Note: Correct responses are based on Java, J2sdk v 6.0, from Sun Microsystems, Inc. All provided code segments are intended to be syntactically correct, unless otherwise stated (i. e. error is an answer choice) and any necessary Java 2 Standard Packages have been imported. Ignore any typographical errors and assume any undefined variables are defined as used.

QUESTION 1		
What is the sum of 2A3 ₁₁ and 32 ₆ ?		
A. 374 ₁₀ B. 1010101011 ₂ C. 1011010	111 ₂ D. 101110110 ₂ E. 11313 ₄	
QUESTION 2 What is output by the code to the right?	int a = 5, who = a + 3; a++;	
A. 8 B. 7 C. 11 D. 10 E. 9	System.out.println(who);	
QUESTION 3		
What is output by the code to the right?	int b = 9, c = 3; c = ++b * c++;	
A. 27 B. 30 C. 25 D. 33 E. 39		
QUESTION 4		
What is output by the code to the right?		
A. ab B. bc	<pre>String d = "abcdistricthiswaycomes";</pre>	
C. 195 D. a98	<pre>out.print(d.substring(0,1)+ d.charAt(1));</pre>	
E. There is no output due to a syntax error.		
QUESTION 5		
What is output by the code to the right?	<pre>int[] array = {0, 2, 1, 3, 4}; for(Integer it : array)</pre>	
A. 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2 E. 1	<pre>array[it] = array[it] + 1; System.out.println(array[2]);</pre>	
QUESTION 6		
What is output by the code to the right?	<pre>int e = 3; double f = 7;</pre>	
A . 1 B . 2 C . 0 D 3	e -= f * e / f;	
E. There is no output due to a runtime error.	<pre>System.out.print((int)e);</pre>	
QUESTION 7		
What is output by the code to the right?	boolean g = true;	
A. true B. 1	<pre>boolean i = false; boolean h = g && (!i ^ !g g ^ i);</pre>	
C. false D. 0	System.out.println(h);	
E. There is no output due to a runtime error. QUESTION 8		
What is output by the code to the right?	double $j = 9.4;$	
	Double k = 11.5; if(j > k)	
A. 1234 B. 12	<pre>System.out.print("1");</pre>	
C. 23	<pre>if(j < k) System.out.print("2");</pre>	
D. 24	if(j == k)	
E. There is no output due to a syntax error.	<pre>System.out.print("3"); System.out.println("4");</pre>	

```
QUESTION 9
                                                    public abstract class Creature
Which of the following could replace <*1> in the client code
at right?
                                                      public abstract double howMean();
A. new Creature();
B. new Creature ("alice", 305.00);
                                                    public class Sasquatch extends Creature
C. new Sasquatch("jimmy", 900.00);
D. A and B only
                                                       private String name;
                                                       private double mean;
E. A. B. and C
                                                       public Sasquatch(String n, double m)
QUESTION 10
                                                           name = n;
Assuming that <*1> is filled correctly, which of the following
                                                           mean = m;
could fill blank <*2> in the client code at right?
A. System.out.println(c.name);
                                                       public double howMean()
B. System.out.println(c.howMean());
C. System.out.println(c.mean);
                                                          //implementation not shown
D. A and B only
E. A, B, and C
                                                    //client code
                                                    Creature c = \langle *1 \rangle
                                                    <*2>
QUESTION 11
What is output by the code to the right?
                                                    Queue stuff = new PriorityQueue();
                                                    stuff.add(78);
A. 76
                                                    stuff.add(88);
B. 88
                                                    stuff.add(76);
                                                    stuff.add(88);
C. 78
                                                    stuff.remove(88);
D. []
                                                    stuff.remove(0);
                                                    System.out.println(stuff.peek());
E. There is no output due to a runtime error.
QUESTION 12
What is output by the code to the right?
A. ap
                                                    String huh = "ap";
                                                    huh += 8.1;
B. ap8.1
                                                    huh += "cs";
C. ap8.1cs
                                                    System.out.println( huh );
D. 8.1cs
E. apcs8.1
QUESTION 13
What is output by the client code to the right?
System.out.println("\\\b\\\u\\b");
B. bub
C. \\u
D. b\\u
E. There is no output due to a runtime error.
```

QUESTION 14 public static List doIt(Collection c) What is the purpose of method doIt? A. The method returns a list containing the reversed values of c. Stack s = new Stack(); s.addAll(c); B. The method returns a list containing the sorted values of c. List ret = new ArrayList(); C. The method returns a list containing the odd values of c. while(!s.isEmpty()) ret.add(s.pop()); D. The method returns a list containing the even values of c. return ret; E. The method returns a list containing the values of c in the } original order sent in. QUESTION 15 What is output by the code to the right? String uil = "f-u-n-c-s"; uil = uil.replaceAll("\\-",""); A. fun char[] uilRay = uil.toCharArray(); B. funcs String uilString; C. csfun uilString = new String(uilRay); System.out.println(uilString); D. cs E. There is no output due to a syntax error. QUESTION 16 What is output by the code to the right? A. ruhrow B. ruh Object nub = new Object("ruhrow"); out.println(nub.toString()); C. row D. worhur E. There is no output due to a syntax error. QUESTION 17 int much = 0;What is output by the code to the right? for (int g1 = 0; g1 < 5; g1++) { much++; **A**. 55 for (int q2 = 0; $q2 \le q1$; q2++) { **B**. 51 much++; for (int g3 = 0; g3 <= g2; g3++) **C**. 43 much++; } **D**. 39 E. 63 System.out.println(much); QUESTION 18 Which of the following reserved words can be used to determine if an object is of a particular class type? B. getclass C. istype D. whodat E. instanceof A. checktype QUESTION 19 What is the output by the code to the right? int noom = 0;int[][] mat = new int[6][6]; **A**. 5 for(int r = 0; r < mat.length; r=r+1) **B**. 7 for (int cc = r; cc < 6; cc+=2) { mat[r][cc] = noom; C. 8 noom++; D. 11 System.out.print(mat[3][3]); E. 12

What is the output by the code to the right?

- A. 71dmedi
- **B**. 7
- C. 7el
- D. 7at
- E. 6el

QUESTION 21

Which of the following could replace <*1> in the code at right so that words would refer to a string array containing only the words from stuff?

- A. stuff.split("\\s*");
- B. stuff.split(" $\stylength{"}\stylength{"}\stylength{"}\stylength{"}$;
- C. stuff.split("\\w+");
- D. stuff.split("\\d+");
- E. stuff.split("\\S*");

QUESTION 22

Assuming that <*1> is filled correctly, what is the output by the line marked //line 1?

A. 5

B. 4

C. 8

D. 6

E. 7

QUESTION 23

Assuming that <*1> is filled correctly, what is the output by the line marked //line 2?

A. act

B. botv

C. dgo

D. bmot.

E. ab

QUESTION 24

Assuming that **<*1>** is filled correctly, what is the output by the line marked //line 3?

A. act

B. boty

C. dgo

D. bmot

E. ab

QUESTION 25

What is the output by the code to the right?

- **A**. 15
- **B**. 18
- C. 20
- D. 12
- E. 17

```
int count = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  for(int j = i; j >= 0; j--){
     if((i * j) % 2 == 0)
        continue;
     count++;
  }
System.out.print(count);
```

System.out.println(list.get(0));//line 2 System.out.println(list.get(5));//line 3

```
String line = "funkycoldmedinatonelock";
String[] chunks = line.split("[^[on]]");
System.out.print(chunks.length);
System.out.println(chunks[3]);
```

```
String stuff = "dog cat booty funny";
stuff += "salad bottom abba";
String[] words = <*1>
ArrayList<String> list;
list = new ArrayList<String>();
for(int i=0; i<words.length; i++)</pre>
  char[] cRay = words[i].toCharArray();
  Arrays.sort(cRay);
  String s = "";
  for( char c : cRay)
     if(s.indexOf(c) == -1)
        s+=c;
  list.add(s);
System.out.println(list.size()); //line 1
```

Collections.sort(list);

What is the output by the line marked //line 1?

- **A**. 8 3
- **B**. 8 8
- **C**. 3 3
- D. 3 8
- E. 8

QUESTION 27

What is the output by the line marked //line 2?

- A. 1 8 3
- **B**. 1 3 8
- C. 1 3 3
- D. 1 8 8
- E. 1 3

QUESTION 28

What is the output by the line marked //line 3?

- **A**. 3.0
- **B**. 8.0
- **C**. 0.0
- D. 1.0
- E. 6.0

```
public class King
  private int it, thing;
  public King() {
     it=thing=3;
  public void fun() {
     it=8;
  public double go() {
     return it;
  public void back() {
     fun();
  public String toString() {
     return it + " " + thing;
public class Subject extends King
  private int it;
  public Subject() {
     it=1;
  public void fun() {
     it=6;
  public double go() {
     return it;
  public void back() {
     super.back();
  public String toString() {
     return it + " " + super.toString();
}
//client code
King one = new King();
one.back();
                            // line 1
out.println(one);
one = new Subject();
                            // line 2
out.println(one);
one.fun();
one.back();
                            // line 3
out.println(one.go());
```

QUESTION 29 Which of the following constructors could be placed in class You? A. public You(List<Integer> ints) { } B. public You(int[] [][]ints) { } public class You C. public You(Set<Float> reals) { } public You(Object obj){ D. public You(List[] ints) { } System.out.println("one"); E. more than one of these QUESTION 30 public You(double dbl){ What is the output by the the call new You (null)? System.out.println("two"); A. one B. two public You(String[] words){ System.out.println("three"); C. three D. four public You(byte b) { E. more than one of these System.out.println("four"); QUESTION 31 What is the output by the the call new You (9.3)? A. one B. two C. three D. four E. more than one of these QUESTION 32 public static int fancy(int x) What is returned by the method call fancy (7)? **A**. 17 if (x == 0) return x/2; if(x % 2 > 0)B. 14 return fancy(x - 1) + x; C. 13 return fancy(x - 1) - 1; D. 11 E. 9 QUESTION 33 What is output by the code to the right? **A**. 6 String first = "808dogs"; B. -6 String second = "202cats"; **C**. 5 out.println(first.compareTo(second)); **D.** -5 E. There is no output due to a runtime error.

Which of the following could replace <*1> in the code to the right so that the Monster constructor will increment the count variable by one each time it is called.

```
A. count++;
B. count = count + 1;
C. ++count;
D. count+=1;
```

E. More than one of these.

QUESTION 35

Which of the following could replace <*2> in the code to the right so that the BigMonster constructor will correctly call the Monster constructor.

```
A. Monster(n);
B. Monster();
C. super(n);
D. super();
E. super(n,s);
```

QUESTION 36

Assuming that **<*1>** and **<*2>** are filled correctly, what is output by the line marked //line 1?

```
A. meany B. chuck
```

C. sully

D. dude

E. There is no output due to a runtime error.

QUESTION 37

Assuming that **<*1>** and **<*2>** are filled correctly, what is output by the line marked //line 2?

A. 1 **B.** 2

C. 3

D. 4

E. 5

```
public abstract class Monster{
   private static int count = 0;
   private String name;
   public Monster(String n) {
    name = n;
     <*1>
   public String getName(){
     return name;
   public int getCount(){
    return count;
   public void setCount(int c){
     count = c;
}
public class BigMonster extends Monster{
   private int size;
   public BigMonster(String n, int s) {
    <*2>
     size = s;
   public String toString() {
    return size + getName();
public class Sullivan extends BigMonster{
  private Color color;
   public Sullivan(String n, int s, Color c) {
     super(n, s);
     color = c;
   public String toString(){
     return color + super.toString();
//client code
Monster m = new BigMonster("meany",78);
Monster b = new BigMonster("chuck", 19);
b = new Sullivan("sully", 9, Color.RED);
Monster r = new BigMonster("dude", 33);
r = new Sullivan("nancy", 99, Color.BLUE);
System.out.println(b.getName());
                                     //line 1
                                     //line 2
System.out.println(r.getCount());
```

If N equals <code>oList.length</code>, what is the Big O of method why when <code>c</code> is an <code>ArrayList</code> and when <code>c</code> is a <code>HashSet</code>? Choose the most restrictive set of correct answers.

ArrayList	HashSet
A. O(1)	$O(N*Log_2N)$
B. O(N)	O(1)
C. $O(N^2)$	$O(N*Log_2N)$
D. O(Log ₂ N)	O(N)
E. O(N)	O(N)

```
public static void why(
        Collection<Object> c, Object[] oList)
{
    for(Object obj : oList)
    {
        c.add(obj);
    }
}
```

QUESTION 39

What is output by the code to the right?

```
A. 12.8weird
```

- **B**. 12.8howdy
- C. weirdhowdy
- D. howdy
- E. There is no output due to a syntax error in the code.

try{ System.out.printf("%.1f", 15/4); } catch(Exception e){ System.out.print("weird"); } finally{ System.out.print("howdy"); }

QUESTION 40

What is output by the code to the right?

- **A**. 10
- B. 11
- **C**. 8
- D. 9
- E. There is no output due to an infinite loop.

```
int bit = 256;
int cntr = 0;
while(bit > -1)
{
   bit = bit >> 1;
   cntr++;
}
System.out.println(cntr);
```