

Oldest Businesses Around the World – Longevity, Industry, and Historical Insights

Staffelter Hof Winery is Germany's oldest business, established in 862 under the Carolingian dynasty. It has continued to serve customers through dramatic changes in Europe, such as the Holy Roman Empire, the Ottoman Empire, and both world wars. What characteristics enable a business to stand the test of time?

To help answer this question, BusinessFinancing.co.uk researched the oldest company still in business in almost every country and compiled the results into several CSV files. This dataset has been cleaned.

Having useful information in different files is a common problem. While it's better to keep different types of data separate for data storage, you'll want all the data in one place for analysis. You'll use joining and data manipulation to work with this data and better understand the world's oldest businesses.

The Data

`businesses` and `new_businesses`

Column	Description
<code>business</code>	Name of the business (varchar)
<code>year_founded</code>	Year the business was founded (int)
<code>category_code</code>	Code for the business category (varchar)
<code>country_code</code>	ISO 3166-1 three-letter country code (char)

`countries`

Column	Description
<code>country_code</code>	ISO 3166-1 three-letter country code (varchar)
<code>country</code>	Name of the country (varchar)
<code>continent</code>	Name of the continent the country exists in (varchar)

`categories`

Column	Description
<code>category_code</code>	Code for the business category (varchar)
<code>category</code>	Description of the business category (varchar)

Data Validation and Initial Exploration

Projects Data DataFrame as `data_structure`

```
-- review the structure of all required tables.
```

```
SELECT
    table_name,
    column_name,
    data_type
FROM information_schema.columns
WHERE table_name IN ('businesses', 'countries', 'categories')
ORDER BY table_name, ordinal_position;
```

index	...	↑↓	table_name	...	↑↓	column_name	...	↑↓	data_type	...
0	businesses			business			character varying			
1	businesses			year_founded			integer			
2	businesses			category_code			character varying			
3	businesses			country_code			character			
4	categories			category_code			character varying			
5	categories			category			character varying			
6	countries			country_code			character varying			
7	countries			country			character varying			
8	countries			continent			character varying			

Rows: 9

Expand

Projects Data DataFrame as `b`

```
-- Overview of the table businesses
```

```
SELECT *
FROM businesses
LIMIT 5;
```

...	↑↓	business	...	↑↓	year...	...	↑↓	catego...	...	↑↓	coun...	...	↑↓
0		Hamoud Boualem			1878	CAT11		DZA					
1		Communauté Électrique du Bénin			1968	CAT10		BEN					
2		Botswana Meat Commission			1965	CAT1		BWA					
3		Air Burkina			1967	CAT2		BFA					
4		Brarudi			1955	CAT9		BDI					

Rows: 5

Expand

Projects Data DataFrame as `n`

```
-- Overview of the table businesses
```

```
SELECT *
FROM new_businesses;
```

...	↑↓	business	...	↑↓	year...	...	↑↓	catego...	...	↑↓	coun...	...	↑↓
0		Fiji Times			1869	CAT13		FJI					
1		J. Armando Bermúdez & Co.			1852	CAT9		DOM					

Rows: 2

Expand

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Overview of the table countries
```

```
SELECT *
FROM countries
LIMIT 5;
```

...	↑↓	coun...	...	↑↓	country	...	↑↓	c.	...	↑↓
0	AFG	Afghanistan			Asia					
1	AGO	Angola			Africa					
2	ALB	Albania			Europe					
3	AND	Andorra			Europe					
4	ARE	United Arab Emirates			Asia					

Rows: 5

Expand

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Overview of the table categories
```

```
SELECT *
FROM categories
LIMIT 5;
```

...	↑↓	catego...	...	↑↓	category	...	↑↓
0	CAT1	Agriculture					
1	CAT2	Aviation & Transport					
2	CAT3	Banking & Finance					
3	CAT4	Cafés, Restaurants & Bars					
4	CAT5	Conglomerate					

Rows: 5

Expand

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Check referential integrity
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT category_code
FROM businesses
WHERE category_code NOT IN (
    SELECT category_code FROM categories
);
```

Your query ran successfully but returned no results.

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Check country codes match
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT country_code
FROM businesses
WHERE country_code NOT IN (
    SELECT country_code FROM countries
);
```

Your query ran successfully but returned no results.

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
SELECT
    MIN(year_founded) AS min_year_founded,
    MAX(year_founded) AS max_year_founded
FROM businesses;
```

...	↑↓	min_year_f...	...	↑↓	max_year_f...	...	↑↓
0		578			1999		

Rows: 1

↗ Expand

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
SELECT
    business,
    year_founded,
    category_code,
    country_code
FROM businesses
WHERE year_founded IS NULL
    AND category_code IS NULL
    AND country_code IS NULL;
```

Your query ran successfully but returned no results.

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
SELECT
    country,
    continent
FROM countries
WHERE country IS NULL
    AND continent IS NULL;
```

Your query ran successfully but returned no results.

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
SELECT
    category
FROM categories
WHERE category IS NULL;
```

Your query ran successfully but returned no results.

Data Coverage Gaps: Countries Without Identified Oldest Businesses

[Projects](#) Data DataFrame as

```
-- Identify countries that do not have any recorded oldest business even after combining existing and newly added business data

SELECT
    c.continent,
    COUNT(c.country) AS countries_without_businesses
FROM countries AS c
LEFT JOIN (
    SELECT *
    FROM businesses
    UNION ALL
    SELECT *
    FROM new_businesses
    WHERE business IS NULL
) AS b
USING (country_code)
WHERE b.business IS NULL
GROUP BY c.continent
ORDER BY countries_without_businesses DESC;
```

...	↑↓	contin...	...	↑↓	countries_without_businesses	...	↑↓	
0		Oceania				11		
1		Asia				7		
2		North America				6		
3		Africa				3		
4		South America				3		
5		Europe				2		

Rows: 6

[↗ Expand](#)

Longevity of Business Categories Across Continents

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Find the earliest founding year for each business category within each continent to assess long-term survivability

SELECT
    c1.continent,
    c2.category,
    MIN(b.year_founded) AS earliest_founding_year
FROM businesses AS b
JOIN countries AS c1
    ON b.country_code = c1.country_code
JOIN categories AS c2
    ON b.category_code = c2.category_code
GROUP BY
    c1.continent,
    c2.category
ORDER BY earliest_founding_year ASC;
```

...	↑↓	contin...	...	↑↓	category	...	↑↓	earliest_founding_year	...	↑↓	
0		Asia			Construction			578			
1		Europe			Cafés, Restaurants & Bars			803			
2		Europe			Distillers, Vintners, & Breweries			862			
3		Europe			Manufacturing & Production			864			
4		Asia			Cafés, Restaurants & Bars			1153			
5		Europe			Agriculture			1218			
6		Europe			Tourism & Hotels			1230			
7		Europe			Mining			1248			
8		Europe			Medical			1422			
9		Europe			Postal Service			1520			
10		North America			Manufacturing & Production			1534			
11		South America			Banking & Finance			1565			
12		Asia			Tourism & Hotels			1584			
13		Europe			Banking & Finance			1606			
14		South America			Manufacturing & Production			1621			
15		North America			Agriculture			1638			

Rows: 56

[Expand](#)

Global Distribution of Businesses Founded Before the Year 1000

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Count businesses founded before the year 1000 grouped by continent

SELECT
    c.continent,
    COUNT(b.business) AS num_of_businesses
FROM businesses b
JOIN countries c
    ON b.country_code = c.country_code
WHERE b.year_founded < 1000
GROUP BY c.continent
ORDER BY num_of_businesses DESC;
```

...	↑↓	c.	...	↑↓	num_of_busi...	...	↑↓	
0		Europe			5			
1		Asia			1			

Rows: 2

[Expand](#)

businesses_before_year_1000

Comparing the Average Age of Businesses Across Continents

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Calculate the average age of businesses per continent [Business age = current year - year founded]

SELECT
    c.continent,
    ROUND(
        AVG(EXTRACT(YEAR FROM CURRENT_DATE) - b.year_founded)::NUMERIC,
        2
    ) AS avg_business_age
FROM businesses b
JOIN countries c
    ON b.country_code = c.country_code
GROUP BY c.continent
ORDER BY avg_business_age DESC;
```

...	↑↓	contin...	...	↑↓	avg_busine...	...	↑↓
0		Europe			516.43		
1		South America			274.78		
2		North America			198.47		
3		Asia			187.12		
4		Oceania			139		
5		Africa			100.8		

Rows: 6

↗ Expand

avg_business_age ▾

Geographic Reach of Business Categories Across Countries

Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Count the number of distinct countries in which each business category exists
```

```
SELECT
    cat.category_code,
    cat.category,
    COUNT(DISTINCT con.country) AS num_of_countries
FROM businesses b
JOIN countries con
    ON b.country_code = con.country_code
JOIN categories cat
    ON b.category_code = cat.category_code
GROUP BY cat.category_code, cat.category
ORDER BY num_of_countries DESC;
```

...	↑↓	catego...	...	↑↓	category	...	↑↓	num_of_co...	...	↑↓
0	CAT3	Banking & Finance						37		
1	CAT9	Distillers, Vintners, & Breweries						22		
2	CAT2	Aviation & Transport						19		
3	CAT16	Postal Service						16		
4	CAT12	Manufacturing & Production						15		
5	CAT13	Media						7		
6	CAT1	Agriculture						6		
7	CAT11	Food & Beverages						6		
8	CAT4	Cafés, Restaurants & Bars						6		
9	CAT17	Retail						4		
10	CAT10	Energy						4		
11	CAT19	Tourism & Hotels						4		
12	CAT5	Conglomerate						3		
13	CAT15	Mining						3		
14	CAT7	Consumer Goods						3		
15	CAT8	Defense						3		

Rows: 19

Expand

Most Dominant Business Categories Within Each Continent

 Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Rank business categories within each continent based on the number of businesses
```

```
SELECT
    con.continent,
    cat.category,
    COUNT(b.business) AS num_of_businesses,
    DENSE_RANK() OVER (
        PARTITION BY con.continent
        ORDER BY COUNT(b.business) DESC
    ) AS rank
FROM businesses b
JOIN countries con
    ON b.country_code = con.country_code
JOIN categories cat
    ON b.category_code = cat.category_code
GROUP BY con.continent, cat.category
ORDER BY con.continent, num_of_businesses DESC;
```

...	↑↓	contin...	...	↑↓	category	...	↑↓	num_of_busi...	...	↑↓	...	↑↓
0	Africa				Banking & Finance				17		1	
1	Africa				Aviation & Transport				10		2	
2	Africa				Postal Service				9		3	
3	Africa				Media				4		4	
4	Africa				Distillers, Vintners, & Breweries				3		5	
5	Africa				Agriculture				3		5	
6	Africa				Manufacturing & Production				1		6	
7	Africa				Food & Beverages				1		6	
8	Africa				Mining				1		6	
9	Africa				Energy				1		6	
10	Asia				Aviation & Transport				7		1	
11	Asia				Banking & Finance				6		2	
12	Asia				Manufacturing & Production				3		3	
13	Asia				Cafés, Restaurants & Bars				3		3	
14	Asia				Retail				3		3	
15	Asia				Conglomerate				3		3	

Rows: 56

 Expand

Oldest Operating Businesses by Continent (Tie-Aware Historical Analysis)

 Projects Data DataFrame as

```
-- Rank businesses by founding year within each continent
-- Using RANK() to preserve ties in founding years

WITH ranked_businesses AS (
    SELECT
        con.continent,
        b.business,
        cat.category,
        b.year_founded,
        RANK() OVER (
            PARTITION BY con.continent
            ORDER BY b.year_founded ASC
        ) AS rank
    FROM businesses b
    JOIN countries con
        ON b.country_code = con.country_code
    JOIN categories cat
        ON b.category_code = cat.category_code
)
SELECT
    continent,
    business,
    category,
    year_founded AS oldest_year
FROM ranked_businesses
WHERE rank = 1
ORDER BY continent;
```

...	↑↓	contin...	...	↑↓	business	...	↑↓	category	...	↑↓	old...	...	↑↓	
0		Africa			Mauritius Post			Postal Service			1772			
1		Asia			Kongō Gumi			Construction			578			
2		Europe			St. Peter Stifts Kulinarium			Cafés, Restaurants & Bars			803			
3		North America			La Casa de Moneda de México			Manufacturing & Production			1534			
4		Oceania			Australia Post			Postal Service			1809			
5		South America			Casa Nacional de Moneda			Banking & Finance			1565			

Rows: 6

 Expand