Exercise Sheet 6

Machine Learning 2, SS16

June 2, 2016

Mario Tambos, 380599; Viktor Jeney, 348969; Sascha Huk, 321249; Jan Tinapp, 0380549

Exercise 1

(a) Define

$$y := x^T W - b^T$$

$$p_{\theta}(x) = \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}^N} p(x,h)$$

$$= \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}^N} \frac{1}{Z} \exp(yh + x^T a)$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^T a) \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}^N} \exp(yh)$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^T a) \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}^N} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N y_i h_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^T a) \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}^N} \prod_{i=1}^N \exp(y_i h_i)$$

Because the expression $\exp(y_i h_i)$ only depends on the i'th component of h, we can rewrite the sum and product to get:

$$p_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^{T} a) \prod_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}} \exp(y_{i} h_{i})$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^{T} a) \exp(\log(\prod_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}} \exp(y_{i} h_{i})))$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^{T} a) \exp(\sum_{i=1}^{N} \log(\sum_{h \in \{-1,0,1\}} \exp(y_{i} h_{i})))$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^{T} a) \exp(\sum_{i=1}^{N} \log(1 + e^{y_{i}} + e^{-y_{i}}))$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^{T} a) \exp(\sum_{i=1}^{N} \log(1 + 2\cosh(y_{i})))$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(x^{T} a + \sum_{i=1}^{N} \log(1 + 2\cosh(w_{i} x - b_{i})))$$

(a)