# **UIL COMPUTER SCIENCE WRITTEN TEST**

# **2018 STATE**

### **MAY 2018**

#### **General Directions (Please read carefully!)**

- 1. DO NOT OPEN THE EXAM UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO.
- 2. There are 40 questions on this contest exam. You will have 45 minutes to complete this contest.
- 3. All answers must be legibly written on the answer sheet provided. Indicate your answers in the appropriate blanks provided on the answer sheet. Clean erasures are necessary for accurate grading.
- 4. You may write on the test packet or any additional scratch paper provided by the contest director, but NOT on the answer sheet, which is reserved for answers only.
- 5. All questions have ONE and only ONE correct answer. There is a 2-point penalty for all incorrect answers.
- 6. Tests may not be turned in until 45 minutes have elapsed. If you finish the test before the end of the allotted time, remain at your seat and retain your test until told to do otherwise. You may use this time to check your answers.
- 7. If you are in the process of actually writing an answer when the signal to stop is given, you may finish writing that answer.
- 8. All provided code segments are intended to be syntactically correct, unless otherwise stated. You may also assume that any undefined variables are defined as used.
- 9. A reference to many commonly used Java classes is provided with the test, and you may use this reference sheet during the contest. AFTER THE CONTEST BEGINS, you may detach the reference sheet from the test booklet if you wish.
- 10. Assume that any necessary import statements for standard Java SE packages and classes (e.g., java.util, System, etc.) are included in any programs or code segments that refer to methods from these classes and packages.
- 11. NO CALCULATORS of any kind may be used during this contest.

#### **Scoring**

- 1. Correct answers will receive 6 points.
- 2. Incorrect answers will lose 2 points.
- 3. Unanswered questions will neither receive nor lose any points.
- 4. In the event of a tie, the student with the highest percentage of attempted questions correct shall win the tie.

## STANDARD CLASSES AND INTERFACES — SUPPLEMENTAL REFERENCE

```
package java.lang
                                                             package java.util
class Object
                                                              interface List<E>
  boolean equals (Object anotherObject)
                                                              class ArrayList<E> implements List<E>
  String toString()
                                                               boolean add(E item)
  int hashCode()
                                                                int size()
                                                                Iterator<E> iterator()
interface Comparable<T>
                                                                ListIterator<E> listIterator()
  int compareTo(T anotherObject)
                                                               E get(int index)
    Returns a value < 0 if this is less than anotherObject.
                                                               E set(int index, E item)
    Returns a value = 0 if this is equal to anotherObject.
                                                               void add(int index, E item)
    Returns a value > 0 if this is greater than another Object.
                                                               E remove (int index)
class Integer implements Comparable<Integer>
                                                             class LinkedList<E> implements List<E>, Queue<E>
                                                               void addFirst(E item)
  Integer (int value)
  int intValue()
                                                               void addLast (E item)
  boolean equals(Object anotherObject)
                                                               E getFirst()
  String toString()
                                                               E getLast()
  String toString(int i, int radix)
                                                               E removeFirst()
  int compareTo (Integer anotherInteger)
                                                               E removeLast()
  static int parseInt(String s)
                                                             class Stack<E>
class Double implements Comparable<Double>
                                                               boolean isEmpty()
  Double (double value)
                                                               E peek()
  double doubleValue()
                                                               E pop()
  boolean equals (Object anotherObject)
                                                               E push (E item)
  String toString()
                                                             interface Queue<E>
  int compareTo (Double anotherDouble)
                                                             class PriorityQueue<E>
  static double parseDouble (String s)
                                                               boolean add (E item)
class String implements Comparable<String>
                                                               boolean isEmpty()
  int compareTo(String anotherString)
                                                               E peek()
  boolean equals(Object anotherObject)
                                                               E remove()
  int length()
                                                             interface Set<E>
  String substring(int begin)
                                                              class HashSet<E> implements Set<E>
    Returns substring(begin, length()).
                                                             class TreeSet<E> implements Set<E>
  String substring(int begin, int end)
                                                               boolean add(E item)
    Returns the substring from index begin through index (end - 1).
                                                               boolean contains (Object item)
  int indexOf(String str)
                                                               boolean remove (Object item)
    Returns the index within this string of the first occurrence of str.
                                                                int size()
    Returns -1 if str is not found.
                                                                Iterator<E> iterator()
  int indexOf(String str, int fromIndex)
                                                               boolean addAll(Collection<? extends E> c)
    Returns the index within this string of the first occurrence of str,
                                                               boolean removeAll(Collection<?> c)
    starting the search at fromIndex. Returns -1 if str is not found.
                                                               boolean retainAll(Collection<?> c)
  int indexOf(int ch)
                                                              interface Map<K,V>
  int indexOf(int ch, int fromIndex)
                                                              class HashMap<K,V> implements Map<K,V>
  char charAt(int index)
                                                              class TreeMap<K,V> implements Map<K,V>
  String toLowerCase()
                                                               Object put (K key, V value)
  String toUpperCase()
                                                               V get (Object key)
  String[] split(String regex)
                                                               boolean containsKey (Object key)
  boolean matches (String regex)
                                                               int size()
  String replaceAll(String regex, String str)
                                                                Set<K> keySet()
                                                               Set<Map.Entry<K, V>> entrySet()
class Character
  static boolean isDigit(char ch)
                                                             interface Iterator<E>
  static boolean isLetter(char ch)
                                                               boolean hasNext()
  static boolean isLetterOrDigit(char ch)
                                                               E next()
  static boolean isLowerCase (char ch)
                                                               void remove()
  static boolean isUpperCase (char ch)
  static char toUpperCase (char ch)
                                                              interface ListIterator<E> extends Iterator<E>
  static char toLowerCase (char ch)
                                                                void add (E item)
                                                                void set (E item)
class Math
  static int abs(int a)
                                                             class Scanner
  static double abs(double a)
                                                               Scanner (InputStream source)
  static double pow(double base, double exponent)
                                                                Scanner (String str)
  static double sqrt(double a)
                                                               boolean hasNext()
  static double ceil (double a)
                                                               boolean hasNextInt()
  static double floor (double a)
                                                               boolean hasNextDouble()
  static double min (double a, double b)
                                                               String next()
  static double max (double a, double b)
                                                               int nextInt()
  static int min(int a, int b)
                                                               double nextDouble()
  static int max(int a, int b)
                                                                String nextLine()
  static long round(double a)
                                                                Scanner useDelimiter (String regex)
  static double random()
```

Returns a double greater than or equal to 0.0 and less than 1.0.

# **UIL COMPUTER SCIENCE WRITTEN TEST – 2018 STATE**

Note: Correct responses are based on Java SE Development Kit 8 (JDK 8) from Oracle, Inc. All provided code segments are intended to be syntactically correct, unless otherwise stated (e.g., "error" is an answer choice) and any necessary Java SE 8 Standard Packages have been imported. Ignore any typographical errors and assume any undefined variables are defined as used. For all output statements, assume that the System class has been statically imported using: import static java.lang.System.\*;

Question 1.  What is the output of the code segment shown on the right?  A) 10 B) 11 C) 5 D) 6 E) -11	out.print(0b10101010%0b00001111);
Question 2.  What is the output of the code segment to the right?  A) 21  B) 19  C) 10  D) 3  E) 15	out.println(5%4+8-2*3);
Question 3.  What is the output of the code segment to the right? Asterisks indicate blank spaces.	
<b>A)</b> **85.46 <b>B)</b> 85.46973	out.printf("%7.5s","85.4697294");
<ul><li>C) 85.4697</li><li>D) Error. Will not compile.</li><li>E) Error. Throws an IllegalFormatConversionException.</li></ul>	
<pre>Question4. What is the output of the code segment shown here? String s="feels like summer"; String t=s.substring(s.indexOf("u")).concat(s.substring(1, 4)); out.print(t);  A) mmereel B) ummereel C) mmerfeel D) eelummer E) ummerfeel</pre> Question 5.	
What is the output of the code segment to the right?  A) true  B) false	<pre>boolean a=true, b=true; out.print((a^b) ==((a  b) &amp;&amp;!(a&amp;&amp;b)));</pre>
Question 6.  What is the output of the line of code shown on the right?  A) 0 B) 1 C) 2 D) 3 E) 4	<pre>out.print(Math.round(Math.E));</pre>

```
Question 7.
Given the code segment shown on the right, which of the
following additional lines of code will compile and execute
correctly?
                                                   int w=9;
                                                   long x=8;
A) double a=w+x+y+z;
                                                   double v=3.5;
B) float b=w+x+y+z;
                                                   float z=4.15f;
C) long c=w+x+y+z;
D) int d=w+x+y+z;
E) More than one of the above.
Question 8.
                                                   int m=10, n=-8, p=2;
What is the output of the code segment to the right?
                                                   if(m<n\&p==n/2)
                                                     if(m>0 | p==2)
                                                         out.print("A");
  B) AC
                                                     else
  C) C
                                                         out.print("B");
  D) B
                                                   else
                                                     if(n < = -8^n + m = = 20)
  E) D
                                                         out.print("C");
                                                     else
                                                         out.print("D");
Question 9.
What is the output of the code segment shown on the right?
                                                   String s="upallnight";
                                                   int i=s.length();
A) thginllap
                                                   do {
                                                          out.print(s.charAt(i));
B) upallnight
C) thginllapu
                                                   \} while (i>0);
D) hqinllapu
E) There is no output due to an error.
Question 10.
                                                   boolean[] ba=new boolean[10];
What is the output of the code segment to the right?
                                                   for (int x=1; x < ba.length; x+=2)
                                                     ba[x]=true;
  A) 0
                                                   int y=0;
  B) 10
                                                   for (int x=0; x<ba.length; x++)
  C) 5
                                                     if(ba[x])
  D) 11
                                                         y++;
   E) 6
                                                   out.print(y);
Question 11.
                                                   import static java.lang.System.*;
                                                   import java.io.File;
Which of the following must replace <code> to ensure that the
                                                   import java.io.IOException;
main method will compile and that when executed the user can
                                                   import java.util.Scanner;
type in their first and last name from the keyboard?
  A) Scanner s=new Scanner (System);
                                                   public class Q11 {
  B) Scanner s=new Scanner(in);
                                                   public static void main(String[] args) {
  C) Scanner s=new Scanner(new File("in");
                                                          <code>
                                                          out.print("First Name: ");
  D) Scanner s=new Scanner("System.in");
                                                          String fn=s.next();
  E) None of the above.
                                                          out.print("Last Name: ");
                                                          String ln=s.next();
```

```
Question 12.
                                                        int s=0;
What is the output of the code segment to the right?
                                                        for (int x=20; x>0; x--) {
                                                               if(x%3==0)
   A) -47
                                                                       s-=x;
   B) 47
                                                               if(x%2!=0)
   C) 37
                                                                       s+=x;
   D) -37
                                                               }
   E) -10
                                                        out.print(s);
Question 13.
What is the output of the code segment to the right?
   A) -5
                                                        int x=-5;
   B) -6
                                                        X = \sim - + + X;
   C) 5
                                                        out.print(x);
   D) 6
   E) Error. Will not compile.
Question 14.
What is the output of the code segment shown on the right?
   B) 65536
                                                        out.print(Character.SIZE);
   C) 32
   D) 16
   E) 64
Question 15.
                                                        ArrayList<String> a=new
What is the output of the code segment to the right?
                                                        ArrayList<String>();
                                                        a.add("Dalhart");
   A) Dumas
                                                        a.add("Dumas");
   B) -1
                                                        a.add("Muleshoe");
   C) true
                                                        a.add("Earth");
   D) false
                                                        a.remove(1);
   E) There is no output due to an error.
                                                        out.println(a.remove("Dumas"));
Question 16.
Which of the following cannot be modified using final?
   A) class
   B) constructor
   C) method
   D) field
   E) All of the above can be modified with final.
Question 17.
When the code segment shown on the right has been executed
which of the following statements is true about the set s?
                                                        Random r=new Random();
   A) s contains only even numbers from 20 to 38 inclusive.
                                                        Set<Integer> s=new TreeSet<Integer>();
   B) s contains only odd numbers from 21 to 39 inclusive.
                                                        for (int x=1; x <= 1000; x++)
                                                               s.add((r.nextInt(10)+10)*2);
   C) s contains 1000 different random numbers.
   D) s contains all of the numbers from 20 to 38 inclusive.
   E) s contains only even numbers from 10 to 40 exclusive.
```

#### Question 18.

Which of the following methods will return the greatest common divisor of a and b?

```
II.
                                                                  III.
public static int gcd(int
                                 public static int gcd(int
                                                                  public static int gcd(int
                                 a, int b) {
a, int b) {
                                                                  a, int b) {
                                   while(a!=b)
  while (b!=0) {
                                                                    int d=Math.max(a, b);
    int t=b;
                                     if(a>b)
                                                                    for (; d \ge 1; d - -)
    b=a%b;
                                       a=a-b;
                                                                      if(a%d==0\&\&b%d==0)
                                                                        break;
    a=t;
                                     else
                                                                    return d;
                                       b=b-a;
  return a;
                                   return a;
```

- **A)** I
- B) II
- C) III
- **D)** I and II
- E) I, II and III

#### Question 19.

Which of the following can correctly replace **<code>** in the code segment shown on the right?

- A) nextInt()
- B) nextDouble()
- C) next()
- **D)** nextFloat()
- E) More than one of the above.

```
Scanner s=new Scanner("2 12 6 8 1");
int sum=0;
while(s.hasNext())
    sum+=s.<code>;
out.print(sum);
```

#### Question 20.

What is the output of the code segment shown here?

```
String s="uil.academics@uiltexas.org";
out.print(s.matches(".+"));
out.print(s.matches("\\S{3}.\\D+@[a-z]+.\\w{3}"));
out.print(s.matches("uil\\.?\\S*@+uiltexas.org"));
alsetrue
```

- A) falsefalsetrue
- B) falsetruetrue
- C) truefalsetrue
- D) truetruetrue
- E) falsefalse

Which of the following classes is immutable?

```
R
import java.util.*;
                                               import java.util.*;
public class ImmutableClass {
                                               public class ImmutableClass {
                                                 public int a,b;
  private int a,b;
  private Stack<String> st;
                                                 public Stack<String> st;
  public ImmutableClass(int a, int b,
                                                 public ImmutableClass(int a,int b,
  Stack<String> st) {
                                                 Stack<String> st) {
    this.a=a;
                                                   this.a=a;
    this.b=b;
                                                   this.b=b;
    this.st=st;
                                                   this.st=st;
                                                 public void setA(int a) {this.a=a;}
  public int getA() {return a;}
  public int getB() {return b;}
                                                 public void setB(int b) {this.b=b;}
  public Stack<String> getST() {
                                                 public int getA() {return a;}
    Stack<String> t=new Stack<String>();
                                                 public int getB() {return b;}
    t.addAll(st);
    return t;
                                                 public Stack<String> getST() {
  }
}
                                                   Stack<String> t=new Stack<String>();
                                                   t.addAll(st);
                                                   return t;
                                                 }
C.
                                               D.
import java.util.*;
                                               import java.util.*;
public final class ImmutableClass {
                                               public final class ImmutableClass {
  private final int a,b;
                                                 private final int a,b;
  private final Stack<String> st;
                                                 private final Stack<String> st;
  public ImmutableClass(int a, int b,
                                                 public ImmutableClass(int a, int b,
  Stack<String> st) {
                                                 Stack<String> st) {
    this.a=a;
                                                   this.a=a;
    this.b=b;
                                                   this.b=b;
    this.st=st;
                                                   this.st=st;
  public int getA() {return a;}
                                                 public int getA() {return a;}
  public int getB() {return b;}
                                                 public int getB() {return b;}
  public Stack<String> getST() {
                                                 public Stack<String> getST() {return st;}
    Stack<String> t=new Stack<String>();
    t.addAll(st);
    return t;
  }
E. More than one of the classes shown above is immutable.
```

```
Question 22.
Which line in the code shown here contains an error?
public class MyClass {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             System.out.println(myMethod(1,6,"My dog has fleas."));//line #1
      public static String myMethod(int i,int j,String s) {
             String t="";
             int x=i;
             int y=j;//line #2
             for(int i=x;i<y;i++) {//line #3</pre>
                    t+=s.substring(i, i+1);
             }
             return t;//line #4
      }
   A) line #1
             B) line #2
                        C) line #3
                                  D) line #4
                                             E) None of the above. There are no errors.
Question 23.
What is the output of line #1 in the code segment shown on the
right?
   A) {102=4, 225=1, 299=2, 312=3, 541=2}
                                                    //Code for questions 23 and 24.
   B) {225=1, 541=2, 299=2, 312=3, 102=4}
   C) \{225=1, 541=2, 102=4, 312=3, 299=2\}
                                                    TreeMap<Integer, Integer> tm=new
                                                    TreeMap<Integer,Integer>();
   D) {102, 225, 299, 312, 541}
                                                    tm.put(225, 1);
   E) {1, 2, 2, 3, 4}
                                                    tm.put(541, 2);
Question 24.
                                                    tm.put(102, 4);
                                                   tm.put(312, 3);
What is the output of line #2 in the code segment shown on the
                                                    tm.put(299, 2);
right?
                                                    out.println(tm);//line #1
   A) 2
                                                    int i=tm.ceilingEntry(300).getValue();
                                                    out.print(i);//line #2
   B) 3
   C) 312
   D) 299
   E) 300
Question 25.
                                                    public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                      long n=4;
What is printed by the main method shown on the right?
                                                      out.print(f(n));
   A) 45
                                                    public static long f(long n) {
   B) 20
                                                      if(n \le 1)
   C) 43
                                                        return 1;
   D) 13
                                                        return 5+f(n-1)+f(n-2);
   E) 25
```

#### Question 26.

Which of the following best describes the error within the interface shown on the right?

- A) The signature must contain the keyword implements.
- **B)** The interface does not contain a constructor.
- C) The area and perimeter methods must be implemented.
- D) Shape must be declared as final and contain fields that are declared as final.
- E) There are no errors in the code shown. The interface Shape will compile and execute as intended.

```
public interface Shape {
    public double area();
    public double perimeter();
```

#### Question 27.

Which of the following statements is false?

- A) An object cannot be instantiated from an abstract class.
- B) It is possible to define an abstract class that does not contain any abstract methods.
- **C)** A subclass can extend multiple abstract classes.
- **D)** A subclass can be abstract even if its superclass is concrete.
- **E)** A class that contains abstract methods must be abstract.

#### Question 28.

What is the run time efficiency (Big O value) of the segment of code shown on the right?

- A) O(n log n)
- B)  $O(x \log y)$
- C) O(log n)
- **D)** O(n<sup>2</sup>)
- E) O(nx log y)

```
for(int x=0;x<n;x+=4)
    for(int y=1;y<n;y*=3)
        out.print("Big O");</pre>
```

#### Question 29.

What is the output of the code segment shown on the right?

- **A)** 47
- **B)** 27
- **C)** 33
- **D)** 35
- **E)** Error. Throws an ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.

#### Question 30.

When n is a power of 2, which of the following is always equivalent to m%n?

- **A)** m&n
- **B)** m& (n-1)
- **C)**  $m \mid (n-1)$
- **D)** m^n
- **E)** m^ (n-1)

```
//Use the following code to answer questions 31, 32 and 33.
public static void sort(int[] list, int startIndex)
{
  if ( startIndex >= list.length - 1 )
    return;
  int minIndex = startIndex;
  for ( <code 1> )
    if (list[index] < list[minIndex] )
      minIndex = index;
  int temp = list[startIndex];
  list[startIndex] = list[minIndex];
  list[minIndex] = temp;
  sort(<code 2>);
}
```

#### Question 31.

Which of the following would best replace **<code 1>** in the sort method implemented above to ensure that list is sorted in ascending order?

```
A) int index = 0; index < list.length-1; index++
B) int index = startIndex - 1; index < list.length; index++
C) int index = startIndex + 1; index < list.length; index++
D) int index = startIndex + 1; index < minIndex; index++
E) int index = startIndex + 1; index < list.length-1; index++</pre>
```

#### Question 32.

Which of the following should replace <code 2> in the sort method implemented above to ensure that list is sorted in ascending order?

```
A) startIndex+1, list
B) list, startIndex
C) list
D) list, startIndex + 1
E) startIndex
```

#### Question 33.

Assuming that **<code 1>** and **<code 2>** have been replaced with correct code, which sorting algorithm does the sort method shown above implement?

- A) bubble sort
- B) merge sort
- C) quick sort
- D) insertion sort
- E) selection sort

```
//Use the UILString class to answer questions 34 and 35.
public class UILString <code> Comparable<UILString>{
      private String str;
      public UILString(String s) {str=s;}
      public String toString() {return str;}
      public int compareTo(UILString o) {
           int t=0;
            int i1=str.length()-1;
            int i2=o.toString().length()-1;
            while ((t==0) \&\& (i1>=0) \&\& (i2>=0)) {
                 char c1=str.charAt(i1);
                 char c2=o.toString().charAt(i2);
                 t=c1-c2;
                 i1--; i2--;
            }
            return t;
      }
Question 34.
Which of the following should replace <code> in the class shown above?
   A) implements
   B) inherits
   C) extends
   D) iterator
   E) comparator
Question 35.
Assuming that <code> has been filled in correctly, what is the output of the following client code?
     List<UILString> list=new LinkedList<UILString>();
     list.add(new UILString("monkey"));
     list.add(new UILString("Monkey"));
     list.add(new UILString("Zebra"));
     list.add(new UILString("monkEy"));
     list.add(new UILString("monkey"));
     list.add(new UILString("zebra"));
     Collections.sort(list);
     out.print(list);
   A) [Monkey, monkEy, monkey, Zebra, zebra]
   B) [Zebra, zebra, monkey, monkey, Monkey, monkey]
   C) [monkey, Monkey, monkEy, zebra, Zebra, monkeY]
   D) [Zebra, zebra, Monkey, monkEy, monkey, monkey]
```

E) [monkeY, Zebra, zebra, monkEy, Monkey, monkey]

#### Question 36.

If the binary tree shown on the right is traversed in a postorder fashion, the result is a expression.

- A) binary
- B) prefix
- C) infix
- D) postfix
- E) A postorder traversal does not result in a valid expression.

# (A) (+) (C)

#### Question 37.

The class Edge and the accompanying client code shown on the right are intended to model a graph data structure. What must replace **<code>** within the client code segment to ensure it will compile and execute correctly?

- A) new ArrayList();
- B) graph.add(new Edge());
- C) graph.add(new ArrayList<Edge>());
- **D)** graph=new ArrayList<Edge>();
- E) No additional code is required.

#### //Use the following to answer questions 37 and 38.

```
public class Edge {
  char o,d;
  public Edge(char o, char d) {
    this.o=o;
    this.d=d;}
```

#### //client code

List<ArrayList<Edge>> graph=new ArrayList<>();

#### <code>

graph.get(0).add(new Edge('A','B'));
graph.get(0).add(new Edge('A','C'));

#### <code>

graph.get(1).add(new Edge('B','A'));
graph.get(1).add(new Edge('B','D'));
graph.get(1).add(new Edge('B','E'));

#### <code>

graph.get(2).add(new Edge('C','A'));
graph.get(2).add(new Edge('C','D'));

#### <code>

graph.get(3).add(new Edge('D','B'));
graph.get(3).add(new Edge('D','C'));
<code>

#### graph.get(4).add(new Edge('E','B'));

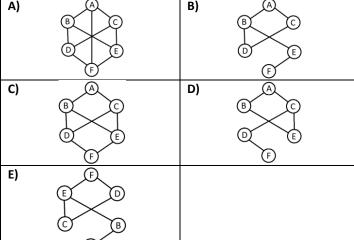
graph.get(4).add(new Edge('E','F'));

#### <code>

graph.get(2).add(new Edge('F','E'));

#### Question 38.

Once completed correctly, which of the following graphs does the client code shown on the right model?



#### Question 39.

If both values are shown using signed 8-bit 2's complement representation, what is 11101101 minus 11100100? Write your answer using signed 8-bit 2's complement notation.

#### Question 40.

Write the Boolean expression represented by the diagram shown on the right. You must write your answer using generic notation. Express all operators explicitly and do not use Java operators.

