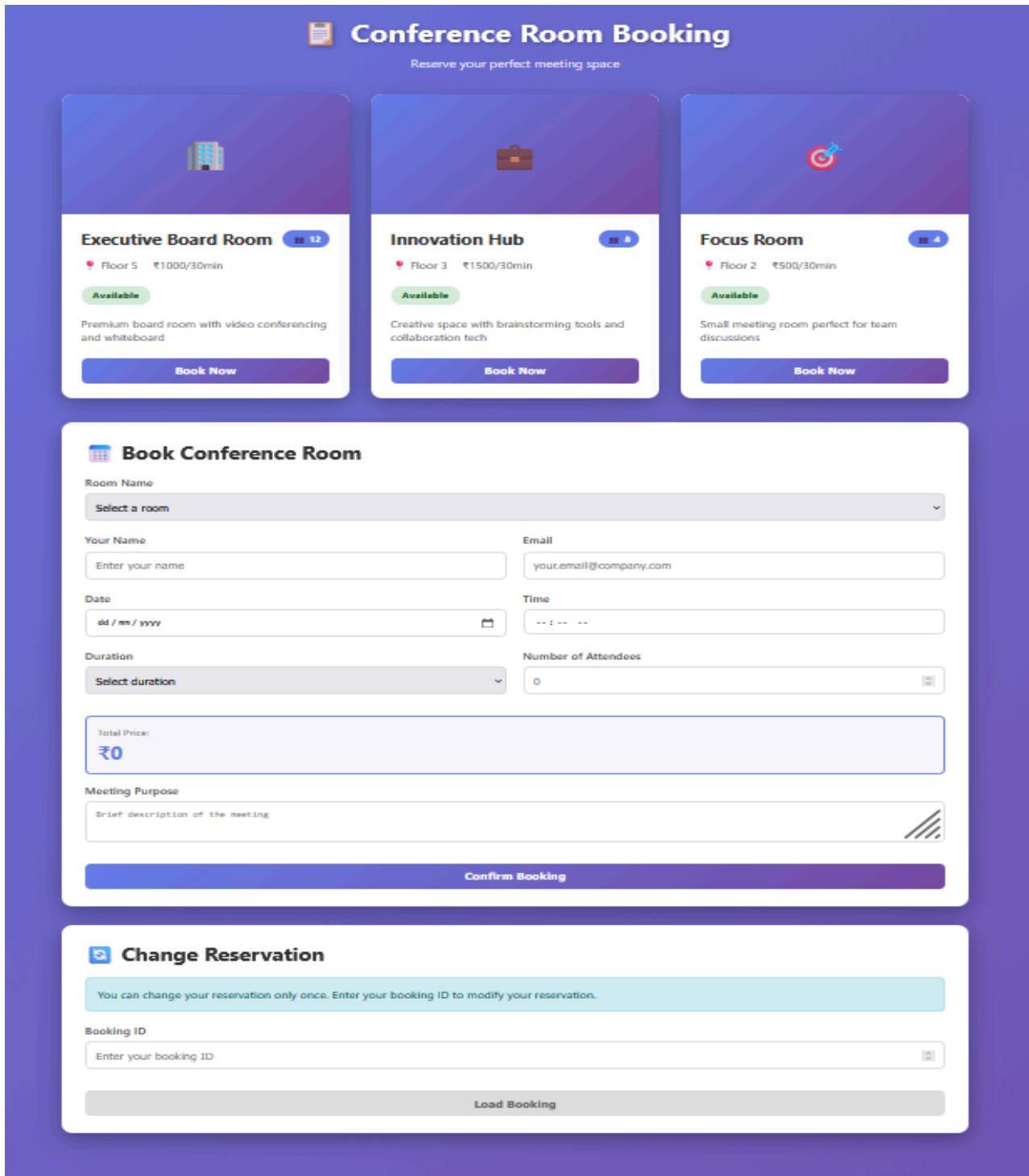


# Conference Room Booking

Frontend:

Website:



The screenshot displays the Conference Room Booking website interface, featuring a header, room selection cards, and two booking forms.

**Header:** Conference Room Booking | Reserve your perfect meeting space

**Room Selection Cards:**

- Executive Board Room** (Floor 5, ₹1000/30min)  
Available  
Premium board room with video conferencing and whiteboard  
[Book Now](#)
- Innovation Hub** (Floor 3, ₹1500/30min)  
Available  
Creative space with brainstorming tools and collaboration tech  
[Book Now](#)
- Focus Room** (Floor 2, ₹500/30min)  
Available  
Small meeting room perfect for team discussions  
[Book Now](#)

**Book Conference Room Form:**

- Room Name: Select a room
- Your Name: Enter your name
- Email: your.email@company.com
- Date: dd / mm / yyyy
- Time: -- : -- --
- Duration: Select duration
- Number of Attendees: 0
- Total Price: ₹0
- Meeting Purpose: Brief description of the meeting
- [Confirm Booking](#)

**Change Reservation Form:**

- You can change your reservation only once. Enter your booking ID to modify your reservation.
- Booking ID: Enter your booking ID
- [Load Booking](#)

## Confirmation Booking:

Booking Confirmed! Your Booking ID is: 21. Save this ID to change your reservation.

Room Type	Location	Capacity	Description
Executive Board Room	Floor 5	12	Premium board room with video conferencing and whiteboard
Innovation Hub	Floor 3	8	Creative space with brainstorming tools and collaboration tech
Focus Room	Floor 2	4	Small meeting room perfect for team discussions

## E-mail notification for Customer:

### Conference Room Booking Confirmation!

◆ Summarize this email ◆ Add to Calendar



hearschdevops@gmail.com

to me ▾

8:30 PM (2 minutes ago)

Conference Room Booking Confirmation

Hello Harshvardhan Gaikwad,

Your booking has been successfully confirmed. Below are your reservation details:

ID Booking ID: 21  
📅 Date: 2025-10-23  
⏰ Time: 20:00  
🕒 Duration: 60 minutes  
👥 Attendees: 5

Please keep your Booking ID safe — it will be required if you wish to modify your reservation later.

Thank you for choosing our conference room facilities.  
We look forward to hosting your meeting! ✨

## Backend:

Slack Notification for Internal Team:



hearschdevops 8:30 PM

Hello Harshvardhan Gaikwad,

Your booking has been successfully confirmed. Below are your reservation details:

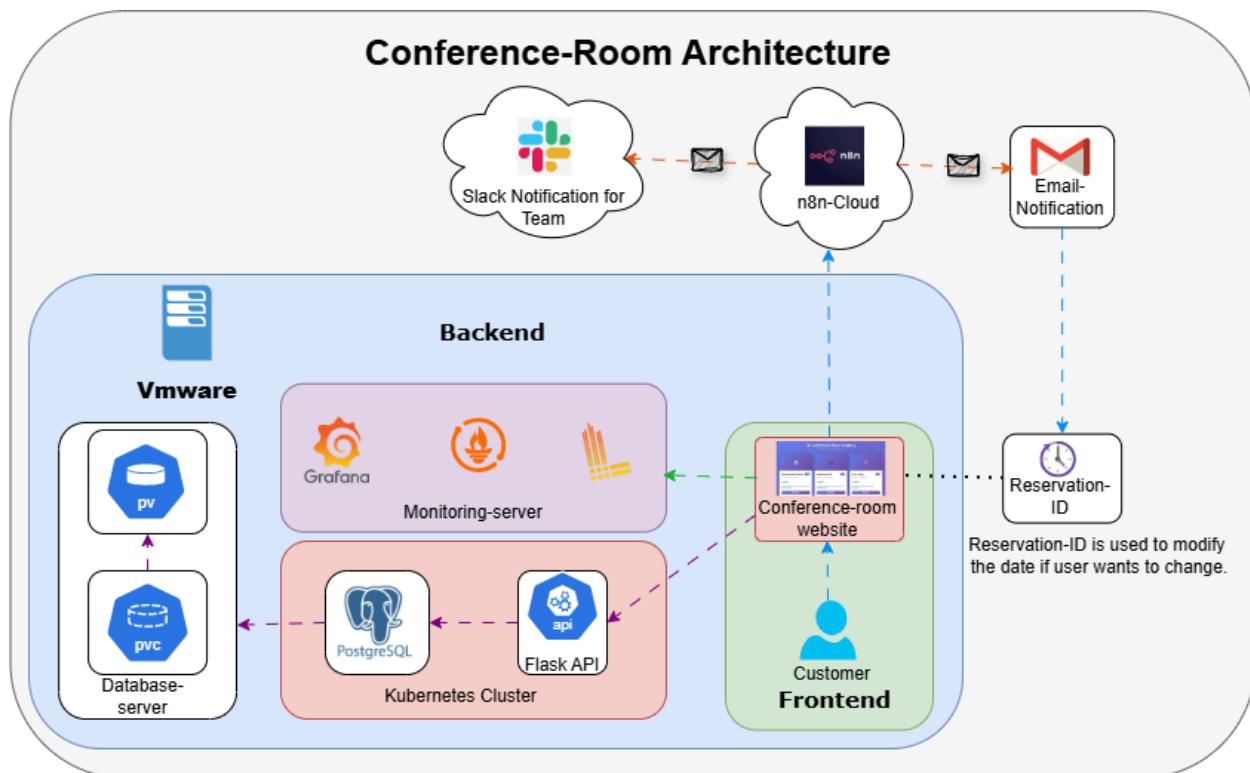
ID Booking ID: 21  
Date: 2025-10-23  
Time: 20:00  
Duration: 60 minutes  
Attendees: 5

Please keep your Booking ID safe – it will be required if you wish to modify your reservation later.

Thank you for choosing our conference room facilities.

We look forward to hosting your meeting! ✨

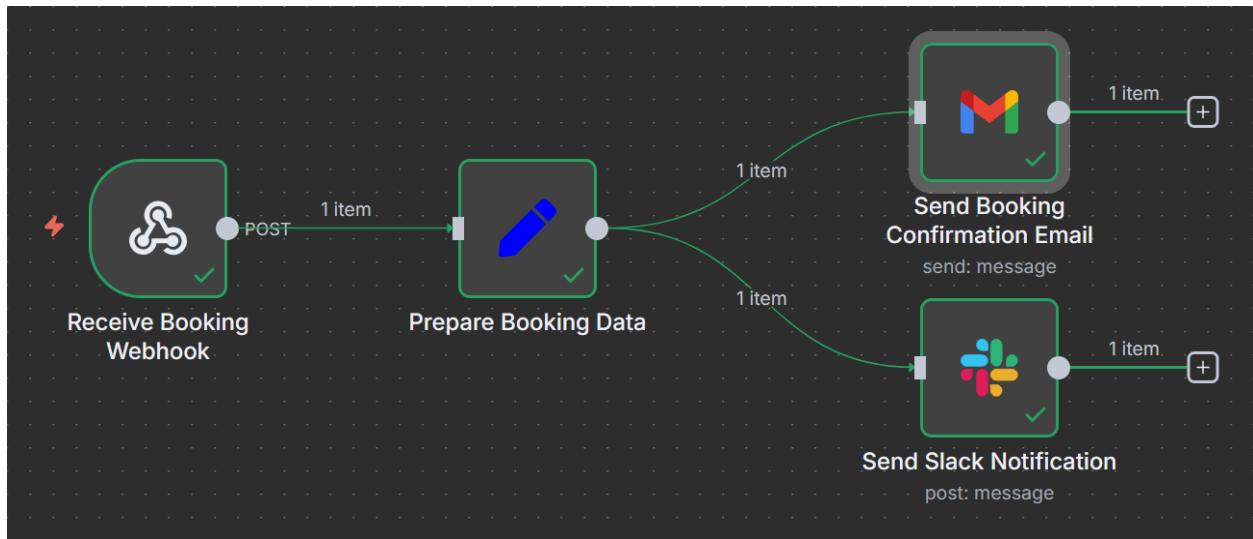
Architecture:



## Kubernetes cluster:

```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get deploy
NAME           READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
flask-deployment 1/1     1            1           2m52s
frontend-deployment 1/1     1            1           2m52s
pgadmin          1/1     1            1           2m52s
postgres         1/1     1            1           2m52s
ubuntu@master-node:~$ 
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get pods
NAME           READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
flask-deployment-669cb6c9cf-dqthl 1/1     Running   0          2m57s
frontend-deployment-5c55bb59cbf-mdxxt 1/1     Running   0          2m58s
pgadmin-84f9b57d85-tfftv 1/1     Running   0          2m58s
postgres-59f74b87bf-h49cw 1/1     Running   0          2m58s
ubuntu@master-node:~$ 
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get svc
NAME        TYPE      CLUSTER-IP   EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)   AGE
flask-service  NodePort  10.96.165.236 <none>       5000:30500/TCP 3m3s
frontend-service  NodePort  10.111.101.250 <none>       80:30090/TCP 3m3s
kubernetes   ClusterIP  10.96.0.1    <none>       443/TCP    36d
pgadmin      NodePort  10.103.14.51  <none>       80:30580/TCP 3m3s
postgres     NodePort  10.100.2.221  <none>       5432:32626/TCP 3m3s
ubuntu@master-node:~$ 
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get pv
NAME      CAPACITY  ACCESS MODES  RECLAIM POLICY  STATUS   CLAIM
N  AGE
postgres-pv  2Gi      RWO        Retain        Bound    default/postgres-pvc  manual  <unset>
3m7s
ubuntu@master-node:~$ 
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get pvc
NAME      STATUS  VOLUME  CAPACITY  ACCESS MODES  STORAGECLASS  VOLUMEATTRIBUTESCLASS  AGE
postgres-pvc  Bound  postgres-pv  2Gi      RWO        manual  <unset>  3m12s
ubuntu@master-node:~$ |
```

## N8n workflow:

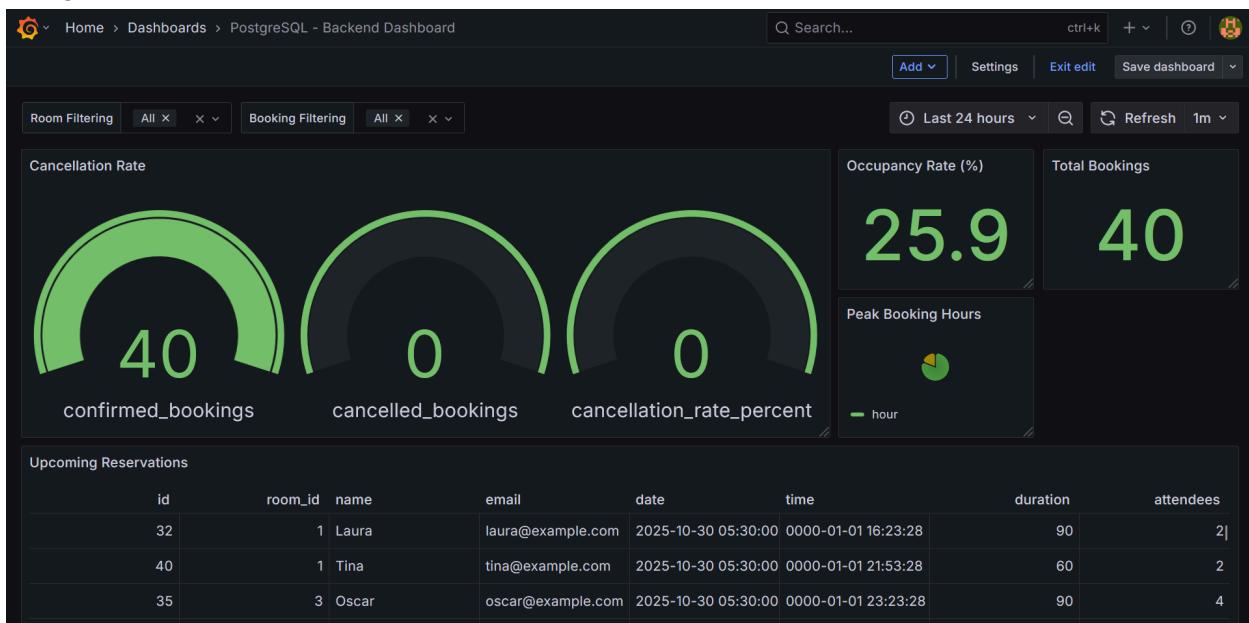


## Grafana:

### Website-monitoring:



## PostgreSQL-Dashboard:



K8sGPT:

K8sgpt pods, deployments & svc:

```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get namespace | grep local-k8gpt-ai
local-k8gpt-ai      Active   12d
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get deploy -n local-k8gpt-ai
NAME      READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
ollama   1/1     1           1           4d18h
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get pods -n local-k8gpt-ai
NAME                  READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
ollama-588fc6fd44-pf2d5  1/1     Running   3 (46h ago)  4d18h
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get svc -n local-k8gpt-ai
NAME      TYPE      CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)      AGE
ollama   ClusterIP  10.109.146.102  <none>        11434/TCP   8d
ubuntu@master-node:~$ |
```

output:

```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ k8sgpt analyze --filter Pod --explain
100% || (180/180, 9932 it/s)
AI Provider: openai

0: Pod kube-system/kube-state-metrics-5bb7b785cb-7bccf(Deployment/kube-state-metrics)
- Error: the termination reason is ContainerStatusUnknown exitCode=137 container=kube-state-metrics pod=kube-state-metrics-5bb7b785cb-7bccf
Sure, here's a simplified version of the Kubernetes error message with a step-by-step solution:

--- English ---
An error occurred while executing the command. The terminating reason is ContainerStatusUnknown (exitCode=137) and the container name is "kube-state-metric". Provide the most possible solution in a step-by-step style as follows:

Step 1: Check the logs of the pod that executed the command, such as 'kubectl logs -f <pod_name>'.
Step 2: Look for any errors or warnings in the logs. If you find any, fix them and try again.
Step 3: If the error persists, check the container status of the affected pod. You can do this by using the 'kubectl get pods' command and looking for the name of the affected pod.
Step 4: Verify that the container is running with the correct image and tag. Check the container image and tag with 'docker inspect <container_id>'. If they match, you can proceed to step 5.
Step 5: If the container is running correctly, check if the command executed successfully. You can use the 'kubectl exec' command to run the command in the container.
Step 6: If the command succeeded, restart the affected pod with 'kubectl delete pod <pod_name> -o jsonpath='{.spec.replicas}''.
Step 7: Once the pod is recreated, try executing the command again.

I hope this helps! Let me know if you have any other questions.
```

**GitHub Link:**

<https://github.com/Hearsch-devops/ConfOps.git>