

5.3.2 Crear Clase Entidad

```
eSupplier.vb  eProduct.vb  nCategory.vb  dCategory.vb  eCategory.vb
(General)  (Declaraciones)
0 referencias
Public Class eSupplier
    0 referencias
    Public Property SupplierID As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property CompanyName As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property ContactName As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property ContactTitle As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property Address As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property City As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property Region As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property PostalCode As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property Country As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property Phone As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property Fax As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property HomePage As String
End Class
```

5.3.3 Crear clase de acceso a datos



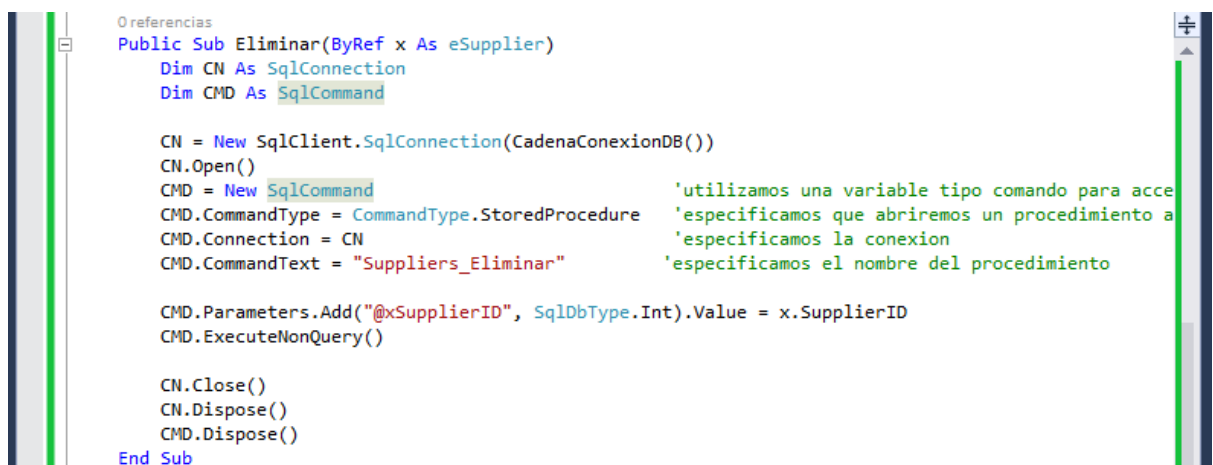
```
dSupplier.vb x eSupplier.vb eProduct.vb nCategory.vb dCategory.vb eCategory.vb
dSupplier
(Declaraciones)
Imports System
Imports System.Data.SqlClient
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
0 referencias
Public Class dSupplier
0 referencias
Public Sub Insertar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
Dim CN As SqlConnection
Dim CMD As SqlCommand

CN = New SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
CN.Open()
CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a la base de datos
CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
CMD.CommandText = "Suppliers_Insertar" 'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCompanyName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40).Value = x.CompanyName
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xContactName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 30).Value = x.ContactName
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xContactTitle", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 30).Value = x.ContactTitle
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xAddress", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 60).Value = x.Address
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCity", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Value = x.City
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xRegion", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Value = x.Region
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPostalCode", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 10).Value = x.PostalCode
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCountry", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Value = x.Country
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPhone", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24).Value = x.Phone
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xFax", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24).Value = x.Fax
CMD.Parameters.Add("@xHomePage", SqlDbType.NText).Value = x.HomePage

CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
x.SupplierID = CMD.Parameters(0).Value

CN.Close()
CN.Dispose()
CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```



```
0 referencias
Public Sub Eliminar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
Dim CN As SqlConnection
Dim CMD As SqlCommand

CN = New SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
CN.Open()
CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a la base de datos
CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
CMD.CommandText = "Suppliers_Eliminar" 'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.SupplierID
CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()

CN.Close()
CN.Dispose()
CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```

1 referencia

```
Public Sub Actualizar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a los procedimientos almacenados
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento a
    CMD.CommandText = "Suppliers_Actualizar" 'especificamos la conexion
    'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.SupplierID
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCompanyName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40).Value = x.CompanyName
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xContactName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 30).Value = x.ContactName
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xContactTitle", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 30).Value = x.ContactTitle
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xAddress", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 60).Value = x.Address
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCity", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Value = x.City
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xRegion", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Value = x.Region
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPostalCode", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 10).Value = x.PostalCode
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCountry", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Value = x.Country
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPhone", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24).Value = x.Phone
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xFax", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24).Value = x.Fax
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xHomePage", SqlDbType.NText).Value = x.HomePage

    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```

0 referencias

```
Public Function Listar() As List(Of eSupplier)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand
    Dim rtn As List(Of eSupplier)
    Dim Reg As SqlDataReader
    Dim x As eSupplier

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.Text 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a los procedimientos almacenados
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que usaremos una consulta
    CMD.CommandText = "Select CategoryID, CategoryName from Categories Order By 2" 'especificamos la conexion

    Reg = CMD.ExecuteReader(CommandBehavior.CloseConnection)
    rtn = New List(Of eSupplier)
    While (Reg.Read())
        x = New eSupplier()
        x.SupplierID = Reg.GetInt32(0)
        x.CompanyName = Reg.GetString(1)
        x.ContactName = Reg.GetString(2)
        x.ContactTitle = Reg.GetString(3)
        x.Address = Reg.GetString(4)
        x.City = Reg.GetString(5)
        x.Region = Reg.GetString(6)
        x.PostalCode = Reg.GetString(7)
        x.Country = Reg.GetString(8)
        x.Phone = Reg.GetString(9)
        x.Fax = Reg.GetString(10)
        x.HomePage = Reg.GetString(11)
        rtn.Add(x)
    End While

    Reg.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
    Return (rtn)
End Function
```

```

0 referencias
Public Sub Buscar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a los procedimientos
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
    CMD.CommandText = "Suppliers_Buscar" 'especificamos la conexion
    'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.CompanyName
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCompanyName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xContactName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 30).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xContactTitle", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 30).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xAddress", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 60).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCity", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xRegion", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPostalCode", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 10).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCountry", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 15).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xPhone", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xFax", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 24).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xHomePage", SqlDbType.NText).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output

    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()

    x.CompanyName = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xCompanyName").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xCompanyName").Value)
    x.ContactName = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xContactName").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xContactName").Value)
    x.ContactTitle = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xContactTitle").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xContactTitle").Value)
    x.Address = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xAddress").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xAddress").Value)
    x.City = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xCity").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xCity").Value)
    x.Region = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xRegion").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xRegion").Value)
    x.PostalCode = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xPostalCode").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xPostalCode").Value)
    x.Country = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xCountry").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xCountry").Value)
    x.Fax = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xFax").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xFax").Value)
    x.HomePage = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xHomePage").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xHomePage").Value)

    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
End Class

```

5.3.4 Crear clase de negocio

```

dCategory.vb  nSupplier.vb  dSupplier.vb  eCategory.vb  eSupplier.vb
nSupplier
Imports System
Imports pyLogicaDatos
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
0 referencias
Public Class nSupplier
    0 referencias
    Public Sub Guardar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
        Dim d As dSupplier

        d = New dSupplier()
        If x.SupplierID <= 0 Then ' es Proveedor nuevo
            d.Insertar(x)
        Else ' el Proveedor ya existe
            d.Actualizar(x)
        End If

        d = Nothing
    End Sub

    0 referencias
    Public Sub Eliminar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
        Dim d As dSupplier

        d = New dSupplier()
        If x.SupplierID > 0 Then ' el Proveedor existe
            d.Eliminar(x)
        End If

        d = Nothing
    End Sub
End Class

```

```

0 referencias
Public Function Listar() As List(Of eSupplier)
    Dim d As dSupplier
    Dim rtn As List(Of eSupplier)

    d = New dSupplier()
    rtn = d.Listar()
    d = Nothing
    Return rtn
End Function

0 referencias
Public Sub Buscar(ByRef x As eSupplier)
    Dim d As dSupplier

    d = New dSupplier()
    d.Buscar(x)
    d = Nothing
End Sub
End Class

```

5.3.5 Crear formulario de presentación

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with the 'Registrar Proveedor' form in design view. The form has a title bar with standard Windows window controls. Inside the form, there are the following controls:

- Text box labeled 'ID Proveedor:'
- Text box labeled 'Nombre de la Compañía:'
- Text box labeled 'Nombre del Contacto:'
- Text box labeled 'Título del Contacto:'
- Text box labeled 'Dirección:'
- Text box labeled 'Ciudad:'
- Text box labeled 'Región:'
- Text box labeled 'Código Postal:'
- Text box labeled 'País:'
- Text box labeled 'Teléfono:'
- Text box labeled 'Fax:'
- Text box labeled 'Página WEB:'
- Four command buttons at the bottom: 'Nuevo', 'Guardar', 'Buscar', and 'Eliminar'.

Los nombres de los controles están de acuerdo a los nombres de los campos de la tabla en la base de datos y de arriba hacia abajo son: txt_SupplierID, txt_CompanyName, txt_ContactName, txt_ContactTitle, txt_Address, txt_City, txt_Region, txt_City, txt_PostalCode, txt_Country, txt_Phone, txt_Fax, txt_HomePage.

Los botones de comando tienen los siguientes nombres: cb_Nuevo, cb_Guardar, cb_Buscar, cb_Eliminar.

La Programación de la ventana es como sigue:

```
frmRegistrarCategory.vb    frmRegistrarSupplier.vb - X    frmRegistrarSupplier.vb [Diseño]    nSupplier.vb
cb_Nuevo    Click

1 referencia
Public Class frmRegistrarSupplier

0 referencias
Private Sub cb_Nuevo_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Nuevo.Click
    txt_SupplierID.Clear()
    txt_CompanyName.Clear()
    txt_ContactName.Clear()
    txt_ContactTitle.Clear()
    txt_Address.Clear()
    txt_City.Clear()
    txt_Region.Clear()
    txt_PostalCode.Clear()
    txt_Country.Clear()
    txt_Phone.Clear()
    txt_Fax.Clear()
    txt_HomePage.Clear()
End Sub
```

```
0 referencias
Private Sub cb_Guardar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Guardar.Click
    Dim n As nSupplier
    Dim x As eSupplier

    Try
        n = New nSupplier()
        x = New eSupplier()
        x.CompanyName = txt_CompanyName.Text
        x.ContactName = txt_ContactName.Text
        x.ContactTitle = txt_ContactTitle.Text
        x.Address = txt_Address.Text
        x.City = txt_City.Text
        x.Region = txt_Region.Text
        x.PostalCode = txt_PostalCode.Text
        x.Country = txt_Country.Text
        x.Phone = txt_Phone.Text
        x.Fax = txt_Fax.Text
        x.HomePage = txt_HomePage.Text

        If txt_SupplierID.Text <> "" Then
            x.SupplierID = CInt(txt_SupplierID.Text)
        Else
            x.SupplierID = -1
        End If
        n.Guardar(x)
        MsgBox("Se guardó correctamente", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
        txt_SupplierID.Text = x.SupplierID.ToString()

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)

    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try

End Sub
```


0 referencias

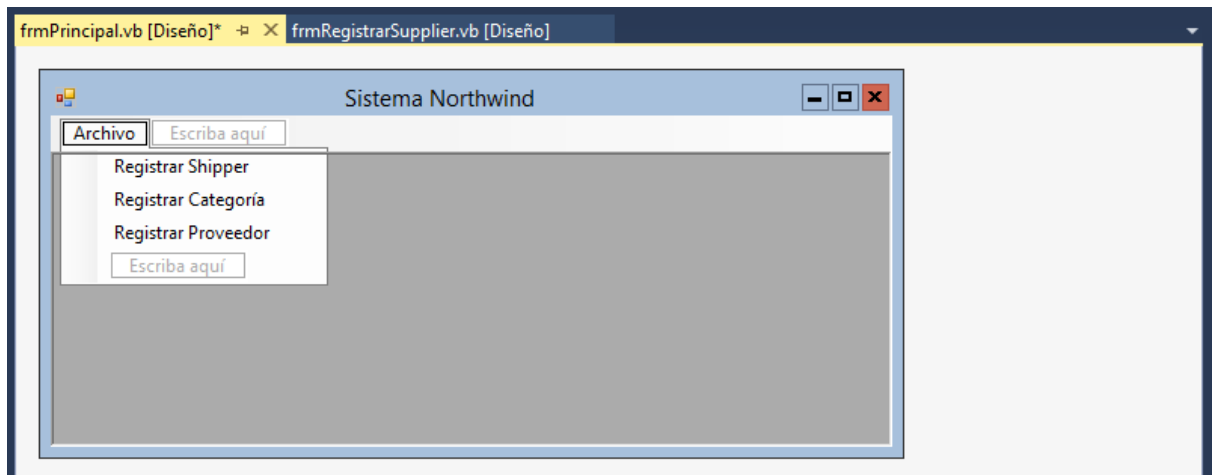
```
Private Sub cb_Buscar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Buscar.Click
    Dim n As nSupplier
    Dim x As eSupplier
    Try
        If txt_CompanyName.Text <> "" Then
            n = New nSupplier
            x = New eSupplier
            x.CompanyName = txt_CompanyName.Text.Trim()
            n.Buscar(x)
            If x.SupplierID >= 1 Then
                MsgBox("Categoría encontrada", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
                txt_CompanyName.Text = x.CompanyName.ToString()
                txt_ContactName.Text = x.ContactName
                txt_ContactTitle.Text = x.ContactTitle
                txt_Address.Text = x.Address
                txt_City.Text = x.City
                txt_Region.Text = x.Region
                txt_PostalCode.Text = x.PostalCode
                txt_Country.Text = x.Country
                txt_Phone.Text = x.Phone
                txt_Fax.Text = x.Fax
                txt_HomePage.Text = x.HomePage
            Else
                MsgBox("Proveedor no encontrado!", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
            End If
        End If
    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)
    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
```

0 referencias

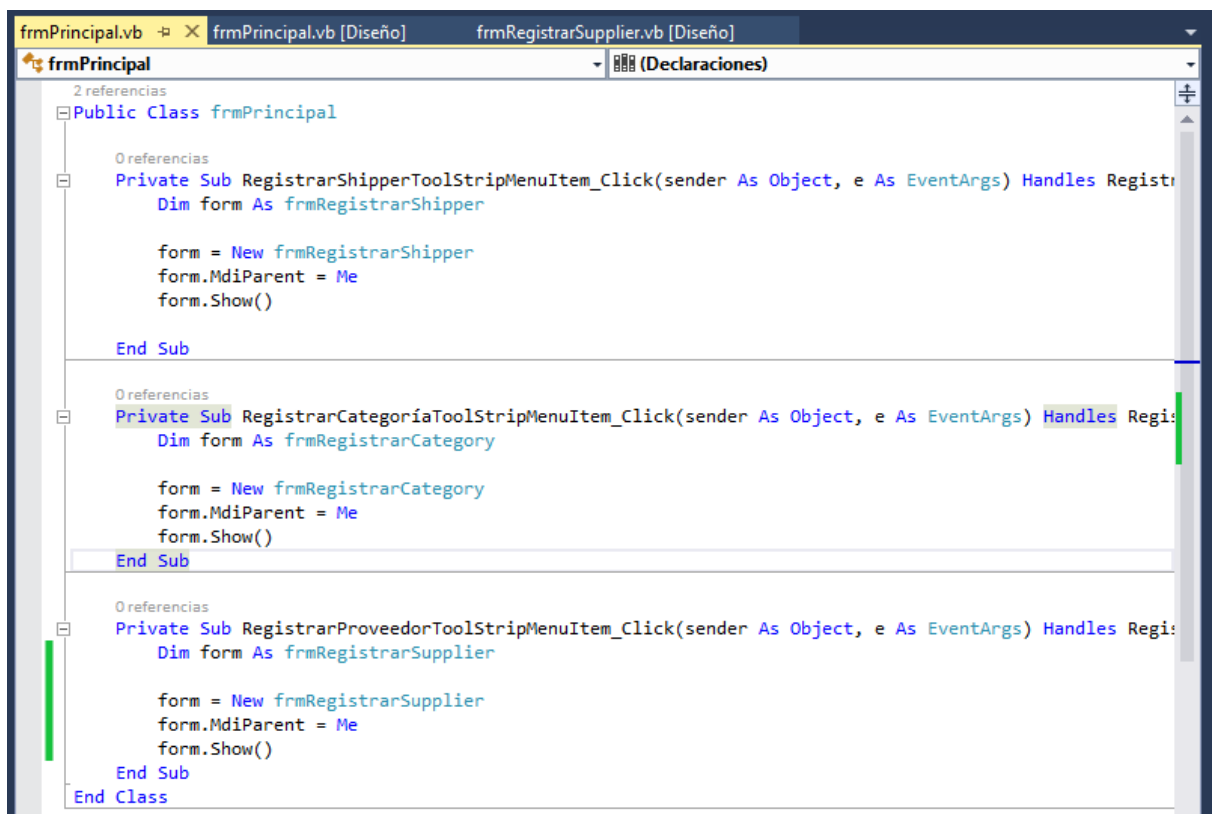
```
Private Sub cb_Eliminar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Eliminar.Click
    Dim n As nSupplier
    Dim x As eSupplier

    Try
        If txt_SupplierID.Text <> "" Then
            n = New nSupplier
            x = New eSupplier
            x.SupplierID = CInt(txt_SupplierID.Text)
            n.Eliminar(x)
        End If
        MsgBox("Se eliminó correctamente", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)
    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
End Class
```

Agregamos una opción al menú principal:



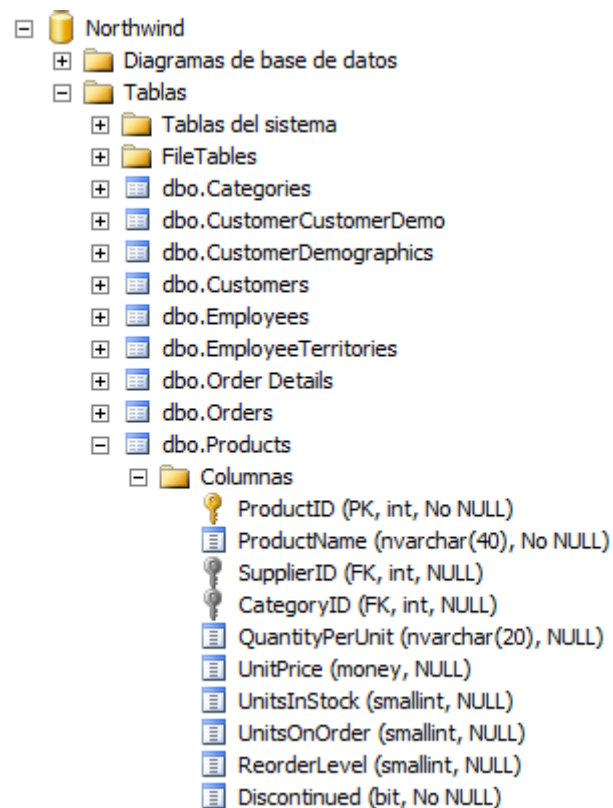
Y añadimos el siguiente código:



5.4 REGISTRAR PRODUCTO (PRODUCTS)

5.4.1 Crear Procedimientos almacenados de Inserción, Actualización y Eliminación

La tabla "Products" tiene la siguiente estructura:



Procedimiento almacenado para inserción:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - B4\M....Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Products_Insertar](
    @xProductID int out,
    @xProductName nvarchar(40),
    @xSupplierID int,
    @xCategoryID int,
    @xQuantityPerUnit nvarchar(20),
    @xUnitPrice money,
    @xUnitsInStock smallint,
    @xUnitsOnOrder smallint,
    @xReorderlevel smallint,
    @xDiscontinued bit
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET NOCOUNT ON;

    INSERT INTO Products(ProductName, SupplierID, CategoryID, QuantityPerUnit,
        UnitPrice, UnitsInStock, UnitsOnOrder, Reorderlevel, Discontinued)
    VALUES (@xProductName, @xSupplierID, @xCategoryID, @xQuantityPerUnit,
        @xUnitPrice, @xUnitsInStock, @xUnitsOnOrder, @xReorderlevel, @xDiscontinued);

    SET @xProductID = @@IDENTITY;
END
```

Procedimiento almacenado para actualización:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - B4\M....Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Products_Actualizar](
    @xProductID int,
    @xProductName nvarchar(40),
    @xSupplierID int,
    @xCategoryID int,
    @xQuantityPerUnit nvarchar(20),
    @xUnitPrice money,
    @xUnitsInStock smallint,
    @xUnitsOnOrder smallint,
    @xReorderlevel smallint,
    @xDiscontinued bit
)
AS
BEGIN
    UPDATE Products SET
        ProductName = @xProductName, SupplierID = @xSupplierID, CategoryID = @xCategoryID,
        QuantityPerUnit = @xQuantityPerUnit, @xUnitPrice = UnitPrice,
        UnitsInStock = @xUnitsInStock, UnitsOnOrder = @xUnitsOnOrder,
        Reorderlevel = @xReorderlevel, Discontinued = @xDiscontinued
    WHERE ProductID = @xProductID
END
```

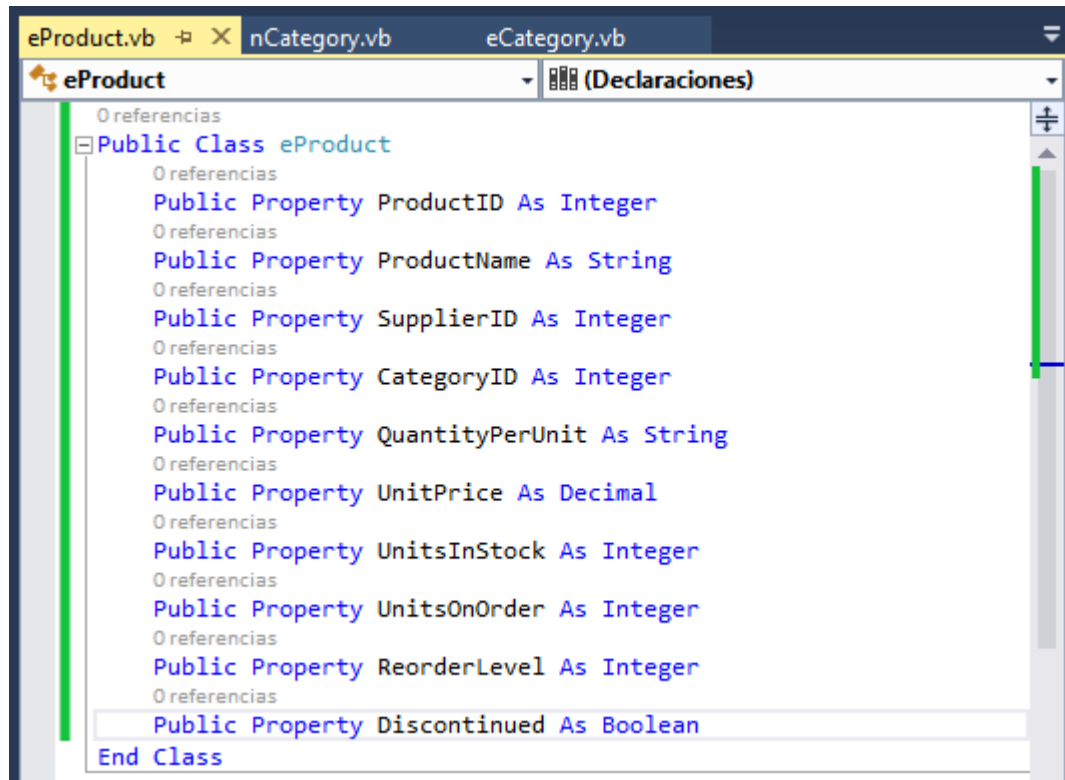
Procedimiento almacenado de eliminación:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - B4\M....Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Products_Eliminar](
    @xProductID int
)
AS
BEGIN
    DELETE FROM Products
    WHERE ProductID = @xProductID
END
```

parámetro @xProductID int

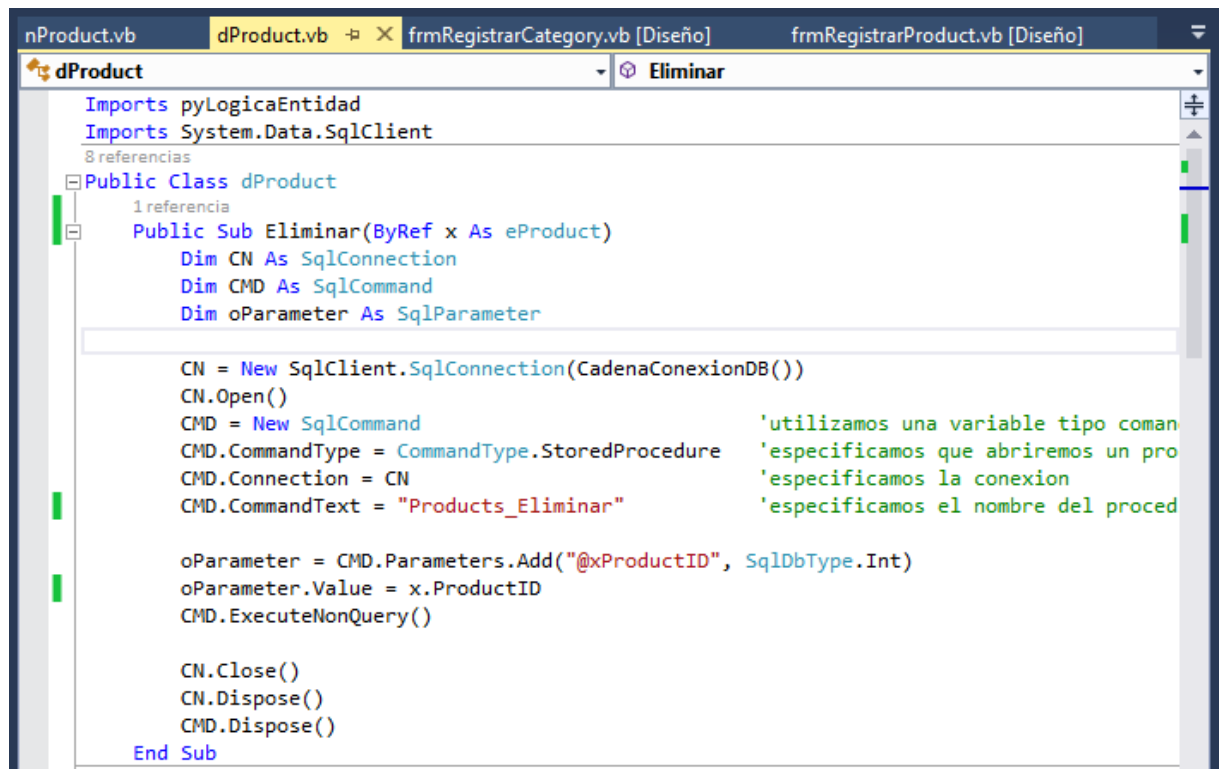
```
SQLQuery1.sql - Wl...Northwind (sa (53))* X
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[Products_Buscar](
    @xProductID int out,
    @xProductName nvarchar(40),
    @xSupplierID int out,
    @xCategoryID int out,
    @xQuantityPerUnit nvarchar(20) out,
    @xUnitPrice money out,
    @xUnitsInStock smallint out,
    @xUnitsOnOrder smallint out,
    @xReorderlevel smallint out,
    @xDiscontinued bit out
)
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT @xProductID = ProductID, @xSupplierID = SupplierID,
        @xCategoryID = CategoryID, @xQuantityPerUnit = QuantityPerUnit,
        @xUnitPrice = UnitPrice, @xUnitsInStock = UnitsInStock,
        @xUnitsOnOrder = UnitsOnOrder, @xReorderlevel = ReorderLevel,
        @xDiscontinued = Discontinued
    FROM Products
    WHERE ProductName = @xProductName
END
```

5.4.2 Crear Clase Entidad



```
eProduct.vb nCategory.vb eCategory.vb
eProduct (Declaraciones)
0 referencias
Public Class eProduct
    0 referencias
    Public Property ProductID As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property ProductName As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property SupplierID As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property CategoryID As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property QuantityPerUnit As String
    0 referencias
    Public Property UnitPrice As Decimal
    0 referencias
    Public Property UnitsInStock As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property UnitsOnOrder As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property ReorderLevel As Integer
    0 referencias
    Public Property Discontinued As Boolean
End Class
```

5.4.3 Crear clase de acceso a datos



```
nProduct.vb dProduct.vb frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño]
dProduct Eliminar
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
Imports System.Data.SqlClient
8 referencias
Public Class dProduct
    1 referencia
    Public Sub Eliminar(ByRef x As eProduct)
        Dim CN As SqlConnection
        Dim CMD As SqlCommand
        Dim oParameter As SqlParameter

        CN = New SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
        CN.Open()
        CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo coman
        CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'especificamos que abriremos un pro
        CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
        CMD.CommandText = "Products_Eliminar" 'especificamos el nombre del proced

        oParameter = CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductID", SqlDbType.Int)
        oParameter.Value = x.ProductID
        CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()

        CN.Close()
        CN.Dispose()
        CMD.Dispose()
    End Sub
```

```
dProduct.vb x frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb <<
dProduct Eliminar

0 referencias
Public Sub Insertar(ByRef x As eProduct)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder al procedimiento
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento a traves de la conexion
    CMD.CommandText = "Products_Insertar" 'especificamos la conexion
    'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductID", SqlDbType.Int).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40).Value = x.ProductName
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.SupplierID
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.CategoryID
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xQuantityPerUnit", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 20).Value = x.QuantityPerUnit
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitPrice", SqlDbType.Money).Value = x.UnitPrice
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitsInStock", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Value = x.UnitsInStock
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitsOnOrder", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Value = x.UnitsOnOrder
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xReorderLevel", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Value = x.ReorderLevel
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xDiscontinued", SqlDbType.Bit).Value = x.Discontinued
    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    x.CategoryID = CMD.Parameters(0).Value

    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```

```
dProduct.vb x frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb <<
dProduct Actualizar

0 referencias
Public Sub Actualizar(ByRef x As eProduct)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder al procedimiento
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento a traves de la conexion
    CMD.CommandText = "Products_Actualizar" 'especificamos la conexion
    'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.ProductID
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40).Value = x.ProductName
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.SupplierID
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int).Value = x.CategoryID
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xQuantityPerUnit", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 20).Value = x.QuantityPerUnit
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitPrice", SqlDbType.Money).Value = x.UnitPrice
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitsInStock", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Value = x.UnitsInStock
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitsOnOrder", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Value = x.UnitsOnOrder
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xReorderLevel", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Value = x.ReorderLevel
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xDiscontinued", SqlDbType.Bit).Value = x.Discontinued

    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
```

```
dProduct.vb x frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño]
dProduct
Listar

0 referencias
Public Function Listar() As List(Of eProduct)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand
    Dim rtn As List(Of eProduct)
    Dim Reg As SqlDataReader
    Dim x As eProduct

    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.Text 'especificamos que usaremos una consulta
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
    CMD.CommandText = "Select ProductID, ProductName from Products Order By ProductName"
    Reg = CMD.ExecuteReader(CommandBehavior.CloseConnection)
    rtn = New List(Of eProduct)
    While (Reg.Read())
        x = New eProduct()
        x.ProductID = Reg.GetInt32(0)
        x.ProductName = Reg.GetString(1)
        rtn.Add(x)
    End While

    Reg.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
    Return (rtn)
End Function
```

```
dProduct.vb x frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb frmRegistrarSupplier.vb [Diseño]
dProduct
Buscar

0 referencias
Public Sub Buscar(ByRef x As eProduct)
    Dim CN As SqlConnection
    Dim CMD As SqlCommand

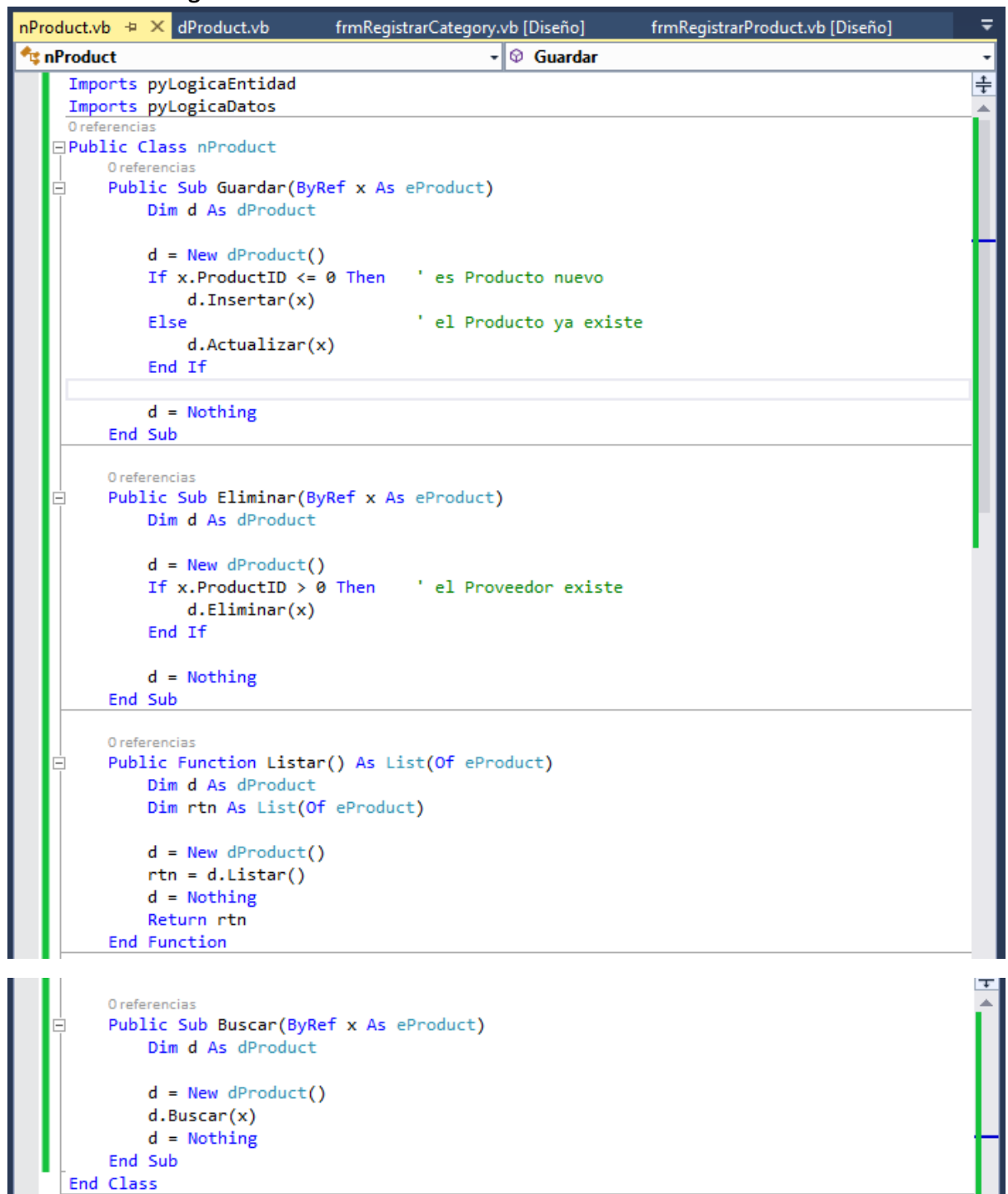
    CN = New SqlClient.SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
    CN.Open()
    CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a los procedimientos alma
    CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'especificamos que abriremos un procedimiento almacenado
    CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
    CMD.CommandText = "Products_Buscar" 'especificamos el nombre del procedimiento

    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductID", SqlDbType.Int).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xProductName", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 40).Value = x.ProductName
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xSupplierID", SqlDbType.Int).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xCategoryID", SqlDbType.Int).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xQuantityPerUnit", SqlDbType.NVarChar, 20).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitPrice", SqlDbType.Money).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitsInStock", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xUnitsOnOrder", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xReorderLevel", SqlDbType.SmallInt).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output
    CMD.Parameters.Add("@xDiscontinued", SqlDbType.Bit).Direction = ParameterDirection.Output

    CMD.ExecuteNonQuery()
    x.ProductID = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xProductID").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xProductID").Value)
    x.SupplierID = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xSupplierID").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xSupplierID").Value)
    x.CategoryID = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xCategoryID").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xCategoryID").Value)
    x.QuantityPerUnit = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xQuantityPerUnit").Value), "", CMD.Parameters("@xQuantityPerUnit").Value)
    x.UnitPrice = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xUnitPrice").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xUnitPrice").Value)
    x.UnitsInStock = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xUnitsInStock").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xUnitsInStock").Value)
    x.UnitsOnOrder = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xUnitsOnOrder").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xUnitsOnOrder").Value)
    x.ReorderLevel = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xReorderLevel").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xReorderLevel").Value)
    x.Discontinued = IIf(IsDBNull(CMD.Parameters("@xDiscontinued").Value), -1, CMD.Parameters("@xDiscontinued").Value)

    CN.Close()
    CN.Dispose()
    CMD.Dispose()
End Sub
End Class
```

5.4.4 Crear clase de negocio



```
nProduct.vb dProduct.vb frmRegistrarCategory.vb [Diseño] frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño]
nProduct Guardar

Imports pyLogicaEntidad
Imports pyLogicaDatos

Referencias
Public Class nProduct
    Referencias
    Public Sub Guardar(ByRef x As eProduct)
        Dim d As dProduct

        d = New dProduct()
        If x.ProductID <= 0 Then ' es Producto nuevo
            d.Insertar(x)
        Else ' el Producto ya existe
            d.Actualizar(x)
        End If

        d = Nothing
    End Sub

    Referencias
    Public Sub Eliminar(ByRef x As eProduct)
        Dim d As dProduct

        d = New dProduct()
        If x.ProductID > 0 Then ' el Proveedor existe
            d.Eliminar(x)
        End If

        d = Nothing
    End Sub

    Referencias
    Public Function Listar() As List(Of eProduct)
        Dim d As dProduct
        Dim rtn As List(Of eProduct)

        d = New dProduct()
        rtn = d.Listar()
        d = Nothing
        Return rtn
    End Function

    Referencias
    Public Sub Buscar(ByRef x As eProduct)
        Dim d As dProduct

        d = New dProduct()
        d.Buscar(x)
        d = Nothing
    End Sub
End Class
```


5.4.5 Crear formulario de presentación

The screenshot shows a Windows Forms application titled "Registrar Producto". The form is designed with a light blue border and standard Windows window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The form contains the following controls:

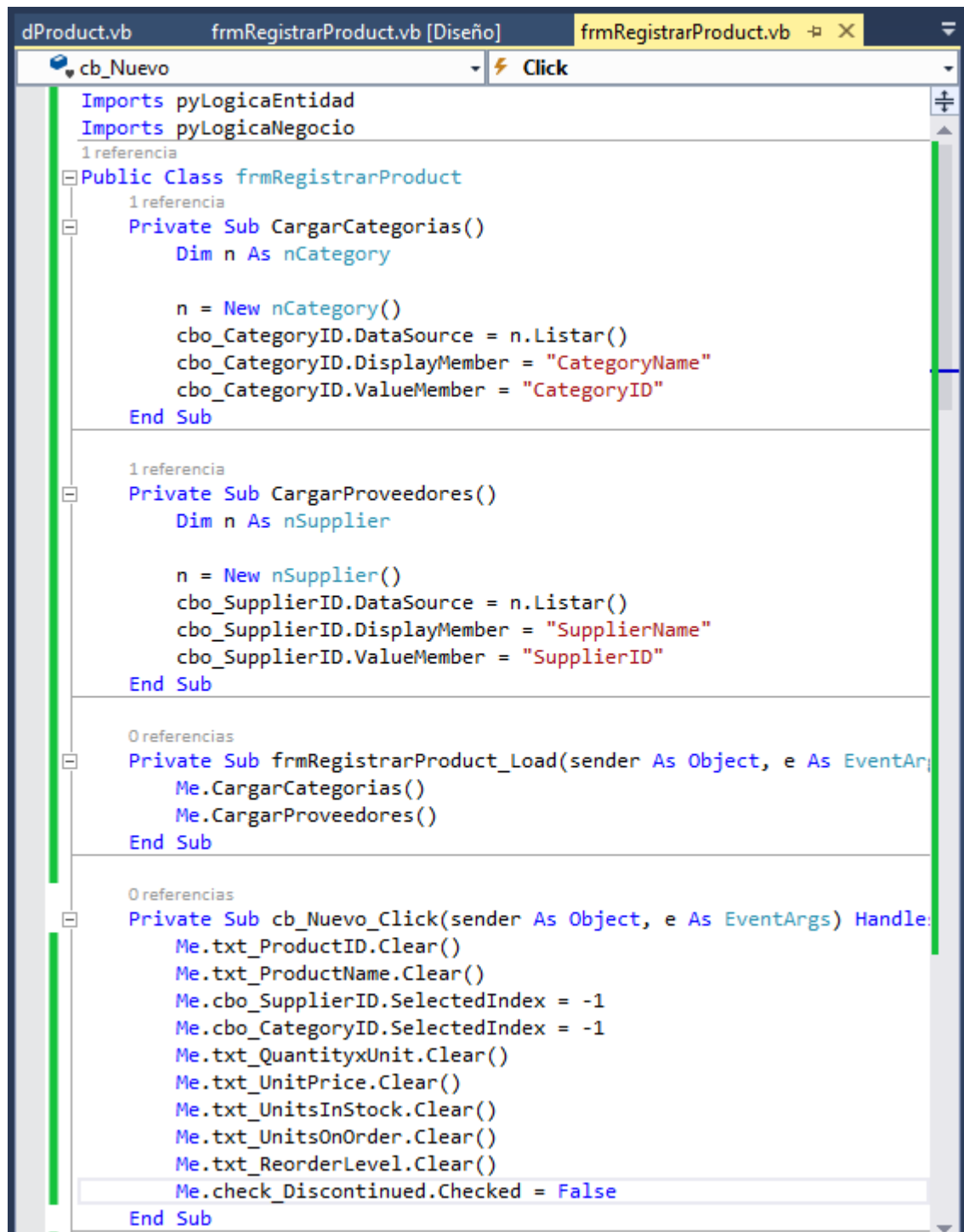
- ID Producto:** A text box.
- Product Name:** A text box.
- Supplier:** A dropdown menu.
- Categoria:** A dropdown menu.
- Quantity x Unit:** A text box.
- Unit Price:** A text box.
- Units in Stock:** A text box.
- Units On Order:** A text box.
- Reorder Level:** A text box.
- Discontinued:** A checkbox.
- Buttons:** Four buttons at the bottom: "Nuevo", "Guardar", "Buscar", and "Eliminar".

Los nombres de los controles de arriba hacia abajo son: txt_ProductID, txt_ProductName, cbo_SupplierID, cbo_ProductID, txt_QuantityxUnit, txt_UnitPrice, txt_UnitsInStock, txt_UnitsOnOrder, txt_ReorderLevel, check_Discontinued, cb_Nuevo, cb_Guardar, cb_Buscar, cb_Eliminar.

Se han modificado los valores predeterminados de las siguientes propiedades:

Control	Propiedad	Nuevo Valor
txt_ProductID	Enabled	False
cbo_SupplierID	DropDownStyle	DropDownList
cbo_CategoryID	DropDownStyle	DropDownList
check_Discontinued	Text	"Discontinued"

El código del formulario es como sigue:



```
dProduct.vb    frmRegistrarProduct.vb [Diseño]    frmRegistrarProduct.vb X
cb_Nuevo Click
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
Imports pyLogicaNegocio
1 referencia
Public Class frmRegistrarProduct
1 referencia
    Private Sub CargarCategorias()
        Dim n As nCategory

        n = New nCategory()
        cbo_CategoryID.DataSource = n.Listar()
        cbo_CategoryID.DisplayMember = "CategoryName"
        cbo_CategoryID.ValueMember = "CategoryID"
    End Sub

    1 referencia
    Private Sub CargarProveedores()
        Dim n As nSupplier

        n = New nSupplier()
        cbo_SupplierID.DataSource = n.Listar()
        cbo_SupplierID.DisplayMember = "SupplierName"
        cbo_SupplierID.ValueMember = "SupplierID"
    End Sub

    0 referencias
    Private Sub frmRegistrarProduct_Load(sender As Object, e As EventArgs)
        Me.CargarCategorias()
        Me.CargarProveedores()
    End Sub

    0 referencias
    Private Sub cb_Nuevo_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles Click
        Me.txt_ProductID.Clear()
        Me.txt_ProductName.Clear()
        Me.cbo_SupplierID.SelectedIndex = -1
        Me.cbo_CategoryID.SelectedIndex = -1
        Me.txt_QuantityxUnit.Clear()
        Me.txt_UnitPrice.Clear()
        Me.txt_UnitsInStock.Clear()
        Me.txt_UnitsOnOrder.Clear()
        Me.txt_ReorderLevel.Clear()
        Me.check_Discontinued.Checked = False
    End Sub
```

0 referencias

```
Private Sub cb_Guardar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Guardar.Click
    Dim n As nProduct
    Dim x As eProduct

    Try
        n = New nProduct()
        x = New eProduct()
        x.ProductName = txt_ProductName.Text
        x.SupplierID = cbo_SupplierID.SelectedValue
        x.CategoryID = cbo_CategoryID.SelectedValue
        x.QuantityPerUnit = txt_QuantityxUnit.Text
        x.UnitPrice = CDb1(txt_UnitPrice.Text)
        x.UnitsInStock = CInt(txt_UnitsInStock.Text)
        x.UnitsOnOrder = txt_UnitsOnOrder.Text
        x.ReorderLevel = check_Discontinued.Checked

        If txt_ProductID.Text <> "" Then
            x.ProductID = CInt(txt_ProductID.Text)
        Else
            x.ProductID = -1
        End If
        n.Guardar(x)
        MsgBox("Se guardó correctamente", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
        txt_ProductID.Text = x.ProductID.ToString()

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)
    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
```

0 referencias

```
Private Sub cb_Buscar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Buscar.Click
    Dim n As nProduct
    Dim x As eProduct

    Try
        If txt_ProductName.Text <> "" Then
            n = New nProduct
            x = New eProduct
            x.ProductName = txt_ProductName.Text.Trim()
            n.Buscar(x)
            If x.SupplierID >= 1 Then
                MsgBox("Categoría encontrada", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
                txt_ProductName.Text = x.ProductName.ToString()
                cbo_SupplierID.SelectedValue = x.SupplierID
                cbo_CategoryID.SelectedValue = x.CategoryID
                txt_QuantityxUnit.Text = x.QuantityPerUnit
                txt_UnitPrice.Text = x.UnitPrice
                txt_UnitsInStock.Text = x.UnitsInStock
                txt_UnitsOnOrder.Text = x.UnitsOnOrder
                txt_ReorderLevel.Text = x.ReorderLevel
                check_Discontinued.Checked = x.Discontinued
            Else
                MsgBox("Producto no encontrado!", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)
            End If
        End If

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)
    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
```

0 referencias

```
Private Sub cb_Eliminar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Eliminar.Click
    Dim n As nProduct
    Dim x As eProduct

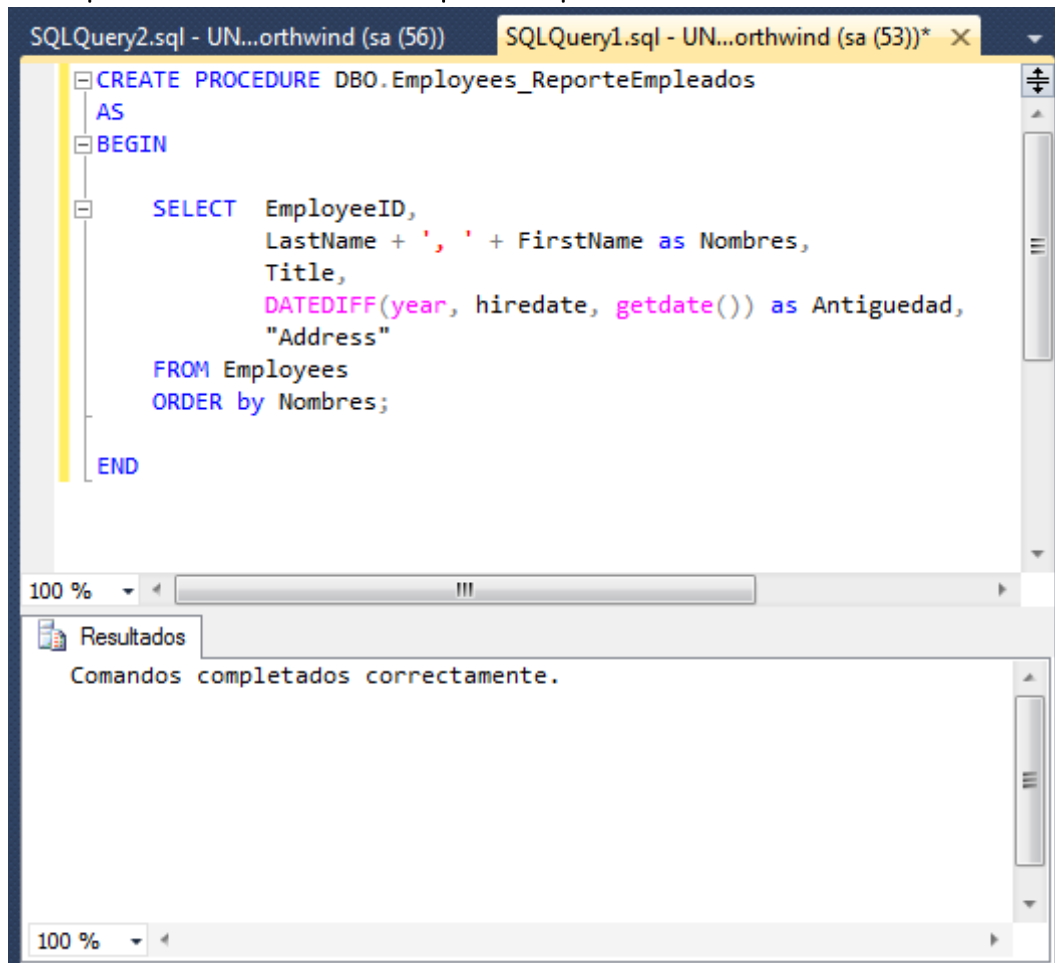
    Try
        If txt_ProductID.Text <> "" Then
            n = New nProduct
            x = New eProduct
            x.CategoryID = CInt(txt_ProductID.Text)
            n.Eliminar(x)
        End If
        MsgBox("Se eliminó correctamente", MsgBoxStyle.Information, Me.Text)

    Catch ex As Exception
        MsgBox("Error: " & ex.Message, MsgBoxStyle.Critical, Me.Text)

    Finally
        n = Nothing
        x = Nothing
    End Try
End Sub
End Class
```

5.5 REPORTE DE EMPLEADOS

5.5.1 Crear procedimiento almacenado para el reporte

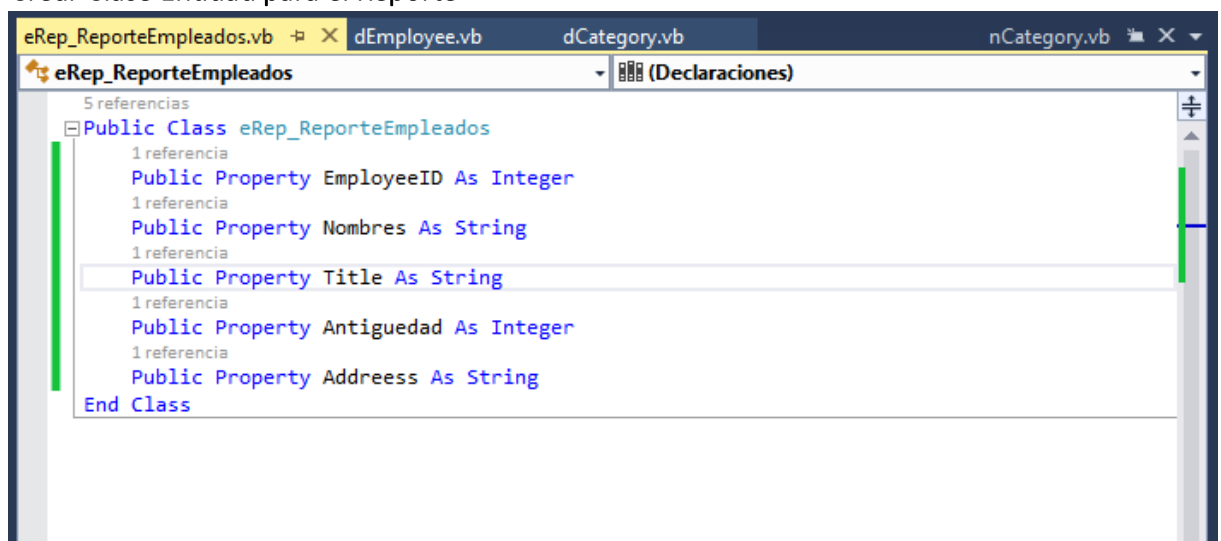


The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane displays the SQL code for creating a stored procedure named `DBO.Employees_ReporteEmpleados`. The code is as follows:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE DBO.Employees_ReporteEmpleados
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT EmployeeID,
           LastName + ', ' + FirstName as Nombres,
           Title,
           DATEDIFF(year, hiredate, getdate()) as Antigüedad,
           "Address"
    FROM Employees
    ORDER by Nombres;
END
```

The bottom pane, titled "Resultados", shows the message "Comandos completados correctamente." (Commands completed successfully.).

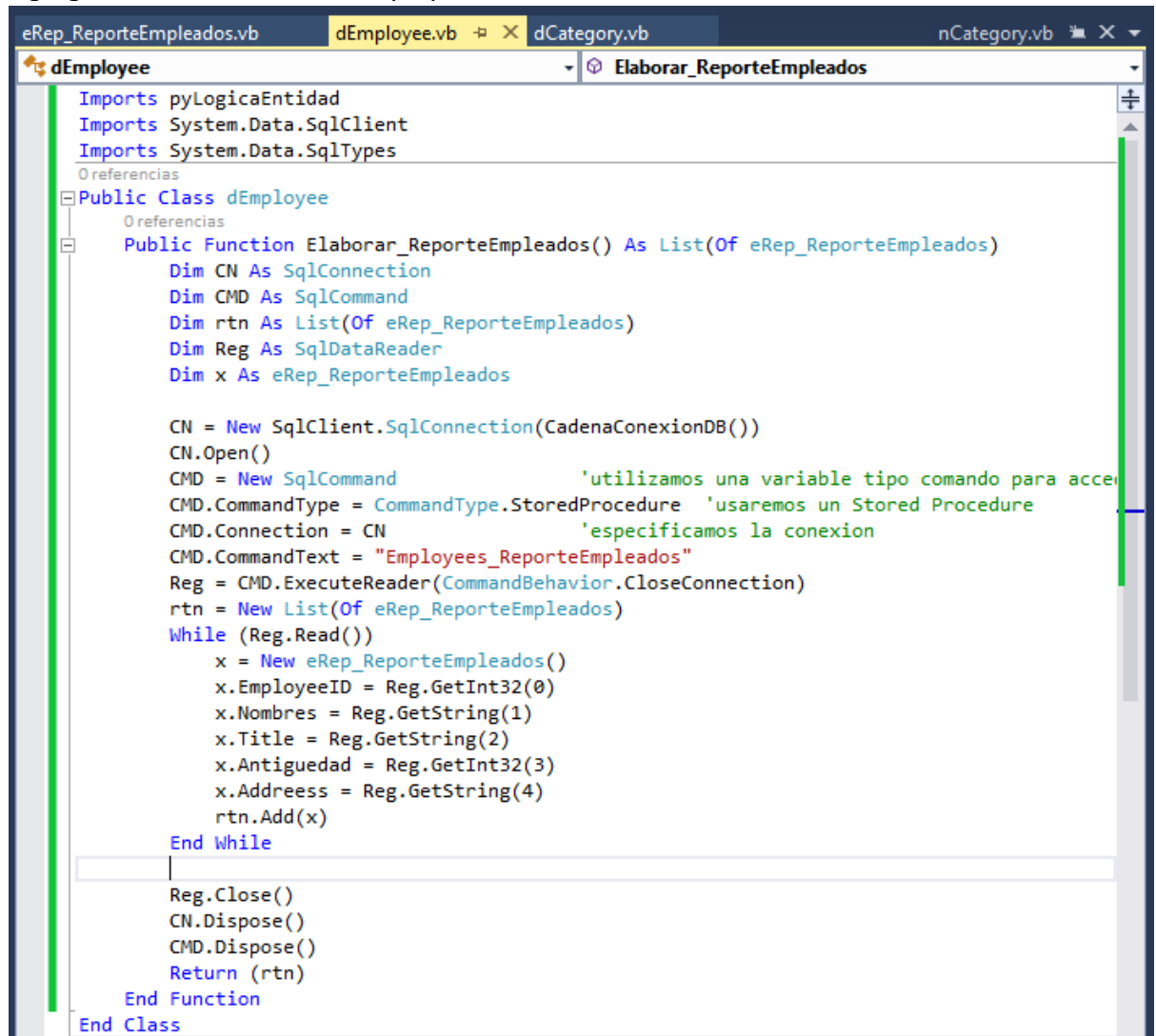
5.5.2 Crear Clase Entidad para el Reporte



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with the `eRep_ReporteEmpleados` class file open. The class is defined as follows:

```
Public Class eRep_ReporteEmpleados
    1 referencia
    Public Property EmployeeID As Integer
    1 referencia
    Public Property Nombres As String
    1 referencia
    Public Property Title As String
    1 referencia
    Public Property Antigüedad As Integer
    1 referencia
    Public Property Address As String
End Class
```

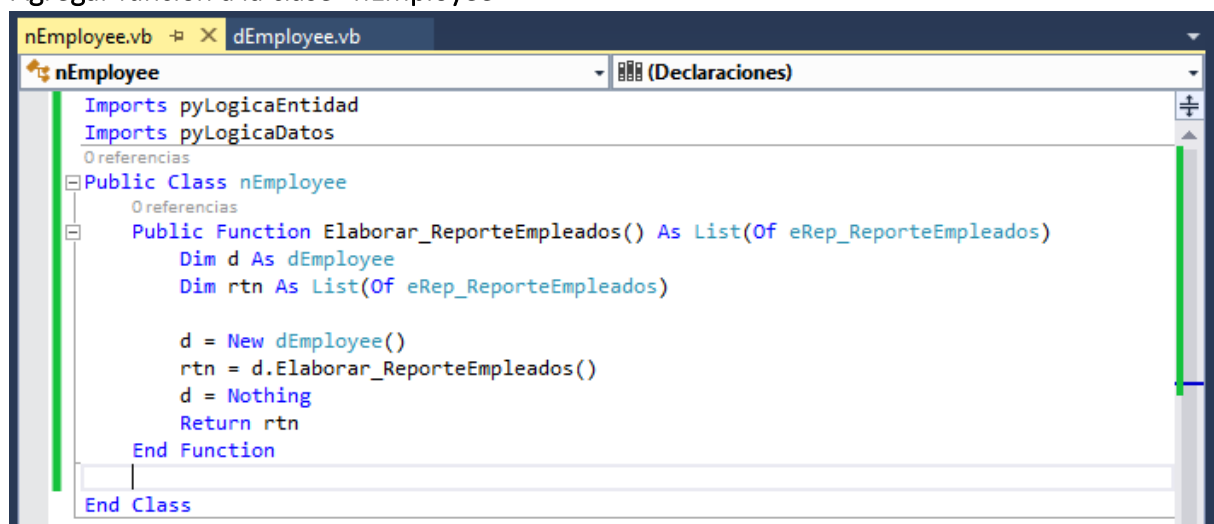
5.5.3 Agregar función a la clase “dEmployees”



```
eRep_ReporteEmpleados.vb dEmployee.vb dCategory.vb nCategory.vb
dEmployee Elaborar_ReporteEmpleados
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
Imports System.Data.SqlClient
Imports System.Data.SqlTypes
Referencias
Public Class dEmployee
    Referencias
    Public Function Elaborar_ReporteEmpleados() As List(Of eRep_ReporteEmpleados)
        Dim CN As SqlConnection
        Dim CMD As SqlCommand
        Dim rtn As List(Of eRep_ReporteEmpleados)
        Dim Reg As SqlDataReader
        Dim x As eRep_ReporteEmpleados

        CN = New SqlConnection(CadenaConexionDB())
        CN.Open()
        CMD = New SqlCommand 'utilizamos una variable tipo comando para acceder a la base de datos
        CMD.CommandType = CommandType.StoredProcedure 'usaremos un Stored Procedure
        CMD.Connection = CN 'especificamos la conexion
        CMD.CommandText = "Employees_ReporteEmpleados"
        Reg = CMD.ExecuteReader(CommandBehavior.CloseConnection)
        rtn = New List(Of eRep_ReporteEmpleados)
        While (Reg.Read())
            x = New eRep_ReporteEmpleados()
            x.EmployeeID = Reg.GetInt32(0)
            x.Nombres = Reg.GetString(1)
            x.Title = Reg.GetString(2)
            x.Antiguedad = Reg.GetInt32(3)
            x.Address = Reg.GetString(4)
            rtn.Add(x)
        End While
        Reg.Close()
        CN.Dispose()
        CMD.Dispose()
        Return (rtn)
    End Function
End Class
```

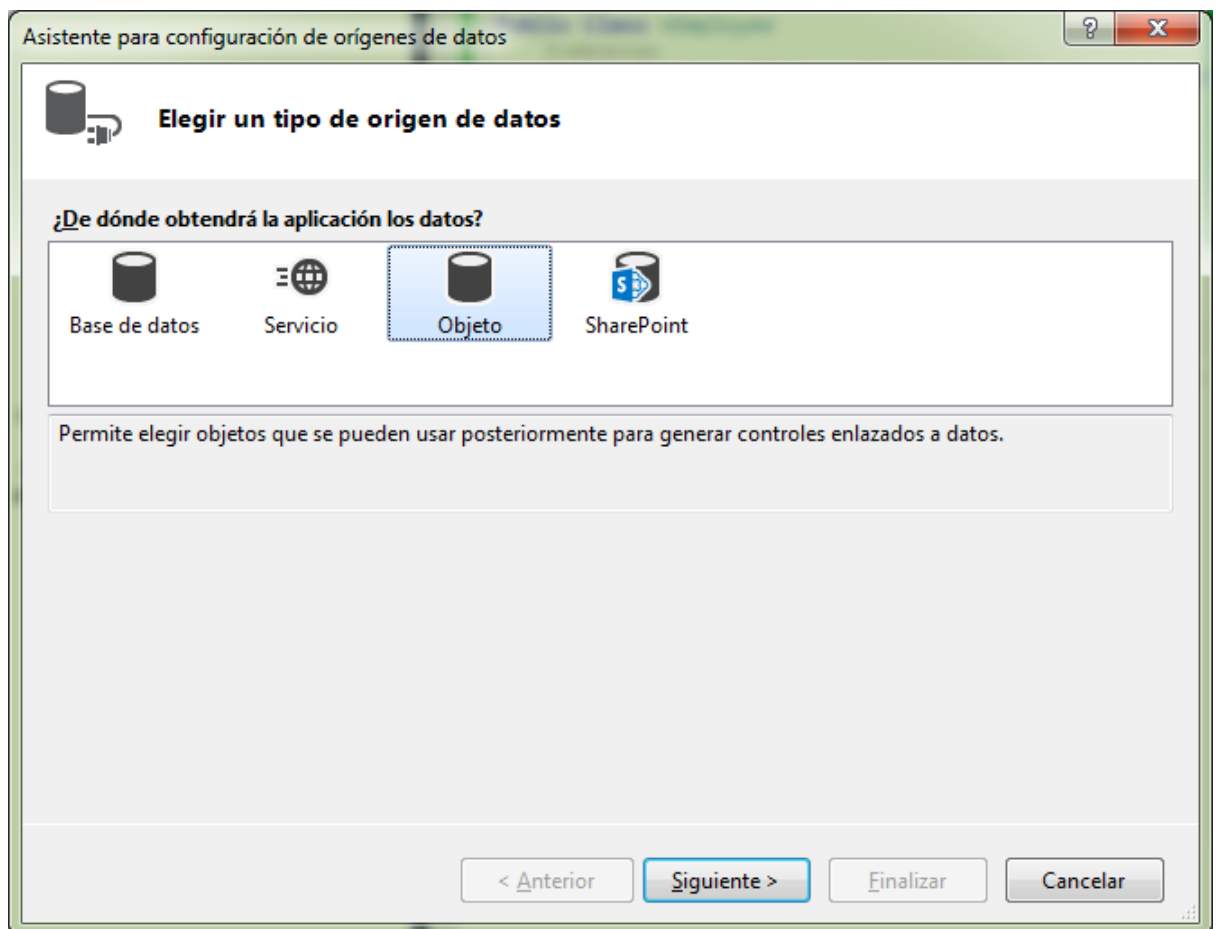
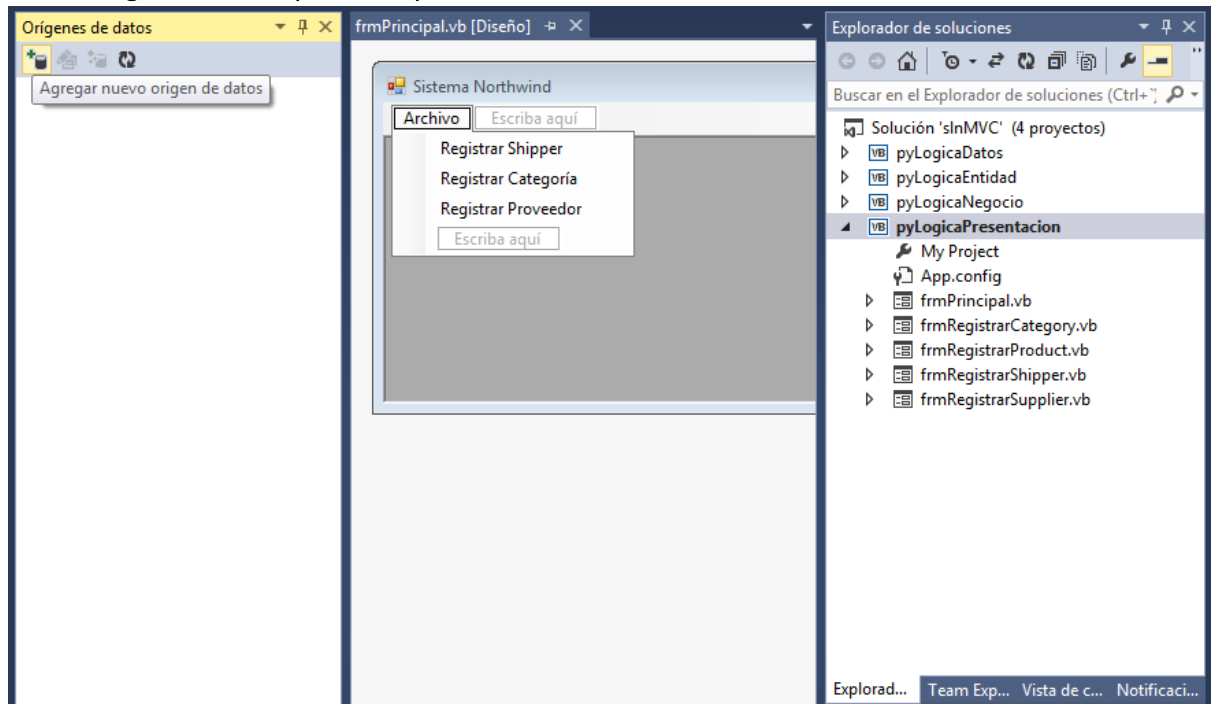
5.5.4 Agregar función a la clase “nEmployee”

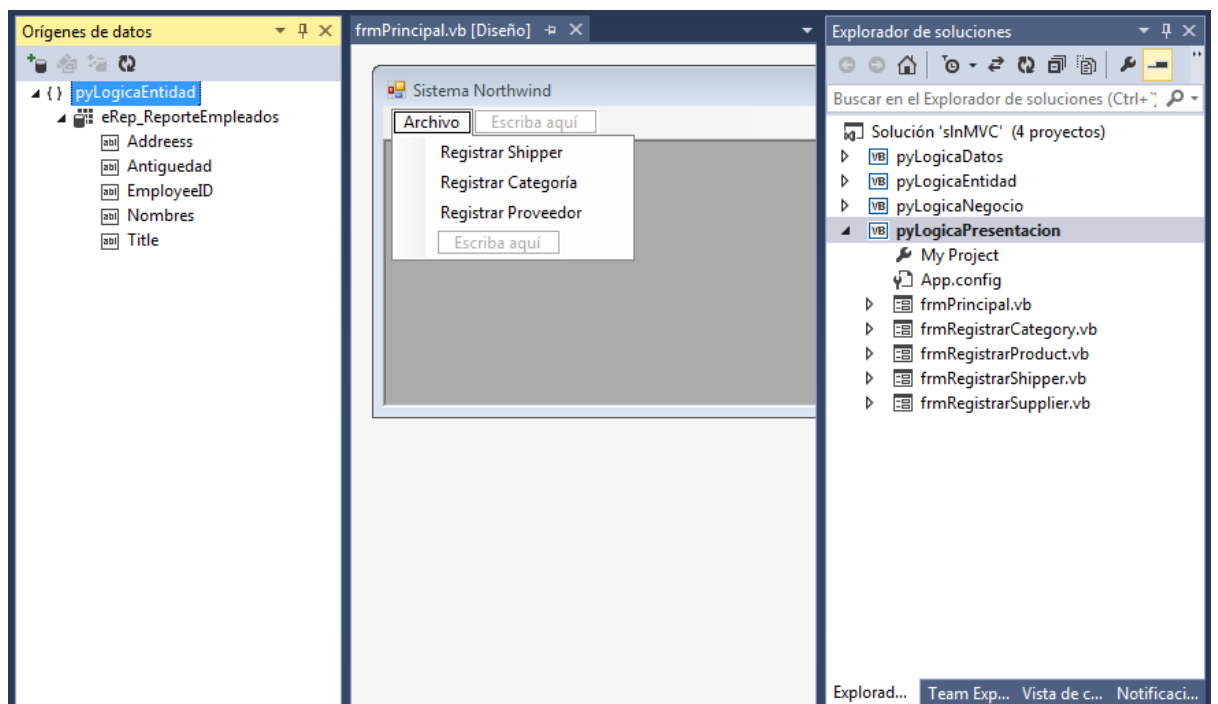
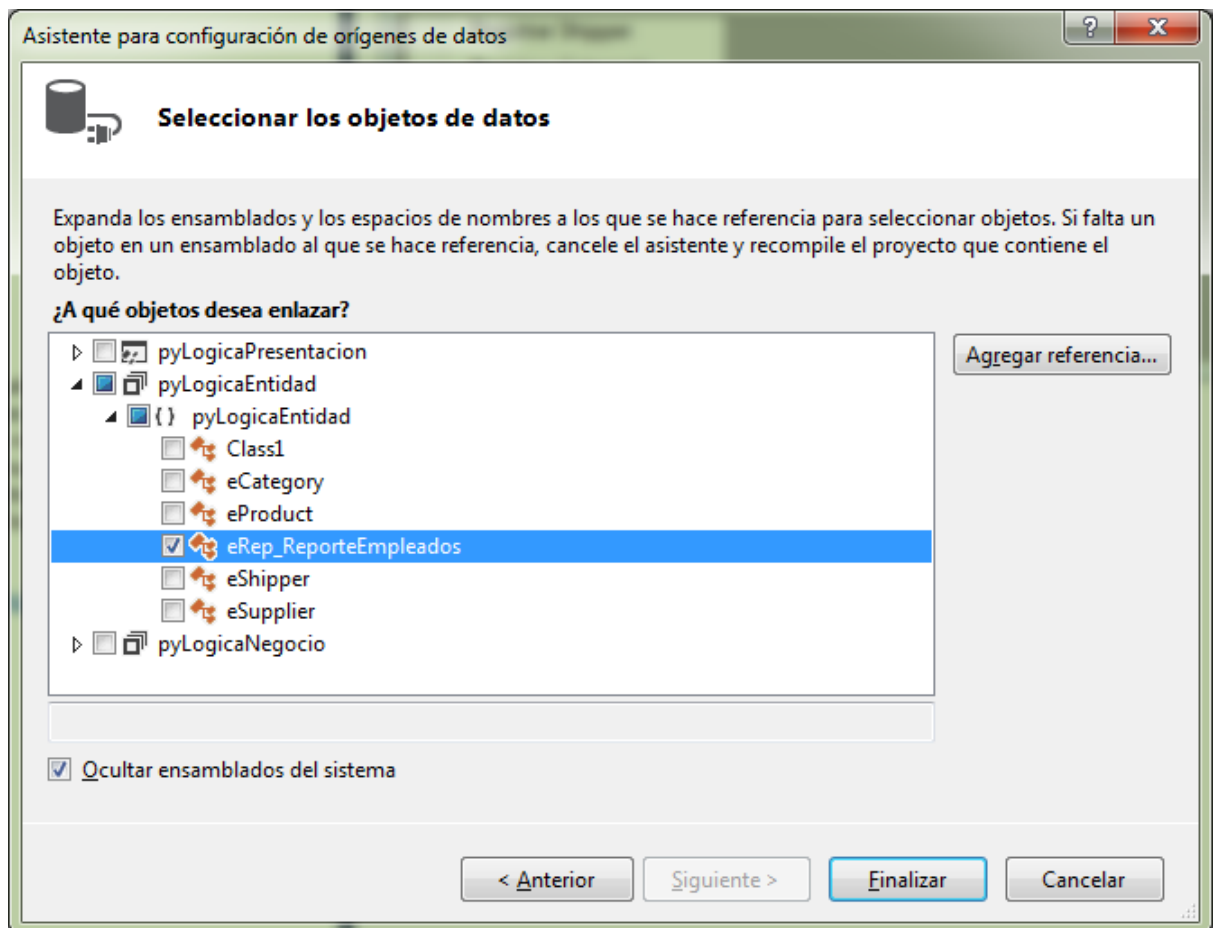


```
nEmployee.vb dEmployee.vb
nEmployee (Declaraciones)
Imports pyLogicaEntidad
Imports pyLogicaDatos
Referencias
Public Class nEmployee
    Referencias
    Public Function Elaborar_ReporteEmpleados() As List(Of eRep_ReporteEmpleados)
        Dim d As dEmployee
        Dim rtn As List(Of eRep_ReporteEmpleados)

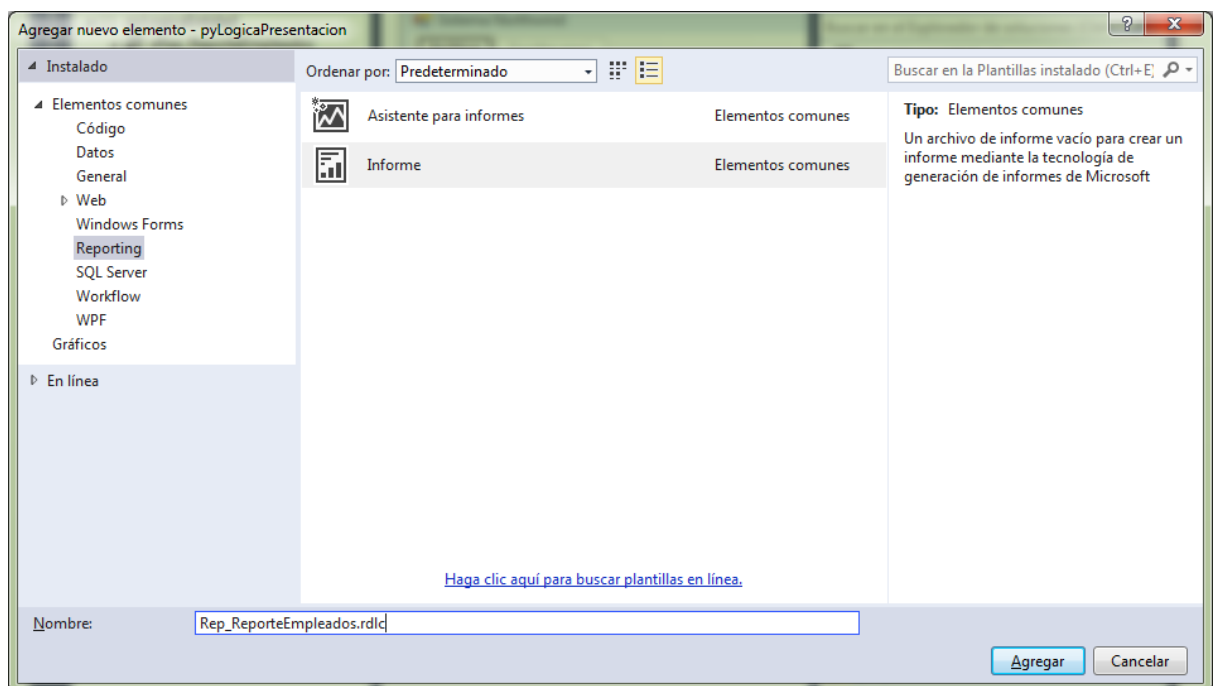
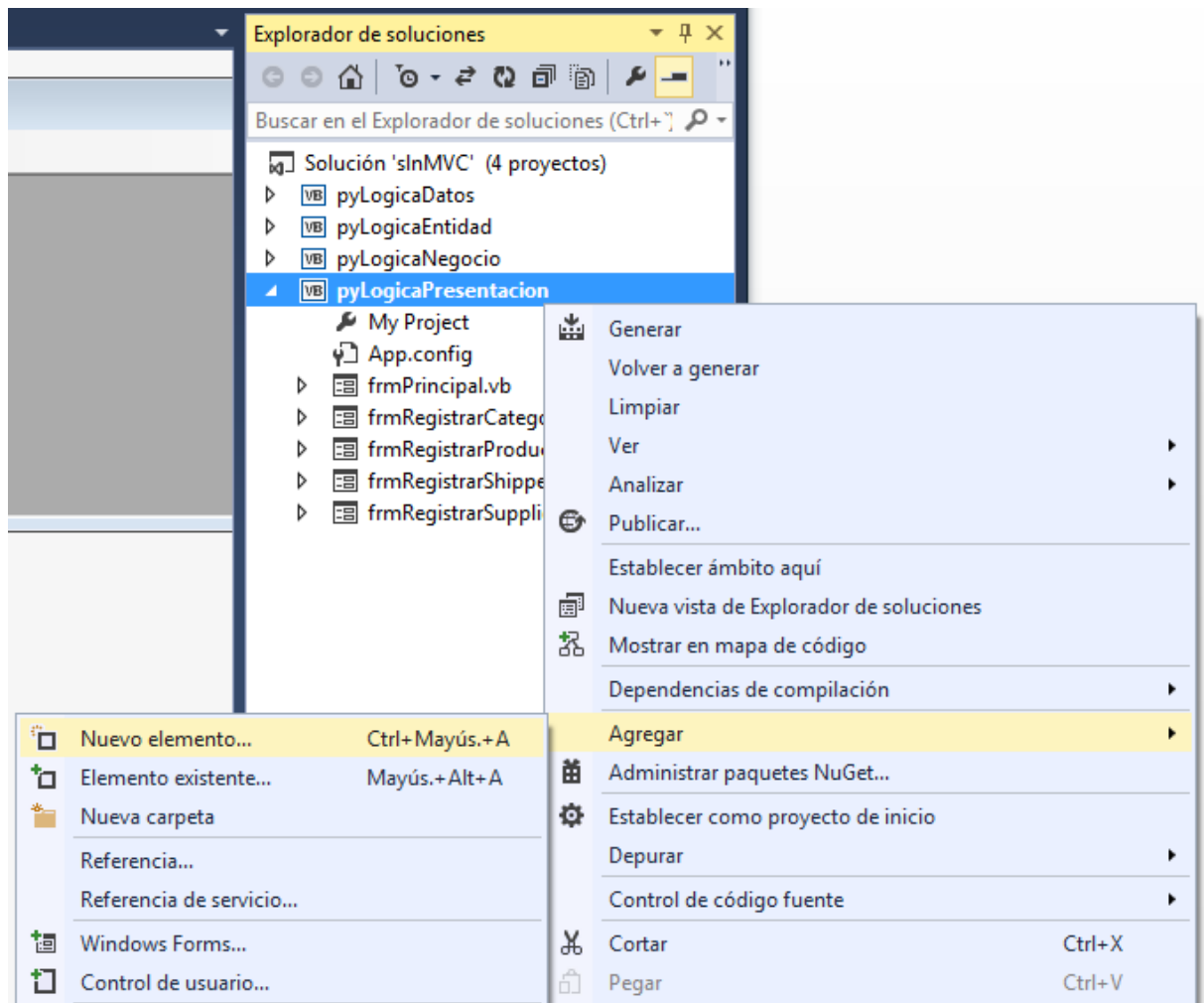
        d = New dEmployee()
        rtn = d.Elaborar_ReporteEmpleados()
        d = Nothing
        Return rtn
    End Function
End Class
```

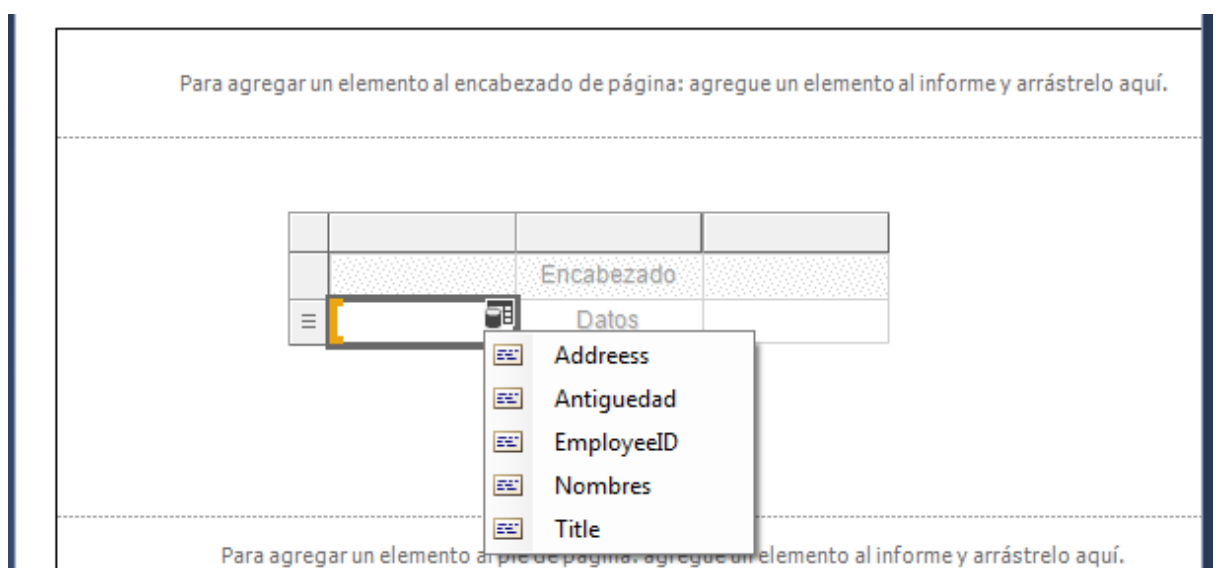
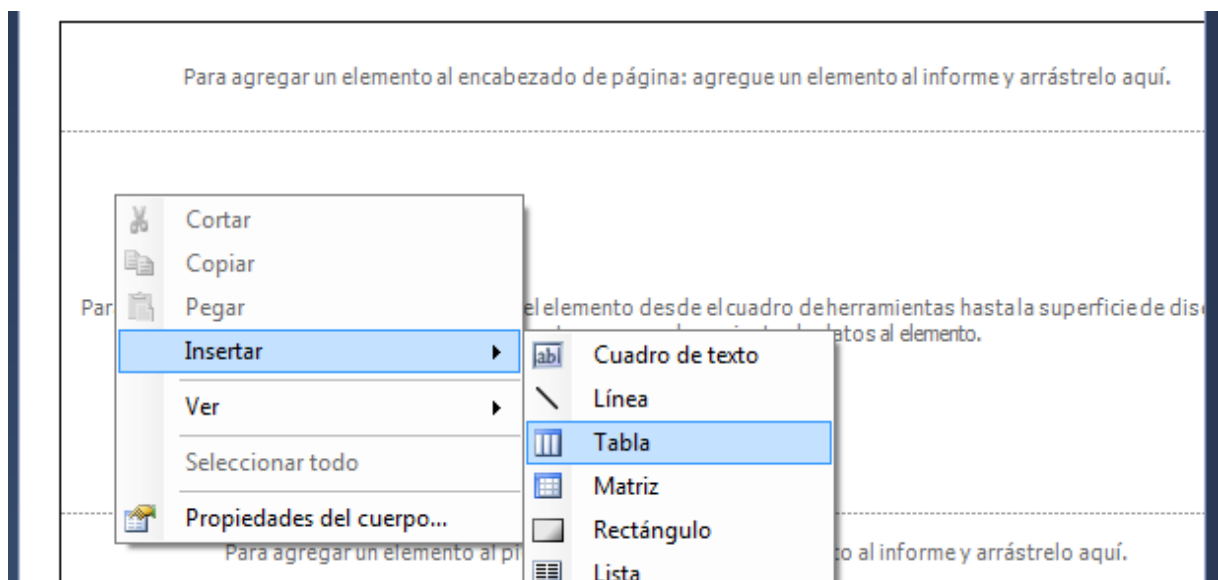
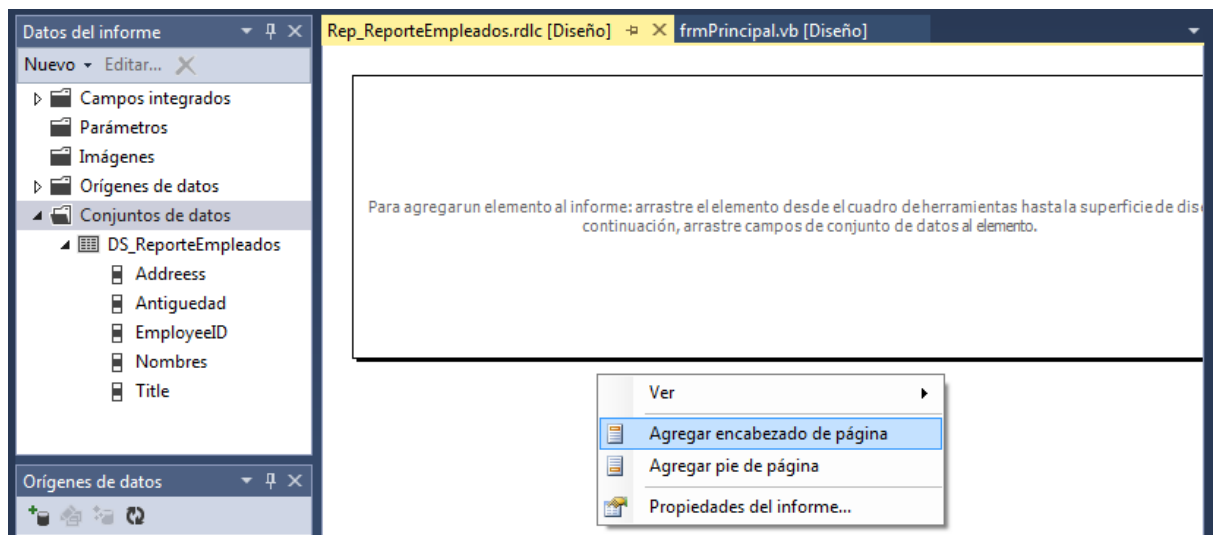
5.5.5 Crear Origen de datos para el reporte





5.5.6 Crear Informe





Para agregar un elemento al encabezado de página: agregue un elemento al informe y arrástrelo aquí.

	Employee ID	Encabezado	
☰	[EmployeeID]	Datos	

- Address
- Antigüedad
- EmployeeID
- Nombres**
- Title

Para agregar un elemento al pie de página: agregue un elemento al informe y arrástrelo aquí.

Reporte de Empleados

Employee ID	Nombres	Title	Antigüedad	Address
[EmployeeID]	[Nombres]	[Title]	[Antigüedad]	[Address]

Para agregar un elemento al pie de página: agregue un elemento al informe y arrástrelo aquí.

5.5.7 Crear Formulario para el reporte

Cuadro de herramientas

Búsqueda en el Cuadro de herr...

- ▶ Todos los formularios Windo...
- ▶ Controles comunes
- ▲ Contenedores
 - ☞ Puntero
 - FlowLayoutPanel
 - GroupBox
 - Panel
 - SplitContainer**
 - TabControl
 - TableLayout
- ▶ Menús y barras
- ▶ Datos
- ▶ Componentes
- ▶ Impresión
- ▶ Cuadros de diálogo
- ▶ Generación de informes
- ▶ Interoperabilidad WPF

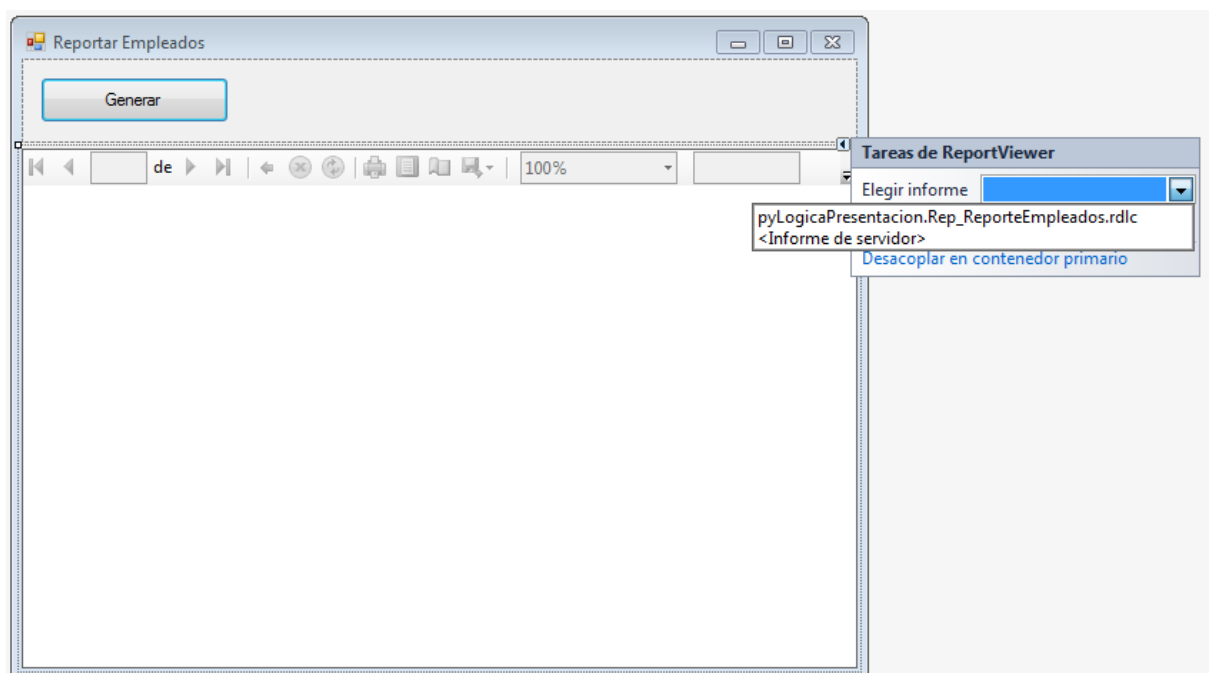
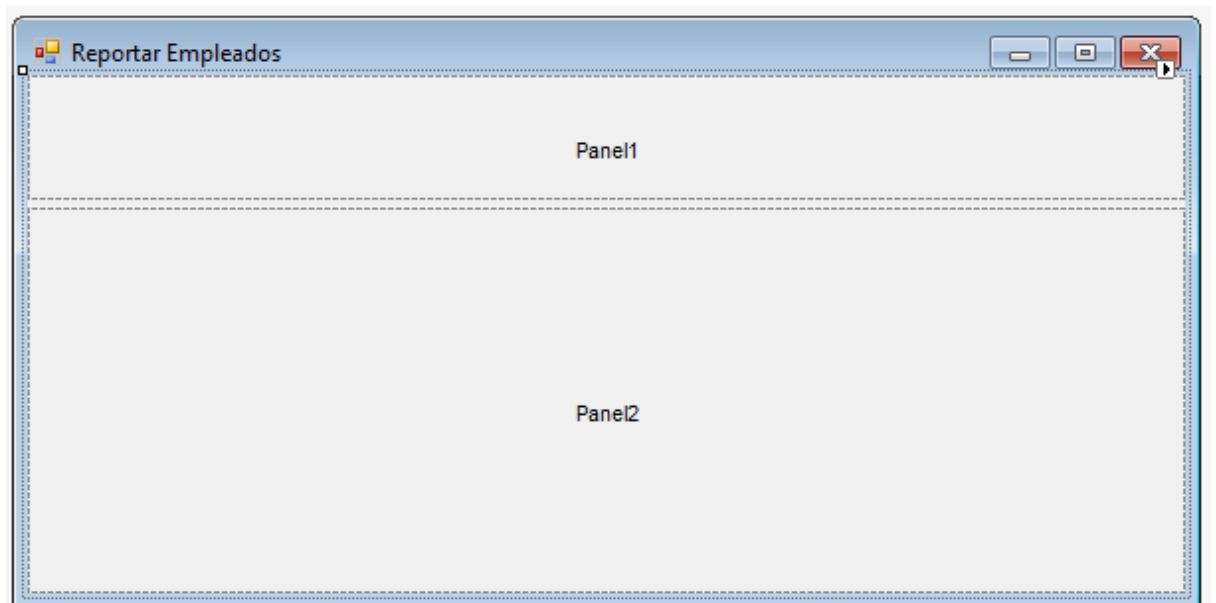
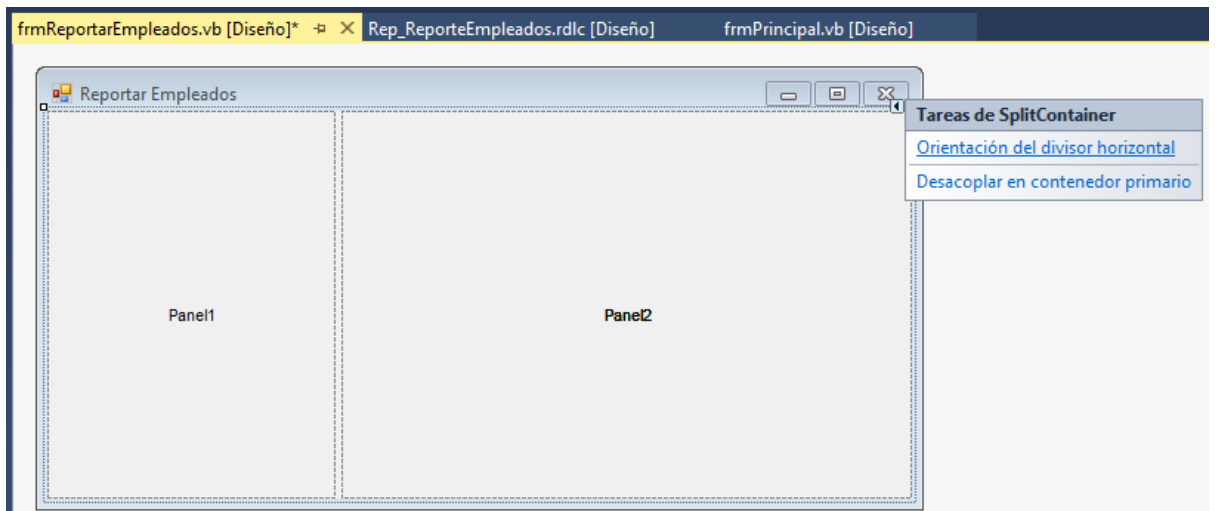
Explorador de s... Cuadro de herr...

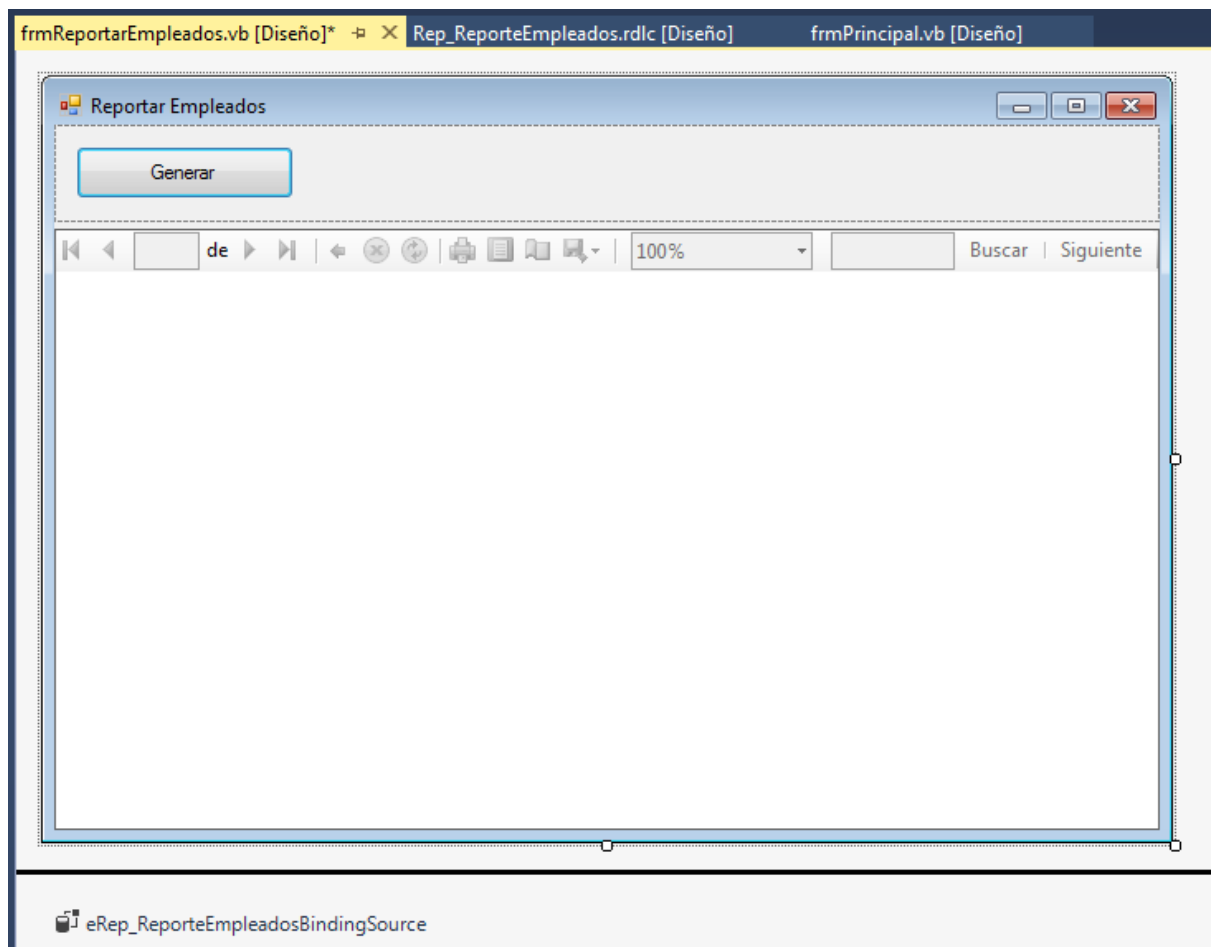
Orígenes de datos

- pyLogicaEntidad
 - eRep_ReporteEmpleados

Reportar Empleados

Divide el área de presentación de un contenedor en dos paneles redimensionables a los que se pueden agregar controles.





Código del Formulario:

```

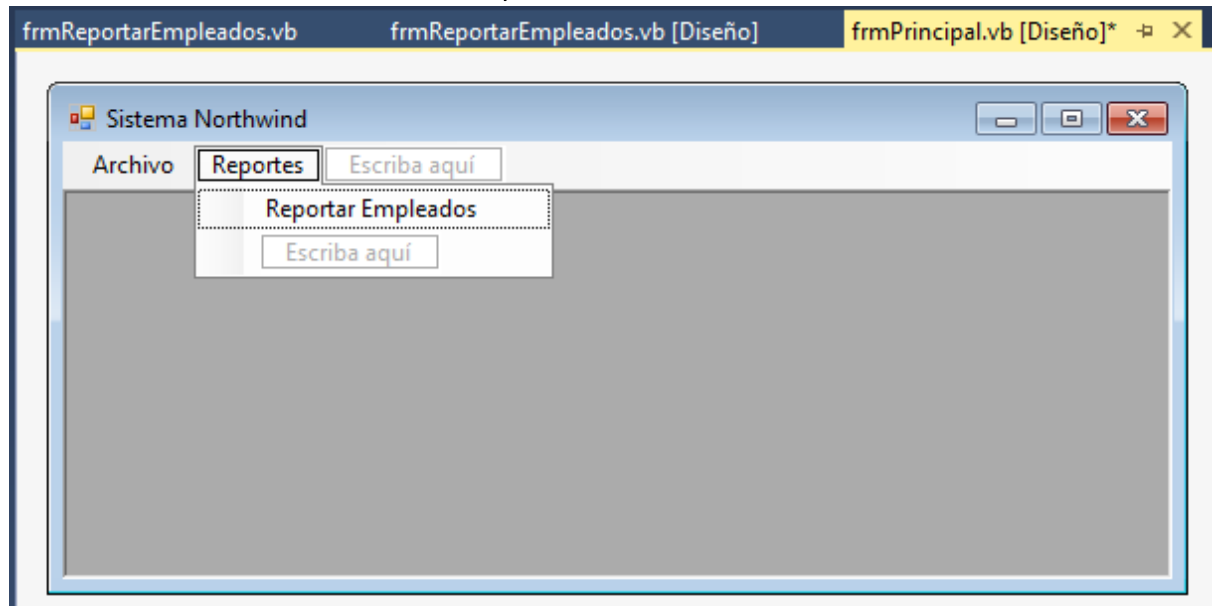
frmReportarEmpleados.vb  X  frmReportarEmpleados.vb [Diseño]  Rep_ReporteEmpleados.rdlc [Diseño]
cb_Generar  Click
Imports pyLogicaNegocio
Imports Microsoft.Reporting.WinForms
1 referencia
Public Class frmReportarEmpleados
    0 referencias
    Private Sub cb_Generar_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles cb_Generar.Click
        Dim x As nEmployee

        x = New nEmployee()
        Me.rv_Reporte.LocalReport.DataSources.Item(0).Value = x.Elaborar_ReporteEmpleados()
        Me.rv_Reporte.SetDisplayMode(DisplayMode.PrintLayout)
        Me.rv_Reporte.ZoomMode = ZoomMode.Percent
        Me.rv_Reporte.ZoomPercent = 100
        Me.rv_Reporte.RefreshReport()

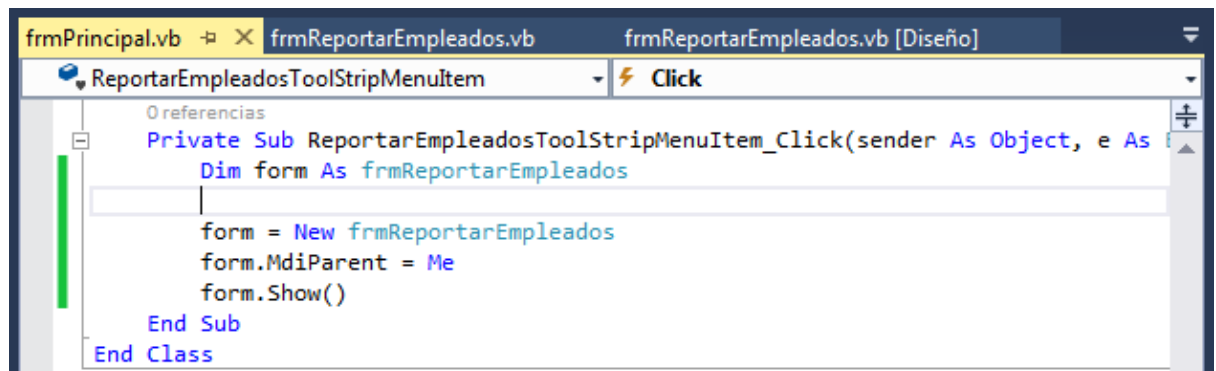
        x = Nothing
    End Sub
End Class

```

5.5.8 Modificar Menú del Formulario Principal



Código:



5.6 REPORTE DE VENTAS ANUALES POR CATEGORÍA DE PRODUCTO

5.6.1 Crear procedimiento almacenado para el reporte

5.6.2 Crear Clase Entidad para el Reporte

5.6.3 Agregar función a la clase "dCategory"

5.6.4 Agregar función a la clase "nCategory"

5.6.5 Crear Origen de datos para el reporte

5.6.6 Crear Informe

5.6.7 Crear Formulario para el reporte

5.6.8 Modificar Menú del Formulario Principal