

VistA Imaging System

VistA Imaging Exchange (VIX) Service Installation Guide

October 2011 – Revision 1 MAG*3.0*104

> Department of Veterans Affairs Product Development Health Provider Systems

VistA Imaging Exchange (VIX) Service Installation Guide VistA Imaging 3.0, Patch 104 October 2011

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VistA Imaging Product Development Department of Veterans Affairs Internet: http://www.va.gov/imaging VA intranet: http://vaww.va.gov/imaging

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Introduction

This document explains how to install the VistA Imaging Exchange (VIX) service.

The VIX:

- Implements image sharing between Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and participating Department of Defense (DoD) medical facilities.
- Supports and extends VA-to-VA remote image sharing for Clinical Display and VistARad.

Intended Audience

This document is intended for VA staff responsible for managing a local VIX.

This document presumes a working knowledge of the VistA environment, VistA Imaging components and workflow, and Windows administration. If the VIX is implemented on the Imaging cluster, a working knowledge of Windows cluster administration is also assumed.

Terms of Use

The VIX is a component of VistA Imaging and is regulated as a medical device by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Use of the VIX is subject to the following provisions:



Caution: Federal law restricts this device to use by or on the order of either a licensed practitioner or persons lawfully engaged in the manufacture or distribution of the product.



The FDA classifies VistA Imaging, and the VIX (as a component of VistA Imaging) as a medical device. Unauthorized modifications to VistA Imaging, including the VIX, such as the installation of unapproved software, will adulterate the medical device. The use of an adulterated medical device violates US federal law (21CFR820).



Because software distribution/inventory management tools can install inappropriate or unapproved software without a local administrator's knowledge, sites must exclude the VIX server from such systems.

Document Conventions

This document uses the following conventions:

- Controls, options, and button names are shown in **Bold**.
- A vertical bar is used to separate successive menu choices. For example: "Click File | Open" means: "Click the File menu; then click the Open option."
- Keyboard key names are shown in bold and in brackets.
- Sample output is shown in monospace.
- Important or required information is shown in a **Note**.
- Critical information is indicated by:



Related Information

In addition to this manual, the following documents contain information about the VIX:

- VistA Image Exchange (VIX) Service Administrator's Guide http://www.va.gov/vdl/application.asp?appid=105
- MAG*3.0*83 VA-DoD VistA Imaging Exchange (VIX) Service Patch Description http://vaww.va.gov/imaging/3 Opatches.htm
- MAG*3.0*104 Central VistA Imaging Exchange (CVIX) Patch Description http://vaww.va.gov/imaging/3 Opatches.htm

Installing a New VIX

This section explains how to implement a new VIX. There is an installation checklist that summarizes the process on page 44.

Tip: If you are updating an existing VIX, see page 21.

Preparing for a New VIX Installation

Preparing to install a new VIX involves:

Setting up VistA

- Selecting and validating the server where the VIX will be installed
- Getting VIX component licenses
- Getting a VIX security certificate
- Scheduling server downtime (cluster installs)

Specifics are covered in the following sections.

Setting up VistA

You must install the compatible KIDS package on the VistA system before installing the VIX server software. For the MAG*3.0*104 VIX, you can install the associated MAG*3.0*104 KIDS with no interruption to VistA operations. You can download the file from the Imaging FTP site at:

ftp. i maging. med. va. gov/Software/Released_Software/Mag3_0P104

For detailed installation instructions, see the MAG*3.0*104 Patch Description.

- If you are implementing a VIX for the first time, the MAG VIX ADMIN key introduced in Patch MAG*3.0*83 needs to be assigned to the VistA accounts of administrators who need access to the VIX transaction log.
- While it is not required, it is recommended that sites run the MagDexter and MagKat utilities provided in patch MAG*3.0*98. Doing so populates DICOM series information for radiology exams acquired before the release of MAG*3.0*50. See the VistA Imaging Storage Utilities Manual for details.

Selecting and Validating the VIX Server

The VIX supports both single and clustered server configurations. It is highly recommended that the VIX be installed on the Imaging cluster. If the existing Imaging cluster server cannot accommodate the VIX, the VIX can also be installed on a dedicated standalone server.

The server or cluster where the VIX is installed must meet the FDA, hardware, and operating system/environmental requirements specified in the following sections.

FDA Requirements

The VIX is a component of VistA Imaging and is therefore regulated as a medical device by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Use of the VIX is subject to the terms of use listed on page v.

Hardware Requirements

Minimum VIX hardware requirements:

- 4 gigabytes of RAM (per server if installing on a cluster)
- A dedicated local drive for the VIX cache with at least 50 gigabytes of disk space.
 A larger drive may desirable based on usage.
- A 1 gigabit Ethernet connection will need to be available for use by the VIX.

Port Requirements

On the server where the VIX is installed, verify that ports 8080 and 8443 are accessible to VA wide area network IP addresses (10.x.x.x).

Operating System and Environment Requirements

The VIX can run on:

- Windows Server 2003 Standard or Enterprise Edition (32-bit)
- Windows Server 2008 R2 64-bit Standard or Enterprise Edition

Depending on the Windows version being used for the VIX, additional items need to be present to support the VIX environment.

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.NET Framework Requirement (Windows 2003 only)

On Windows 2003, the VIX installer requires that .NET Framework 2.0 (x86) be pre-installed. .NET 2.0 is part of the .NET 3.5 Family Update (KB951847).

If the .NET framework is not installed, you can download it from http://update.microsoft.com/. (On the Web page, choose **Custom**, and under optional patches, download and install the entry shown below).

□ Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 Service Pack 1 and .NET Framework 3.5 Family Update (KB951847) x86
Download size: 248.4 MB , less than 1 minute
Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 Service Pack 1 is a full cumulative update that contains many new features building incrementally upon .NET
Framework 2.0, 3.0, 3.5, and includes cumulative servicing updates to the .NET Framework 2.0 and .NET Framework 3.0 subcomponents. The .NET
Framework 3.5 Family Update provides important application compatibility updates.
Details...
□ Don't show this update again

Note: After installing .NET, use Windows Update to install any security updates available for .NET 2.0.

Note: You can install more recent .NET updates as long as .NET 2.0 is included in that update.

Visual C++ Requirement (Windows 2003 and Windows 2008)

The VIX requires that the *Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 Redistributable Package* (x86) be pre-installed to support the VIX's built-in Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit.

If the Visual C++ package is not already installed, you can download it from:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/en/details.aspx?familyid=200B2FD9-AE1A-4A14-984D-389C36F85647&displaylang=en

Getting VIX Component Licenses

Two toolkits used by the VIX require third-party licenses.

Laurel Bridge DCF Toolkit

The Laurel Bridge DICOM Connectivity Framework (DCF) toolkit is a third-party toolkit used by the VIX to convert images to and from DICOM format.

The VA has purchased an enterprise-wide license for this toolkit. To request site-specific serial numbers for this license, do the following:

1. From the server where the VIX is installed, attempt to access the Laurel Bridge activation code server at https://192.131.14.9. (A login page will display if you can access the site.)



If you cannot this access this site, enter a Remedy ticket and indicate that your site ACL (access control list) needs to be modified to access https://192.131.14.9.

2. Contact the <u>VHAVILBLicenses@va.gov</u> mail group. They will provide a request form and instructions for completing the form.

The serial number information provided will ultimately be used to generate an activation code (this is done during the VIX installation process). The activation code allows the Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit to be installed and used.

The Laurel Bridge activation code is linked to the hardware of the server where the toolkit is installed. If you have to replace the licensed server, email the contacts listed above to arrange to get the serial number(s) transferred as well.

Aware Toolkit

The Aware JPEG2000 toolkit is a third-party toolkit used for DICOM-to-JPEG2000 image conversion by the VIX.

Sites that implement the VIX must purchase a one-time permanent license from Aware for each server where the VIX is used (a VIX on a standalone server would need one license; a VIX on a cluster would need one license for each server in the cluster).

Note: Do not install the Aware runtime licenses manually. Doing so will interfere with the VIX installation wizard.

Getting a VIX Security Certificate

Each server that hosts the VIX must be issued a security certificate. To get security certificates, send an e-mail to VHAVIVIXSETUP@VA.GOV and include the following information:

- Fully qualified VIX server name (for a cluster, include the names of each server in the cluster in addition to the fully qualified cluster name).
- Contact information for the primary and backup administrators of the VIX.

Requests will typically be processed within five business days. After the request has been processed, the security certificate (one per server) will be placed in the appropriate site folder on the Imaging FTP server and the originators of the request will be notified.

Each security certificate received will need to be copied to the local server where the VIX software is installed. The VIX installation wizard will prompt you for this certificate during the installation process.

New VIX Installation – Cluster

Use the following steps to install a VIX on a clustered server for the first time.

Installation should take 30-60 minutes assuming that all preparation steps are complete. Administrator-level access to the clustered server is presumed.

Note Only perform the steps in this section if you are installing the VIX on a clustered server. If you are installing the VIX on a standalone server, see page 14.

Scheduling Downtime for Resource Group Moves

You will need to schedule downtime with appropriate personnel for the duration of the VIX installation.

WARNING: You will need to move the Imaging resources group from one server node to another as part of installing the VIX. To prevent issues with image acquisition, stop DICOM image processing on DICOM Image Gateways (including the MAG*3.0*34 HDIG, if present) for the duration of the VIX install.

Preparing Passwords and Staging Files

Before starting the VIX installation process on a clustered server, do the following:

- 1. Prepare a password to be used for the Apache Tomcat administrator account that will be created as part of the VIX installation process.
 - This account will be rarely used; it only needs to be secured properly.
 - The password is case-sensitive and only alphanumeric characters are allowed.
- 2. Prepare a password for the Windows account that will be created as part of the VIX installation process.
 - This Windows account, which will be named "apachetomcat" when it is created by the VIX installer, is used to run the VIX in the Tomcat environment. This account is limited to only the functions it needs to run the VIX.
 - The password is case sensitive, must contain at least eight characters, and must contain at least one capital letter and one number.
- 3. Copy the VIX security certificates to both primary hard drives (usually drive C) on each server where the VIX will be installed.

Clustered Server Installation

VIX installation involves running two processes back-to-back. The first short process installs the VIX Installation Wizard. The second, longer process involves using the VIX Installation Wizard to install the actual VIX. Both processes will be repeated on both cluster nodes. After the VIX is installed on both cluster nodes, you will need to add a new resource to the Imaging resource group.

Detailed steps are provided below.

Note: The VIX Installation Wizard saves settings specified during installation on the first cluster node and uses those settings to streamline installation on the second node. To take advantage of this, do not deviate from the process described below.

To install the VIX on the primary cluster node

- 1. Verify that DICOM image processing on all DICOM Gateways has been stopped.
- 2. Copy the latest VIX installer (MAG3_0P<number>_VIX_Setup.msi) to both nodes in the cluster.
- 3. Use an administrator-level account to log on to the active node of the cluster (i.e., the server that currently owns the group used for Imaging resources).
- 4. Do the following to prepare the VIX Installation Wizard:
 - a. Double-click the VIX installation file.
 - b. When the Welcome page displays, click **Next**.
 - c. When the Confirm Installation page displays, click **Next**.
 - d. When the Installation Complete screen displays, click **Close**.
- 5. Choose Start | All Programs | VistA Imaging Programs | VIX Installation Service Wizard.
- 6. In the Welcome page for the VIX installation wizard, click **Next**.
- 7. In the Specify the VA site...page, enter the STATION NUMBER (field (#99) in the INSTITUTION file (#4)) of the site where the VIX is installed, then click **Lookup Server Addresses**.
- 8. Verify that the site-related information retrieved by the lookup is correct, then click **Next**.

Note: The VIX server hostname will be blank and the port number will be 0; these values are populated automatically once the VIX is registered with the VistA site service.

- 9. When the Prerequisites page displays, verify that the icons for the first two items on the page are ②.
 - <account> has Administrator role This check verifies that an administrative account is being used. If not, cancel the installation and restart it using a Windows administrator account.
 - Current operating system This check verifies that the proper operating system
 is present. If a non-supported operating system is identified, installation cannot
 continue.
- 10. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the Java Runtime environment. If \square is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click **Install**.
 - b. Wait until the status icon the Java Runtime Environment changes to ②.
- 11. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the Apache Tomcat installation. If is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click Install.
 - b. In the dialog box that displays, enter the and confirm the Apache Tomcat password that you prepared as described in Pre-installation Steps above, then click **OK**.
 - c. Wait until the status icon for Apache Tomcat changes to ②.
- 12. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the Laurel Bridge toolkit. If

 is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click the **Install** button next to the Laurel Bridge item. After a brief delay, the Activate DCF License window will open.

Tip: The Network Activation tab will be selected automatically, and about half of the boxes in the window will be pre-populated.

b. Enter all of the following information in the Network Activation tab:

Note: The **Activate** button will be disabled if any boxes listed below are left blank.

- Product Serial Number the new Laurel Bridge DCF serial number (include dashes).
- **Site** the name of your site.
- **CPUs** the number of CPUs on the server hosting the VIX.
- Contact name and Contact email the administrator of your local VistA Imaging system.
- c. Near the bottom of the window, click **Activate**. After a brief delay, the Status box will display a green "Success" message.
- d. **Click Exit with success**. The Activate DCF License window will close and the updated Laurel Bridge toolkit will be installed (installation will only take a second or two).
- - a. Click Create.
 - b. In the dialog box that displays, enter the Windows service account password that you prepared as described in Pre-installation Steps above, then click **OK**.
 - c. Wait until the status icon for the service account changes to ②.
- - a. Click Install.
 - b. In the dialog box that displays, click **Select**.
 - c. Specify the location of the security certificate setup file received from the national VistA Imaging team, then click **OK**.
- 16. In the Specify the location... page, select the drive where you want the VIX configuration files to reside, then click **Create**.
 - In most cases, you should use the same drive for the VIX configuration files and for the cache.

- The drive must be accessible to all servers in the cluster.
- 17. In the same page, select the drive where the VIX cache will be located, then click **Create**.
- 18. Click Next.
- 19. In the Configure local DoD connection page, do one of the following:
 - If your site does not have a local connection to a DoD facility, click **Next** (this will be the case at most VA sites).
 - If your site has a local network connection to a DoD facility, you can enter connection information for the DoD's PACS integrator server. After entering the connection information, click Validate to test the connection, then click Next.
- 20. In the Install the VIX page, click **Install**. (The information in this page is saved in C:\Program Files\VistA\Imaging\Vix Installer for future reference or troubleshooting.)
- 21. When the following message box displays, click **OK** to continue.



22. When installation is complete, click **Finish** to exit the wizard.

To install the VIX on the second cluster node

- 1. After installation on the first cluster node is complete, move the Imaging resources group to the second node. For operating system-specific steps, see page 46.
- 2. Log on to the second node as an administrator.
- 3. Execute the VIX installation wizard as described in steps 3 20 above.

Note: When you install the VIX on the second node, the pages in the wizard will be pre-populated based on what was specified for the primary node. Do not change the pre-populated values.

4. After installation is complete, move the Imaging resources group back to the first node.

5. At this point, normal Imaging operations (including DICOM Image Gateway processing) can resume; however, you need to perform additional cluster configuration steps for the VIX. See the next set of steps for details.

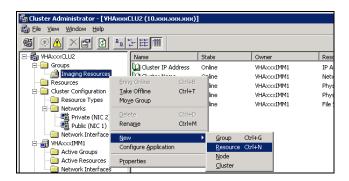
Creating the VIX Resource

After the VIX is installed on both nodes of the cluster, you will need to create a resource for the VIX and add that resource to the group used for other Imaging resources. This will allow the VIX to fail over onto the other node in the cluster the same way pre-existing Imaging resources will.

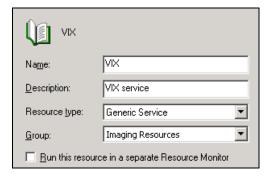
The specifics of this process will vary based on what operating system is present on the server where the VIX is installed.

To define a cluster resource for the VIX – Windows 2003

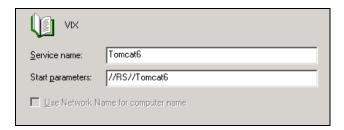
- 1. On the server where the VIX was installed, start Cluster Administrator (**Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Cluster Administrator**) and locate the group used to manage Imaging resources. (The specific name may vary from the examples shown below).
- 2. Right-click the group and choose **New | Resource**.



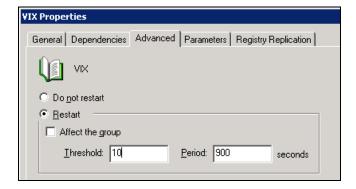
3. In the New Resource page that opens, enter the values shown below, then click **Next**.



- 4. In the Possible Owners page, verify that the servers (nodes) where the VIX is installed are shown in the **Possible owners** area on the right side of the page. Then click **Next**.
- 5. In the Dependencies page:
 - a. Select the physical disk that was designated as the VIX cache during the installation process, then click **Add**. If you selected a different physical drive for the VIX configuration files (this is unusual) then add that drive as well.
 - b. After the selected disk(s) are shown in the **Resource dependencies** area on the right side of the page, click **Next**.
- 6. In the Generic Server Parameters page, enter Tomcat6 as the Service name, and enter //RS//Tomcat6 as the Start parameters, then click **Next**.



- 7. When the Registry Replication page displays, click **Finish** (no registry keys need to be specified).
- 8. When the "Cluster resource created successfully" message displays, click **OK**.
- 9. Right-click the newly created VIX cluster resource, then click **Properties**.
- 10. In the page that displays, click the **Advanced** tab.
- 11. In the Restart area, clear the **Affect the group** option and set the value in the **Threshold** box to **10**, then click **OK**.





VIX

12. Right-click the VIX cluster resource and click **Bring Online**.

13. On the right side of the window, verify that the new resource's state is "Online."

Bring Online

4M1

Ctrl+B

14. At this point, the VIX is fully installed. However, it cannot be used until it is activated and registered with the VistA Site Service. See page 18 for details.

To define a cluster resource for the VIX – Windows 2008

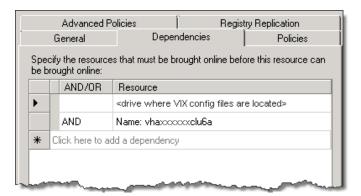
Active Resources

- 1. On the cluster server where the VIX was installed, start the Failover Cluster Manager (click Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Failover Cluster Manager).
- 2. On the left side of the window, under Services and Applications, select the service used to manage Imaging resources. In most cases, the name of this service will be the cluster name followed by "a".



- 3. On the far right side of the window, click **Add** a resource, then click **4 Generic Service**.
- 4. Wait until the first page in the New Resource Wizard populates. Then click the **Apache Tomcat** item at the top of the list.
- 5. Click **Next** twice. (There are no selectable items on the next two wizard pages.)

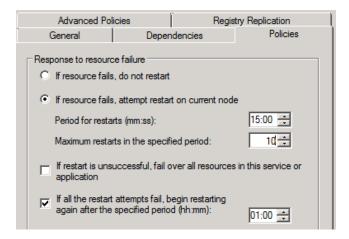
- 6. Click **Finish**. The wizard will close and the new Apache Tomcat resource will display under Other Resources in the Failover Cluster Manager window.
- 7. Right-click the Apache Tomcat resource and click **Properties**.
- 8. In the dialog box that opens, click the **General** tab. Then change the **Resource Name** to VIX.
- 9. Click the Dependencies tab and click the empty row in the Resource area. Then select the drive where the VIX configuration files were installed.
- 10. In the next (blank) row that appears, set the AND/OR column to AND, then set the Resource column to the name of the service that owns the resource (usually this will be the cluster name followed by "a").



Note: If the VIX cache is on a different drive than the VIX configuration files, add the VIX cache drive as an additional resource as well. Also set the AND/OR condition for the VIX cache drive to AND.

11. Click the Policies tab. Under the second option, set the Period for restarts to 15 minutes and set Maximum restarts to 10.

12. In the same tab, select the checkbox for "If restart is unsuccessful, fail over all resources in this service or application".



- 13. Click **OK** to accept the new settings and to close the Properties dialog box.
- 14. Near the middle of the Failover Cluster Manager window, under Other Resources, right-click the VIX resource and select **Bring this resource online**.
- 15. At this point, the VIX is fully installed. However, it cannot be used until it is activated and registered with the VistA Site Service. See page 18 for details.

New VIX Installation – Standalone Server

Use the following steps to install a VIX on a standalone server for the first time. Installation should take less than 30 minutes assuming that all preparation steps in previous sections are complete.

Note Only perform the steps in this section if you are installing the VIX on a single server. If you are installing the VIX on a clustered server, see page 5.

Preparing Passwords and Staging Files

Before starting the VIX installation process on a standalone server, do the following:

- 1. Prepare a password to be used for the Apache Tomcat administrator account that will be created as part of the VIX installation process.
 - This account will be rarely used; it only needs to be secured properly.
 - The password is case-sensitive and only alphanumeric characters are allowed.

- 2. Prepare a password for the Windows account that will be created as part of the VIX installation process.
 - This Windows account, which will be named "apachetomcat" when it is created by the VIX installer, is used to run the VIX in the Tomcat environment. This account is limited to only the functions it needs to run the VIX.
 - The password is case sensitive, must contain at least eight characters, and must contain at least one capital letter and one number.
- 3. Copy the VIX security certificate to the primary drive (usually the C drive) of the server where the VIX will be installed.

Standalone Server Installation

VIX installation involves running two processes back-to-back. The first short process installs the VIX Installation Wizard. The second, longer process involves using the VIX Installation Wizard to install the actual VIX.

Note: These steps presume that you have already obtained a serial number for the Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit. These steps also presume the VIX can access the Laurel Bridge license server via the internet.

To install the VIX on a standalone server

- 1. Use an administrator-level account to log on to the standalone server where the VIX will be installed.
- 2. Copy the VIX installation file (MAG3_OP<number>_VIX_Setup.msi) to a local folder on the server.
- 3. Do the following to prepare the VIX Installation Wizard:
 - a. Double-click the VIX installation file.
 - b. When the Welcome page displays, click **Next**.
 - c. When the Confirm Installation page displays, click **Next**.
 - d. When the Installation Complete screen displays, click **Close**.
- 4. Choose Start | All Programs | VistA Imaging Programs | VIX Installation Service Wizard.
- 5. When the Welcome page for the VIX installation wizard displays, click **Next**.

- 6. In the Specify the VA site... page, enter the STATION NUMBER (field (#99) in the INSTITUTION file (#4)) of the site where the VIX is installed, then click **Lookup Server Addresses**.
- 7. Verify that the site-related information retrieved by the lookup is correct, then click **Next**.

Note: The VIX server hostname will be blank and the port number will be 0; these values are populated automatically once the VIX is registered with the VistA site service.

- 8. When the Install the VIX Prerequisites page displays, verify that the icons for the first two items on the page are .
 - <account> has Administrator role This line will indicate if an administrative account is being used. If not, cancel the installation and restart it using a Windows administrator account.
 - Current operating system This line will indicate if the proper operating system
 is present. If a non-supported operating system is identified, the installation
 cannot continue.
- 9. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the Java Runtime environment. If is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click **Install**.
 - b. Wait until the status icon the Java Runtime Environment changes to ②.
- 10. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the Apache Tomcat installation. If \square is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click Install.
 - b. In the dialog box that displays, enter the and confirm the Apache Tomcat password that you prepared as described in Pre-installation Steps above, then click **OK**.
 - c. Wait until the status icon for Apache Tomcat changes to ②.
- 11. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the Laurel Bridge toolkit. If \mathbf{k} is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click the **Install** button next to the Laurel Bridge item. After a brief delay, the Activate DCF License window will open.

Tip: The Network Activation tab will be selected automatically, and about half of the boxes in the window will be pre-populated.

b. Enter all of the following information in the Network Activation tab:

Note: The Activate button will be disabled if any boxes listed below are left blank.

- Product Serial Number the new Laurel Bridge DCF serial number (include dashes).
- **Site** the name of your site.
- **CPUs** the number of CPUs on the server hosting the VIX.
- Contact name and Contact email the administrator of your local VistA Imaging system.
- c. Near the bottom of the window, click **Activate**. After a brief delay, the **Status** box will display a green "Success" message.
- d. Click **Exit with success**. The Activate DCF License window will close and the updated Laurel Bridge toolkit will be installed (installation will only take a second or two).
- 12. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of the service account. If **\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi{\text{\texitex{\text{\text{\text{\texiclex{\text{\texi}\tex{**
 - a. Click Create.
 - b. In the dialog box that displays, enter the Windows service account password that you prepared as described in Pre-installation Steps above, then click **OK**.
 - c. Wait until the status icon for the service account changes to ②.
- 13. On the same page, check the line that indicates the state of VIX security certificate. If is shown, do the following:
 - a. Click Install.
 - b. In the dialog box that displays, click **Select**.
 - c. Specify the location of the security certificate setup file received from the national VistA Imaging team, then click **OK.**
- 14. In the Install the VIX Prerequisites page, confirm that all the icons are ♥, then click Next.

- 15. In the Specify the location... page, select the drive where you want the VIX configuration files to reside, then click **Create**.
 - In most cases, you should use the same drive for the VIX configuration files and for the VIX cache.
 - If you have only one drive available, it will be pre-selected.
- 16. In the same page, select the drive where the VIX cache will be located, then click **Create**.
- 17. Click Next.
- 18. In the Configure Local DoD connection page, do one of the following:
 - If your site has no local network connection to a DoD facility, click **Next** (this will be the case at most VA sites).
 - If your site has a local network connection to a DoD facility, enter connection information for the DoD's PACS Integrator server. After entering the connection information, click Validate to test the connection, then click Next.
- 19. In the Install the VIX page, click **Install**. (The information in this page is saved in C:\Program Files\VistA\Imaging\ViX Installer for future reference or troubleshooting.)
- 20. When installation is complete, click **Finish** to exit the wizard.
- 21. The VIX will start automatically, but cannot be used until it is activated and registered with the VistA Site Service. See the next section for details.

Activating a New VIX

After the VIX is installed, it will be inactive until it is registered with the VistA Site Service. Clinical Display workstations and VistARad workstations use the site service to determine if local and remote VIX servers are available.

After the VIX is registered in the site service, the VIX will begin to be actively used, both by clinicians at your site as well as by remote VA sites for access to locally stored images.

Note: Do not register the VIX with the site service until after it is installed. Registering the VIX before it is installed will cause errors and timeout issues for Clinical Display users.

To register the VIX

1. Gather the following information:

Primary contact name, phone, and email:

Backup contact name, phone, and email:

Site name:

STATION NUMBER (field #99) from INSTITUTION file (#4):

Network Name defined for Imaging Resources group*:

For clustered servers only:

Server node 1 name:

Server node 2 name:

- 2. E-mail this information to VHAVIVIXSETUP@VA.GOV.
 - The lines above can be pasted into the email message.
 - Use "Add VIX server to Site Service database" as the email title.
- 3. You will be notified, typically within five business days, when the site service registration is complete.
- 4. Verify that the VIX is running as described in *Verifying VIX Operations* on page 29.

^{*} In Windows 2003 Cluster Administrator, the network name is shown on the right side of the window when the Imaging Resources group is selected. In Windows 2008 Failover Cluster Manager, the network name of the Imaging Resources group is shown by default on the left side of the window under Services and Applications.

Installing a New VIX

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Updating an Existing VIX

This chapter explains how to update an existing VIX server from MAG*3.0*83 to MAG*3.0*104. An installation checklist that summarizes this process is on page 43.

Preparing for a VIX Update

Preparing for a VIX update involves:

- Checking for the version of VistA software needed by the VIX.
- Transferring pre-existing Laurel Bridge licenses.
- Ensuring that C++ is present on the VIX server.
- Scheduling downtime and notifying users of the impact of a VIX update.

Tip: Aware licenses (used for DICOM-to-JPEG2000 conversion on the VIX) established for older VIXes will automatically carry over to new VIXes.

Tip: VIX-specific account passwords and security key assignments established for older VIXes will automatically carry over to new VIXes.

Specifics are covered below.

VistA Software Dependencies

The VIX server software requires that a compatible Imaging KIDS package be installed on VistA. For the MAG*3.0*104 VIX, the associated MAG*3.0*104 KIDS file can be installed with no interruption to VistA operations, and can be downloaded from the Imaging FTP site at:

ftp. i magi ng. med. va. gov/Software/Rel eased_Software/Mag3_0P104

For detailed installation instructions, see the MAG*3.0*104 Patch Description.

Transferring Pre-existing Laurel Bridge Licenses

The updated Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit (3.3.22c) uses a new vendor-specific activation process. Because of this, pre-existing Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit licenses used for older VIXes cannot be automatically transferred to the MAG*3.0*104 VIX.

To request new serial numbers do the following:

1. From the server where the VIX is installed, attempt to access the Laurel Bridge activation code server at https://192.131.14.9. (A login page will display if you can access the site.)



If you cannot this access this site, enter a Remedy ticket and indicate that your site ACL (access control list) needs to be modified to access https://192.131.14.9.

2. Contact the <u>VHAVILBLicenses@va.gov</u> mail group. They will provide a request form and instructions for completing the form.

After a new serial number has been acquired, it will be activated as a part of the VIX installation process (which also installs the updated toolkit itself).

Getting Visual C++

The updated Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit used by the VIX presumes that the *Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 Redistributable Package (x86)* is installed.

- If this package is already present on the server (or servers) hosting the VIX, it will be shown in the Add or Remove Programs page.
- If this package is not present, it must be pre-installed to avoid any potential reboots during the VIX installation. Installation should be performed in accordance with standard policy for server maintenance.

The Visual C++ package can be downloaded from:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/en/details.aspx?familyid=200B2FD9-AE1A-4A14-984D-389C36F85647&displaylang=en

Scheduling Downtime and Impact of a VIX Update

You will need to schedule downtime with appropriate personnel for the duration of the VIX installation.

WARNING: If the VIX is installed on the clustered server used to manage Imaging shares/RAID storage, the Imaging resource group will have to be transferred between server nodes as a part of the VIX installation. Because of this, DICOM image acquisition must be suspended for the duration of the VIX install (about 30 minutes).

Note: If a VIX is installed on a standalone (dedicated) server, the DICOM image acquisition is not impacted and can continue.

- As a part of the update, the VIX cache will be cleared. The cache will be repopulated as clinicians begin requesting images via the updated VIX.
- While the VIX server is being updated, VIX assisted functions will not be available. The following table summarizes how a VIX outage will affect clinicians:

Clinical Group	Impact
Local Clinical Display users	DoD images will not be accessible for the duration of the VIX shutdown.
	Remote VA images may be temporarily inaccessible. Clinical Display will attempt to revert to pre-VIX remote image views, but users may have to disconnect from and reconnect to remote sites, or in some cases, restart Clinical Display.
	Clinicians may notice longer retrieval times for remote images for the duration of the VIX shutdown.
	After the VIX is restarted, restart Clinical Display to make sure that Clinical Display is no longer using pre-VIX remote image views for remote sites.
Local VistARad users	Remote exam data and monitored exam lists will not be available. For additional information, refer to the documentation for VistARad.
Remote VA or DoD clinicians requesting your site's images	Remote clinicians may experience transitory application errors if the VIX is shut down while it is in the middle of processing a request; the clinician may have to repeat the request.
	Remote VA clinicians issuing new requests may notice longer retrieval times for the duration of the VIX shutdown.
	Remote DoD clinicians will not be able to retrieve locally stored images for the duration of the VIX shutdown.

Performing a VIX Update - Cluster

Use the following steps to update a VIX on a clustered server. Typically, the update process will take less than 30 minutes assuming that all activities described in the *Preparing for a VIX Update* section on page 21 are complete.

- 1. Verify that DICOM Image processing on all DICOM Gateways has been stopped.
- 2. Copy the latest VIX installer (MAG3_OP<number>_VIX_Setup.msi) to both nodes in the cluster.
- 3. Use an administrator-level account to log onto the cluster node where the VIX service is active (i.e., the server that owns the Imaging resources group).
- 4. Take the VIX service offline. For operating system-specific steps, see page 45.
- 5. Do the following to prepare the VIX Installation Wizard:
 - a. Double-click the VIX installation file.

- b. When the Welcome page displays, click **Next**.
- c. When the Confirm Installation page displays, click **Next**.
- d. When the Installation Complete screen displays, click **Close**.
- 6. Choose Start | All Programs | VistA Imaging Programs | VIX Installation Service Wizard.
- 7. When the Welcome page displays, click **Next**. Then, when you are prompted to do so, uninstall the pre-existing VIX software.
- 8. When the Uninstall complete message displays near the top of the page, click **Next**.
- 9. In the Specify the VA Site... page, verify that the **Site Number** box shows your STATION NUMBER (field (#99) in the INSTITUTION file (#4)).
- 10. Confirm the connection by clicking **Lookup Server Address**. Then click **Next**.
- 11. In the Install the VIX Prerequisites page, check the status of each item on the page. As this is a VIX update, most or all of the perquisites will already be present.
 - If Laurel Bridge needs installation, go to step 11.
 - If all prerequisites are already installed, skip to step 15.
- 12. Click the **Install** button next to the Laurel Bridge item. After a brief delay, the Activate DCF License window will open.

Tip: The Network Activation tab will be selected automatically, and about half of the boxes in the window will be pre-populated.

13. Enter all of the following information in the Network Activation tab:

Note: The Activate button will be disabled if any boxes listed below are left blank.

- Product Serial Number the new Laurel Bridge DCF serial number (include dashes).
- **Site** the name of your site.
- **CPUs** the number of physical processors (not CPU cores) on the server hosting the VIX.
- Contact name and Contact email the administrator of your local VistA Imaging system.

14. Near the bottom of the window, click **Activate**. After a brief delay, the **Status** box will display a green "Success" message.

15. Click Exit with success.

- The Activate DCF License window will close and the updated Laurel Bridge toolkit will be installed (installation will only take a second or two).
- When installation is complete, the VIX Prerequisites page will show that all prerequisites have been met.
- 16. In the VIX Prerequisites page, click **Next**. Then click **Next** twice more to accept defaults in the next two pages.
- 17. Click **Install** when the Install the VIX page displays.

Note: The VIX cache will be cleared as part of the install; large caches may take a few minutes to clear.

- 18. After installation on the first cluster node is complete, move the Imaging resources group to the second node. For operating system-specific steps, see page 46.
- 19. Repeat steps 4 17 on the second cluster node.
- 20. After the VIX is updated on both nodes, move the Imaging resources group back to the first node in the cluster.
- 21. Bring the VIX resource back online. For operating system-specific steps, see page 47.
- 22. At this point, the VIX will be up and running, and normal Imaging operations can resume. Optionally, perform the steps on page 29 to verify VIX operations.

Performing a VIX Update - Standalone Server

Use the following steps to update a VIX on a standalone server. Typically, the update process will take 10 minutes or less assuming that all preparations described in the *Preparing for a VIX Update* section on page 21 are complete.

Note: These steps presume that you have already obtained a new Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit serial number. These steps also presume the VIX can access the Laurel Bridge license server via the internet.

1. Use an administrator-level account to log on to the standalone server where the VIX will be installed.

- 2. Copy the VIX installation file (MAG3_0P<number>_VIX_Setup. msi) to a local folder on the server.
- 3. Do the following to prepare the VIX Installation Wizard:
 - a. Double-click the VIX installation file.
 - b. When the Welcome page displays, click **Next**.
 - c. When the Confirm Installation page displays, click **Next**.
 - d. When the Installation Complete screen displays, click **Close**.
- 4. Choose Start | All Programs | VistA Imaging Programs | VIX Installation Service Wizard.
- 5. When the Welcome page displays, click **Next**. Then, when you are prompted to do so, uninstall the pre-existing VIX software. (The wizard will gracefully stop the VIX service before performing the uninstall.)
- 6. When the Uninstall complete message displays near the top of the page, click **Next**.
- 7. In the Specify the VA Site... page, verify that the **Site Number** box shows your STATION NUMBER (field (#99) in the INSTITUTION file (#4)).
- 8. Confirm the connection by clicking **Lookup Server Address**. Then click **Next**.
- 9. In the Install the VIX Prerequisites page, check the status of each item on the page. As this is a VIX update, most or all of the perquisites will already be present.
 - If Laurel Bridge needs installation, proceed to then next step.
 - If all prerequisites are already installed, skip to step 14.
- 10. Click the **Install** button next to the Laurel Bridge item. After a brief delay, the Activate DCF License window will open.

Tip: The Network Activation tab will be selected automatically, and about half of the boxes in the window will be pre-populated.

11. Enter all of the following information in the Network Activation tab:

Note: The Activate button will be disabled if any boxes listed below are left blank.

Product Serial Number – the new Laurel Bridge DCF serial number (include dashes).

- **Site** the name of your site.
- CPUs the number of physical processors (not CPU cores) on the server hosting the VIX.
- Contact name and Contact email the administrator of your local VistA Imaging System.
- 12. Near the bottom of the window, click **Activate**. After a brief delay, the Status box will display a green "Success" message.

13. Click **Exit with success**.

- The Activate DCF License window will close and the updated Laurel Bridge toolkit will be installed (installation will only take a second or two).
- When installation is complete, the VIX Prerequisites page will show that all prerequisites have been met.
- 14. In the VIX Prerequisites page, click **Next**. Then click **Next** twice more to accept defaults in the next two pages.
- 15. Click **Install** when the Install the VIX page displays. The VIX will start automatically when installation is complete.

Note: The VIX cache will be cleared as part of the install; large caches may take a few minutes to clear.

- 16. Click **Finish**. The VIX Installation Wizard will close.
- 17. At this point, the VIX will be up and running. Optionally, perform the steps on page 29 to verify VIX operations.

Updating an Existing VIX

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Post-installation

Verifying VIX Operations

After a new VIX is installed and is registered with the Image Exchange Service, Clinical Display (MAG*3.0*93 or later) and VistARad (MAG*3.0*90 or later) workstations will automatically start using the VIX.

- Clinical Display will begin sending all of its requests for remote data to the VIX immediately. No configuration changes are required for Clinical Display to start using the VIX.
- VistARad will need some local configuration changes to enable some of its VIXsupported capabilities; refer to the VistARad documentation for details.

Verifying Access to the VIX Transaction Log

VIX administrators can use the VIX transaction log to monitor VIX activities. If the transaction log can be accessed, the VIX is running.

To access the transaction log you will need:

- A VistA account that has the MAG VIX ADMIN security key assigned to it (while the log is a Web page, the VIX uses a VistA account to secure the log).
- Access to http://<FQDN>:8080/Vix/secure/VixLog.jsp
 (Where <FQDN> is either the fully qualified domain name of the cluster the VIX is installed on, or in the case of single server installations, the server the VIX is installed on.)

If you cannot access the transaction log, verify that the VIX service is running as described on page 47.

If the VIX is running but you cannot access the transaction log, ensure that port 8080 on the VIX server is not blocked. Possible culprits of a blocked port include antivirus firewalls and modifications to ACLs (Access Control Lists).

For detailed information about the contents of the transaction log, refer to the VIX Administrator's Guide.

You can also spot-check individual remote images to see if they were delivered via the VIX as described below.

Spot-checking VIX Image Delivery

- 1. On the Clinical Display workstation, select a patient with remote images.
- 2. If it is not visible already, display the Abstracts area to display an abstract for one of the remote images.
- 3. Right-click the abstract for the remote image and open the Image Information window.
- 4. In the Image Information window, check the IEN (Internal Entry Number) value. If the value starts with "urn", the remote image was retrieved by the VIX.

Using the VIX Installation Wizard to Reconfigure the VIX

You will need to re-execute the VIX Installation wizard if you need to:

- Change the drive where the VixCache or VixConfig folders are located. It is recommended that these folders reside on the same shared drive.
- Change the VIX configuration to use a different local VistA host name or port number.

Using the VIX Installation wizard is broadly similar to the steps for updating a VIX, except the process is much faster since no actual software is being installed.

Note: The following steps that new cache location is set up and/or that the local VistA database connection change has already been made.

Tip: Changing a VIX cache location or local connection information should take 10-15 minutes for a clustered VIX assuming no issues are encountered. For a VIX installed on a standalone server, this process should take about 5 minutes.

Reconfiguring a VIX – Cluster

- 1. Review the information on page 22, and schedule downtime and notify appropriate groups of the downtime.
- 2. Take the VIX resource offline. For specific steps, see page 45.
- 3. If you are moving the location of the VixConfig folder, copy the folder from the old location to the new location. This will preserve the transaction log files that were previously created.

- 4. Use an administrator-level account to log into the cluster node that owns the VIX resource, then choose **Start** | **All Programs** | **VistA Imaging Programs** | **VIX Installation Service Wizard**.
- 5. Click **Next** until the Specify the VA Site... page displays.
- 6. In this page, verify that the **Site Number** box shows your STATION NUMBER (field (#99) in the INSTITUTION file (#4)), then click **Lookup Server Address**.
- 7. Verify that the correct hostname and port number for the local VistA system is displayed, then click **Next**.
- 8. When the Install the VIX Prerequisites page displays, click **Next**. (All prerequisites are installed already).
- 9. In the Specify the location... page, do one of the following:
 - If you are changing the location of the VIX cache and configuration files, select the new drive for each (the same drive should be used), then click **Create**, then click **Next**.
 - If you are NOT changing the location of the VIX cache and configuration files, click Next.
- 10. In the Configure local DoD connection page, click **Next**.
- 11. In the Install the VIX page, click **Install**.
- 12. When the following message box displays, click **OK** to continue.



- 13. When installation on the first node is complete, click **Finish** to exit the wizard.
- 14. Move the Imaging resources group to the other node on the cluster. For operating system-specific steps, see page 46.
- 15. Log on to the second cluster node as an administrator.
- 16. Execute the VIX installation wizard as described in steps 2 11 above.

Note: When you install the VIX on the second node, the pages in the wizard will be pre-populated based on what was specified for the primary node. Do not change the pre-populated values.

- 17. After installation is complete, move the Imaging resources group back to the first node.
- 18. At this point, normal Imaging operations (including DICOM Image Gateway processing) can resume.

Reconfiguring a VIX - Standalone Server

- 1. Review the information on page 22, and schedule downtime and notify appropriate groups of the downtime.
- 2. Log in as an administrator on the server where the VIX is installed and choose **Start** | **All Programs** | **VistA Imaging Programs** | **VIX Installation Service Wizard**.
- 3. Click **Next** until the Specify the VA Site... page displays.
- 4. In this page, verify that the **Site Number** box shows your STATION NUMBER (field (#99) in the INSTITUTION file (#4)), then click **Lookup Server Address**.
- 5. Verify that the correct hostname and port number for the local VistA system is displayed, then click **Next**.
- 6. When the Install the VIX Prerequisites page displays, click **Next**. (All prerequisites are installed already).
- 7. In the Specify the location... page, do one of the following:
 - If you are changing the location of the VIX cache and configuration files, select the new drive for each (the same drive should be used), then click Create, then click Next.
 - If you are NOT changing the location of the VIX cache and configuration files, click Next.
- 8. In the Configure local DoD connection page, click **Next**.
- 9. In the Install the VIX page, click **Install**.
- 10. Wait until the installation is complete and click **Finish**. The VIX will restart automatically.

Troubleshooting

Resuming an Interrupted VIX Installation

If you have had to interrupt or cancel an in-progress VIX installation, you can resume the installation as described below.

Note: If you re-run MAG3_0P<number>_VIX_Setup.msi, you are repeating the installation of the VIX Installation Wizard software, not the installation of the VIX itself. If you do this, click Cancel, choose **Yes** when prompted for confirmation, and then exit the installer. Then restart the VIX installation as described below.

Resuming Installation (clustered VIX)

- 1. Use an administrator-level account to log into the cluster node that owns the VIX resource.
- 2. Then click Start | All Programs | VistA Imaging Programs | VIX Installation Wizard.
- 3. Follow the steps for a first-time clustered VIX installation (page 5) or for updating a clustered VIX (page 23).

Tip: If it is necessary to take the VIX resource offline, the VIX installation wizard will take care of this automatically.

Resuming Installation (single server VIX)

- 1. Log onto the VIX server as an administrator.
- 2. Click Start | All Programs | VistA Imaging Programs | VIX Installation Wizard.
- 3. Follow the steps for a first-time VIX installation (page 15) or for updating a VIX to MAG*3.0*104 (page 25).

VIX Support

If you encounter problems installing the VIX log a Remedy ticket or call the National Help Desk at 1-888-596-4357.

Troubleshooting

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Back Out/Uninstall

Back Out/Uninstall Scenarios

The information in this section addresses three possible cases that involve uninstalling a VIX:

- Troubleshooting
- Relocation onto a different server
- Decommission

Each of these scenarios is outlined below.

Uninstall/Restore as part of Troubleshooting

If you need to remove and then immediately reinstall the VIX on the same server for troubleshooting purposes, you will need to do the following:

1. Locate the product serial number for the Laurel Bridge software that is bundled with the VIX. This number is in the license paperwork that was provided by VHAVILBLICENSES@VA.GOV when the VIX was set up.

Note: You will need to re-enter this serial number as a part of the VIX installation process.

- 2. Manually remove the VIX as described on page 36.
- 3. Re-execute the VIX installation as if for a new VIX.
 - For clustered server reinstallation, see page 5.

WARNING: on a clustered server, installation will require taking Imaging resources offline briefly.

• For standalone server reinstallation, see page 14.

Relocating a VIX onto a New Server

If you need to remove all traces of the VIX from the old server and set up the VIX on a new server, you will need to do the following:

1. Contact the <u>VHAVILBLICENSES@VA.GOV</u> mail group and arrange to have the existing Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit licenses transferred to a new server.

- 2. Validate the new server where the VIX will be installed as described on page 2.
- 3. Manually remove the VIX as described on page 36.
- 4. Re-execute the VIX installation as if for a new VIX.
 - For standalone server reinstallation, see page 14.
 - For clustered server reinstallation, see page 5.

Decommissioning a VIX

If a VIX to be completely decommissioned and not replaced by another VIX, do the following:

- 1. Notify the <u>VHAVILBLICENSES@VA.GOV</u> mail group that the Laurel Bridge license seats used by your site are no longer being used.
- 2. Contact <u>VHAVIVIXSETUP@VA.GOV</u> mail group to have the VIX security certificates retired and the VIX removed from the site service
- 3. Manually remove the VIX as described on page 36.
- 4. In VistA, remove the MAG VIX ADMIN security key from the accounts that have this key assigned.

Uninstalling the VIX

The following steps explain how to completely remove a MAG*3.0*104 VIX and all its supporting components (toolkits, runtime environments, etc.) from the server where the VIX is installed.



These steps will completely remove the VIX and permanently delete the VIX cache.

Depending on the VIX server configuration and operating system, the specifics of removing the VIX will vary, but the general process is as follows:

- 1) Stop the VIX service. For clustered servers, also delete the VIX service/resource
- 2) Remove VIX-related applications, accounts, directories, and variables

If the VIX is being used on a clustered server, the second part this process needs to be repeated for each node in the cluster.

These steps do not require a server reboot, and can be performed while the rest of the Imaging system is active.

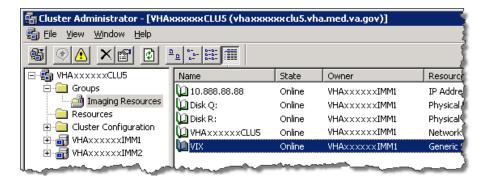
Stopping the VIX service

The steps for stopping the VIX service vary based on operating system. On clustered servers, the VIX resource also needs to be deleted. Steps for each of the following operating systems and server types are detailed below.

- 2003 cluster
- 2003 standalone server
- 2008 cluster

2003 cluster server: stop VIX service and remove VIX resource

- 1. On the cluster server where the VIX is installed, log in as a local administrator.
- 2. Start Cluster Administrator (click **Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Cluster Administrator**).
- 3. In the window that opens, double-click Groups. Then select the resource group used to manage Imaging resources (the exact group name may be different at your site).

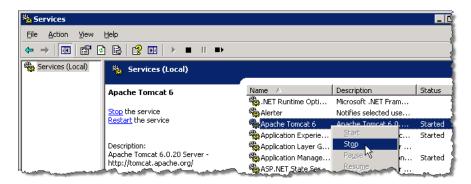


- 4. On the right side of the window, right-click the VIX resource and choose **Take Offline**.
- 5. In Cluster Administrator, right-click the VIX resource and choose **Delete**.
 - Click Yes if you are asked for confirmation.
 - The VIX resource will no longer be shown.

5. Remove VIX-related applications, accounts, directories, and variables as described on page 39.

2003 standalone server: stop VIX service

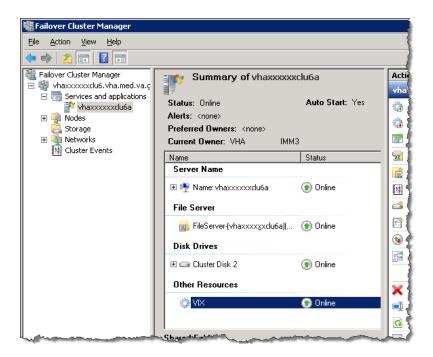
- 1. On the server where the VIX is installed, log in as a local administrator.
- 2. Open the Services window (click **Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Services**).
- 3. On the right side of the window, right-click the Apache Tomcat 6 service and click **Stop**.



4. Remove VIX-related applications, accounts, directories, and variables as described on page 39.

2008 cluster server: stop VIX service and remove VIX resource

- 1. On the cluster server where the VIX is installed, log in as a local administrator.
- 2. Start the Failover Cluster Manager (click **Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Failover Cluster Manager**).
- 3. On the left side of the window, under Services and Applications, select the service used to manage Imaging resources. In most cases this will be named the cluster name followed by "a".



- 4. Near the middle of the window, under Other Resources, right-click the VIX resource and select **Take this resource offline**.
- 5. If you are asked for confirmation, click **Take VIX offline**.
- 6. Right-click the VIX resource again and click **Delete**. If you are asked for confirmation, click **Yes**.
- 7. Remove VIX-related applications, accounts, directories, and variables as described below.

Remove VIX-related applications, accounts, directories, and variables

After stopping (and/or removing) the VIX service as described in the previous sections, you will need to remove VIX software and settings as described below.

These steps presume you are already logged in as an administrator on the server (or the active node, if the VIX is on a clustered server) where the VIX service used to reside.

These steps cover all supported VIX configurations.

1. Use Windows Explorer to navigate to the drive where the VIX Cache is located, and delete the following folders:

```
<shared drive letter>\VixCache
<shared drive letter>\VixConfig
```

2. Use Windows Explorer to delete the following directories:

C:\DCF_RunTime
C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.6.0 17

3. If you are removing the VIX permanently, also delete the following folders:



SKIP THIS STEP if you are uninstalling and reinstalling the VIX on the same server for troubleshooting purposes. If you delete these folders, you will need to recreate the VIX configuration and request new VIX security certificates.

<shared drive letter>\VixConfig
C:\VixCertStore

- 4. Open the window used to remove programs.
 - On Windows 2003 systems, click Start | Control Panel | Add or Remove Programs.
 - On Windows 2008 systems, click **Start | Control Panel**. Under the Programs item, click **Uninstall a program**.
- 5. Remove the three programs listed below (no reboot required).

Apache Tomcat 6.0 Java (TM) 6 Update 17 VIX Service Installation Wizard

- 6. In Windows Explorer, right-click the Local Disk (C:) folder, select **Properties**, then select the Security tab.
- 7. Select the apachetomcat user and click **Remove**.
- 8. Click **OK** to close the Properties dialog box, and click **Yes** when are asked if you want to continue.

Note for 2008 systems: If one or more "Error applying security" messages display, click **Continue** until they are all closed.

- 9. Open the Computer Management/Server Manager window.
 - On Windows 2003 systems, right-click My Computer on the desktop, then click Manage.

- On Windows 2008 systems, right-click Computer on the desktop, then click Manage.
- 10. In the tree on the left side of the window, navigate to Users.
 - On Windows 2003 systems, go to Computer Management (Local)/System Tools/ Local Users and Groups/Users.
 - On Windows 2008 systems, go to Server Manager/Configuration/ Local Users and Groups/Users.
- 11. In the right side of the window, right-click the apachet omcat user, click **Delete**, and click **Yes** when you are asked for confirmation.
- 12. Open the System Properties dialog box.
 - On Windows 2003 systems, right-click My Computer on the desktop, then click Properties.
 - On Windows 2008 systems, right-click Computer on the desktop, then click
 Properties. Then on the left side of the System window, click Advanced system settings.
- 13. In the Advanced tab, click **Environment Variables**.
- 14. In the System variables list near the bottom of the dialog, delete the following variables:

CATALINA_HOME	DCF_USER_CLASSES
DCF_BIN	DCF_USER_LIB
DCF_CFG	DCF_USER_ROOT
DCF_CLASSES	LD_LIBRARY_PATH
DCF_LIB	OMNI_BIN
DCF_LOG	OMNI_LIB
DCF_PLATFORM	OMNI_ROOT
DCF_ROOT	vixcache
DCF_TMP	vixconfig
DCF_USER_BIN	

- 15. In the System variables list, select the Path system variable, then click **Edit**.
- 16. In the Variable value box, delete the following substrings:

```
C:\DCF (if present)
C:\DCF_Runtime\bin
```

C:\DCF_Runtime\lib

C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.6.0_17\bin

Note It is recommend that after deleting each substring you delete any extra semicolon characters.

- 17. After removing the substrings, click **OK**. Then click **OK** twice more to close the Environment Variables and System Properties dialog boxes.
- 18. If the VIX is installed on a clustered server, log into the non-active/secondary node on the cluster as an administrator. Then repeat all steps above except for step 1.
- 19. If the VIX is installed on a standalone server, VIX removal is complete.

Appendix: VIX Checklists

The checklist on this page summarizes the VIX update process. The checklist on the next page summarizes the process a new VIX install.

New VIX Install Checklist

VistA	Setup			

Install the associated KIDS (see the MAG*3.0*104 Patch Description).
Identify the users who need access to the VIX transaction log and assign the MAG VIX ADMIN key to their VistA accounts.

VIX Pre-Install

Select and validate standalone or clustered server where the VIX will be installed (page 2).
2003 servers only: Ensure presence of (or install) .Net 2.0 (page 3)
Ensure presence of (or install) Visual C++ 2005 (page 3)
Get software licenses for Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit and Aware (page 3).
Get security certificates (page 4).

VIX Install

Clustered servers only: schedule downtime to accommodate moving the Imaging resources group on the cluster (page 5).
Prepare passwords needed by VIX installer and stage files needed for installation (page 5 for cluster, page 14 for standalone).
Install the VIX (page 6 for cluster, page 15 for standalone).
Clustered servers only: create the VIX resource (page 10).

VIX Post-Install

Activate the VIX by registering it with the VistA Site Service (page 18).
Verify proper operations (page 29).

VIX Update Checklist

VistA Setup			
		Install the associated KIDS (see the MAG*3.0*104 Patch Description).	
VIX Pre-Install			
		Transfer pre-existing Laurel Bridge DCF toolkit licenses (page 21).	
		Install Visual C++ (page 22).	
VIX Install			
		Clustered servers only: schedule downtime to accommodate moving the Imaging resources group on the cluster (page 23).	
		Update the VIX (page 23 for cluster, page 25 for standalone).	
VIX Post-Install			
		Verify proper operations (page 29).	
		Optional: remove the VistA service account for DoD access (see the MAG*3.0*104 Patch Description)	

Appendix: VIX-related Cluster Operations

This information in this section explains how to do the following on a clustered server:

- Taking a VIX offline.
- Moving resources to a different cluster node (affects all Imaging resources as well as the VIX).
- Bringing the VIX online.

Note: The instructions in this section only apply to clustered VIX implementations. On standalone servers, the VIX service is turned on and off automatically as needed during the installation process.

Taking a VIX Offline

The steps below explain how to take the VIX offline on a clustered server in the context of a VIX installation.

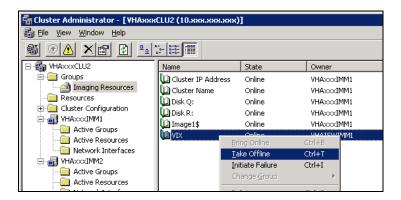
When the VIX is offline:

- VistARad users will not be able to view remote images unless they log into the remote sited directly.
- Clinical Display users will not be able to view remote images from the DoD. Remote VA images can still be viewed, but performance will be reduced.

Taking a VIX Offline: Windows 2003 Cluster

- 1. On the clustered server where the VIX is installed, log in as an administrator.
- 2. Start Cluster Administrator (Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Cluster Administrator)
- 3. On the left side of the window, select the group used to manage VistA Imaging resources. (The specific name of this group may vary.)

4. On the right side of the window, right-click the VIX resource, then click **Take Offline**.



Taking a VIX Offline: Windows 2008 Cluster

- 1. On the clustered server where the VIX is installed, log in as an administrator.
- 2. Start Failover Cluster Manager (Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Failover Cluster Manager).
- 3. On the left side of the window, select the group used to manage VistA Imaging resources. (Usually the name of this group will be the cluster name followed by "a".)
- 4. Near the middle of the window, under Other Resources, right-click the VIX resource and select **Take this resource offline**.
- 5. If you are asked for confirmation, click **Take VIX offline**.

Moving Imaging Resources to a Different Node

The following steps explain how to move Imaging resources between nodes on a clustered server.



Performing these steps affect all Imaging resources (i.e., the Imaging shares/RAID) as well as the VIX. These steps presume that applicable parties have been notified and that image acquisition on DICOM Image Gateways and Hybrid DICOM Image Gateways has been suspended.

These are to be performed only as part of a VIX installation. These steps assume that the cluster contains two nodes.

Moving Imaging resources: Windows 2003 server

1. On the clustered server where the VIX is installed, log in as an administrator.

- 2. Start Cluster Administrator (**Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Cluster Administrator**)
- 3. On the left side of the window, right-click the group used to manage VistA Imaging resources (the specific name of this group may vary), then click **Move Group**.



4. After a brief delay, the Owner column will update to show that the resources have been shifted to the other node in the cluster.

Moving Imaging resources: Windows 2008 server

- 1. On the clustered server where the VIX is installed, log in as an administrator.
- 2. Start Failover Cluster Manager (Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Failover Cluster Manager).
- 3. On the left side of the window, right-click the group used to manage VistA Imaging resources (usually the name of this group will be the cluster name followed by "a"). Then click **Move this service or application to another node** | <**secondary node name**>.
- 4. If you are asked for confirmation, choose the first option to confirm the operation.
- 5. After a brief delay, the Current Owner area near the middle of the window will update to show that the resources have been shifted to the other node in the cluster.

Bringing the VIX Online

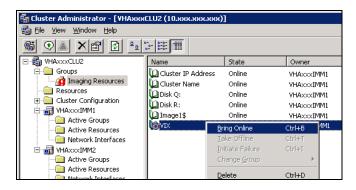
The following steps explain how to bring the VIX back online in the context of a VIX installation.

 At sites where a pre-existing VIX is being updated, the VIX will automatically be used by Clinical Display and VistARad client applications as soon as the VIX goes back online. • At sites where a new VIX is being implemented, the VIX will need to be activated before it is used. See page 18 for details.

You can also use these steps to ensure that the VIX is running if there are any issues accessing the VIX transaction log.

Bringing the VIX Online: Windows 2003 Cluster

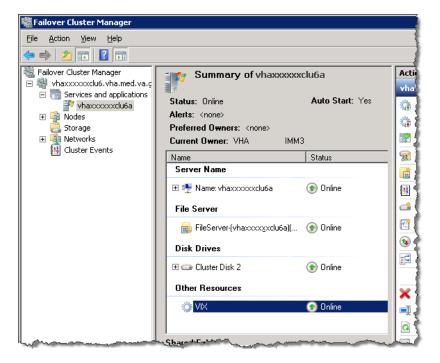
- 1. On the clustered server where the VIX is installed, log in as an administrator.
- 2. Start Cluster Administrator (**Start** | **All Programs** | **Administrative Tools** | **Cluster Administrator**).
- 3. On the left side of the window, select the group used to manage VistA Imaging resources. (The specific name of this group may vary.)
- 4. On the right side of the window, right-click the VIX resource, then click **Bring Online**.



Bringing the VIX Online: Windows 2008 Cluster

- 1. On the clustered server where the VIX is installed, log in as an administrator.
- 2. Start Failover Cluster Manager (Start | All Programs | Administrative Tools | Failover Cluster Manager).

3. On the left side of the window, select the group used to manage VistA Imaging resources. (Usually the name of this group will be the cluster name followed by "a".)



- 4. Near the middle of the window, under Other Resources, right-click the VIX resource and select **Bring this resource online**.
- 5. If you are asked for confirmation, click **Bring VIX online**.