
10. Unite 4

Program Name: Unite4.java

Input File: unite4.dat

You are excited to learn your parents have returned from the toy store with a game for you. You are not so excited to find it is called “Unite 4”, and is a generic knock-off of a popular game. You are also not so thrilled to discover that there are many pieces missing, so much so that the game is unplayable. Luckily, the rules are intact, so you decide to write a program that simulates the game.

“Unite 4” is similar to tic-tac-toe and is played on a vertical board consisting of 42 holes in 7 columns and 6 rows. One player has red discs and the other has black discs. Players drop their discs in the top of the board, which drop straight down, stacking on one another. The object of the game is to get four of your colored discs in a row: either horizontally, vertically, or diagonally.

For example, consider a game where the following moves were made:

Red column 4, Black column 5, Red column 3, Black column 4, Red column 1, Black column 4, Red column 2

The board would look like the following after each of the moves (with 'R' representing red-colored discs, 'B' representing black-colored discs, 'O' (a capital letter 'o') representing an empty hole, and rows and columns numbered):

Red 4	Black 5	Red 3	Black 4	Red 1	Black 4	Red 2
1234567	1234567	1234567	1234567	1234567	1234567	1234567
10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000	10000000
20000000	20000000	20000000	20000000	20000000	20000000	20000000
30000000	30000000	30000000	30000000	30000000	30000000	30000000
40000000	40000000	40000000	40000000	40000000	4000B000	4000B000
50000000	50000000	50000000	5000B000	5000B000	5000B000	5000B000
6000R000	6000RBOO	600RRBOO	600RRBOO	6R0RRBOO	6R0RRBOO	6RRRRBOO

At this point the game would end as the player with the red discs has four in a row.

Input

- The first line will be a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets in the input.
- Each data set will consist of:
 - A line with a single integer m that indicates the total number of moves, $1 \leq m \leq 42$.
 - The next line will contain a space-separated list of m integers, representing alternating moves by the players, with the player with the red discs always going first. Each move will be an integer c , $1 \leq c \leq 7$, that represents into which column the player drops their disc. Note that all moves will be valid (a player will not drop their disc into a column that is completely full).

Output

For each data set in the input, output the final layout of the board after applying all the moves in the input, as shown in the above example. On the line after the board layout, output “RED WINS” if the player with the red discs has won, “BLACK WINS” if the player with the black discs has won, or “NO WINNER YET”, if neither have won. Note that if there is a winner, there will not be any moves after a player has won.

Example Input File

```
4
7
4 5 3 4 1 4 2
11
4 5 5 6 6 7 6 7 7 4 7
21
```

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8
2 7 3 7 4 7 3 7

Example Output to Screen

```
1234567
10000000
20000000
30000000
4000B000
5000B000
6RRRRB00
RED WINS
 1234567
10000000
20000000
3000000R
400000RR
5000BRRB
6000RBBB
RED WINS
 1234567
10000000
20000000
30000000
4RBRBRBR
5BRBRBRB
6RBRBRBR
NO WINNER YET
 1234567
10000000
20000000
3000000B
4000000B
500R000B
6ORRR00B
BLACK WINS
```