Hands #7 - Solving Problems - Advanced Strings

Problem Types:

- Palindromes and Least Palindromes
- Removing/Replacing Strings
- Shifting/Reversing Letters
- Traversing Strings and Matrices

On the following pages, there are 9 sample problems. The dat files and solutions to these problems are provided in a separate folder.

The solutions are based on Java 5.0. I have used meaningful variable names to make the code more readable. Students in contest situations would certainly use shorter variable names and possibly more anonymous variables.

Problem	Key Concepts
pr71 - Palindrome	remove characters from string; traverse from both beginning and end of string
pr72 - Least Palindrome	StringBuffer; insert and charAt; helper method
pr73 - HTML	asList to put array into ArrayList; indexOf; delete; do until done; don't print blank lines
pr74 - Encrypted Words	StringBuffer; reverse; substring; Cases
pr75 - Word Stats	<pre>indexOf; running sums; averages; charAt; printf to right justify and round</pre>
pr76 - It's Justified	StringBuffer; insert; lastIndexOf; indexOf; counting characters
pr77 - Alpha-split	linear search; concatenate char to strings
pr78 - The Matrix	read matrix with toCharArray; traverse a matrix; && statement in for loop; read forwards and backwards; writing methods for cases; check for staying within matrix
pr79 - Censored!	<pre>sort by length of word; StringBuffer to String; lowercase; repeated words; replace with substring;</pre>

pr71 - Palindrome

Problem: Write a program that will determine if a string is a palindrome when all non-alphabetic characters

are removed from the string.

Input: The first line of the data set is an integer that represents the number of lines that follow. Each of

the remaining lines contains a list of words. Strings will contain only uppercase letters of the

alphabet.

data file: pr71

Output: PALINDROME if the string is a palindrome and NOT PALINDROME is it is not.

Assumptions: A string is a palindrome if the letters in the string are the same when read forwards or backwards.

Sample Input: 4

RACE CAR

GO HANG A SALAMI, I'M A LASAGNA HOG!

ALAN ALDA A TOYOTA

Sample Output:

PALINDROME
PALINDROME
NOT PALINDROME
PALINDROME

pr72 - Least Palindrome

Problem: Write a program that will determine the least palindrome for a given string. A least palindrome is

the palindrome that is constructed using the least number of letters possible to make a word

become a palindrome. All letters will be uppercase.

Input: The first line of the data set is an integer that represents the number of lines that follow. Each of

the remaining lines contains a word. Each word will contain only uppercase letters of the alphabet.

data file: pr72

Output: Output the least palindrome for each word.

Assumptions: A string is a palindrome if the letters in the string are the same when read forwards or backwards.

Sample Input: 4

COMPUTER SCIENCE BANANA RACECAR

Sample Output:

COMPUTERETUPMOC SCIENCECNEICS BANANAB RACECAR

pr73 - HTML

Problem: Write a program that will remove all the HTML tags from a markup language program that is used

to create web pages. In a program, the programmer would use some text to make

some text appear in bold type. Only the following tags may appear in the program:

<html>, </html>, <body>, </body>, <title>, </head>, </head>, ,

, , , , ,
.

Input: The input consists of an unknown number of code lines with HTML tags. All tags will be lower case.

data file: pr73

Output: Output the lines of code with the HTML tags removed. Blank lines should be removed.

Assumptions: None.

Sample Input:

```
<html><head><title><b>Java is fun</b></head>
</title>
<body>
This text is to remain
3 < 5 and 7>4 are both true.<br>
17 % 4 <= 2 is false. So is 9 > 10 <br>
<b<html>>
<b>Java is fun!</b>
</body>
</html>
```

Sample Output:

```
Java is fun
This text is to remain
3 < 5 and 7>4 are both true.
17 % 4 <= 2 is false. So is 9 > 10
Java is fun!
```

pr74 - Encrypted Words

Problem: Write a program that will encrypt the words of a sentence as follows:

For the words in the odd numbered positions (i.e. the 1st, 3rd, 5th, ...) of the sentence, you will reverse the letters the words - so COMPUTER would become RETUPMOC.

For the words in the even numbered positions (i.e. the 2nd, 4th, 6th, ...) of the sentence, you will have their letters rotated in a cyclic pattern - so SCIENCE would become CESCIEN if it were the second word in the sentence or ENCESCI if it were the fourth word in the sentence.

If the position of the word is greater than the length of the word, the word is printed without change.

Input: The first line of the data set is an integer that represents the number of lines that follow. Each of

the remaining lines contains a sentence of uppercase letters of the alphabet.

data file: pr74

Output: Output the original sentence on one line and the encrypted sentence on the next. Place at least

one blank line between test cases.

Assumptions: None.

Sample Input:

3

PETER PIPER PICKED A PECK OF PICKLED PEPPERS
WITHOUT COMPUTERS A GEEK WOULD HAVE NOWHERE TO HIDE
ENCRYPED WORDS IS A FUN PROGRAM THAT STRETCHES YOUR IMAGINATION

Sample Output:

RETEP ERPIP DEKCIP A KCEP OF DELKCIP SPEPPER
TUOHTIW RSCOMPUTE A GEEK DLUOW HAVE EREHWON TO EDIH
DEPYRCNE DSWOR SI A NUF ROGRAMP TAHT TRETCHESS RUOY MAGINATIONI

pr75 - Word Stats

Problem: Write a program that will provide statistics to the author of a word processing paper. The statistics

needed are: the number of vowels, the number of consonants, the number of spaces, the number of other characters that are non-alphabetic and not a space, the number of words, the length of the longest word, the length of the shortest word, and the average length of a word rounded to

tenths.

Input: A paragraph of text.

data file: pr75

Output: Output the statistics in the format given below. All numbers are right justified under their heading.

Assumptions: The paper is one paragraph long. A word is one or more characters surrounded by a space. There

will not be two consecutive spaces in the text.

Sample Input:

/* This is a comment */ 2 b || ! 2 b, that is the question. Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of their country. What do you think of this programming problem?

Sample Output:

VOWELS CONSONANTS SPACES OTHER WORDS LONGEST SHORTEST AVERAGE 46 78 39 13 40 11 1 3.4

pr76 - It's Justified

Problem: Write a program that will print a paragraph in forty (40) columns fill justified. Fill justified means

that text is lined up on the left side and the right side of the 40 columns. To fill justify, an extra space is placed after words, beginning with the left most word, and continuing as long as necessary

so the 40 characters are filled. The last line will be left justified without any extra spaces.

Input: A paragraph of text.

data file: pr76

Output: Output the column numbers as shown below. Then output the paragraph fill justified with 40

characters per line.

Assumptions: None.

Sample Input:

To fill justify, an extra space is placed after words, beginning with the left most word, and continuing as long as necessary so the 40 characters are filled. The last line will be left justified without any extra spaces.

Sample Output:

1234567890123456789012345678901234567890
To fill justify, an extra space is placed after words, beginning with the left most word, and continuing as long as necessary so the 40 characters are filled. The last line will be left justified without any extra spaces.

pr77 - Alpha-split

Problem: Write a program that will print the letters of a string so the letters in the range A .. M are printed

on the first line and the letters in the range N .. Z are printed on the second line.

Input: The first line of the data set is an integer that represents the number of lines that follow. Each of

the remaining lines contains a sentence in uppercase letters of the alphabet. Each word is

separated by one space.

data file: pr77

Output: Output the letters of each string so the letters in the range A .. M are printed on the first line and

the letters in the range N .. Z are printed on the second line. Non-alphabetic characters are to be

printed on both rows. Print at least one blank line between data sets.

Assumptions: None.

Sample Input: 2

TODAY IS DECEMBER 25, THE HAPPIEST DAY OF THE YEAR!

NOW IS THE TIME FOR ALL GOOD MEN TO COME TO THE AID OF THEIR COUNTRY.

Sample Output:

DA I DECEMBE 25, HE HA IE DA F HE EA!
TO Y S R 25, T PP ST Y O T Y R!

I HE IME F ALL G D ME C ME HE AID F HEI C . NOW S T T OR OO N TO O TO T O T R OUNTRY.

pr78 - The Matrix

Problem: Write a program that will determine if a word appears in a matrix of characters. The word may

appear vertically, horizontally, or diagonally and either forwards or backwards.

Input: The matrix is square and contains no more than 20 characters. Following the matrix is a list of

words.

data file: pr78

Output: For each word that follows the matrix, output the word followed by APPEARS IN THE MATRIX or

the word followed by DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE MATRIX.

Assumptions: All letters are uppercase.

Sample Input:

APPLEXY

PXLHJKE

EDEGGLL

XXCGFPD

GOGNMYN

TAHUUPU

QDGBTSB

APPLE

AXE

APEX

CAT

HEX

CAR

HAT

COMPUTER

GUM

BUNDLE

TUG

ELF

Sample Output:

APPLE APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

AXE APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

APEX APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

CAT DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE MATRIX

HEX APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

CAR DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE MATRIX

HAT APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

COMPUTER DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE MATRIX

GUM APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

BUNDLE APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

TUG APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

ELF APPEARS IN THE MATRIX

pr79 - Censored!

Problem: Write a program that censors certain words from a line of text. The letters in the censored words

are to be replaced by asterisks (\star). The censored word may appear alone or may be contained in a word. If a censored word is contained in a censored word, the longest word should be removed. If

a line contains more than one censored word, all instances should be removed.

Input: The first line of the data set is a list of words to censor. Each word is separated by a single space.

On each of the following lines, there is a sentence. Letters may be uppercase or lowercase.

data file: pr79

Output: Output each sentence with the censored words replaced with asterisks.

Assumptions: Censored words will not be over lapping (i.e. the end of one word is not the beginning of another)

even though a censored word could be entirely contained in a censored word.

Sample Input:

the at rich poor chocolate ice
The richest people in the world are chocolate lovers.
Poor Richard's Almanac is the best choice for getting sage advice.
Rich chocolate and licorice threaten the rich and poor alike.

Sample Output:

```
*** ****est people in *** world are ******* lovers.

**** ***ard's Almanac is *** best cho*** for getting sage adv***.

**** ******** and licor*** thre**en *** **** and **** alike.
```