QUESTION 1 What is the sum of $1BC_{16}$ and 11100111_2 ? C. 717₁₀ E. 369₁₆ FBC₁₆ B. 2A3₁₆ **D**. 679₈ QUESTION 2 What is output by the code to the right? int x = 3; B. 15 C. int y = x + 1 * x + 2;System.out.println(y); D. 335 E. 14 QUESTION 3 int store = 0;What is output by the code to the right? int i; for($i = 1; i \le 5; i++$){ 5 12 B. 4 8 C. 6 10 store += 2;D. 5 10 E. 6 12 System.out.print(i + " " + store); QUESTION 4 What is output by the code to the right? c==c3basic B. c++c#basic String langs = "C++C#BASIC"; System.out.print(langs.toLowerCase()); D. ccbasic C. false C++C#BASIC E. QUESTION 5 boolean[] ans = new boolean[5]; char[] lets = new char[5]; What is output by the code to the right? 1 B. C. 12 A. if(ans[2]) System.out.print("1"); D. 21 E. if(lets[0] == '0') The code to the right does not System.out.print("2"); produce any output. QUESTION 6 What is output by the code to the right? int r = 31;34 3 10 В. C. int s = 7; System.out.print(r % s + s % r); D. 12 E. 38 QUESTION 7 How many of the 8 possible combinations of values for the variables a, b, and c will result in d being set to boolean a, b, c; true? //code to initialize a, b, and c 3 B. 1 C. 0 A. boolean $d = (a \mid \mid b \&\& c);$ 5 8 D. E.

What are the possible outputs for the code to the right?

- I. (
- II. 1
- III. 2
- A. I only
- B. II only

E.

C. III only

- D. II and III
- I, II, and III

```
int x, y;
// code to initialize x, y
String result = "";
if ( x > 10 )
  result += "a";
if( y > 10 )
  result += "a";
System.out.println( result.length() );
```

QUESTION 9

What is output by the line marked line 1 in the client code to the right?

- **A**. 3
- B. 4
- C. 2
- D. 1
- E. 0

QUESTION 10

What is output by the line marked line 2 in the client code to the right?

- A. Mon Mon
- B. Mon 3
- C. Mon 2
- **D**. 1 3
- E. Mon 0

```
public class Timestamp{
 private static int myst = 0;
 private String day;
 private int hour;
 public Timestamp(String d) {
   this (d, 0);
   myst++;
  }
 public Timestamp(String d, int h){
   day = d;
   hour = h;
   myst++;
  }
 public static int getMyst(){
   return myst;
 public String toString(){
   return day + " " + hour;
 public static void reset(){
   myst = 0;
}
// client code
Timestamp.reset();
Timestamp t1 = new Timestamp("Sun");
Timestamp t2 = new Timestamp("Mon", 3);
int tot = Timestamp.getMyst();
System.out.println( tot ); // line 1
System.out.println( t2 ); // line 2
```

```
QUESTION 11
  What is output by the code to the right?
                                               int m = 512;
  A. 0
                     256
                              C.
                                   640
                 В.
                                               int n = 128;
                                               System.out.print( n | m );
               E. 1010000000
  D. true
QUESTION 12
  What is output by the code to the right?
                                               double a2 = 1.05;
  A. 1.0
                 B. 0
                        C. 0.0
                                               System.out.print( Math.ceil(a2) );
  D. 2.0
                 E. 1
QUESTION 13
  What is output by the code to the right?
                                               String prob = "10\\\\\\\
  A. 105=2
                 B. 10 \ 5=2 C. 10 \ 5=2
                                               int ans = 2;
                                               System.out.print( prob + ans );
     10\5=2
                 E. 10\\\\5=2
  D.
QUESTION 14
  What is output by the code to the right?
  A. 0.315
                 B. .315
                           C. (0.315)
                                               System.out.printf("%(4.3f", .315);
  D. - (0.315) E. .3150
QUESTION 15
                                               public double adjust(double a) {
  What is returned by the method call adjust (1.7)?
                                                 a++;
                     1.7
                          C. 3.6
      3.0
                 B.
                                                 a *= 2;
                                                 return a;
  D.
     4.0
                 E.
                     5.4
QUESTION 16
  What is output by the code to the right?
                                               String mid = "sc";
     3sc12
                 B. 3sc3 C. 12sc12
                                               String result = 1 + 2 + mid + 1 + 2;
                                               System.out.print( result );
                E. 1+2+mid+1+2
  D.
     sc
QUESTION 17
  What is output by the code to the right?
                                               int z = 4;
  A. 12
                 B. 8
                            C. 9.0
                                               double a = 2.5;
                                               System.out.print( (int) a * 2 + z);
     18
  D.
                 E.
```

What is output by the line marked line 1 in the client code to the right?

- A. null
- **B**. 5
- C. 5null
- D. There is no output.
- E. The output cannot be determined until runtime.

QUESTION 19

What is output by the line marked line 2 in the client code to the right?

- A. 10
- B. 10gack
- C. gack
- D. 5gack
- E. gack5

```
private int points;
  public Problem(int pts) {
   points = pts;
 public int getPoints(){
   return points;
  }
}
public class HardProblem extends Problem{
 private String exclaim;
  public HardProblem(int pts, String e) {
   super(pts);
   exclaim = e;
 public String toString(){
   return super.getPoints() + exclaim;
}
// client code
Problem p = new Problem(5);
HardProblem hp;
hp = new HardProblem(10, "gack");
System.out.println( p ); // line 1
```

public class Problem{

QUESTION 20

What is output by the line of code to the right that comes after the comment // Ouestion 20?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 7

- D. 4,7
- E. 2,2

QUESTION 21

What is output by the code segment to the right that comes after the comment // Question 21?

- A. SANTANA
- B. ANST
- C. SANT
- D. S1A3N2T1
- E. The output cannot be determined until runtime.

```
TreeSet<String> ts = new TreeSet<String>();
String lets = "SANTANA";

for(int i = 0; i < lets.length(); i++)
   ts.add( lets.charAt(i) + "" );

// Question 20
System.out.println( ts.size() );

// Question 21
for(String s : ts)
   System.out.print( s );</pre>
```

System.out.println(hp); // line 2

Which of the following statements about classes that have the clause implements Collection in their class header are true?

- The class can never store duplicate elements.
- II. The class can never be declared abstract.
- III. The elements stored in the class must always be kept in order based on the compareTo method.
- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only
- D. I and III
- E. None of the statements are true.

QUESTION 23

What is output by the code to the right?

- 08
- В. 10
- 09

- D.
- E. 5

String times; times = "7:48:1:09:08";String[] pieces = times.split(":"); System.out.print(pieces[3]);

QUESTION 24

What replaces <*1> in the code to the right to set the variable cs equal to the number of columns in the twodimensional array of ints named t?

- - t[0].length B. t.0.length
- C. t->length
- D. t.length
- E. t[0][0].length

Assume **<*1>** is filled in correctly.

QUESTION 25

What is returned by method handle if t is the matrix shown below?

1	4	0	2	1	6
0	-1	5	4	0	-4
2	2	7	1	13	2
11	5	13	13	4	20

- A. 15
- 18
- C. 19

- 14 D.
- E. 16

```
public int handle(int[][] t){
  int tot = 0;
  int rs = t.length;
  int cs = <*1>;
  int start = Math.min(rs, cs) - 1;
  int m = start / 2;
  for(int i = start; i >= 0; i--){
    tot += t[i][m];
    tot += t[m][i];
  }
  return tot;
```

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 1.100
- B. 1100.0
- C. 1.331
- D. There is no output due to a syntax error.
- E. There is no output due to a runtime error.

```
String value = "1.1e3";
double a = Double.parseDouble( value );
System.out.print( a );
```

QUESTION 27

What replaces <*1> in the code to the right to indicate method count will pass along any

FileNotFoundExceptions it may generate instead of handling them locally?

- A. throws FileNotFoundException
- B. finally FileNotFoundException
- C. throws new FileNotFoundException()
- D. throw new FileNotFoundException
- E. catch FileNotFoundException

```
public int count(String filename) <*1> {
    Scanner sc;

    // The next line of code can result in
    // a FileNotFoundException.
    sc = new Scanner( new File(filename) );

int count = 0;

    // rest of method not shown
    return count;
}
```

QUESTION 28

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 6
- D. There is no output due to a syntax error.
- E. There is no output due to a NoSuchElementException.

int[] sample = {2, 4, 6}; Iterator<Integer> it = sample.iterator(); it.next(); it.next(); System.out.println(it.next());

QUESTION 29

Which of the following best describes what method mystery does if the precondition that text does not equal null is met?

- A. Always returns the number of spaces in text.
- B. Always returns the number of tokens in text.
- C. Always returns the number of tokens in text that start with the character 'A'.
- D. Prints out all the tokens in \t text that start with the character 'A'.
- E. Always returns the number of 'A's in text.

```
// pre: text != null
public int mystery(String text) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(text);
   int count = 0;
   while( sc.hasNext() ) {
      String temp = sc.next();
      int len = temp.length();
      if( len > 0 && temp.charAt(0) == 'A' )
            count++;
   }
   return count;
}
```

QUESTION 30

Assume method performAction (int[] data) is $O(N^2)$ where N= data.length. When method performAction is passed an array with length = 2,000 it takes 4 seconds for method performAction to complete. If method performAction is then passed an array with length = 4,000 what is the expected time it will take the method to complete?

- A. 8 seconds
- B. 16 seconds
- C. 28 seconds
- D. 32 seconds
- E. 64 seconds

What replaces <*1> in the code to the right so that the body of the if statement is executed if one or more of the conditions p == vs.length and cap == 0 evaluate to true?

- A. ^
- B. ||
- C. ^^

- D. %%
- E. &&

Assume **<*1>** is filled in correctly.

QUESTION 32

What is output by the client code to the right?

- **A**. 13
- B. 14
- C. 8

- D. 11
- E. 28

QUESTION 33

Which of the following can replace <*1> in the code to the right to always set the variable z to the minimum of the variables x and y?

- I. Math.min(x, y)
- II. (x < y) ? x : y
- III. x && y
- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only

- D. I and II
- E. II and III

int x; int y; // code to initialize x and y int z = <*1>;

QUESTION 34

A sort is defined to be *stable* for a given array if equal elements in the original array maintain their relative positions in the sorted array. For example consider the following array of ints:

```
\{0, 7, 5, 3, 7\}
```

If the sort is stable for this array then in the sorted array, the 7 originally at index 1 will be before the 7 originally at index 4.

Method sort to the right implements the selection sort algorithm. For what input arrays is method sort stable?

- A. All arrays
- B. Some arrays
- C. No arrays
- D. It is not possible to determine if the method sort is stable or not.
- E. More than one of these is correct.

```
public void sort(int[] vals){
  int minIndex;
  int limit = vals.length;
  for(int i = 0; i < limit; i++){
    minIndex = i;
    for(int j = i + 1; j < limit; j++){
        if( vals[j] < vals[minIndex] ){
            minIndex = j;
        }
    }
  int temp = vals[i];
   vals[i] = vals[minIndex];
   vals[minIndex] = temp;
}</pre>
```

Method search to the right implements the binary search algorithm. If list.length is 256 what is the largest possible value the method will print out at the line of code marked // line 1?

- A. 1
- B. 6
- C. 9
- D. 25
- E. 257

```
// pre: list != null and
// elements in list are sorted in
// ascending order.
public int search(int[] list, int tgt){
  int res = -1;
  int low = 0;
  int hi = list.length - 1;
  int count = 0;
 while ( res == -1 \&\& low <= hi ) {
    count++;
    int mid = (low + hi) / 2;
    if( list[mid] == tgt )
     res = mid;
    else if( list[mid] < tqt )</pre>
     low = mid + 1;
    else
      hi = mid -1;
 System.out.println( count ); // line 1
 return res;
```

QUESTION 36

What replaces <*1> in the code to the right so that the code segment compiles without error.

- A. new HashSet()
- B. new HashMap (Character, Integer)
- C. new HashMap<Character, Integer>()
- D. new Map<Character, Integer>()
- E. More than one of these are correct.

Assume **<*1>** is filled in correctly.

QUESTION 37

What is output by the code to the right?

- **A** 1
- **B**. 3
- C. 4
- **D**. 7
- E. The output cannot be determined until runtime.

Map<Character, Integer> tags; tags = <*1>; for(int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) { char ch = word.charAt(i); if(!tags.containsKey(ch)) tags.put(ch, 1); else tags.put(ch, tags.get(ch) + 1); } System.out.println(tags.size());</pre>

String word = "riffraf";

QUESTION 38

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. null
- B. true
- C. false
- D. There is no output due to a syntax error.
- E. There is no output due to a NullPointerException.

```
String[] langs = new String[10];
boolean isObject;
isObject = langs[2] instanceof Object;
System.out.print( isObject );
```

Consider the Structure class to the right. What is output by the following client code?

```
Structure s = new Structure();
s.add("dog");
s.add("dad");
s.add("cab");
s.add("add");
s.add("dad");
s.showAll();

A. dog dad cab add dad

B. dog dad cab

C. add cab dad dog
```

QUESTION 40

D. E.

What type of data structure does the Structure class implement?

A. A binary search tree

cab add dad dog

cab dad add dog

- B. A hash table
- C. A stack
- D. A heap
- E. A queue

```
public class Structure{
 private LinkedList[] con;
 public Structure() {
   con = new LinkedList[100];
   for (int i = 0; i < con.length; i++)
      con[i] = new LinkedList();
 public void add(String obj){
   int val = getValue(obj);
   if( !con[val].contains(obj) )
      con[val].add(obj);
 public boolean isPresent(String obj){
   int val = getValue(obj);
   return con[val].contains(obj);
 public boolean remove(String obj){
   int val = getValue(obj);
   return con[val].remove(obj);
 public void showAll(){
   for( LinkedList<String> i : con )
     for( String st : i )
       System.out.print( st + " " );
 private int getValue(String obj){
   int val = 0;
   obj = obj.toLowerCase();
   for (int i = 0; i < obj.length(); i++) {
      char ch = obj.charAt(i);
      if( Character.isLetter( ch ) )
       val += ch - 'a';
   return val % con.length;
  }
```