Karicare+ Soy Formula All Ages



Nutritionally complete for formula fed infants 0–6 months, suitable for use in a mixed diet for infants 6–12 months when an alternative protein source to cows' milk is preferred or required. For formula fed infants requiring a partial or complete breast milk substitute.

Karicare+ Soy Formula (All Ages) is a soy protein based formula and provides an alternative feeding option to cows' milk based formulas for formula-fed babies from birth or when changing from breast feeding.

Supports growth and development

Karicare+ Soy Formula contains key nutrients needed to help support growth and development.

Suitable for vegetarians and those with lactose intolerance

Karicare+ Soy Formula is free from cows' milk protein, lactose and sucrose.

May be recommended for cows' milk protein allergy

For babies from 6 months, soy formulas like Karicare+ Soy Formula, may be recommended for the dietary management of uncomplicated cows' milk protein allergy.¹

Indications

Babies from birth requiring a partial or complete breast milk substitute, when breast milk is unavailable and where an alternative protein source to cows' milk is preferred or required. Suitable for vegetarians and those with lactose intolerance. For babies older than 6 months with uncomplicated cows' milk protein allergy.

Contraindications

Confirmed soy protein allergy.

Nutritional Summary		Average Quantity Per 100mL of Prepared Feed				
Energy	kJ	279				
	kcal	67				
Protein	g	1.8				
Carbohydrate	g	6.6				
Sugars	g	0.29				
Lactose	g	Nil				
Galactose	g	Nil				
Sucrose	g	Nil				
Fat	g	3.7				
Omega 6						
Linoleic Acid (LA)	mg	573				
Omega 3						
Alpha-Linolenic Acid (ALA)	mg	51				
Minerals						
Calcium	mg	78				
Phosphorus	mg	40				
Sodium	mg	18				
Potassium	mg	69				
Chloride	mg	41				
Magnesium	mg	5.2				
Iron	mg	1.1				
Zinc	mg	0.7				
lodine	μg	15				
Manganese	μg	28				
Copper	μg	75				
Selenium	μg	1.7				
Vitamins						
Vitamin A	μg-RE	66				
Vitamin D₃	μg	0.88				
Vitamin E	mg α-TE	0.91				
Vitamin K ₁	μg	3.8				
Vitamin B ₁ (Thiamin)	μg	41				
Vitamin B ₂ (Riboflavin)	μg	75				
Vitamin B ₆ (Pyridoxine)	μд	28				
Vitamin B ₁₂ (Cobalamin)	μg	0.15				
Vitamin B ₃ (Niacin)	mg	0.40				
Vitamin B₅ (Pantothenic Acid)	mg	0.29				
Biotin Folia Asid	μд	1.1				
Folic Acid	μg	7.5				
Vitamin C	mg	7.4				
Others L Carniting	ma	1.5				
L-Carnitine Choling	mg	1.5				
Choline Taurine	mg mg	7.3 4.7				
Inositol	mg	3.4				

Karicare+ Soy Formula All Ages

Product Summary

Ingredients	Vegetable oils (includes soy oil), corn syrup solids, maltodextrin, soy protein isolate, emulsifier (soy lecithin), acidity regulator (citric acid), L-methionine, taurine, choline, inositol, L-carnitine. Vitamins: (A, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₃ , B ₅ , B ₆ , B ₁₂ , C, D, E, K ₁), folic acid, biotin. Minerals: Calcium, potassium, phosphorus, chloride, zinc, magnesium, iron, copper, iodine, selenium. Karicare+ Soy Formula is based on soy protein.					
Storage	Store in a cool, dry place. Use by the date on the bottom of the container. After opening, keep container airtight and use contents within four weeks. Some settling of contents may occur.					
Product presentation and availability	Australia: Hospital, Supermarket and Pharmacy, 900g can. New Zealand: Hospital and Supermarket, 900g can.					
Feeding guide:	To prepare one feed:					
	Age	Cooled boiled water	Level scoops of powder*	Number of feeds per day		
	Up to 2 weeks	50mL	1	7–8		
	2 weeks –1 month	100mL	2	6		
	1–2 months	150mL	3	5–6		
	2-4 months	200mL	4	5		
	4–6 months	250mL	5	4–5		
	6–9 months	250mL	5	3–5		
	9–12 months	250mL	5	3–4		
	12-24 months	250mL	5	2–3		
	NB: This feeding guide is a general guide ONLY; Individual babies may need more or less than shown. Always use the scoop provided. *1 scoop = 7.1g powder. Note: 1 scoop of powder added to 50mL of water yields approximately 55.3mL of form					

Preparation of Karicare Infant Formula



Wash hands before preparing the feed.Sterilise all utensils by boiling for5 minutes, or using an approved steriliser.



Boil safe drinking water and allow to cool.

Measure the required volume of cooled,
boiled water into a sterilised feeding
bottle. Warm to feeding temperature.



Use only the enclosed scoop. Fill scoop

lightly; level off using built-in leveller.

Avoid compacting powder.



Always add one level scoop of powder for each 50mL of water. Cap the bottle and shake briskly to dissolve the powder.



Test temperature on wrist before feeding.

5. Feed immediately. Do not store. Discard unfinished feeds.

Prepare each feed separately. For all brands of formula it is safer to use immediately after they are prepared.

Page 2/2

For more information please contact: Australia: 1800 258 268 or visit www.karinourish.com.au New Zealand: 0800 258 268 or visit www.nutricia4professionals.co.nz

BREAST MILK IS BEST FOR BABIES: Professional advice should be followed before using an infant formula. Introducing partial bottle feeding could negatively affect breast feeding. Good maternal nutrition is important for breast feeding and reversing a decision not to breast feed may be difficult. Infant formula should be used as directed. Proper use of an infant formula is important to the health of the infant. Social and financial implications should be considered when selecting a method of feeding.

References: 1. Kemp et al. MJA 2008; 188(2):109 -112.