Computer Science Contest #1314-11 Key

January 25, 2014

- 1) A
- 2) D
- 3) E
- 4) B
- 5) A
- 6) D
- 7) A
- 8) E
- 9) D
- 10) C
- 11) C

- 12) E
- 13) B
- 14) A
- 15) D
- 16) C
- 17) E
- 18) B
- 19) D
- 20) A

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- 21) B
- 22) A
- 23) C
- 24) D
- 25) B
- 26) D
- 27) B
- 28) E
- 29) A
- 30) C
- 21)
- 31) A
- 32) C
- 33) A
- 34) B
- 35) B
- 36) C
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37)

38) B

Ε

- 39) D
- 40) C

Note to Graders:

- All provided code segments are intended to be syntactically correct, unless otherwise stated (e.g. error is an answer). Ignore any typographical errors.
- Any necessary Standard Java 2 Packages are assumed to have been imported as needed.
- Assume any undefined (undeclared) variables have been defined as used.

Explanations

- 1 $204_8 + 100010_2 = 132_{10} + 34_{10} = 166_{10}$. B, C, & D are all = 166_{10} . A = 174_{10}
- $3.2 \times 2 = 6.4$
- 3 * 3 = 9. D is incorrect because you are multiplying ints, so the answer must be an int
- 4 Loop carries through 1.0, 0.6, and 0.2.
- 5 wd starts at position 2, 3rd character starting at 0
- 6 new int[6] creates an array of length 6 with 0 in all slots
- 7 (true and false or true) and (true or false and true) are both true
- 8 Since there are no break commands, the code would continue from the matching case to the end and output the final three lines.
- 9 An int times a double results in a double, so 6.0 is the correct answer
- The Chicken class does not have a constructor with a double parameter followed by an int parameter so choice C is not a valid option
- $3 \times 2.5 = 7.0$. Math.floor() returns a double so 7.0 is correct answer.
- 12 The loop is calculating the sum of all even members of the matrix;
- 13 \\ becomes single \, \b is backspace and removes the e, \" is single quote, \\ becomes a single \ and does not escape the next b, \t is tab, \' is single quote
- 14 %08.3f% is a total of 8 numbers with 3 after the decimal, padded to the left with zeros
- i starts at 2, i = i sets i to 4, then 16, then 256.
- 16 Loops through Hello Bob backwards and appends each character onto o
- 36 = b100100. Shifted 2 to the left is 10010000 = 144
- true and false is false, and false or false is false; so the whole statement is false
- lst.remove(2) removes and returns the element in position 2, in this case 3
- 20 int / int must be int; 39 / 4 is 9;
- 21 true or false and true is true, so method returns true;
- true || false and false || true both return true so the only path through the code is the first if.
- b is defined as a Chicken, so the talk method outputs "cluck"

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- Integer.MIN_VALUE = -2147483648. Absolute value is 2147483648 which is one higher than Integer.MAX_VALUE so it loops back around to -2147483648. It doesn't overflow.
- 27 Array is only sorted from positions 2-5 due to the 2nd and 3rd parameters. Remaining positions are unaffected.
- I is correct; V is also correct because a number that's divisible by 2 and by 3 is also divisible by 6; IV is not correct because a negative int could have a negative remainder -25 % 6 == -1 which would be true for that condition;
- Sum needs to increase by i, so only sum += i is correct.

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b010101 = 21 dec, 21 dec = 15 hex

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- Only the first 3 are added. The 4^{th} (s.add(1)) would be a duplicate and is not added to the set
- Stack is [Howdy, Doody, 2, Chicken]. First peek() doesn't change stack. First pop() pulls Chicken off the top. Second pop() returns 2 which is at the top.
- 35
- 36 3 is the value in the map associated with key!
- 37 After 3 adds contents are 2, 3, 7. poll() removes the 2, leaving 3 in the head position
- 38 The algorithm rounds up to the next power of 2 which is 64
- 39 w = 1 is true, x < 2 is evaluated and also true, y = 3 is evaluated and false, so b is false
- c is not correct because the + requires that there be an s, a ? doesn't.