

Ex 1:

$$a). (\gamma - \frac{1}{2})(\gamma - \frac{1}{3}) = 0 \Rightarrow \gamma_1 = \frac{1}{2}, \gamma_2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$h[n] = C_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + C_2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \quad n \geq 0.$$

$$y[n] = \frac{5}{6} y[n-1] - \frac{1}{6} y[n-2] + x[n]$$

$$h[n] = \frac{5}{6} h[n-1] - \frac{1}{6} h[n-2] + \delta[n]$$

$$h[-2] = h[-1] = 0$$

$$h[0] = \frac{5}{6} h[-1] - \frac{1}{6} h[-2] + \delta[0] = 1$$

$$h[1] = \frac{5}{6} h[0] - \frac{1}{6} h[-1] + \delta[1] = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$n=0 \Rightarrow h[0] = C_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^0 + C_2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^0 = 1 \Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 = 1$$

$$n=1 \Rightarrow h[1] = C_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^1 + C_2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^1 = \frac{5}{6} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} C_1 + \frac{1}{3} C_2 = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} C_1 + C_2 = 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} C_1 + \frac{1}{3} C_2 = \frac{5}{6} \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} C_1 = 3 \\ C_2 = -2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow h[n] = 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] - 2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]$$

$$b). \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |h[n]| = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left| 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \right| < \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{2}} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{3}} = 6 + 3 = 9 < \infty \Rightarrow \text{stable.}$$

$$h[n] = 0 \text{ for } n < 0, \Rightarrow \text{causal.}$$

$$c). y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^n u[n] * \left(3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] - 2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]\right)$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}}{\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{2}} u[n] - 2 \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1}}{\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3}} u[n]$$

Ex 2:

$$a). u[n] * u[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} u[k] u[n-k] = \sum_{k=0}^n 1 = (n+1)u[n]$$

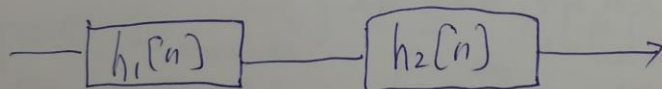
$$b). x[n] * \delta[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] \delta[n-k] = x[n]$$

$$c). (u[n] - u[n-10]) * (u[n] - u[n-3])$$

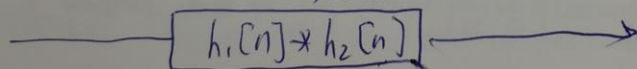
$$= \{ \underset{\uparrow}{1} \ 2 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 2 \ 1 \}$$

$$d). \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] * \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1}}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}} u[n]$$

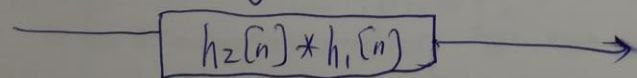
Ex 3:



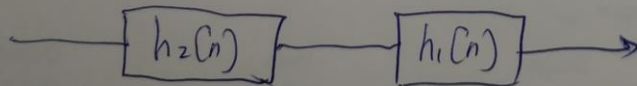
↓ associative



↓ commutative



↓ associative



~~Ex 4:~~

EX 4: Given $C[n] = x_1[n] * x_2[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x_1[k] x_2[n-k]$

$$x_1[n-m] * x_2[n-p]$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x_1[k-m] x_2[n-k-p]$$

Let $k-m = u$, then we have $k = u+m$
and we sum over u :

$$= \sum_{u=-\infty}^{\infty} x_1[u] x_2[n-(u+m)-p]$$

$$= \sum_{u=-\infty}^{\infty} x_1[u] x_2[(n-m-p)-u]$$

Compare to $C[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x_1[k] x_2[n-k]$

We know $x_1[n-m] * x_2[n-p] = C[n-m-p]$

We complete the proof.