Verb to have

The verb "to have" is another very important verb in English. When used as a main verb, the meaning of the verb "to have" indicates possession and ownership, like in the sentence "I have a bike". It can also be used to perform an action, for example, "Lisa has breakfast every morning", where the "to have" verb is used to talk about the action of eating breakfast.

In its basic form, and in the simple present,"to have" has two main forms: have, and has. These forms are used to show different types of subjects in a sentence.

Pronoun	Positive	Negative	Negative contraction
I	I **have**	I **do not have**	I **don't have**
You	You **have**	You **do not have**	You **don't have**
He	He **has**	He **does not have**	He **doesn't have**
She	She **has**	She **does not have**	She **doesn't have**
It	It **has**	It **does not have**	It **doesn't have**
We	We **have**	We **do not have**	We **don't have**
You	You **have**	You **do not have**	You **don't have**
They	They **have**	They **do not have**	They **don't have**

The verb "to have" can be used in affirmative, negative, and interrogative sentences.

In negative and interrogative sentences, we use the auxiliary verb "to do" with the main verb "to have" in order to create the negative and interrogative forms, which is a helping verb that assists the main verb in forming the sentence. Here are some examples:

*"I **have** a laptop for work."*
*"She **has** a strong Wi-Fi signal at the office"*
*"They **have** a smart house system installed."*