Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) Instruments User Manual



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1. Preface

1.1. Typographical Conventions Used in the Manual

Throughout this document, the following fonts and other conventions are used:

Table 1 - Typographical Conventions

Font	Used for	Examples:
Blue text, underlined	Hyperlink to another document or URL	ftp.fo-slc.med.va.gov
Green text, dotted underlining	Hyperlink within this document	See Release History for details.
Courier New	Patch names, VistA filenames	Patch names will be in this font
Franklin Gothic Demi	Keyboard keys Web application panel, pane, tab, and button names	< F1 >, < Alt >, < L > Other Registries panel [Delete] button
Microsoft Sans Serif	Software Application names	Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
	Registry names	TBI
Microsoft Sans Serif	Database field names	Mode field
bold	Report names	National Summary Report
	Organization and Agency Names	DoD, VA
Microsoft Sans Serif, 50% gray and italics	Read-only fields	Procedures
Times New Roman	Normal text	Information of particular interest
Times New Roman	Text emphasis	"It is <i>very</i> important"
Italic	National and International Standard	International Statistical Classification of
	names	Diseases and Related Health Problems
	Document names	Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) Registry User Manual

Table 2 - Graphical Conventions

Graphic	Used for
B	Information of particular interest regarding the current subject matter.
TIPS	A tip or additional information that may be helpful to the user.
(1)	A warning concerning the current subject matter.
1	Information about the history of a function or operation; provided for reference only.
OPTIONAL	Indicates an action or process which is optional
RESOURCE	Indicates a resource available either in this document or elsewhere

1.2. Command Buttons and Command Icons



A command button initiates an action. It is a rectangular "3-dimensional" shape with a label that specifies what action will be performed when the button is clicked.



Common examples are shown at left. Command buttons that end with three dots indicate that selecting the command may evoke a subsidiary window.



In some cases, a **command icon** performs the same function, but appears on the menu bar and has a plain, flat appearance. One example is shown at left.



In the text of this document, both command button and command icon names appear inside square brackets. Examples: [Search], [Save].

2. Background

The Veterans Health Administration (VHA) is charged with supporting the Presidential Task Force on Returning Global War on Terror Heroes. The Task Force has stated in the *Global War on Terror (GWOT)* report (recommendation P-7) that the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) shall "create a 'Traumatic Brain Injury' Surveillance Center and Registry to monitor returning service members who have possibly sustained head injury and thus may potentially have a traumatic brain injury in order to provide early medical intervention."

The Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) Registry software applications collect data on the population of Veterans who participated in Operation Enduring Freedom/Operation Iraqi Freedom (OEF/OIF). These individuals need to be seen within 30 days for a comprehensive evaluation. Each facility can produce local reports (information related to patients evaluated and treated in their system).

The TBI Instruments are a set of comprehensive evaluation questionnaires (initial and follow up) designed to provide rehabilitation professionals with a vehicle by which they can assess patients and collect patient information. The information collected from these instruments is electronically transferred and stored in the form of a medical progress note in the patient's electronic record. This progress note can be retrieved through the Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS).

The set of TBI Instruments include the Comprehensive TBI Evaluation, TBI Follow-Up Assessment, The Mayo-Portland Adaptability Inventory (MPAI), and the Rehabilitation and Reintegration Plan.

2.1. Related Documents

These related documents are available at http://www.va.gov/vdl/application.asp?appid=198

3. Software Details

3.1. Starting the Application

To start TBI Instruments, follow these steps:

- 1. Log into CPRS
- 2. On the tool bar, select **Tools** > **TBI Instruments**.



3. The **TBI Instruments Patient Confirm** page opens. This confirms the patient name and SSN match in the TBI Registry.

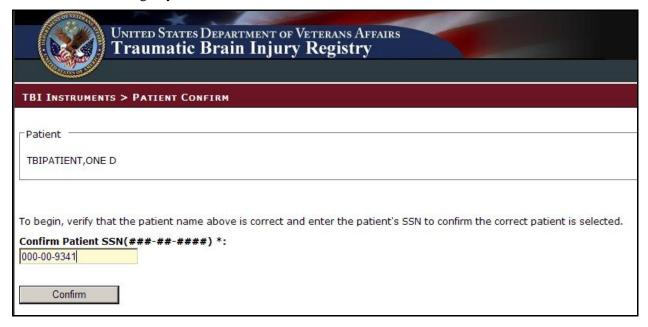


Figure 1 - Patient Confirm Screen

3.2. Select Instrument Screen

The **TBI Instruments > Confirm Patient and Select Instrument** screen displays. Confirm the patient name and SSN match in the TBI Registry.

Select the appropriate Instrument you want to administer from the list by clicking the [Select] button.

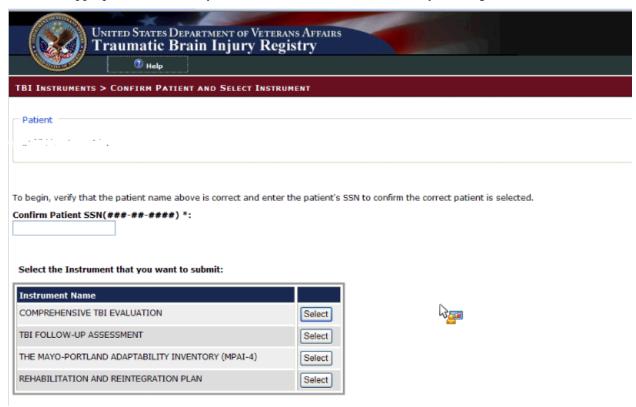


Figure 2 – Select Instrument

The **TBI Instruments > Instrument Associations** screen displays. The patient name and the Instrument Type previously selected are presented on the screen.

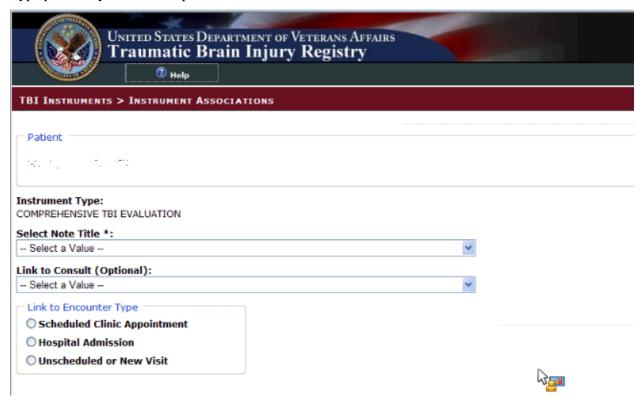


Figure 3 - Instrument Associations

Select an appropriate Note Title from the **Select Note Title** drop-down list. Appropriate **Note Titles** for TBI patients begin with **TBI**. This selection is required.



Figure 4 - Select Note Drop-Down Box

If the note title selected is classified as a 'Consult Report', the user entry will complete a consult in CPRS. Use the **Link to Consult** drop-down list to select the appropriate consult to which the entry should be linked in CPRS. While this selection is optional, the user must make a selection from the list in order for the consult report to be linked to a consult in CPRS.

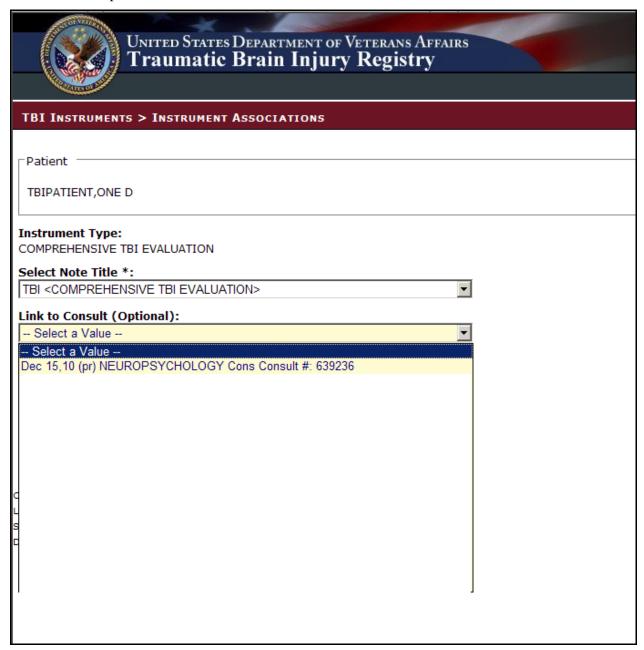


Figure 5 – Link to Consult

The **Link to Consult** drop-down list is populated with previously ordered consults for this patient. If the user selects a consult from the drop-down list, the data then entered via the selected TBI Instrument will be associated with the selected consult.

Use the radio button to select the appropriate **Link to Encounter Type** from the list.

If you select **Scheduled Clinic Appointment**, the application searches the period of time one month before today through one month after today. If any appointments are found, they are loaded into the **Select the Scheduled Clinic Appointment** drop down list. Select an appointment to proceed to the next step. If the user wishes to expand the date range for the search, the user can input new start and end dates and click **Get Appointments** and then proceed to the next step. This step associates the current instrument with the selected appointment.

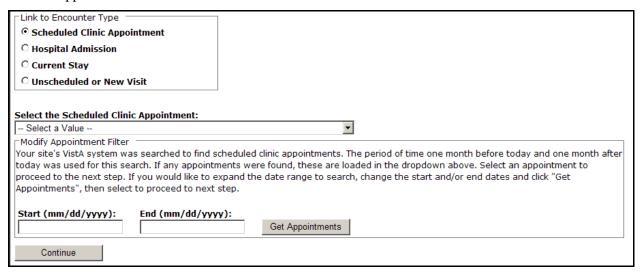


Figure 6 – Instrument Associations > Link to Encounter

If you select **Hospital Admission**, the application searches for previous hospital stays. If any are found, they are loaded into the **Select the Hospital Admission** drop down list, and the user can make the appropriate selection. If no previous stays are found for the patient, the user must select a different encounter type from the **Link to Encounter Type** list in order to proceed.

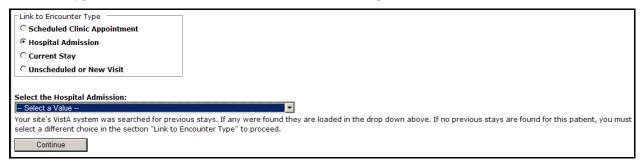


Figure 7 - Select Hospital Admission

If you select **Current Stay**, the next action required is to click **[Continue]** to move to the next screen.

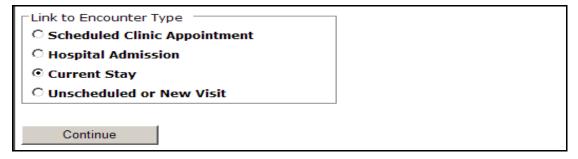


Figure 8 – Current Stay

If you select **Unscheduled or New Visit**, the application searches to find all locations at your site which begin with **TBI**. If any locations are found, they are loaded into the **Location** drop down list. If the user wants to search using a different location, the user can change the default search string and click **[Get Locations]**. After selecting a location, the user can click **[Continue]** to move to the next screen.

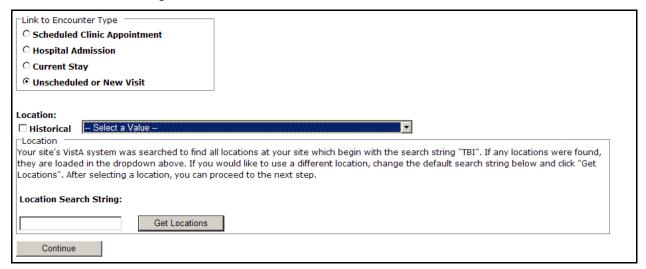


Figure 9 - Unscheduled or New Visit

3.2.1. Comprehensive TBI Evaluation

The TBI Instruments > Comprehensive TBI Evaluation screen displays.

Select the appropriate answer for each patient.

TBI INSTRUMENTS > INSTRUMENT ASSOCIATIONS > COMPREHENSIVE TBI EVALUATION			
Patient			
Patient: SSN:	Facility:		
A. Is this evaluation being completed by provider without access to CPRS (i.e. Fee Basis providers without a CPRS account)? All evaluations not entered into CPRS utilizing the Comprehensive TBI Evaluation template should be scanned into the medical record.			
◎ 0. No	① 1. Yes		
You were referred because the primary level screening indicated that you may have had a head injury, that is you reported having had an alteration of consciousness after some traumatic event. We are trying to determine the nature and severity of any of those types of injuries or related injuries, to determine how best we can assist you.			
1. Current Marital Status:			
1. Single, never married	3. Separated or divorced		
2. Married or partnered	0 4. Widowed		
2. Pre-military level of educational achiev	ement:		
1. Less then high school	College graduate (baccalaureate)		
 2. High school graduate or equivalent 3. Some college, associate degree or technical degree 	◯ 5. Post baccalaureate		
3. Current employment status:			
 1. Unemployed, looking for work 2. Unemployed, not looking for work 3. Working part-time 	5. Student 6. Volunteer 7. Homemaker		

Figure 10 - Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 1

○ 4. Working full-time		
. Injury		
4. How many serious OEF/OIF o	deployment related injuries have occurred?	
0. None	2. Two	
1. One	3. Three	
4-A-1. Month of most serious injury:		
4-A-2. Year of most serious injury:		
4-B-1. Month of second serious injury:		
4-B-2. Year of second serious injury:		
4-C-1. Month of third serious injury:		
4-C-2. Year of third serious injury:		
5. Cause of injury:		
5-A. Bullet		
0. No	3. Yes, three episodes	
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes	
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes	

Figure 11 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 2

○ 0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
🗆 1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-C. Fall	
◯ 0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-D. Blast:	
◯ 0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
which is a wave of highly compresse	oor IED goes off there is a "blast wave" d gas that may feel almost like being eer experiencing this or were told that you
which is a wave of highly compressed smashed into a wall. Do you rememb	d gas that may feel almost like being
which is a wave of highly compresses smashed into a wall. Do you rememb experienced it?	d gas that may feel almost like being eer experiencing this or were told that you
which is a wave of highly compresses smashed into a wall. Do you rememb experienced it?	d gas that may feel almost like being per experiencing this or were told that you 3. Yes, three episodes
which is a wave of highly compresses smashed into a wall. Do you rememb experienced it? 0. No 1. Yes, one episode	d gas that may feel almost like being per experiencing this or were told that you 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes
which is a wave of highly compresses smashed into a wall. Do you rememb experienced it? 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes	d gas that may feel almost like being per experiencing this or were told that you 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes
which is a wave of highly compresses smashed into a wall. Do you rememb experienced it? O. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-1-a. Estimated distance from	d gas that may feel almost like being per experiencing this or were told that you 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes m closest blast:
which is a wave of highly compresses smashed into a wall. Do you remembe experienced it? O. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-1-a. Estimated distance from 1. Less then 10 feet 2. Between 10 and 30 feet 5-D-2. This "blast wave" is followed debris, shrapnel, and fragments are in	d gas that may feel almost like being per experiencing this or were told that you 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes m closest blast: 3. Between 31 and 50 feet

Figure 12 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 3

1. Yes, one episode	0 4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
	nd or against some stationary object like the explosion? (This is not asking if you prself).
0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	◯ 5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-D-4. Did you experience any of the explosive blast: burns, wounds, broke fumes, or crush injuries from structure	n bones, amputations, breathing toxic
○0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	04. Yes, four episodes
	o ii res, rear episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
2. Yes, two episodes5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che	5. Yes, five or more episodes
	5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che	5. Yes, five or more episodes eck all that apply)
5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che	5. Yes, five or more episodes eck all that apply)
5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che 1. Improved Explosive Device (IED 2. Rocket Propelled Grenade (RPG)	5. Yes, five or more episodes eck all that apply) 5. Bomb 6. Other
5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che 1. Improved Explosive Device (IED 2. Rocket Propelled Grenade (RPG) 3. Mortar	5. Yes, five or more episodes eck all that apply) 5. Bomb 6. Other 7. Unknown
5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che 1. Improved Explosive Device (IED 2. Rocket Propelled Grenade (RPG) 3. Mortar 4. Grenade	5. Yes, five or more episodes eck all that apply) 5. Bomb 6. Other 7. Unknown
5-D-5. Type of blast explosures: (Che 1. Improved Explosive Device (IED 2. Rocket Propelled Grenade (RPG) 3. Mortar 4. Grenade 5-E. Blunt trauma other than from blast/v sports related or object hitting head.	5. Yes, five or more episodes eck all that apply) 5. Bomb 6. Other 7. Unknown

Figure 13 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 4

◯ 0. No	4. Yes, four episodes			
1. Yes, one episode	5. Yes, five or more episodes			
2. Yes, two episodes	○ 6. Uncertain			
3. Yes, three episodes				
6-A. If yes, estimate the duration of longest period of loss of consciousness.				
1. Very brief, probably less then 5 minutes	4. Up to a full day(24 hours)			
2. Less then 30 minutes	5. Up to a full week(7 days)			
3. Less then 6 hours	6. More then one week			
7. Did you have a period of disorientation of incident?	7. Did you have a period of disorientation or confusion immediately following the incident?			
○ 0. No	4. Yes, four episodes			
1. Yes, one episode	5. Yes, five or more episodes			
2. Yes, two episodes	◯ 6. Uncertain			
3. Yes, three episodes				
7-A. If yes, estimate the duration of lon	gest period of disorientation or confusion.			
1. Brief, probably less then 30 minute	25 4. Up to 1 month			
2. Up to a full day(24 hours)	05. Up to 3 months			
3. Up to a full week(7 days)	○ 6. More then 3 months			
8. Did you experience a period of memory loss immediately before or after the incident?				
○ 0. No	4. Yes, four episodes			
🗍 1. Yes, one episode	5. Yes, five or more episodes			
2. Yes, two episodes	6. Uncertain			
3. Yes, three episodes				
8-A. If yes, estimate the duration of lon Amnesia (PTA)).	gest period of memory loss (Post Traumatic			

Figure 14 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 5

1. Brief, probably less then 30 minutes2. Up to a full day(24 hours)3. Up to a full week(7 days)	4. Up to 1 month5. Up to 3 months6. More then 3 months
9. During this/these experience(s), did an ob	ject penetrate your skull/cranium:
○ 0. No	① 1. Yes
10. Were you wearing a helmet at the time of	f most serious injury?
◯ 0. No	○ 1. Yes
11. Were you evacuated from theatre?	
○ 0. No	
1. Yes, for traumatic brain injury	
2. Yes, for other medical reasons	
12. Prior to this evaluation, had you received medications) for your deployment-related TBI	
0. No 1. Yes, in the past	2. Yes, currently
12-A. have you ever been prescribed medi deployment-related TBI symptoms?	ications for symptoms related to your
0. No 1. Yes, in the past	2. Yes, currently
13. Since the time of your deployment-related you were acting differently?	d injury/injuries, has anyone told you that

Figure 15 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 6

0. No			① 1. Yes	
14. Prior t	to your OEF/(DIF deployment, did	you experience a brain injury or concussion?	
◯ 0. No	🗍 1. Yes	2. Uncertain	◯ 3. Not Assessed	
15. Since	your OEF/OII	F deployment, have	you experienced a brain injury or concussion?	
◯ 0. No	1. Yes	2. Uncertain	○3. Not Assessed	
II. Symptoms	5			
16. Please rate the following symptoms with regard to how they have affected you over the last 30 days. Use the following scale (Neurobehavioral Symptom Inventory): None 0 - Rarely if ever present not a problem at all. Mild 1 - Occasionally present but it does not disrupt activities, I can usually continue what I am doing; does not really concern me. Moderate 2 - Often present, occasionally disrupts my activities; I can usually continue what I am doing with some effort; I am somewhat concerned. Severe 3 - Frequently present and disrupts activities; I can only do things that are fairly simple or take little effort; I feel like I need help. Very Severe 4 - Almost always present and I have been unable to perform at work, school, or home due to this problem; I probably cannot function without help.				
16-A. I	16-A. Feeling dizzy:			
0. N	◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe			
16-B. I	16-B. Loss of balance:			
O. N	one 🗍 1. Mile	d 🗆 2. Moderate 🔘	3. Severe 04. Very Severe	
16-C. I	Poor coordina	tion, clumsy:		
○ o. N	one 🔘 1. Mile	d 🔘 2. Moderate 🔘	3. Severe 04. Very Severe	

Figure 16 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 7

16-D. Headaches:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-E. Nausea:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-F. Vision problems, blurring, trouble seeing:
0. None 1. Mild 2. Moderate 3. Severe 4. Very Severe
16-G. Sensitivity to light:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-H. Hearing difficulty:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-I. Sensitivity to noise:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-J. Numbness or tingling in parts of my body:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-K. Change in ability to taste and/or smell:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-L. Loss of appetite or increase appetite:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe

Figure 17 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 8

16-M. Poor concentration, can't pay attention:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-N. Forgetfulness, can't remember things:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-0. Difficulty making decisions:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-P. Slowed thinking, difficulty getting organized, can't finish things:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-Q. Fatigue, loss of energy, getting tired easily
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-R. Difficulty falling or staying asleep
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-S. Feeling anxious or tense
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe
16-T. Feeling depressed or sad:
0. None 1. Mild 2. Moderate 3. Severe 4. Very Severe
16-U. Irritability, easily annoyed:
◯ 0. None ◯ 1. Mild ◯ 2. Moderate ◯ 3. Severe ◯ 4. Very Severe

Figure 18 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 9

16-V. Poor frustration tolerance, feeling easily overwhelmed by things:				
0. None	🗆 1. Mild	🗖 2. Moderate	3. Severe	4. Very Severe
17. Overall, in your life:	the last 30) days how mucl	h did these dif	ficulties (symptoms) interfere with
	◯ 1. Mildly	02. Moderately	3. Severely	O 4. Extremely
17-A. In wi symptoms?	hat areas o	of your life are y	ou having thes	e difficulties because of these
III. Pain				
18. In the last	30 days, l	nave you had any	y problems wit	th pain?
○ 0. No			🗆 1. Yes	
18-A. Location of pain: (Check all that apply)				
0. Head/	headaches	;	□ 5. L	ow Back
1. Leg(s))		☐ 6. U	pper Back
2. Arm(s)		7. F	eet
3. Neck			8. H	and(s)
4. Shoulder(s) 9. Other(Describe in "Details of Plan")				
18-B. In the last 30 days, how much did pain interfere with your life?				
○ 0. Not at ○ 1. ○ 2. ○ 3. ○ 4. all Mildly Moderately Severely Extremely				

Figure 19 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 10

18-C. In wh	18-C. In what areas of your life are you having difficulties because of pain?			
19. Since the ti	me of your deployn	nent related injury/injuries, are your ove	rall symptoms	
1. Better	2. Worse	3. About the same		
IV. Conclusion				
20. Additional l and other releva		lness, social history, functional history, p	oatient goals,	
21. Current me	dications:			

Figure 20 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 11

22. Physical Examination:		
23. Psychiatric Symptoms:		
0. No 1. Yes	2. Not assessed	
23-A. If yes or suspected/probable, symptoms of which disorders?		
1. Depression	5. Drug abuse/dependence	
2. PTSD	6. Psychotic disorder	

Figure 21 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 12

3. Anxiety disorder(other then PTSD) 4. Alcohol abuse/dependence	7. Other AXIS I disorder 8. Somatoform disorder	
24. SCI:		
◯ 0. No	◯ 1. Yes	
25. Amputation:		
0. None	5. Single lower extremity, above knee	
1. Single hand	○ 6. Single lower extremity, below knee	
2. Double hand	7. Double lower extremity, above knee	
3. Single upper extremity, above elbow 8. Double lower extremity, above/below knee		
04. Single upper extremity, below elbow	9. Upper extremity and lower extremity amputation	
26. Other significant medical conditions/pr	oblems:	
0. No 1. Yes 2. Not	assessed	
V. Diagnosis		
27. Are the history of the injury and the course of clinical symptoms consistent with a diagnosis of TBI sustained during OEF/OIF deployment?		
○ 0. No	◯ 1. Yes	
28. In your clinical judgment the current clinical symptom presentation is most consistent with:		

Figure 22 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 13

1. Symptom resolution (patient is currently not re	porting symptoms)			
2. An OEF/OIF deployment-related Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) residual problems				
3. Behavioral Health conditions (e.g. PTSD, depression, etc.)				
4. A combination of OEF/OIF deployment-related TBI and Behavioral Health condition (s)				
 5. Other condition not related to OEF/OIF deployn condition(s) 	nent related TBI or Behavioral Health			
VI. Plan				
VI. Plan				
29. Follow up plan:				
1. Services will be provided within VA healthcare	system			
2. Services will be provided outside VA				
3. Patient will receive both VA and non-VA service	es			
 4. No services needed 				
 5. Patient refused or not interested in further serv 	rices			
Follow up code within VA				
29-A. Education:				
0. No	fes			
29-B: Consult requested with: (Check all that app	oly)			
0. Audiology	7. PM and R			
1. ENT 8. Prosthetics				
2. Neurology 9. Psychiatry				
 3. Neuropsychology/Neuropsychological assessment 	10. Psychology			
4. Occupational therapy	11. Speech-Language pathology			
5. Ophthalmology/Optometry	12. Substance Use/Addictive Disorder Evaluation and/or Treatment			
6. Physical Therapy	13. Other			

Figure 23 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 14

29-C. Referral to Polytrauma Network Site (PNS):				
West Roxbury (V1)	Indianapolis (V11)			
Syracuse (V2)	Hines (V12)			
Bronx (V3)	St. Louis (V15)			
Philadelphia (V4)	Houston (V16)			
Washington, DC (V5)	Dallas (V17)			
Richmond (V6)	Tucson (V18)			
Augusta (V7)	Denver (V19)			
San Juan (V8)	Seattle (V20)			
Tampa (V8)	Palo Alto (V21)			
Lexington (V9)	West Los Angeles (V22)			
Cleveland (V10)	Minneapolis (V23)			
29-D. Electro-diagnostic study (nerve o	1. Yes			
29-D-1. Electroencephalogram (EEG	29-D-1. Electroencephalogram (EEG):			
● 0. No	○ 1. Yes			
29-E. Lab:				
⊚ 0. None	2. Urine drug screen			
1. Blood work	3. Other			
29-F. Head CT:				
◎ 0. No	1. Yes			
29-G. Brain MRI:				
. 0. No	1. Yes			
29-H. Other consultation:				

Figure 24 – Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 15

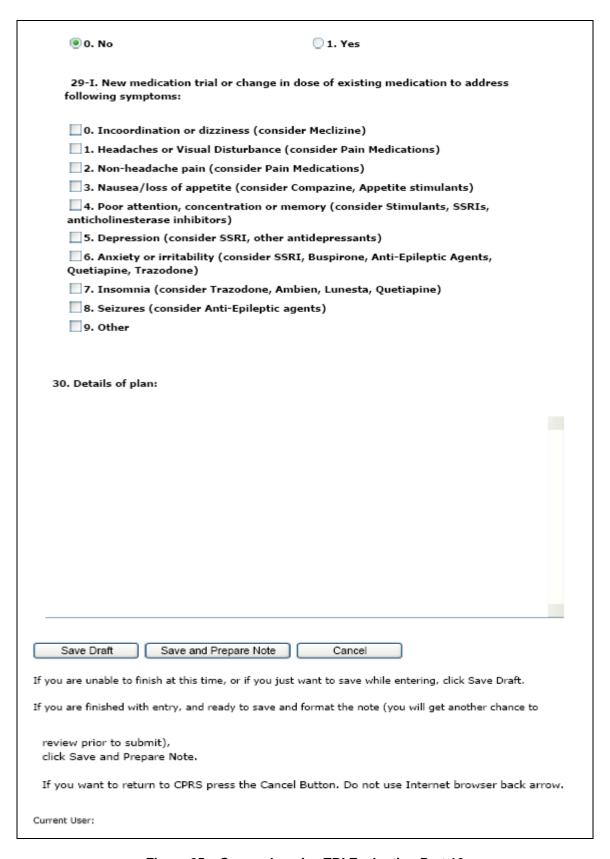


Figure 25 - Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Part 16

Select [Save Draft] to save the information entered even if it is incomplete or in the event the user wishes to review the data again prior to completing the note.

Select [Save and Prepare Note] to preview the note.

Click [Cancel] to reset the questionnaire.



Please review the content. If you need to make changes, click the Cancel button and edit the answers. If the content is correct, click the Submit Note button.

Note: once the note is submitted, it will no longer be editable in this tool and updates will need to be done within CPRS

The application reformats the information entered into the questionnaire and displays the resulting report. The instructions on the screen suggest the user review the newly formatted content. If the user wants to make changes to the material, the user should click [Cancel] button and re-enter the answers. If the content is correct, the user clicks the [Submit Note] button.

Be aware that once the note is submitted, it is no longer editable within the TBI Instruments application and any updates will have to be made within CPRS.

The clinician must sign the note in CPRS.

3.2.2. TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen

The TBI Follow-Up Assessment questionnaire is similar to the Comprehensive TBI Evaluation. Select the appropriate response for each patient.

Patient			
Patient:	SSN:	Facility:	
A. Chief Complaint:			
B. History of Present Illness,	or Interval Hist	ory since last visit:	
1. Change in Marital Status:			
○ 0. No		2. Yes, Divorced or separated	
1. Yes, Married or Partner	ed	3. Yes, Widowed	
2. Highest educational level	achieved:		
1. Less than high school			
2. High school or equivalent	nt		
3. Some college, associate		nnical degree	
4. College graduate (bacca5. Post baccalaureate	ilaureate)		
2-A. Current school or tra	ining status:		
1. Full time Student/Tr	ainee		
2. Part time Student/Ti			
3. Not attending school	or trainee prog	ram	

Figure 26 - TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 1

1. Unemployed looking for work	○ 5. Student
2. Unemployed not looking for work	○ 6. Volunteer
3. Working part-time	○7. Homemaker
○4. Working full-time	
. Injury	
4. Experienced head injury since prior evaluation?	,
○ 0. No	○ 1. Yes
4-A. Month of most recent head injury:	
4-B. Year of most recent head injury:	
5. Cause Of Injury	
5-A. Bullet	
◯ 0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-B. Vehicular	
○ 0. No	◯ 3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	04. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	○ 5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-C. Fall	
○ 0. No	◯ 3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	○ 5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-D. Blast	

Figure 27 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 2

0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
wave of highly compressed gas tha	nb or IED goes off there is a "blast wave" which is a at may feel almost like being smashed into a wall. Do were told that you experienced it?
○ 0. No	3. Yes, three episodes
1. Yes, one episode	4. Yes, four episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	5. Yes, five or more episodes
5-D-1-a. Estimated distance fo	rom closest blast:
🗆 1. Less than 10 feet	3. Between 30 and 50 feet
2. Between 10 and 30 feet	4. Greater than 50 feet
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s	
shrapnel, and fragments are movin	g rapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be
shrapnel, and fragments are movin	g rapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s	g rapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be hrapnel, or other items?
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s	g rapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be hrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the gro	ng rapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be hrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the gravehicle or inside a vehicle by the ex	g rapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be hrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the ground to protect yourself.)	grapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be shrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes ound or against some stationary object like a wall, xplosion? (This is not asking if you ducked to the
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the gray vehicle or inside a vehicle by the expround to protect yourself.)	grapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be hrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes ound or against some stationary object like a wall, xplosion? (This is not asking if you ducked to the
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the gravehicle or inside a vehicle by the exground to protect yourself.) 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-4. Did you experience any of the experience and of the protect yourself.	grapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be hrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes ound or against some stationary object like a wall, xplosion? (This is not asking if you ducked to the 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the ground to protect yourself.) 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episode 5-D-4. Did you experience any of burns, wounds, broken bones, am	grapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be shrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes ound or against some stationary object like a wall, explosion? (This is not asking if you ducked to the 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes the following injuries as a result of an explosive blast:
shrapnel, and fragments are movin "peppered" or hit by such debris, s 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-3. Were you thrown to the gravehicle or inside a vehicle by the erground to protect yourself.) 0. No 1. Yes, one episode 2. Yes, two episodes 5-D-4. Did you experience any of burns, wounds, broken bones, ampstructures falling onto you?	grapidly. Were you close enough to the blast to be shrapnel, or other items? 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes ound or against some stationary object like a wall, xplosion? (This is not asking if you ducked to the 3. Yes, three episodes 4. Yes, four episodes 5. Yes, five or more episodes the following injuries as a result of an explosive blast: putations, breathing toxic fumes, or crush injuries from

Figure 28 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 3

TE Damb
5. Bomb
6. Other
7. Unknown
ır injury, e.g., assault, blunt force, sports related
3. Yes, three episodes
0 4. Yes, four episodes
5. Yes, five or more episodes
of these experiences?
4. Yes, four episodes
5. Yes, five or more episodes
6. Uncertain
od of loss of consciousness
0 4. Up to a full day (24 hours)
◯ 5. Up to a full week (7 days)
○ 6. More than one week
on immediately following the incident?
4. Yes, four episodes
5. Yes, five or more episodes
6. Uncertain
od of disorientation or confusion.
0 4. Up to one 1 month
5. Up to 3 months
○ 6. More than 3 months

Figure 29 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 4

8. Did you experience a period of memory loss i	mmediately before or after the incident?
0.0	5.w. f
0. No	4. Yes, four episodes
1. Yes, one episode	5. Yes, five or more episodes
2. Yes, two episodes	○ 6. Uncertain
3. Yes, three episodes	
8-A. If yes, estimate the duration of longest (PTA)).	period of memory loss (Post Traumatic Amnesia
1. Brief, probably less than 30 minutes	4. Up to one 1 month
2. Up to a full day (24 hours)	◯ 5. Up to 3 months
3. Up to a full week (7 days)	○ 6. More than 3 months
9. During this/these experience(s), did an object	ct penetrate your skull/cranium:
0. No, non-penetrating	1. Yes, penetrating
o. No 1. Yes, in the past	2. Yes, currently
10-A. Did the provider you saw for your new (new type or change in dosage)?	w injury change your medications in any way
○ 0. No ○ 1. Yes, new type of medication	2. Yes, change in dosage
I. Symptoms	
11. Please rate the following symptoms with red days. Use the following scale (Neurobehavioral S None 0 - Rarely if ever present not a problem at all.	
Mild 1 - Occasionally present but it does not disrupt really concern me.	activities, I can usually continue what I am doing; does not
Moderate 2 - Often present, occasionally disrupts m some effort: I am somewhat concerned.	y activities; I can usually continue what I am doing with
	; I can only do things that are fairly simple or take little
effort; I feel like I need help.	
Very Severe 4 - Almost always present and I have to problem; I probably cannot function without help.	peen unable to perform at work, school, or home due to this

Figure 30 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 5

11-A. Feeling	dizzy:			
0. None	🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	0 4. Very Severe
11-B. Loss of I	Balance:			
🗖 0. None	🗆 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe
11-C. Poor coo	ordination, clui	msy:		
◯ 0. None	◯1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	○ 4. Very Severe
11-D. Headach	nes:			
◯ 0. None	🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	4. Very Severe
11-E. Nausea:				
🗍 0. None	🗖 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	0 4. Very Severe
11-F. Vision p	roblems, blurri	ng, trouble seeing:		
◯ 0. None	🗆 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	○ 4. Very Severe
11-G. Sensitiv	ity to light:			
◯ 0. None	🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	4. Very Severe
11-H. Hearing	difficulty:			
🖯 0. None	🗖 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	0 4. Very Severe
11-I. Sensitivi	ty to noise:			
◯ 0. None	🗆 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	4. Very Severe
11-J. Numbne	ss or tingling o	on parts of my body:		
◯ 0. None	🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe
11-K. Change	in taste and/o	r smell:		

Figure 31 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 6

32

O. None	e 🔘 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-L. Los	s of appetite or inc	rease appetite:			
O. Non	e 🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-M. Po	or concentration, c	an't pay attention:			
O. Non	e 🔘 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-N. For	getfulness, can't r	emember things:			
O. Non	e 🔘 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-0. Dif	ficulty making deci	isions:			
O. Non	e 🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	0 4. Very Severe	
11-P. Slo	wed thinking, diffi	culty getting organiz	zed, can't finish thing	s:	
O. Non	e 🗍 1. Mild	🗖 2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-Q. Fat	igue, loss of energ	y, getting tired easi	ly:		
O. Non	e 🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-R. Diff	ficulty falling or sta	aying asleep:			
O. None	e 🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	Q4. Very Severe	
11-S. Fee	ling anxious or ter	ise:			
O. Non	e 🔘 1. Mild	🗆 2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-T. Fee	ling depressed or	sad:			
O. Non	e 🔾 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe	
11-U. Irri	itability, easily ann	oyed:			

Figure 32 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 7

0. None	1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe
11-V. Poor frus	stration tolera	ance, feeling easily ov	erwhelmed by thin	ngs:
0. None	🗆 1. Mild	2. Moderate	3. Severe	04. Very Severe
12. Overall, in the	last 30 days	how much did these	lifficulties (sympto	oms) interfere with your life?
0. Not at all			3. Severely	
1. Mildly 2. Moderately			4. Extremely	
	,		m h l	
12-A. In what	areas of your	life are you having d	fficulties because (of these symptoms?
1				
Pain				
	days, have yo	u had any problems v	vith pain?	
13. In the last 30 (days, have yo		vith pain?) 1. Yes	
13. In the last 30 o				
13. In the last 30 o	ocation(s) (C			
13. In the last 30 (0. No 13-A. If yes, l	ocation(s) (C) 1. Yes	
○ 0. No 13-A. If yes, l □ 0. Head/he	ocation(s) (C		1. Yes ☐ 5. Low Back	
13. In the last 30 o 0. No 13-A. If yes, l 0. Head/he 11. Leg(s) 2. Arm(s) 3. Neck	location(s) (C		1. Yes 5. Low Back 6. Upper Back 7. Feet 8. Hand(s)	
13. In the last 30 o 0. No 13-A. If yes, l 0. Head/he 1. Leg(s) 2. Arm(s)	location(s) (C		1. Yes 5. Low Back 6. Upper Back 7. Feet 8. Hand(s)	ribe in "Details of Plan")
13. In the last 30 o 0. No 13-A. If yes, l 0. Head/he 1. Leg(s) 2. Arm(s) 3. Neck 4. Shoulder	ocation(s) (C eadaches		1. Yes 5. Low Back 6. Upper Back 7. Feet 8. Hand(s) 9. Other (Desc	
13. In the last 30 o 0. No 13-A. If yes, l 0. Head/he 1. Leg(s) 2. Arm(s) 3. Neck 4. Shoulder	ocation(s) (Contact and aches	heck all that apply):	1. Yes 5. Low Back 6. Upper Back 7. Feet 8. Hand(s) 9. Other (Desc	
13. In the last 30 o 0. No 13-A. If yes, l 0. Head/he 1. Leg(s) 2. Arm(s) 3. Neck 4. Shoulder 13-B. If yes, i	ocation(s) (Contact and aches	heck all that apply):	1. Yes 5. Low Back 6. Upper Back 7. Feet 8. Hand(s) 9. Other (Descretion interfere with	
13. In the last 30 o 0. No 13-A. If yes, l 0. Head/he 1. Leg(s) 2. Arm(s) 3. Neck 4. Shoulder 13-B. If yes, i	location(s) (Co eadaches r(s) in the last 30 d	heck all that apply):	1. Yes 5. Low Back 6. Upper Back 7. Feet 8. Hand(s) 9. Other (Description interfere with the second	

Figure 33 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 8

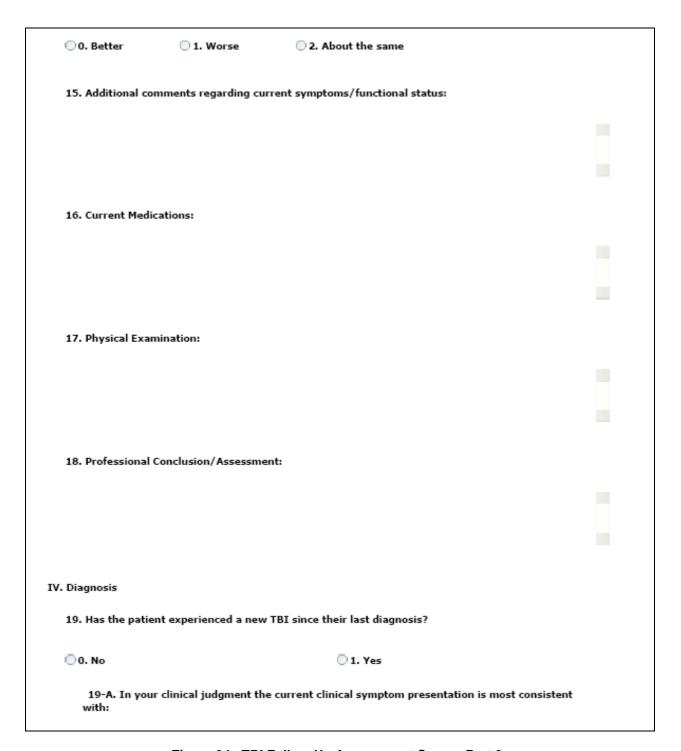


Figure 34- TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 9

 1. Symptom resolution (patient is currently not reporting symptoms) 2. Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) residual problems 3. Behavioral Health conditions (e.g., PTSD, depression, etc.) 4. A combination of TBI and Behavioral Health condition(s) 5. Other condition not related to TBI or Behavioral Health condition(s)
V. Plan
20. Follow-up Plan:
1. Services will be provided within VA healthcare system
2. Services will be provided outside VA
3. Patient will receive Both VA and Non-VA Services
 4. No services needed 5. Patient refused/not interested in further services
6. Return to clinic for follow up appointment
21. Details Of Plan:
Save Draft Save and Prepare Note Cancel
If you are unable to finish at this time, or if you just want to save while entering, click Save Draft.
If you are finished with entry, and ready to save and format the note (you will get another chance to review prior to submit), click Save and Prepare Note.
If you want to return to CPRS press the Cancel Button. Do not use Internet browser back arrow. Current User:

Figure 35 – TBI Follow-Up Assessment Screen Part 10

Select [Save Draft] to save the information entered even if it is incomplete or in the event the user wishes to review the data again prior to completing the note.

Select [Save and Prepare Note] to preview the note.

Click [Cancel] to reset the questionnaire.



Please review the content. If you need to make changes, click the Cancel button and edit the answers. If the content is correct, click the Submit Note button.

Note: once the note is submitted, it will no longer be editable in this tool and updates will need to be done within CPRS

The application reformats the information entered into the questionnaire and displays the resulting report. The instructions on the screen suggest the user review the newly formatted content. If the user wants to make changes to the material, the user should click [Cancel] button and re-enter the answers. If the content is correct, the user clicks the [Submit Note] button.

Be aware that once the note is submitted, it is no longer editable within the TBI Instruments application and any updates will have to be made within CPRS.

The clinician must sign the note in CPRS.

3.2.3. Mayo-Portland Adaptability Inventory (MPAI)

MPAI was designed:

- 1. To assist in the clinical evaluation of people during the postacute (posthospital) period following acquired brain injury (ABI),
- 2. To assist in the evaluation of rehabilitation programs designed to serve these people, and
- 3. To better understand the long-term outcomes of ABI.

Evaluation and rating of each of the areas designated by MPAI items assures that the most frequent and important sequelae of ABI are considered for rehabilitation planning or other clinical interventions. MPAI items represent the range of physical, cognitive, emotional, behavioral, and social problems that people may encounter after ABI. MPAI items also provide an assessment of major obstacles to community integration which may result directly from ABI as well as problems in the social and physical environment. Periodic re-evaluation with MPAI during postacute rehabilitation or other intervention provides documentation of progress and of the efficacy and appropriateness of the intervention. Research that examines the responses to the MPAI by individuals with longstanding ABI and by their caregivers and close acquaintances helps to answer questions about the future of those who are newly injured, and their long-term medical, social and economic needs.

Select the appropriate response for each patient. All items are required, except where noted.

TBI INSTRUMENTS > INSTRUMENT ASSOCIATIONS > THE MAYO-PORTLAND ADAPTABILITY INVENTORY (MPAI-4)					
Patient					
Patient:	SSN:		Facility:		
Patient	55I V :		racinty:		
Head a	Particip Muriel D. Lezak, PhD,	ation Index ABPP & Jame	s F. Malec, PhD, AB		
oseu a	Used as VA Interdisciplinary Team Assessment of Community Functioning				
Note Type:	Person Reporting:				
2.11.02.	Single Professional Professional Conse				
	Person with Brain 1				
	Significant Other	injui y			
experiences problem rarely with daily or v interfere. Write com	elect the number that best d ns. Mark the greatest level o valued activities, that is, les iments about specific items oblems getting started o	of problem th s than 5% of at the end of	at is appropriate. the time, should the rating scale.	Problems that interfere be considered not to	
0 None					
	m but does not interfere	with activit	ies; may use as	sistive device or	
2 Mild proble	m; interferes with activit	ies 5-24% (of the time		
3 Moderate p	roblem; interferes with a	ctivities 25	-75% of the tim	ie	
04 Severe prol	blem; interferes with acti	ivities more	than 75% of th	e time	
Comment Item #1:					
	t with friends, work asso s, or professionals	ciates, and	other people w	ho are not family,	
0 Normal inve	olvement with others				
1 Mild difficul	lty in social situations bu	t maintains	normal involve	ment with others	
2 Mildly limit	ed involvement with othe	ers (75-95%	of normal inte	raction for age)	

Figure 36 – Mayo Portland Adaptability Inventory Part 1

4 No or rare involvement with others (less than 25% of norma	l interaction for age)
Comment (tem #2:	
π2.	
3. Leisure and recreational activities	
Normal participation in leisure activities for age	
1 Mild difficulty in these activities but maintains normal partic	ipation
2 Mildly limited participation (75-95% of normal participation	for age)
3 Moderately limited participation (25-74% of normal participation)	ation for age)
0 4 No or rare participation (less than 25% of normal participati	on for age)
Comment Item #3:	
4. Self-care: Eating, dressing, bathing, hygiene	
0 Independent completion of self-care activities	
1 Mild difficulty, occasional omissions or mildly slowed comple assistive device or require occasional prompting	tion of self-care; may use
2 Requires a little assistance or supervision from others (5-24 frequent prompting	% of the time) including
3 Requires moderate assistance or supervision from others (2	5-75% of the time)
4 Requires extensive assistance or supervision from others (m	ore than 75% of the time)
Comment Item #4:	
5. Residence: Responsibilities of independent living and homema preparation, home repairs and maintenance, personal health main hygiene including medical management) but not including manag	itenance beyond basic
0 Independent; living without supervision or concern from oth	ers
 1 Living without supervision but others have concerns about s responsibilities 	afety or managing
2 Requires a little assistance or supervision from others (5-24	1% of the time)

Figure 37 – Mayo Portland Adaptability Inventory Part 2

4 Requires extensive assistance or supervision from others (more than 75% of the time)
Comment Item #5:
6. Transportation
 0 Independent in all modes of transportation including independent ability to operate a personal motor vehicle
 1 Independent in all modes of transportation, but others have concerns about safety
2 Requires a little assistance or supervision from others (5-24% of the time); cannot drive
3 Requires moderate assistance or supervision from others (25-75% of the time); cannot drive
4 Requires extensive assistance or supervision from others (more than 75% of the time); cannot drive
Comment Item #6:
7A. Paid Employment: Rate either item 7A or 7B to reflect the primary desired social role. Do not rate both. Rate 7A if the primary social role is paid employment. If another social role is primary, rate only 7B. For both 7A and 7B, "support" means special help from another person with responsibilities (such as, a job coach or shadow, tutor, helper) or reduced responsibilities. Modifications to the physical environment that facilitate employment are not considered as support.
0 Full-time (more than 30 hrs/wk) without support
1 Part-time (3 to 30 hrs/ wk) without support
2 Full-time or part-time with support
3 Sheltered work
4 Unemployed; employed less than 3 hours per week
Comment Item #7A:
7B. Other employment: Involved in constructive, role-appropriate activity other than paid employment
Primary Desired Role: Check only one to indicate primary desired social role for question 7B:

Figure 38 – Mayo Portland Adaptability Inventory Part 3



Note: You can only answer one of Item 7A or 7B. Refer to Figure 19 for the rest of item 7B.

Childrearing/care-giving
Homemaker, no childrearing or care-giving
○ Student
O Volunteer
Retired (Check retired only if over age 60; if unemployed, retired as disabled and under age 60, indicate "Unemployed" for item 7A.)
0 Full-time (more than 30 hrs/wk) without support; full-time course load for students
□1 Part-time (3 to 30 hrs/ wk) without support
2 Full-time or part-time with support
 3 Activities in a supervised environment other than a sheltered workshop
 4 Inactive; involved in role-appropriate activities less than 3 hours per week
Comment Item #7B:
Managing money and finances: Shopping, keeping a check book or other bank account, managing personal income and investments
0 Independent, manages money without supervision or concern from others
1 Manages money independently, but others have concerns
2 Requires mild assistance or supervision from others (5-24% of the time)
3 Requires moderate assistance or supervision from others (25-75% of the time)
4 Requires extensive assistance or supervision from others (more than 75% of the time)
Comment Item #8:
Standard N/A T-score:
Save Draft Save and Prepare Note Cancel
If you are unable to finish at this time, or if you just want to save while entering, click Save Draft.
If you are finished with entry, and ready to save and format the note (you will get another chance to review prior to submit), click Save and Prepare Note.

Figure 39 - Mayo Portland Adaptability Inventory Part 4

Select [Save Draft] to save the information entered even if it is incomplete or in the event the user wishes to review the data again prior to completing the note.

Select [Save and Prepare Note] to preview the note.

Click [Cancel] to reset the questionnaire.

Submit Note	Cancel
-------------	--------

Please review the content. If you need to make changes, click the Cancel button and edit the answers. If the content is correct, click the Submit Note button.

Note: once the note is submitted, it will no longer be editable in this tool and updates will need to be done within CPRS

The application reformats the information entered into the questionnaire and displays the resulting report. The instructions on the screen suggest the user review the newly formatted content. If the user wants to make changes to the material, the user should click **[Cancel]** button and re-enter the answers. If the content is correct, the user clicks the **[Submit Note]** button.

Be aware that once the note is submitted, it is no longer editable within the TBI Instruments application and any updates will have to be made within CPRS.

The clinician must sign the note in CPRS.

3.2.4. Rehabilitation and Reintegration Plan

The Rehabilitation and Community Reintegration Care plan also manages the ongoing and emerging rehabilitation and psychosocial needs of Veterans with polytrauma and TBI. This includes ongoing follow up and treatment, case management, coordination of services, monitoring the implementation of the treatment plan, overseeing the quality and intensity of VA and non-VA services, and providing education and support for patients and caregivers.

Select the appropriate response for each patient.

Patient	
	COM. Facilitan
Patient	SSN: Facility:
mprised	locuments the interdisciplinary team assessment, goals, and plan. Team membership is of the Veteran or Active Duty Service member, family, and clinical providers as indicated in the note below.
Note	Initial
Type:	○ Interim
	○ Discharge
	ent problems: (Patient has identified needing help in addressing the symptoms
selected	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.)
Elected ☐ Feeli	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy
Eelected EFeeli EPoor	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy
Feeli Poor	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches
Feeli Poor Head	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches ea
Feeli Poor Head Naus	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches ea n problems, blurring, trouble seeing
Feeli Poor Head Naus Visio	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches ea n problems, blurring, trouble seeing itivity to light
Feeli Poor Head Naus Visio Sens	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches ea n problems, blurring, trouble seeing itivity to light concentration, cannot pay attention, easily distracted
Feeli Poor Head Naus Visio Sens	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches ea n problems, blurring, trouble seeing itivity to light
Feeli Poor Head Naus Visio Sens Poor Forgo	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy laches ea n problems, blurring, trouble seeing itivity to light concentration, cannot pay attention, easily distracted etfulness, cannot remember things
Feeli Poor Head Naus Visio Sens Poor Forgo	below as they are frequently present and disrupt activities.) ng dizzy coordination, clumsy aches ea n problems, blurring, trouble seeing itivity to light concentration, cannot pay attention, easily distracted etfulness, cannot remember things culty falling or staying asleep

Figure 40 – Rehabilitation and Reintegration Plan Part 1

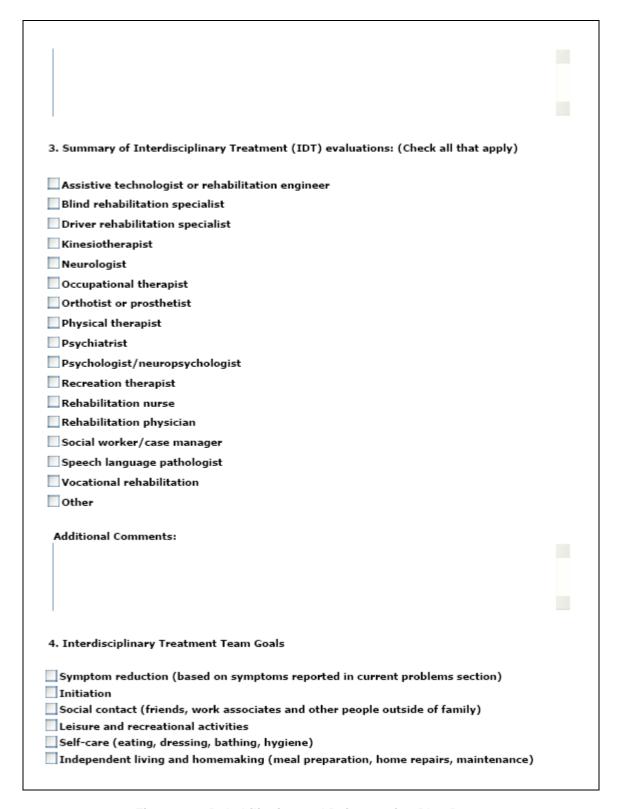


Figure 41 - Rehabilitation and Reintegration Plan Part 2

E	
Transportation	
Employment/education	
Managing money and finances	
Other	
5. Rehabilitation and reintegration plan: (Types of services, frequency/duration of	
treatment, planned follow up, etc.)	
6. Consults requested and/or follow-up on consults	
o. Consults requested and/or follow-up on consults	
Audiology	
Behavioral health	
Dietician	
Drivers rehab	
Low vision rehabilitation specialist	
Optometry/ophthalmology	
Orthopedics	
Pain management	
Radiology/imaging	
Vocational rehabilitation	
Other	
7. Proposed timeframe for IDT follow up conference	
0 1 Week	
O 2 Weeks	
① 1 Month	
○ 2 Months	
Other	
Plan of care communicated	
Yes	
○ No	
₩ NO	

Figure 42 – Rehabilitation and Reintegration Plan Part 3

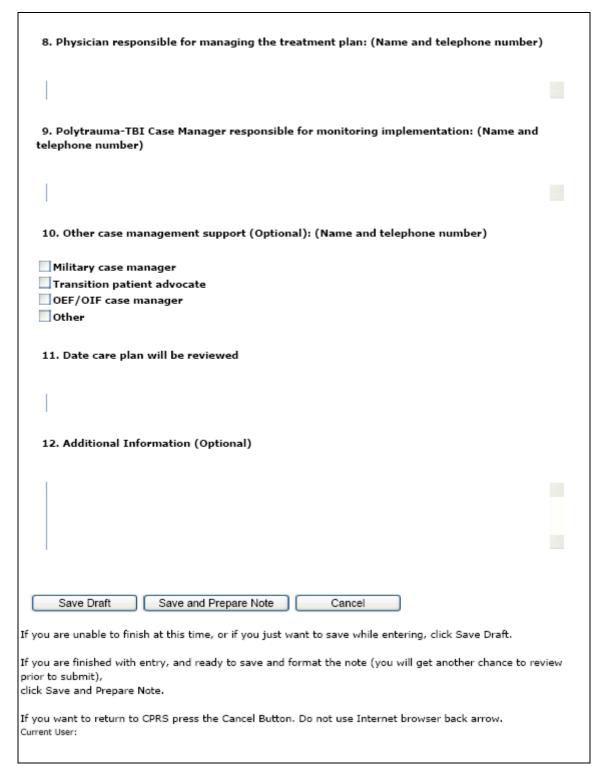


Figure 43 - Rehabilitation and Reintegration Plan Part 4

Select [Save Draft] to save the information entered even if it is incomplete or in the event the user wishes to review the data again prior to completing the note.

Select [Save and Prepare Note] to preview the note.

48

Click [Cancel] to reset the questionnaire.

Submit Note	Cancel

Please review the content. If you need to make changes, click the Cancel button and edit the answers. If the content is correct, click the Submit Note button.

Note: once the note is submitted, it will no longer be editable in this tool and updates will need to be done within CPRS

The application reformats the information entered into the questionnaire and displays the resulting report. The instructions on the screen suggest the user review the newly formatted content. If the user wants to make changes to the material, the user should click **[Cancel]** button and re-enter the answers. If the content is correct, the user clicks the **[Submit Note]** button.

Be aware that once the note is submitted, it is no longer editable within the TBI Instruments application and any updates will have to be made within CPRS.

The clinician must sign the note in CPRS.

3.2.5. 2 Minute Walk Test

The 2-minute walking test is a useful and reproducible measure of exercise tolerance. It provides a simple, practical guide to everyday disability and does not require expensive apparatus.

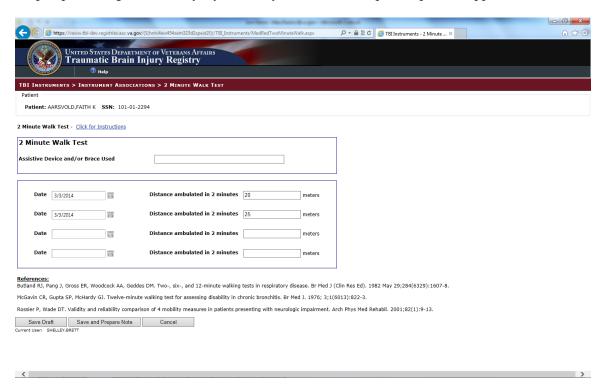


Figure 44 - 2 Minute Walk Test

3.2.6. L - Test

The L-Test of Functional Mobility incorporates transfers and turns into an assessment of mobility and gait speed. Walk tests provide essential outcome information when assessing ambulation of individuals with lower-limb amputation and a prosthetic device.

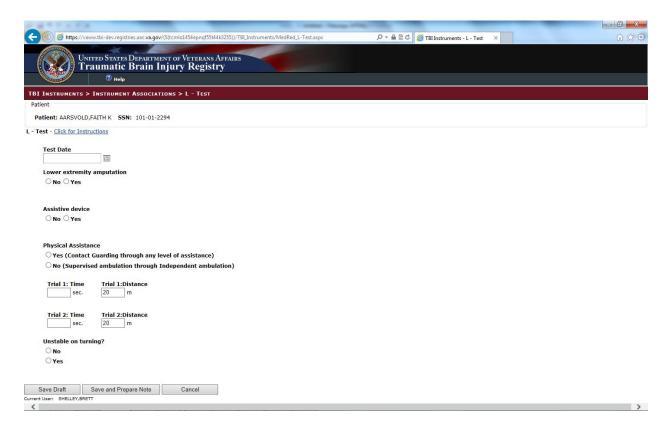


Figure 45 - L - Test

3.2.7. Locomotor Capability Index – 5 (LCI – 5)

To assess the reliability, validity, and responsiveness of the Locomotor Capabilities Index (LCI) in people with lower-limb amputation who undergo prosthetic training, the LCI surveys face-to-face interviews.

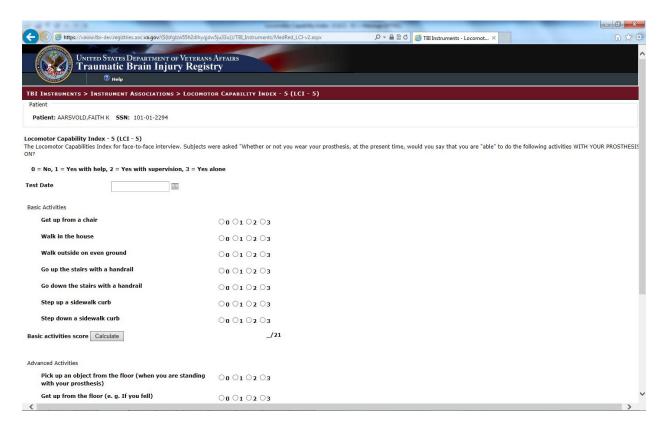


Figure 46 - Locomotor Capability Index - 5 (LCI - 5)

3.2.8. Functional Mobility Assessment (FMA)

The Functional Mobility Assessment (FMA) instrument is a self-report outcomes tool designed to measure effectiveness of wheeled mobility and seating (WMS) interventions for PWD. Functional mobility is necessary to perform activities of daily living and for community participation for everyone, but especially important for persons with disabilities (PWD). Therefore, functional mobility requires reliable measurement of consumer satisfaction and functional changes.

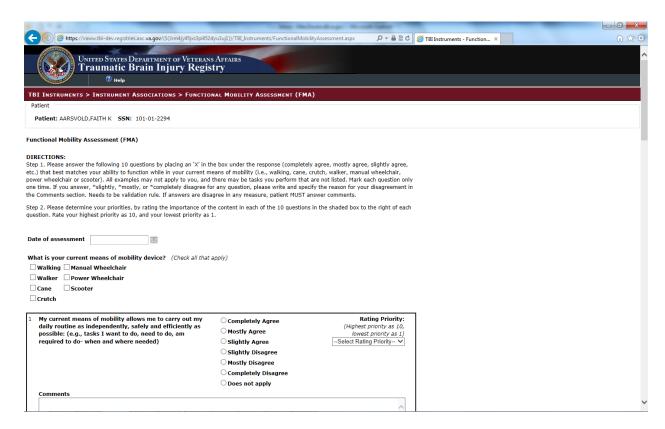


Figure 47 - Functional Mobility Assessment (FMA)

3.2.9. Quebec User Evaluation of Satisfaction with Assistive Technology (QUEST)

The Quebec User Evaluation of Satisfaction with Assistive Technology (QUEST) is an outcomes assessment tool designed to measure satisfaction with assistive technology in a structured and standardized way.

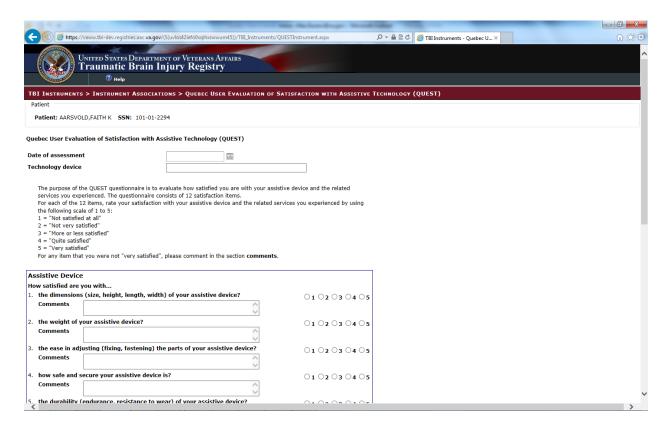


Figure 48 - Quebec User Evaluation of Satisfaction with Assistive Technology (QUEST)

3.2.10. VA Low Visual Functioning (LA LV VFQ 20) Survey

The 20-item Veterans Affairs Low Vision Visual Functioning Questionnaire (VA LV VFQ) approximates the measure of persons' visual ability that would be calculated with Rasch analysis and to provide a short form version of the questionnaire for clinical practice and outcomes research.

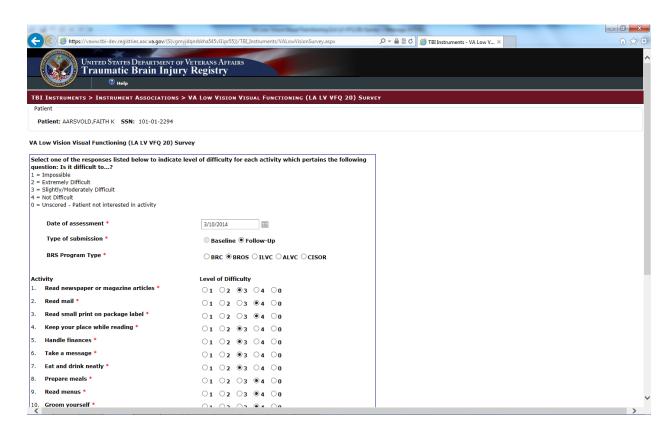


Figure 49 - VA Low Visual Functioning (LA LV VFQ 20) Survey

3.2.11. Neurobehavioral Symptom Inventory (NSI)

The VA uses the Neurobehavioral Symptom Inventory (NSI) to measure postconcussive symptoms in its comprehensive traumatic brain injury (TBI) evaluation.

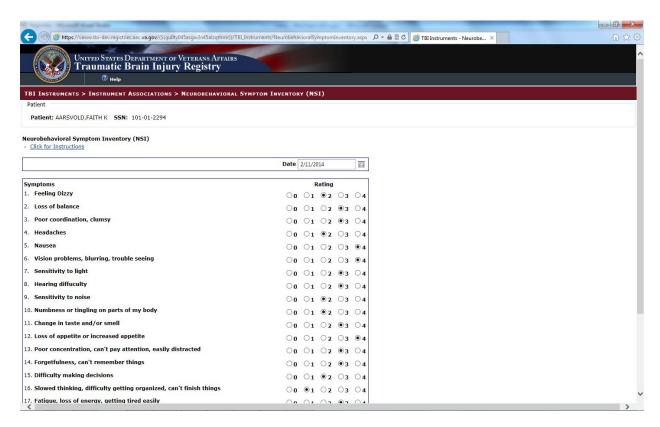


Figure 50 - Neurobehavioral Symptom Inventory (NSI)

3.2.12. Patient Global Impression of Change (PGIC)

The Patient Global Impression of Change (PGIC) in pain intensity is measured on an pain intensity numerical rating scale (PI-NRS), where 0=no pain and 10=worst possible pain, and this chronic pain scale is related to global assessments of change.

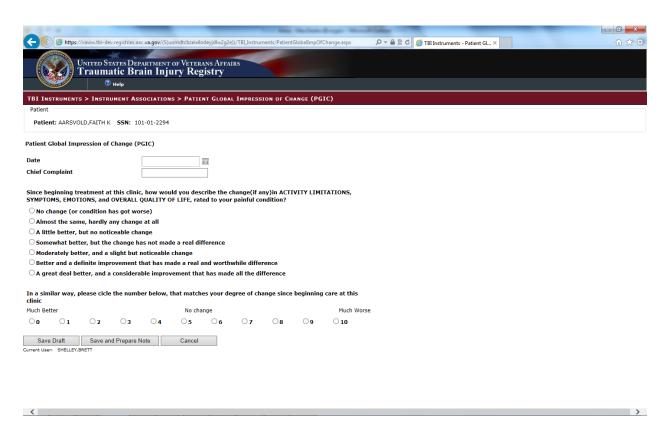


Figure 51 - Patient Global Impression of Change (PGIC)

3.2.13. Satisfaction with Life Scale (SWLS)

The Satisfaction with Life Scale (SLWS) measures the global life satisfaction and the various components of subjective well-being. The SWLS is narrowly focused to assess global life satisfaction and does not tap related constructs such as positive affect or loneliness.

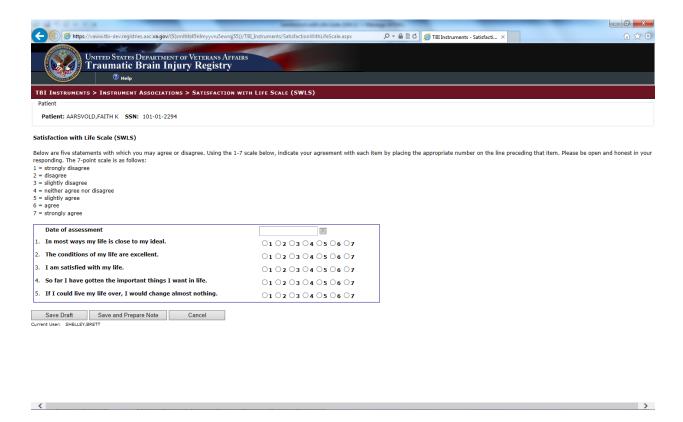


Figure 52 - Satisfaction with Life Scale (SWLS)

3.2.14. Berg Balance Scale

The Berg Balance Scale is a 14-item objective measure designed to assess static balance and fall risk in adult populations.

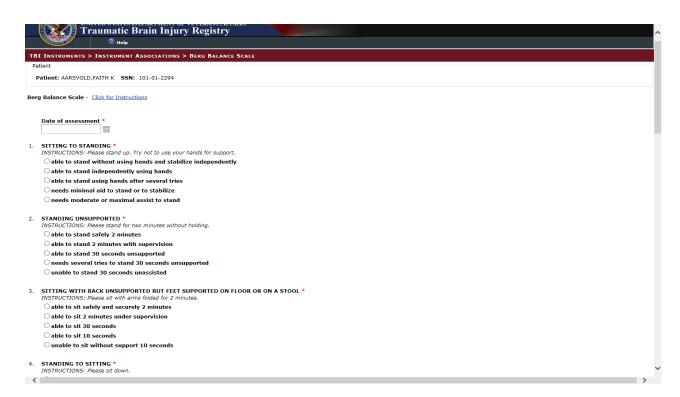


Figure 53 - Berg Balance Scale

3.2.15. Disability Rating Scale (DRS)

The Disability Rating Scale (DRS) is commonly used by TBI rehabilitation facilities to assess a client's general level of functioning in terms of impairment, disability, and handicap. It is an assessment of current level of functioning among clients with traumatic brain injury (TBI) and often guides the establishment of realistic outcome goals for post-acute rehabilitation.

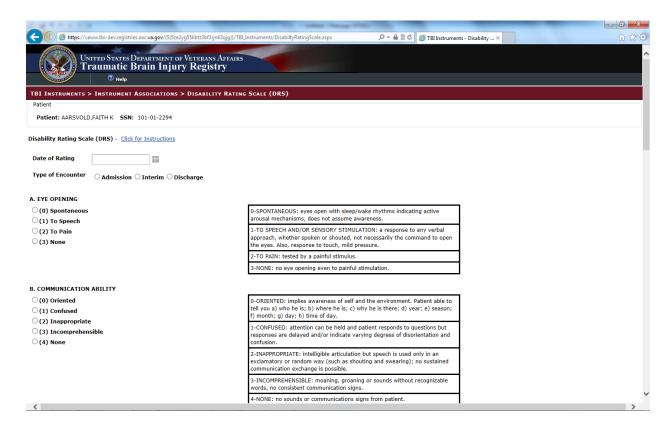


Figure 54 - Disability Rating Scale (DRS)

3.3. Sample Report

The questionnaire answers are summarized and displayed on the screen as shown below. Each report will maintain the same format, however, the questions contained in the report will be specific to each summary. The MAPI Summary is used in this example.



Figure 55 - Sample Report

If the user wants to make changes to the material, the user should click [Cancel] button and re-enter the answers. If the content is correct, the user clicks the [Submit Note] button.

Be aware that once the note is submitted, it is no longer editable within the TBI Instruments application and any updates will have to be made within CPRS.

The clinician must sign the note in CPRS.

A. Business Rules

Certain answer to certain questions, or combination of questions, in the questionnaire skip questions and "jump" to other sections of the evaluation. This section details those questions and their effects on the Comprehensive TBI Evaluation and TBI Follow-up Evaluation Instrument.

A.1. Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Business Rules

Table 3 lists the effect each answer on the Comprehensive TBI Evaluation.

Table 3 - Comprehensive TBI Evaluation Business Rules

Rule	Description	Related Rules
CTE BR#1	Answering Yes to Question A skips all questions until question #27. Then answering No to question #27 produces no error messages and any other data entered for this instrument is presented in the draft note.	 For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer Yes. Question #27: Are the history of the injury and the course of clinical symptoms consistent with a diagnosis of TBI sustained during OEF/OIF deployment? Answer No.
CTE BR#2	Answering Yes to Question A skips all questions until #27. Then answering Yes to Question #27 produces no error messages and any other data entered for this instrument is presented in the draft note.	 For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer Yes. Question #27. Are the history of the injury and the course of clinical symptoms consistent with a diagnosis of TBI sustained during OEF/OIF deployment? Enter Yes for Question #27.
CTE BR#3	Answering No to Question A and selecting None for Question #4 will skip questions: 4-A-1, 4-A-2, 4-B-1, 4-B-2, 4-C-1, 4-C-2, 5-A, 5-B, 5-C, 5-D, 5-D-1, 5-D-1-a, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5, 5-E, 6, 6-A, 7, 7-A, 8, 8-A, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12-A, 13.	 For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No. For Question #4: How many serious OEF/OIF deployment related injuries have occurred? Answer None. The system skips questions: 4-A-1, 4-A-2, 4-B-1, 4-B-2, 4-C-1, 4-C-2, 5-A, 5-B, 5-C, 5-D, 5-D-1, 5-D-1-a, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5, 5-E, 6, 6-A, 7, 7-A, 8, 8-A, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12-A, 13 Answering Yes in this scenario produces the following message: In question #4, your response indicates this patient did not experience an OEF/OIF deployment related injury. Based on this response, this patient would not have suffered an OEF/OIF deployment related TBI. If your response to question #4 is not correct, and this patient did experience an OEF/OIF deployment related injury, please make the appropriate correction to question #4, and you will then be permitted to indicate the

Rule	Description	Related Rules
		patient suffered a TBI during OEF/OIF deployment.
CTE BR#4	Answering No to Question A and selecting One for Question #4 will skip questions 4-B-1, 4-B-2, 4-C-1, 4-C-2.	For question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #4: How many serious OEF/OIF deployment related injuries have occurred? Answer One.
		3. The result is:
		a. The Year allowed is 2001 to current.
		b. The system skips questions: 4-B-1, 4-B-2, 4-C-1, 4-C-2
CTE BR#5	Answering No to question A and selecting One for question #4 will skip questions 4-C-1, 4-C-2.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #4: How many serious OEF/OIF deployment related injuries have occurred? Answer Two.
		3. The result is:
		a. The Year allowed is 2001 to current.
		b.The system skips questions: 4-C-1, 4-C-2
		c. If you answered Question #4 with Three, you will be allowed to go to 4-C-1 and 4-C-2 and the Year allowed is 2001 to current.
CTE BR#6	Answering No to Question A and Enter/confirm there is something other than 0.No. Then answering No for	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
	question 4, and No for question 5-D will skip questions 5-D-1, 5-D-1-a, 5-D-2, 5-	Enter or confirm the answer for Question for is something other than "0. No".
	D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5.	3. For question #5-D. Blast: Answer No.
		4. The result is:
		a.The system skips questions: 5-D-1, 5-D-1- a, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5.
		b. Answering No on 5-D moves you to question 5-E.
CTE BR#7	Answering No to Question A and Question #6, will skip question 6-A.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #6: Did you lose consciousness immediately after any of these experiences? Answer No.
		3. The system will skip 6-A
CTE BR#8	Answering No to Question A and answering Uncertain to Question #6, will skip Question 6-A.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		2. For Question #6: Did you lose consciousness

Rule	Description	Related Rules
		immediately after any of these experiences? Answer Uncertain.
		The system will skip question 6-A.
CTE BR#9	Answering No to Question A and Question #7 will skip question 7-A.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #7: Did you have a period of disorientation or confusion immediately following the incident? Answer No.
		The system will skip question 7-A.
CTE BR#10	Answering No to Question A and answering Uncertain to Question #6, will skip Question 7-A.	For question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #7: Did you have a period of disorientation or confusion immediately following the incident? Answer Uncertain.
		3. The system will skip question 7-A.
CTE BR#12	Answering No to Question A and answering Uncertain to Question #8, will skip Question 8-A.	For question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #8: Did you experience a period of memory loss immediately before or after the incident? Answer Uncertain.
		3. The system will skip Question 8-A.
CTE BR#13	Answering No to Question A and Question #12, will skip question 12-A.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question #12: Prior to this evaluation, had you received any professional treatment (including medications) for your deployment related TBI symptoms? Answer No.
		3. The system will skip question 12-A.
CTE BR#14	Answering No to question A and Not at all to Question #17, will skip question 17-A.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question 17: Overall, in the last 30 days how much did these difficulties (symptoms) interfere with your life? Answer Not at all.
		3. The system will skip question 17-A.
CTE BR#15	Answering No to Questions A and #18, will skip questions 18-A, 18-B, 18-C.	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
		For Question 18. In the last 30 days, have you had any problems with pain? Answer No.
		3. The system will skip questions 18-A, 18-B, 18-C.
CTE	Answering No to Question A and Not at	For question A: Was this evaluation furnished

Rule	Description	Related Rules
BR#16	all to Question #18-B, will skip question 18-C.	by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No. 2. For Question 18-B. In the last 30 days, how much did pain interfere with your life? Answer Not at all.
		3. The system will skip question 18-C
CTE BR#17	Answering No to Question A and Not at all to Question #23, will skip Question 23-A.	 For question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No. For question 23. Psychiatric Symptoms: Answer Not at all.
0.77		3. The system will skip question 23-A.
CTE BR#18	Answering No to Question A and select something that does not equal Other condition not related to OEF/OIF deployment related TBI or Behavioral Health conditions(s) for Question #28, will skip Question 28-A.	 For question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No. For Question 28: In your clinical judgment the current clinical symptom presentation is most consistent with: Answer anything other than
		Other condition not related to OEF/OIF deployment related TBI or Behavioral Health conditions(s). 3. The system will skip question 28-A.
CTE BR#19	Answering No to Question A and Services will be provided outside VA. to Question #29, will skip questions 29-	For question A. Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
	A, 29-B, 29-C, 29-D, 29-D-1, 29-E, 29-F, 29-G, 29-H, 29-I, 29-I-1, 30.	For Question 29. Follow up plan: Answer Services will be provided outside VA.
		3. The system will skip questions 29-A, 29-B, 29-C, 29-D, 29-D-1, 29-E, 29-F, 29-G, 29-H, 29-I, 29-I-1, 30.
CTE BR#20	Answering No to Question A No services needed to question #29, will skip questions 29-A, 29-B, 29-C, 29-D,	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
	29-D-1, 29-E, 29-F, 29-G, 29-H, 29-I, 29-I-1, 30.	For Question 29. Follow up plan: Answer No services needed.
		3. The system will skip questions 29-A, 29-B, 29-C, 29-D, 29-D-1, 29-E, 29-F, 29-G, 29-H, 29-I, 29-I-1, 30.
CTE BR#21	Answering No to Question A and Patient refused or not interested in further services to question #29, will	For Question A: Was this evaluation furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
	skip questions 29-A, 29-B, 29-C, 29-D, 29-D-1, 29-E, 29-F, 29-G, 29-H, 29-I, 29-I-1, 30.	For Question 29. Follow up plan: Answer Patient refused or not interested in further services.
		3. The system will skip question 29-A, 29-B, 29-C, 29-D, 29-D-1, 29-E, 29-F, 29-G, 29-H, 29-I, 29-I-1, 30.
CTE	Answering No to Question A and	For Question A. Was this evaluation

Rule	Description	Related Rules
BR#22	answering something other than Other for Question #29-I, will skip question	furnished by a non-VA provider, e.g., fee basis? Answer No.
	29-I-1.	For Question 29-I. New medication trial or change in dose of existing medication to address the following symptoms: Answer something other than Other.
		3. The system will skip question 29-I-1.

A.2. TBI Follow-up Evaluation Instrument Business Rules

<u>Table 4</u> lists the effect each answer on the TBI Follow-up Evaluation Instrument

Table 4 – TBI Evaluation Instrument Business Rules

Rule	Description	Related Rules
TFA BR#1	Answering No to Question #4 will skip Questions 4-A, 4-B, 5-A, 5-B, 5-C, 5-D, 5-D-1, 5-D-1-A, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5, 5-E, 6, 6-A, 7, 7-A, 8, 8-A, 9, 10, 10-A.	 For Question 4: Experienced head injury since prior evaluation? Answer No. The system will skip questions 4-A, 4-B, 5-A, 5-B, 5-C, 5-D, 5-D-1, 5-D-1-A, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5, 5-E, 6, 6-A, 7, 7-A, 8, 8-A, 9, 10, 10-A
TFA BR#2	Answering No to Question #5-D will skip Questions 5-D-1, 5-D-1-A, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5	 For question 5-D. "Blast:" Answer No. The system will skip of questions 5-D-1, 5-D-1-A, 5-D-2, 5-D-3, 5-D-4, 5-D-5.
TFA BR#3	Answering No to Question #6 will skip questions 6-A.	 For question 6: Did you lose consciousness immediately after any of these experiences? Answer No. The system will skip Question 6-A
TFA BR#4	Answering Uncertain to Question #6 will skip Question 6-A.	 For question 6: Did you lose consciousness immediately after any of these experiences? Answer Uncertain. The system will skip Question 6-A
TFA BR#5	Answering No to Question #7 will skip Question 7-A.	 For question 7: Did you have a period of disorientation or confusion immediately following the incident? Answer No. The system will skip question 7-A.
TFA BR#6	Answering Uncertain to Question #7 will skip Question 7-A.	 For question 7: Did you have a period of disorientation or confusion immediately following the incident? Answer Uncertain. The system will skip question 7-A
TFA BR#7	Answering No to Question #8 will skip Question 8-A.	For question 8: Did you experience a period of memory loss immediately before or after the incident? Answer No. The system will skip question 8-A
TFA BR#8	Answering Uncertain to Question #8 will skip Question 8-A.	 For question 8: Did you experience a period of memory loss immediately before or after the incident? Answer Uncertain. The system will skip question 8-A.
TFA BR#9	Answering No to Question #10 will skip Questions 10-A.	 For question 10: If you have had a new injury, have you seen any health care providers (doctors/therapists) as a result of the new head injury? Answer No. The system will skip question 10-A

Rule	Description	Related Rules	
TFA BR#10	Answering Uncertain to Question #8 will skip Question 8-A.	 For question 8: Did you experience a period of memory loss immediately before or after the incident? Answer Uncertain. The system will skip question 8-A 	
TFA BR#11	Answering anything other than Other to Question #20-A will skip Question 20-A-1.	For Question 20-A, answer anything other than "Other". The system will skip Question 20-A-1.	
	Answer Other on Question #20-A, Question 20-A-1 will appear.	For Question 20-A, answer "Other". Question 20-A-1 appears.	
TFA BR#12	Answering No to Question #13 will skip Questions 13-A, 13-B	 For Question 13: In the last 30 days, have you had any problems with pain? Answer No. The system will skip questions 13-A, 13-B 	

Glossary В.

Glossary

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Η	_	7	K	L	M
N	O	Р	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X		
0-9												

Control-click character to see entries; missing character means no entries for that character.

		Term or Acronym	Description
		0 - 9	
508 See Section 508			
BACK	to Glossa	ry Contents	

Term or	Term or Acronym				
	A				
ABI	ABI Acquired Brain Injury				
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Term or	m or Acronym Description		
		В	
browser		A program which allows a person to read <u>hypertext</u> . The browser provides some means of viewing the contents of nodes (or "pages") and of navigating from one node to another. A browser is required in order to access the TBI software application.	
		Microsoft® Internet Explorer® and Firefox® are examples for browsers for the World-Wide Web. They act as clients to remote web servers.	
BACK	to Glossar	y Contents	

Term or Acronym	Description
	С
Case	The collection of information maintained on patients that have been included in a registry.
Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS)	A Computerized Patient Record (CPR) is a comprehensive database system used to store and access patients' healthcare information. CPRS is the Department of Veterans Affairs electronic health record software. The CPRS organizes and presents all relevant data on a patient in a way that directly supports clinical decision making. This data includes medical history and conditions, problems and diagnoses, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures and interventions. Both a graphic user interface version and a character-based interface version are available. CPRS

Term or Acronym Description		
	provides a single interface for health care providers to review and update a patient's medical record, and to place orders, including medications, special procedures, x-rays, patient care nursing orders, diets, and laboratory tests. CPRS is flexible enough to be implemented in a wide variety of settings for a broad spectrum of health care workers, and provides a consistent, event-driven, Windows-style interface.	
CPRS	See Computerized Patient Record System	
BACK to	lossary Contents	

Term or Acronym	Description	
	D	
Department of Defense (DoD)	A department of the U.S. Federal government, charged with ensuring that the military capacity of the U.S. is adequate to safeguard the national security.	
DoD	See Department of Defense	
BACK	to Glossary Contents	

Term or Acronym				Description	
			E		
BACK	to Glossa	ary Contents			

Term or Acronym			Description		
			F		
BACK	to Glossary	y Contents			

Term or Acronym		Description
		G
Global War On Terror (GWOT)		Obsolete term; see Overseas Contingency Operation
GWOT		Global War On Terror (obsolete term; see Overseas Contingency Operation).
BACK to Glossary Contents		

Term or Acronym		Description
		Н
	_	
BACK	to Glossa	ary Contents

Term or Acronym	Description
	I .
BACKt	o Glossary Contents
Term or Acronym	Description
	J
BACK to Glossary	y Contents
Term or Acronym	Description
	К
BACK to Glossary	y Contents
Term or Acronym	Description
	L
BACK to Glossary	y Contents
Term or Acronym	Description
	M
MAPI N	Mayo-Portland Adaptability Inventory
BACK to Glossary	
Term or Acronym	Description
,	N N
BACK to Glossary	/ Contents
Term or Acronym	Description
,	0
OCO	See Overseas Contingency Operation
OEF/OIF	Operation Enduring Freedom/Operation Iraqi Freedom

See Patient Care Services

OPCS

BACK to Glossary Contents

Term or A	Acronym	Description	
		Р	
Patient Care Services (PCS), Office of		OPCS oversees VHA's clinical programs that support and improve Veterans' health care. The VA's broad approach to Veteran care incorporates expert knowledge, clinical practice and patient care guidelines in all aspects of care.	
BACK	to Glossary Contents		

Term or Acronym	Description
	Q

Term or A	Acronym	Description
		R
Registry		The VHA Registries Program supports the population-specific data needs of the enterprise including (but not limited to) the Defense/Veterans Eye Injury Registry, Oncology Tumor Registry, Traumatic Brain Injury Registry, Embedded Fragment Registry and Eye Trauma Registry. Also, a database containing a collection of data relating to a disease or condition.
BACK	to Glossary	v Contents

Term or Acronym	Description
	S
Section 508	Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act as amended, 29 U.S.C. Section 794(d), requires that when Federal agencies develop, procure, maintain, or use electronic and information technology, they shall ensure that this technology is accessible to people with disabilities. Agencies must ensure that this technology is accessible to employees and members of the public with disabilities to the extent it does not pose an "undue burden." Section 508 speaks to various means for disseminating information, including computers, software, and electronic office equipment. The TBI must be 508 compliant, able to extract data as needed including SNOMED codes.
Surveillance	Systematic collection, analysis, and interpretation of health data about a disease or condition.
Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine (SNOMED)	SNOMED is a terminology that originated as the systematized nomenclature of pathology (SNOP) in the early 1960s under the guidance of the College of American Pathologists. In the late 1970s, the concept was expanded to include most medical domains and renamed SNOMED. The core content includes text files such as the concepts, Descriptions, relationships, ICD-9 mappings, and history tables. SNOMED represents a terminological resource that can be implemented in software applications to represent clinically relevant information comprehensive (>350,000 concepts) multi-disciplinary coverage but discipline neutral structured to support

Term or Acronym		Description			
		data entry, retrieval, maps, etc.			
BACK	to Glossa	ary Contents			

Term or Acronym		Description				
		Т				
ТВІ		See Traumatic Brain Injuries				
Traumatic Brain Injuries (TBI)		The Traumatic Brain Injuries (TBI) Registry software application allows case managers to identify those Veterans who participated in Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF) or Operation Iraqi Freedom (OIF) and who sustained a head injury and thus are potential traumatic brain injury (TBI) patients. The TBI application permits the case manager to oversee and track the comprehensive evaluation of those patients. It also provides 17 types of reports used for tracking the evaluation and care of individuals identified as possible TBI candidates.				
BACK	to Glossary Contents					

Term or Acronym		Description				
U						
Uniform Resource Locator (URL)		(Formerly <u>Universal</u> Resource Locator). A standard way of specifying the location of an object, typically a web page, on the Internet. URLs are the form of address used on the World-Wide Web. In TBI the URL is typically a Web page which displays another application screen.				
URL		See Uniform Resource Locator				
BACK	to Glossary Contents					

Term or Acronym	Description				
V					
VA	See <u>Veterans Affairs</u>				
Veterans Affairs, Department of (VA)	The VA mission is to serve America's Veterans and their families with dignity and compassion and to be their principal advocate in ensuring that they receive medical care, benefits, social support, and lasting memorials promoting the health, welfare, and dignity of all Veterans in recognition of their service to this Nation. VA is the second largest Federal department and has over 278,000 employees. Among the many professions represented in the vast VA workforce are physicians, nurses, counselors, statisticians, architects, computer specialists, and attorneys. As advocates for Veterans and their families, the VA community is committed to providing the very best services with an attitude of caring and courtesy.				
Veterans Health Administration (VHA)	VHA administers the United States Veterans Healthcare System, whose mission is to serve the needs of America's Veterans by providing primary care, specialized care, and related medical and social support services.				
Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology	VistA is a comprehensive, integrated health care information system composed of numerous software modules. See http://www.va.gov/VistA_monograph/docs/2008 VistAHealtheVet_Monograph.pdf				

Term or Acronym		Description				
Architecture (VistA)		and http://www.virec.research.va.gov/DataSourcesName/VISTA/VISTA.htm .				
Veterans Integrated Service Network (VISN)		VHA organizes its local facilities into networks called VISNS (VA Integrated Service Networks). At the VISN level, VistA data from multiple local facilities may be combined into a data warehouse.				
VHA		See Veterans Health Administration				
VistA		See Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture				
BACK	to Glossary Contents					

Term or Acronym Description WBA See Web-Based Application In software engineering, a web application is an application that is accessed via a Web-based web browser over a network such as the Internet or an intranet. The term may also Application (WBA) mean a computer software application that is hosted in a browser-controlled environment (e.g. a Java applet) or coded in a browser-supported language (such as JavaScript, possibly combined with a browser-rendered markup language like HTML) and reliant on a common Web browser to render the application executable. Web applications are popular due to the ready availability of web browsers, and the convenience of using a web browser as a client, sometimes called a thin client. The ability to update and maintain web applications without distributing and installing software on potentially thousands of client computers is a key reason for their popularity, as is the inherent support for cross-platform compatibility. Common web applications include webmail, online retail sales, online auctions, wikis and many other functions. The TBI is a WBA. See also User Interface to Glossary Contents **BACK**

Term or Acronym		Description				
		Х				
BACK	to Glossa	ary Contents				

C. Web Based Application Elements

The following sections describe typical WBA elements.

Text Box



Note how the appearance of the box changes: from a plain line border (**SAMPLE 1**) to an almost three-dimensional, pale yellow-highlighted field when you tab to it or click in it (**SAMPLE 2**).

Type your entry into the text box. The entry will not be saved until you tab away from or otherwise exit from the text box. In cases where the format of your entry is important, a sample will appear near the box. The relative width of these boxes is usually a reflection of the number of characters you are allowed to enter. Sometimes (as with date fields) there may also be a "date picker" next to the field.

You should see a "tool tip" pop up when you hover your mouse pointer over the text box.



Figure 56 – Tool Tip for Text Box

Checkbox

SAMPLE: Work Related

A checkbox "toggles" (changes) between a YES / NO, ON / OFF setting. It is typically a square box which can contain a check mark \square or an "X" \boxtimes and is usually accompanied by text. Clicking the box or tabbing to the field and pressing the spacebar toggles the checkbox setting. In some instances, checkboxes may be used to provide more than one choice; in such cases, more than one box can be selected. Sometimes, a pre-determined "default" entry will be made for you in a checkbox; you can change the default if needed.

Radio Button

SAMPI F:	Living Arrangement:	O Family	O Friend	O Facility	Othe
SAMPLE:	Arrangement:	○ Family	Friend	○ Facility	0

A radio button, also known as an option button, is a small, hollow circle adjacent to text. Radio buttons usually appear in sets, with each button representing a single choice; normally, only one button in the set may be selected at any one time. Clicking on the radio button places a solid dot in the circle, selecting the option. Clicking a selected radio button de-selects it, removing the dot. As one radio button is selected, others within the category switch off. For example, Male or Female may be offered as choices through two radio buttons, but you can only select one of the choices.

Command Buttons



Save

A command button initiates an action. It is a rectangular "3-dimensional" shape with a label that specifies what action will be performed when the button is clicked. Common examples are shown at left. Command buttons that end with three dots indicate that selecting the command may evoke a subsidiary window.

In the text of this document, **command button** names appear inside square brackets. *Examples:* [Search], [Save].



The [Cancel] command allows you to cancel the action about to be taken, or to discard changes made on a form. For example, when closing an application, you may be prompted to validate the action to close. If you click the [Cancel] button, the application will not close and you will resume from the point at which the close action was initiated. Or, on a data screen, you may use the [Cancel] button to discard any changes you may have made to the data and close the tab.



The [Select] command is used to select records for editing.



The **[Search]** command is used to find one or more records. When at least one character is typed in a lookup dialog box, clicking the **[Search]** button will bring up matching entries. In many cases, leaving the lookup box blank will find all such records. Enter the search string and click **[Search]**. Searches are case-insensitive and use "contains" logic. The **[OK]** command is used to accept a default choice, or to agree with performing an

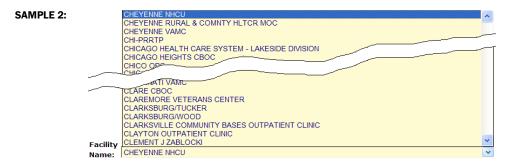


The **[OK]** command is used to accept a default choice, or to agree with performing an action.

Drop-down List







A drop-down list (sometimes called a "pull-down" list) is displayed as a box with an arrow button on the right side (SAMPLE 1). Such a list allows you to select one item from the list. The current choice (or a prompt) is visible in a small rectangle; when you click on the arrow, a list of items is revealed (SAMPLE 2). Click on one of the entries to make it your choice; the list disappears.