

6th April, 2022

Ch-2 Nelson

Mandela

LONG WALK TO FREEDOM:

* QnA:

Q1) What did being free mean to Mandela as a boy?

Ans) As a boy, being free means to Nelson Mandela to wander free in the fields, to swim freely, and to run through the village. As a student, to stay out at night, to read what he pleased and to go wherever he chose was being free.

Q2) Why is 10th May, 1994 important for South Africa?

Ans) Because the inaugural oath-taking ceremony of Nelson Mandela and his colleagues took place on that day. Nelson Mandela became the first black president of South Africa after three centuries of white rule.

Q3) What are the twin obligations Nelson Mandela talks about in his speech?

Ans) According to Mandela, every person has twin obligations: One is towards his family and is towards his people of his country but the reign of Apartheid

Q4) What is the dream of Nelson Mandela for the future of South Africa?

A) Mandela dreamt that his country should be free from poverty and discrimination. No country man should be oppressed on the basis of colour and creed. He wished the son of freedom on his country forever.

Q5) What pained Nelson Mandela on becoming the president of South Africa?

A) Mandela was pained by his inability to thank his comrades who were unable to see what their sacrifices had brought. He remembered the suffering and courage of thousands of patriots, who fought for the same cause.

Q6) Why did Nelson Mandela said, "The oppressed and the oppressor alike are robbed of their humanity."

Ans) Nelson Mandela said so because the oppressed were robbed, when they suffered all that was against humanity and the oppressor had to kill the good human being within himself before doing anything cruel to the other person.

Q7) How does Mandela define the meaning of "courage and the brave man"?

A) According to Mandela, courage is not the ^{absence of} fear, but the triumph over it. In the same way, the brave man is not he who does not feel afraid, but he who conquers his fear.

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