



**AL-Azhar University**  
**Faculty of Engineering**

**Computer & Systems Department**

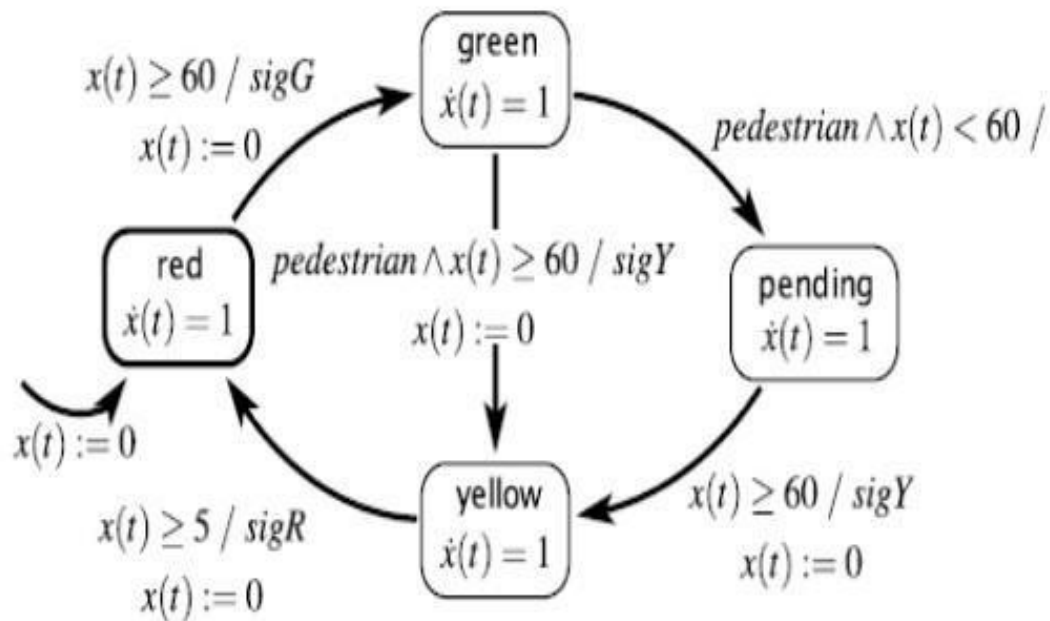
## **Arduino-traffic-light-with-pedestrian-button**

**Name:Heba Ahmed Mohammed Hindi .**  
**Dr: Khaled Elshafie**

**continuous variable:**  $x(t): \mathbb{R}$

**inputs:** *pedestrian*: pure

**outputs:** *sigR*, *sigG*, *sigY*: pure



## Used components:

- 1- Arduino Uno.
- 2- Bread board
- 3- Bus button
- 4- Wires
- 5- Resistor 220 om

## Arduino code:

```
//declare LEDs int
greenLed = 8; int
orangeLed = 9;
int redLed = 10;

//declare Push button int
pushButton = 7;

int readPushbutton = 0;

void setup()
{
  pinMode (greenLed, OUTPUT);
  pinMode (orangeLed, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(redLed, OUTPUT);

  //Turn the LEDs off
  digitalWrite(greenLed, LOW);
  digitalWrite(orangeLed, LOW);
  digitalWrite(redLed, LOW);

  //setting the buttons to input
  pinMode (pushButton, INPUT);

  //for the serial monitor
  Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop ()
{

  int readPushbutton = digitalRead(pushButton);

  if (readPushbutton == 0 ) {
    digitalWrite (greenLed, HIGH);
    digitalWrite (orangeLed, LOW);
    digitalWrite (redLed, LOW);
    delay (1000);
```

```
    }  
    else if (readPushbutton == 1){  
        Serial.println("PEDESTRIAN  
WAITING");        digitalWrite(greenLed,LOW);  
digitalWrite(orangeLed,HIGH);  
digitalWrite(redLed, LOW);        delay(2000);  
  
        digitalWrite(greenLed,LOW);  
digitalWrite(orangeLed,LOW);    digitalWrite(redLed,HIGH);  
Serial.println("PEDESTRIAN CROSSING");  
        delay(5000);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

# Simulation using tinkercad:

