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Java was used for this part since it has a lot of support for high-level functionality and data structures, in this case ArrayLists. The code was split into two classes mostly for clarity of implementations, although there is a lot of shared code between the two. The algorithm between the two follow the same general pattern:

- 1. import and load the trace from disk
- 2. scan the trace for any "arriving" jobs
- 3. if needed set up the job
- 4. decrement the job
- 5. if round robin send the job to the back of the queue
- 6. increment time
- 7. then repeat 2-6 until the waiting list is empty

This implementation make is easy to apply both FCFS and RR with little effort interchanging the two and keeps the code rather simple.