Class Practice 3

類別繼承練習

```
class PersonOne:
   def init (self, given name, surname, nation, bday):
       self.given name = given name
       self.surname = surname
       self.nation = nation
       self.bday = bday
   def get result(self):
       return f"Given name: {self.given name}\nSurname: {self.surname}\nNationality
class PersonTwo:
   def __init__(self, given_name, surname, nation, bday):
       self.given_name = given_name
       self.surname = surname
       self.nation = nation
       self.bday = bday
   def get_result(self):
       return f"Given name: {self.given_name}\nSurname: {self.surname}\nNationality
```

這個程式雖然能正常運作,但作者只是把同個程式碼複製貼上而已。

"欸,這也太懶了吧,懂不懂什麼是DRY(Don't Reapeat Yourself)啊?"

題目:

本次課堂作業提供一個可以列出人物資訊的程式,在程式中有兩個子類別 ,分別是PersonOne和PersonTwo,以及一個名為Info的父類別,這三個 類別有許多相似的地方,使得整個程式變得相當冗長,請使用繼承的概念 將程式簡化。

參考範例,以下輸入資料擇一使用即可

輸入1

```
personOne = PersonOne("Kizuki", "Yagi", "Japan", "4/10")
personTwo = PersonTwo("Dongfei", "Cheng", "Taiwan", "12/22")
```

輸出1

Person 1:

Given name: Kizuki

Surname: Yagi

Nationality: Japan

Birthday: 4/10

Person 2:

Given name: Dongfei

Surname: Cheng Nationality: Taiwan Birthday: 12/22

輸入2

```
personOne = PersonOne("Audrey", "Boucher", "France", "1/14")
personTwo = PersonTwo("Yuliya", "Sidorova", "Russia", "12/12")
```

輸出2

Person 1:

Given name: Audrey Surname: Boucher Nationality: France

Birthday: 1/14

Person 2:

Given name: Yuliya Surname: Sidorova Nationality: Russia Birthday: 12/12

完成程式後請將程式命名為cp3_inheritance_學號.py並上傳程式檔。