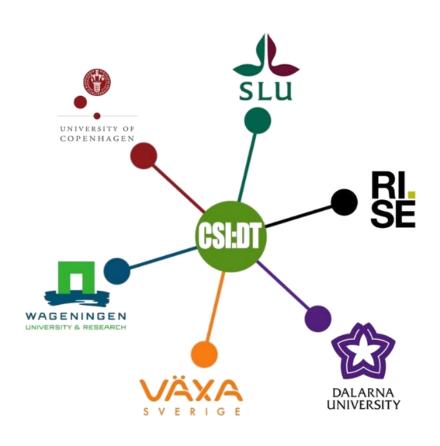




Cow Social Interaction: Disease Transmission











Social interactions







Ultra-Wide Band technology

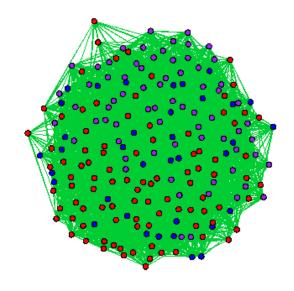


- Collecting positions of all cows every second
- Spatial interactions
- Real time information





Social networks



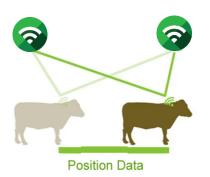
- Dynamics
- stERGM

Separable Temporal

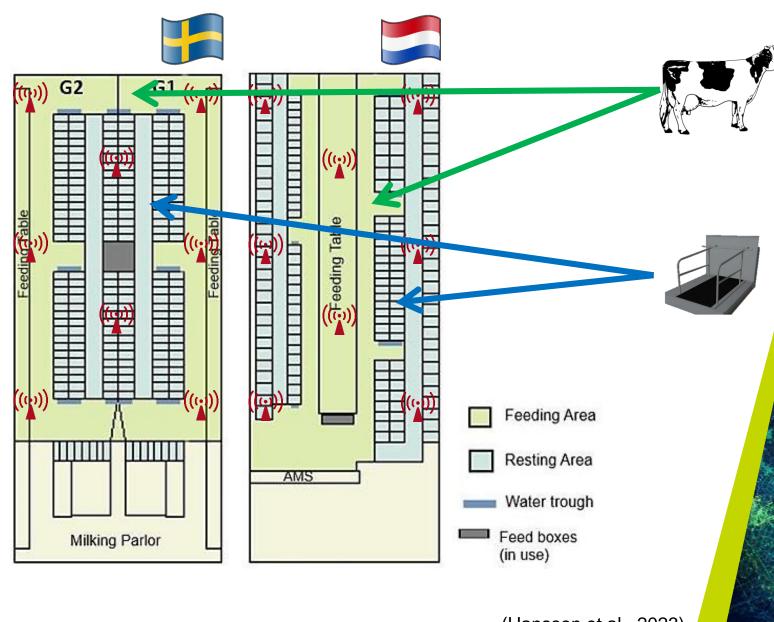


Spatial interactions











Spatial contacts



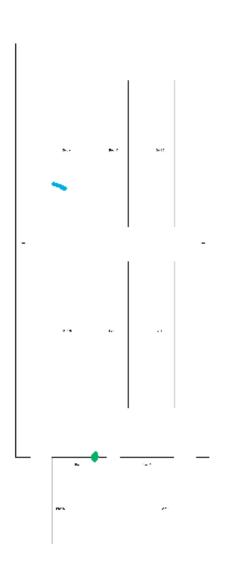


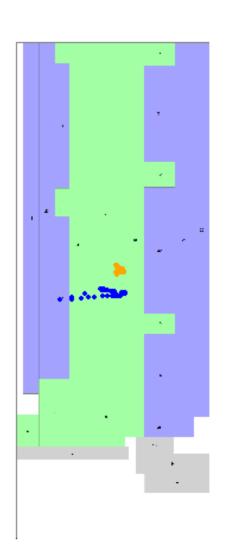
Oow: 2

Cow: 3

Cow: 4

Spatial interaction



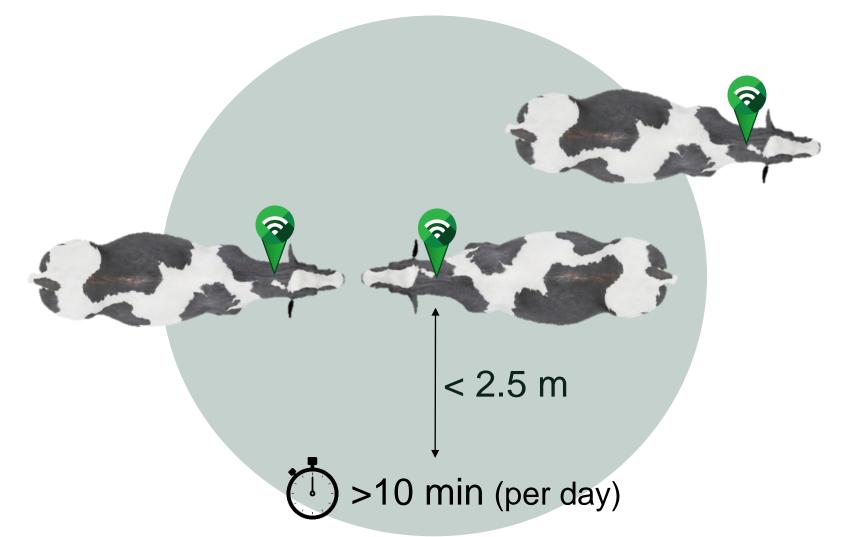




Spatial contacts



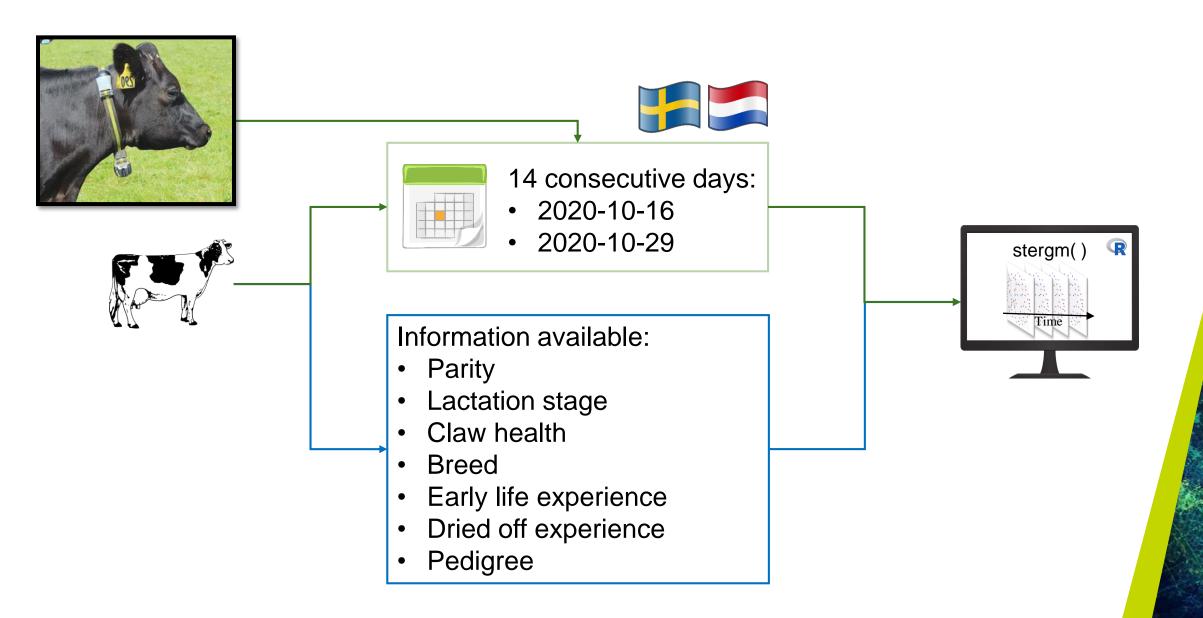
What was consider as social contact?





Spatial contacts







Separate temporal exponential random graph models (STERGM)



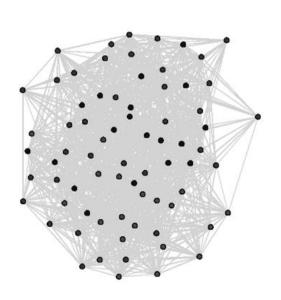
Network dimensions

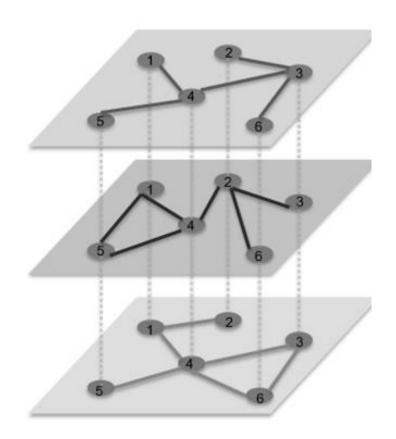


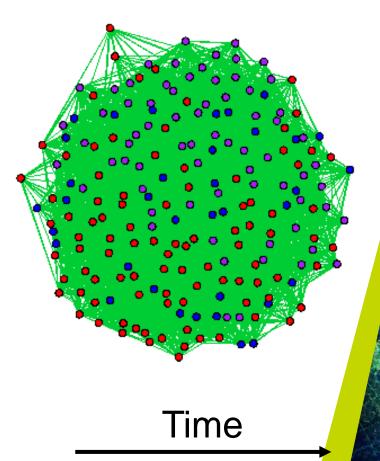
Unidimensional data

Multidimensional data

Longitudinal data



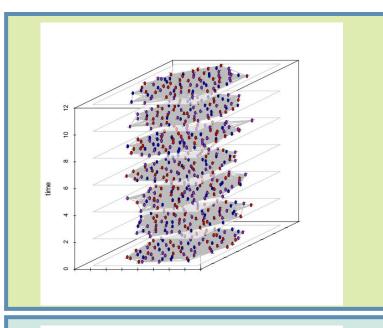


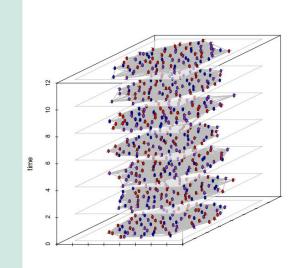


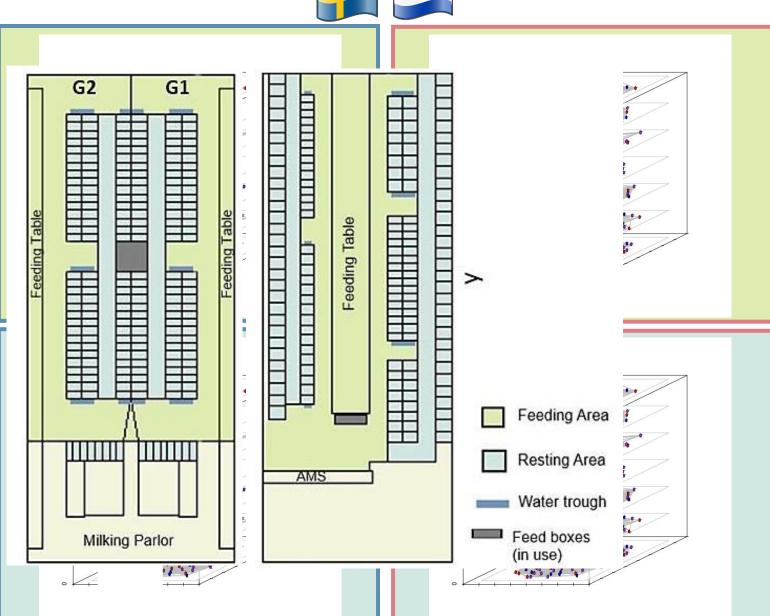


Spatial interactions







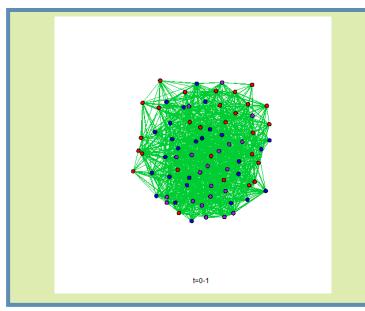


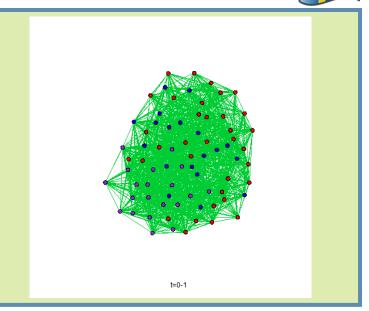


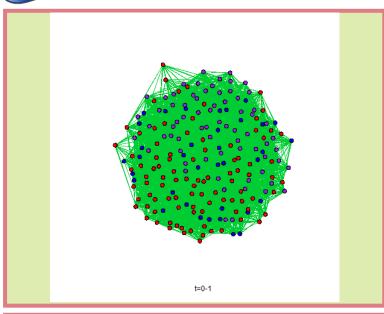
Spatial interactions

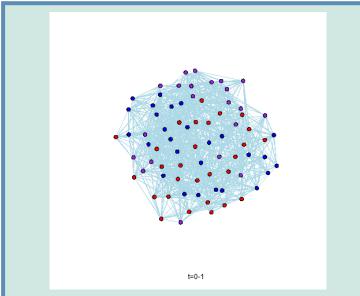


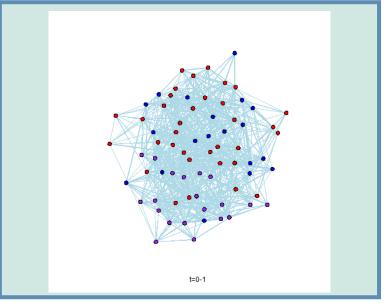


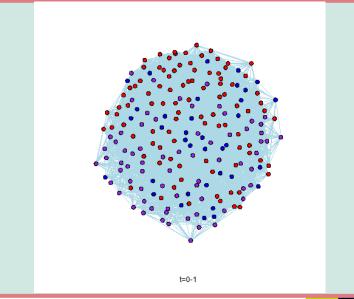












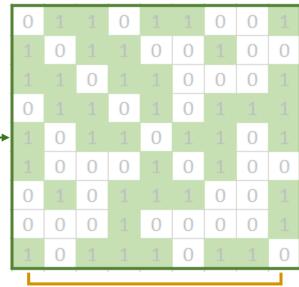


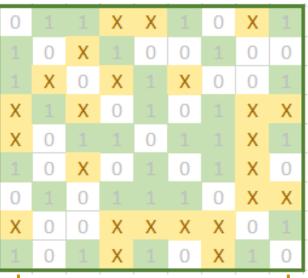


| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

| 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 |
| 1 | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 |
| 0 | | | 1 | | | | | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |

| 0 | 1 | | X | | 1 | | Х | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | | Χ | 1 | | | 1 | | 0 |
| 1 | Χ | | Χ | 1 | Χ | | | 1 |
| Χ | 1 | Χ | | 1 | | 1 | Χ | Χ |
| Χ | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | Χ | 1 |
| 1 | | Χ | | 1 | | 1 | Χ | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | Χ | Χ |
| Χ | | | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | Χ | 1 | 0 | Χ | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х | 1 | 0 | Х | 1 |



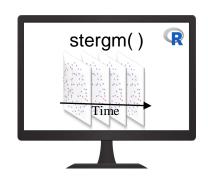


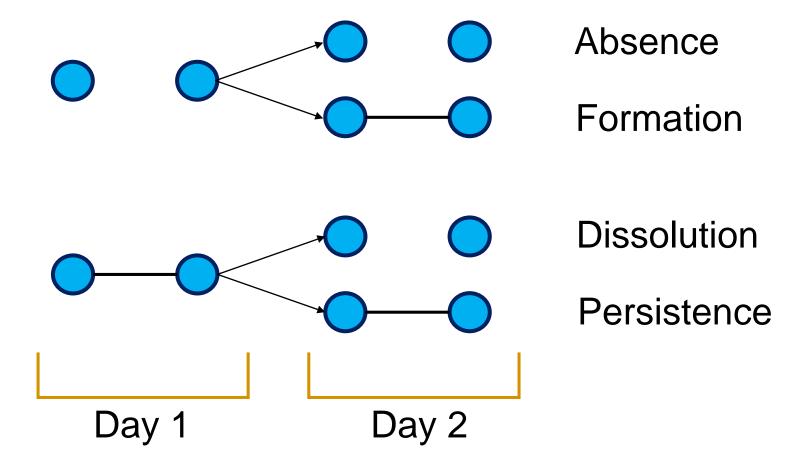
Day 1

Day 2











• Exponential random graph models (ERGMs):

| | Pa | rity | TimeinArea | AGEnet |
|---------------|-------|--------|------------|--------|
| | Match | Factor | Cov | Cov |
| $ Y_{ij} = 0$ | 1 | 0 0 | 0.22+0.43 | 1 |
| | 0 | 0 1 | 0.22+0.33 | 0 |
| $Y_{jk} = 1$ | 0 | 1 1 | 0.56+0.33 | 0 |
| $Y_{im} = 1$ | 1 | 0 0 | 0.22+0.13 | 0 |
| | | | 1 | • |

Parity







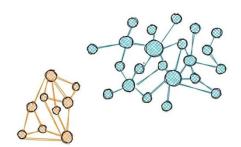


• Separable temporal exponential random graph models (stERGMs):

| $(Y_{ij,t+1} = 1 Y_{ij,t} = y_{ij,t})$ | Pa | rity | TimeInArea | AGEnet | |
|--|-------|--------|------------|--------|-------------|
| $(I_{ij,t+1} - I_{ij,t} - y_{ij,t})$ | Match | Factor | Cov | Cov | |
| | 1 | 0 0 | 0.22+0.43 | 1 | Formation |
| 1 | 0 | 0 1 | 0.22+0.33 | 0 | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 1 | 0.56+0.33 | 0 | Persistence |
| 1 | 1 | 0 0 | 0.22+0.13 | 0 | |





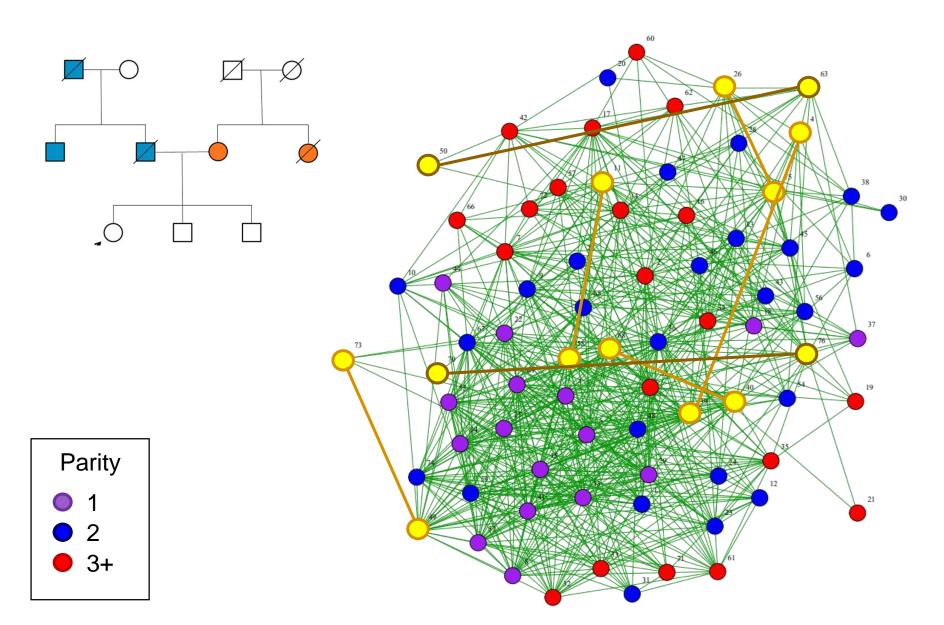


| Homophily | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Formation | Persistance | Formation | Persistance |
| Parity | (+) *** | (+) *** | (+) *** | (+) *** |
| Early life | (+) ** | (+) * | - | - |
| Pedigree | (+) ** | (+) | - | - |



Network dimensions







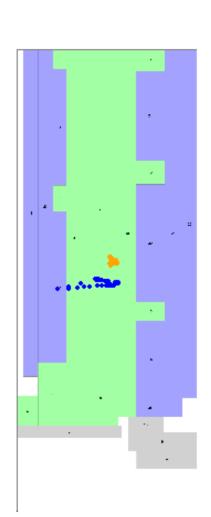
Network dimensions

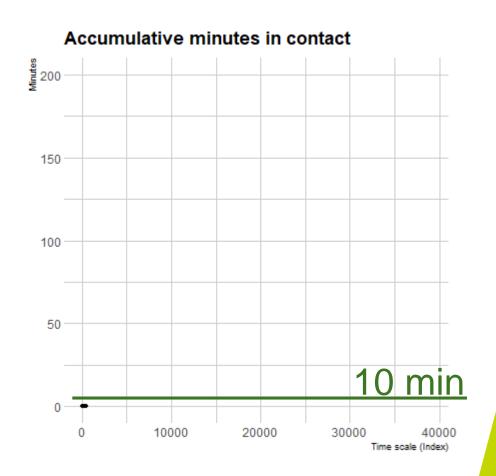






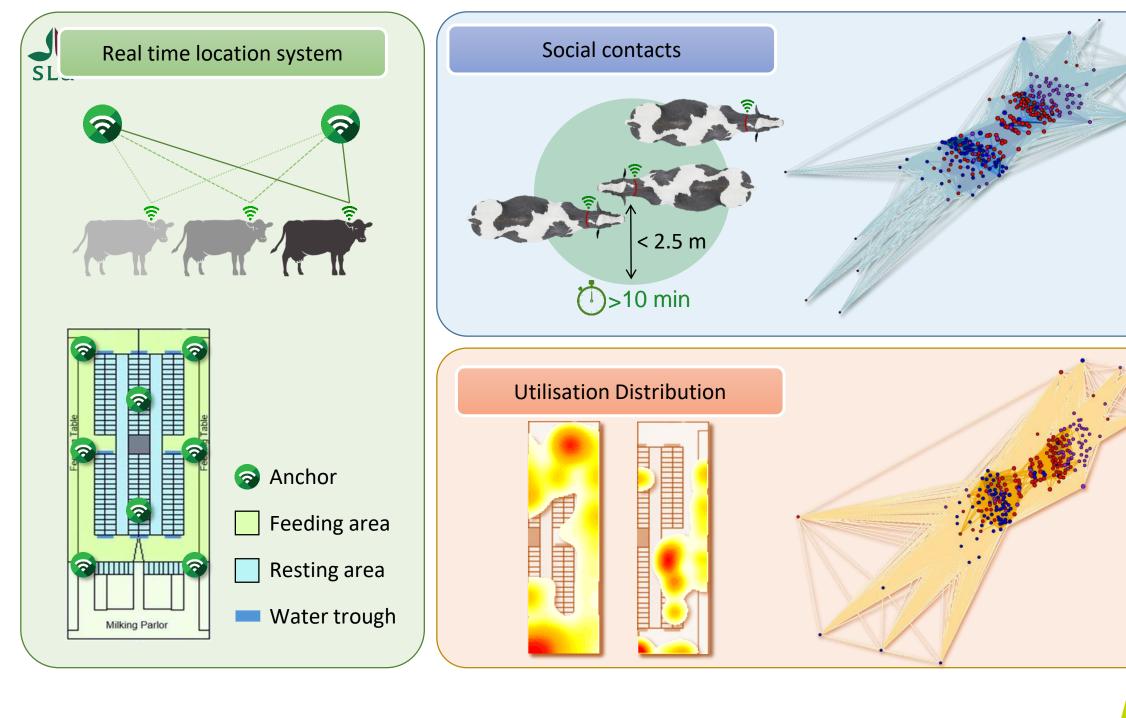






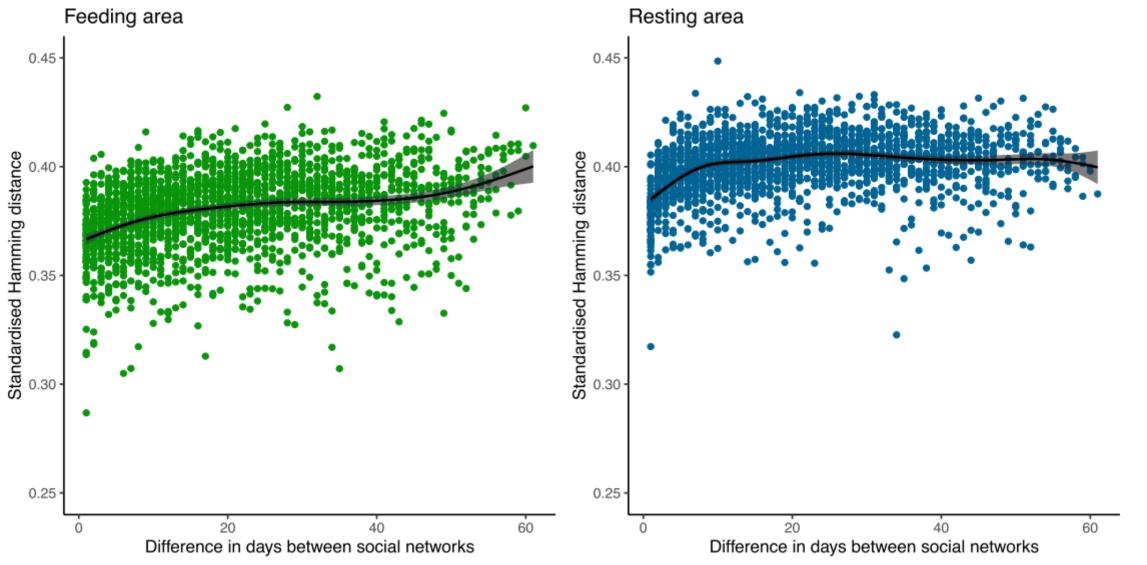


HR similarity



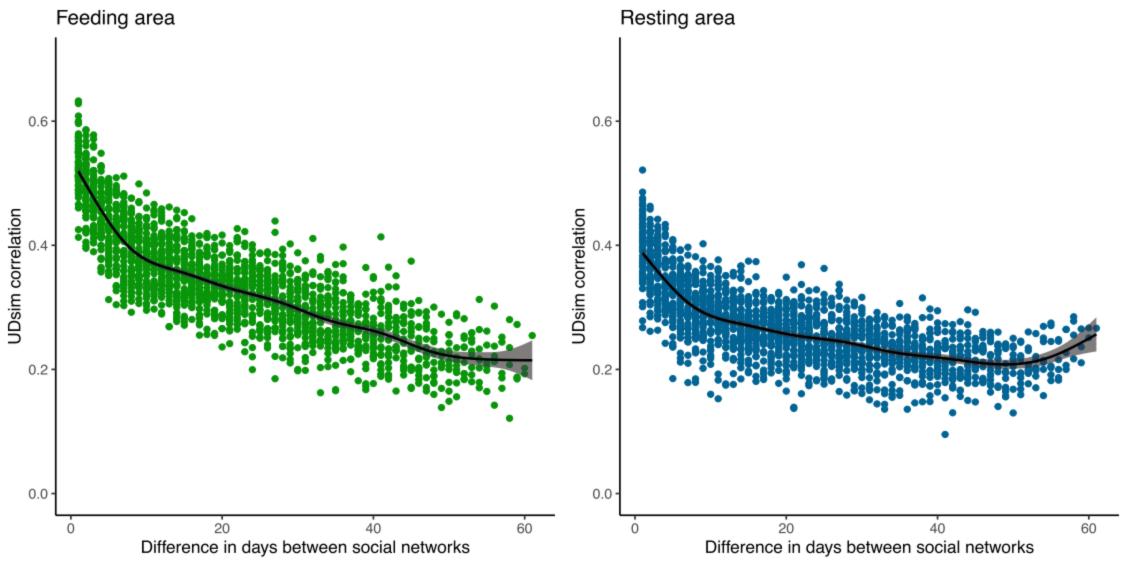






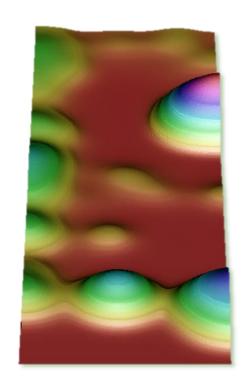




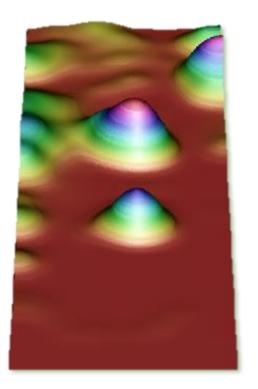






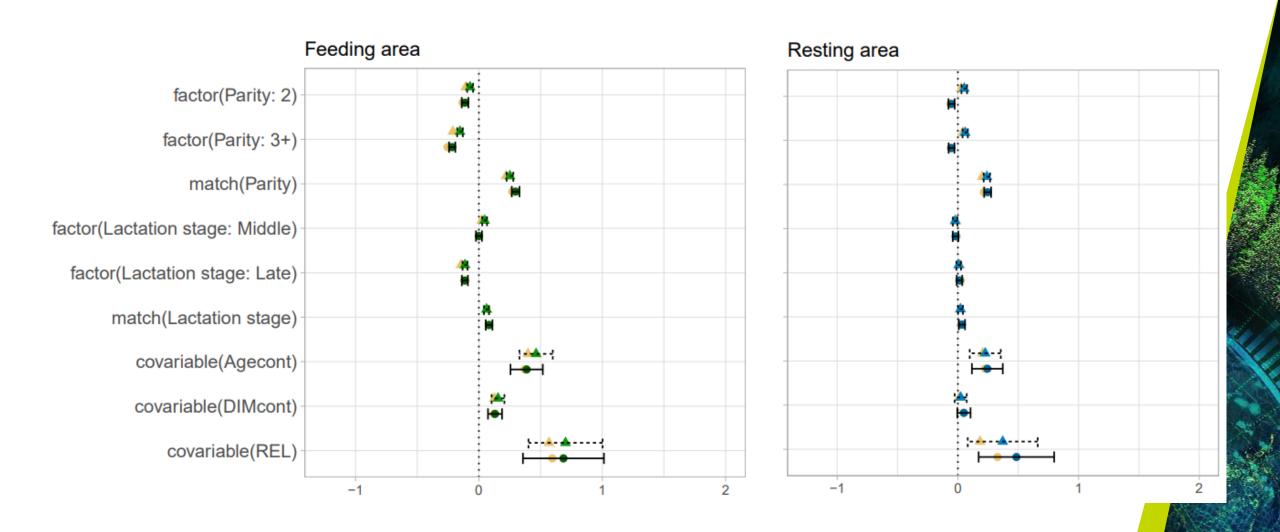


UDsim









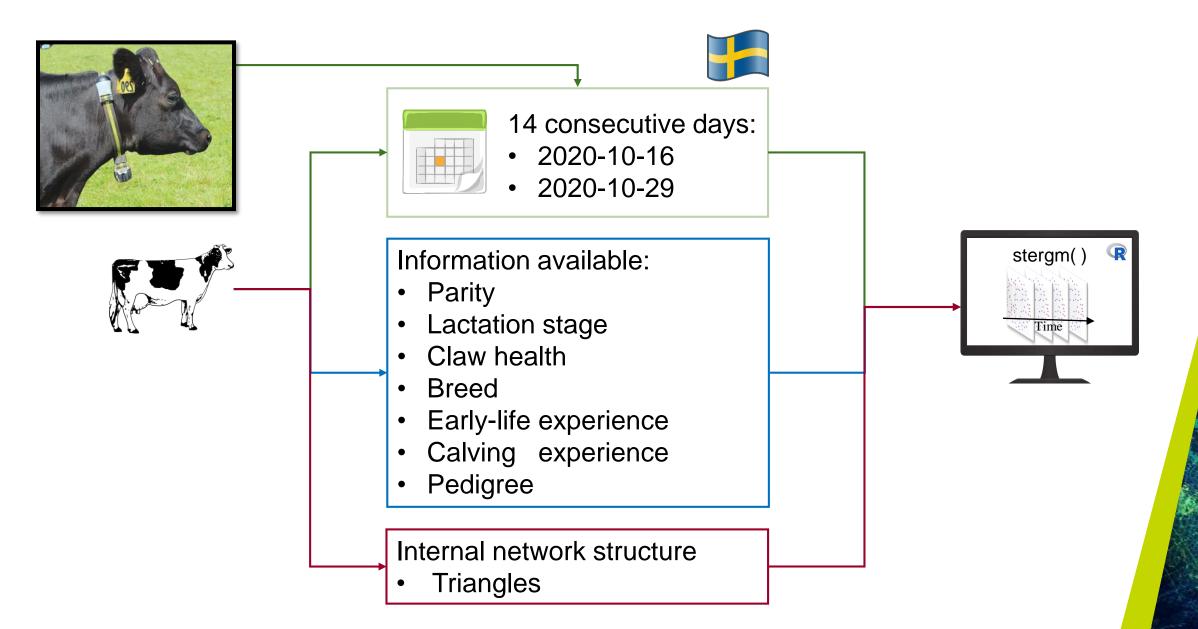


Endogenous parameters



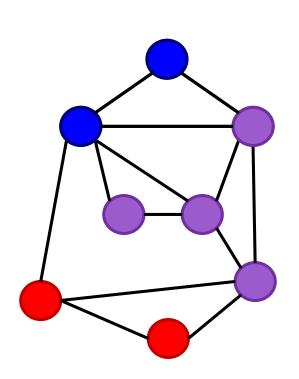
Endogenous parameters

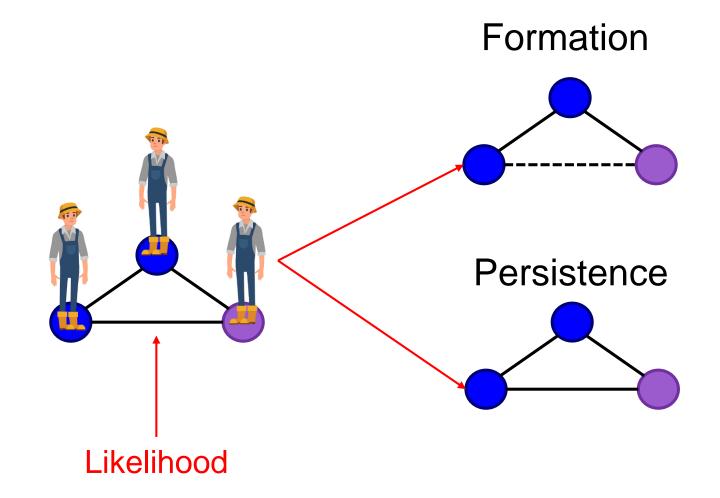












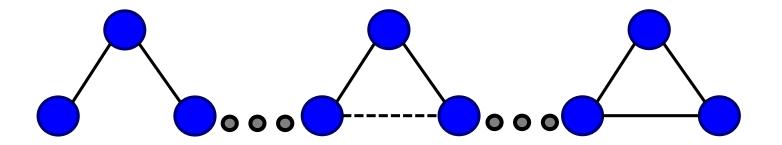


Triangles





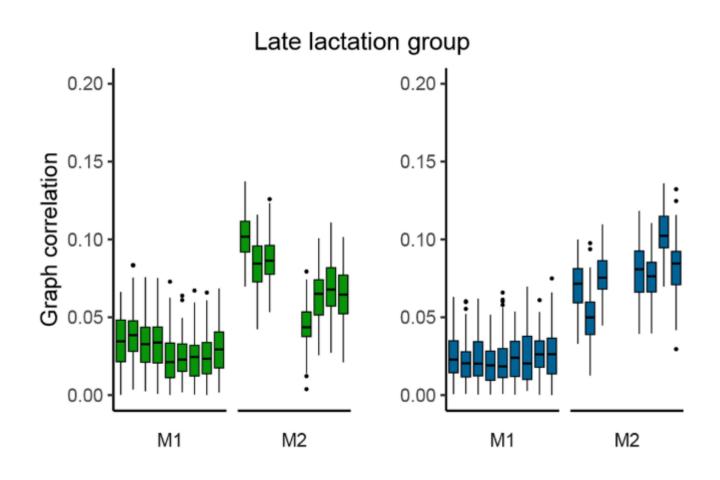
| | Formation | Persistance |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Triangles | (+) *** | (+) *** |
| Parity | (+) *** | (+) *** |
| Early life | (+) *** | (+) * |
| Pedigree | (+) *** | n.s. |





Triangles





Marina, H., Fikse, W.F. & Rönnegård, L. (2024). Social network analysis to predict social behavior in dairy cattle. *JDS Communications*. Elsevier.

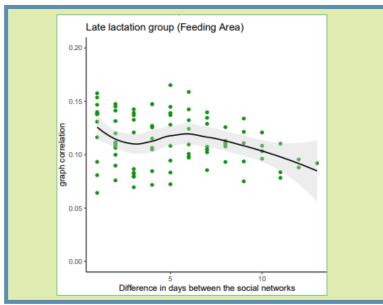


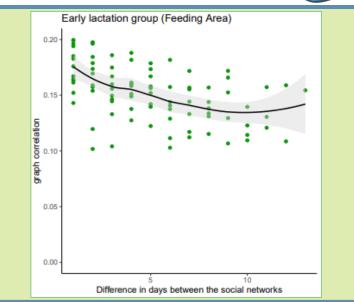
Network evolution

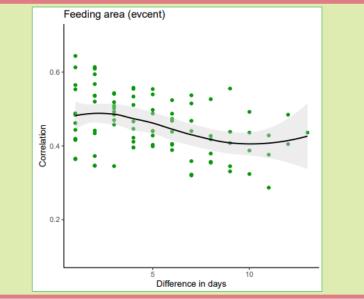


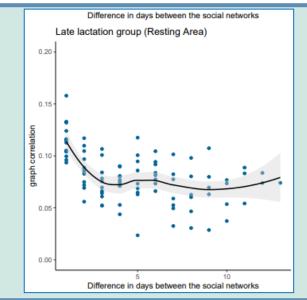


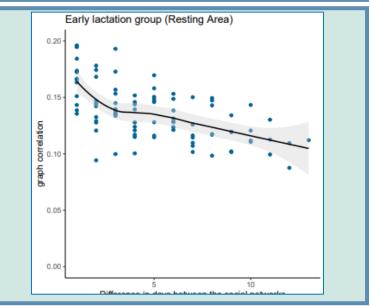


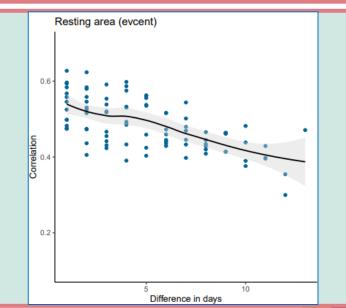








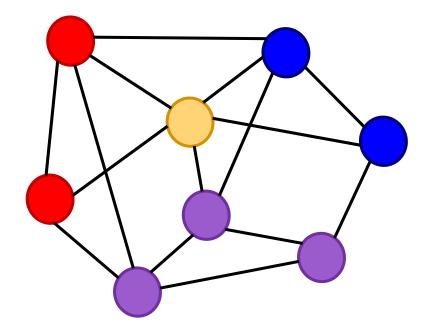












- TP describe the structural properties and characteristics of the networks
- Quantify the influence of the nodes in the networks
- TP's repeatability indicate how constant is the social role of the animals over time





| r ² | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Feeding area | Resting area | Feeding area | Resting area |
| Degree | 0.26-0.31 | 0.25-0.33 | 0.14 | 0.33 |
| Betweenness | 0.21-0.24 | 0.37-0.39 | 0.20 | 0.23 |
| Closeness | 0.23-0.24 | 0.38-0.40 | 0.12 | 0.32 |
| Eigenvector | 0.33-0.34 | 0.41-0.42 | 0.12 | 0.38 |





| h ² | | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Feeding area | Resting area | |
| Degree | 0.07-0.11 | 0.08-0.16 | |
| Betweenness | 0.09-0.09 | 0.09-0.15 | |
| Closeness | 0.08-0.11 | 0.09-0.17 | |
| Eigenvector | 0.10-0.14 | 0.07-0.20 | |



Practical applications



Understanding the dynamics of social networks could contribute to:

- Identifying social abnormal behaviour
- The stability of the social structure of dairy cattle
- The design of prevention protocols for transmissible diseases



Practical applications



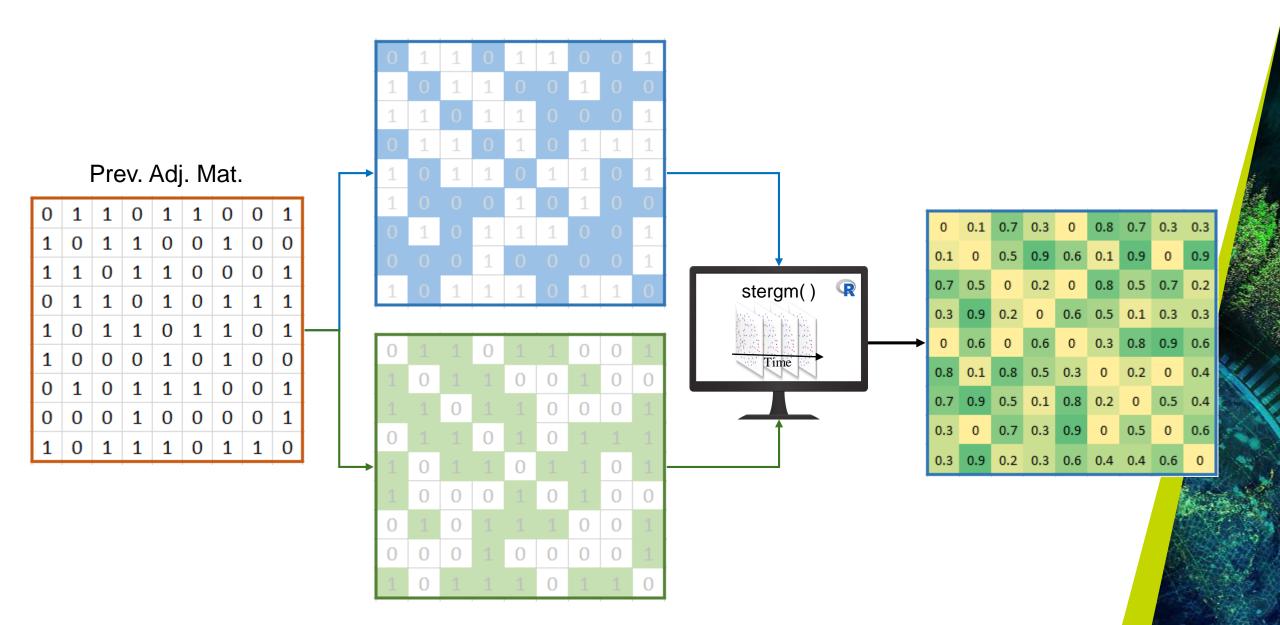
Understanding the dynamics of social networks could contribute to:

- Identifying social abnormal behaviour
- The stability of the social structure of dairy cattle
- The design of prevention protocols for transmissible diseases



Predict social behaviour

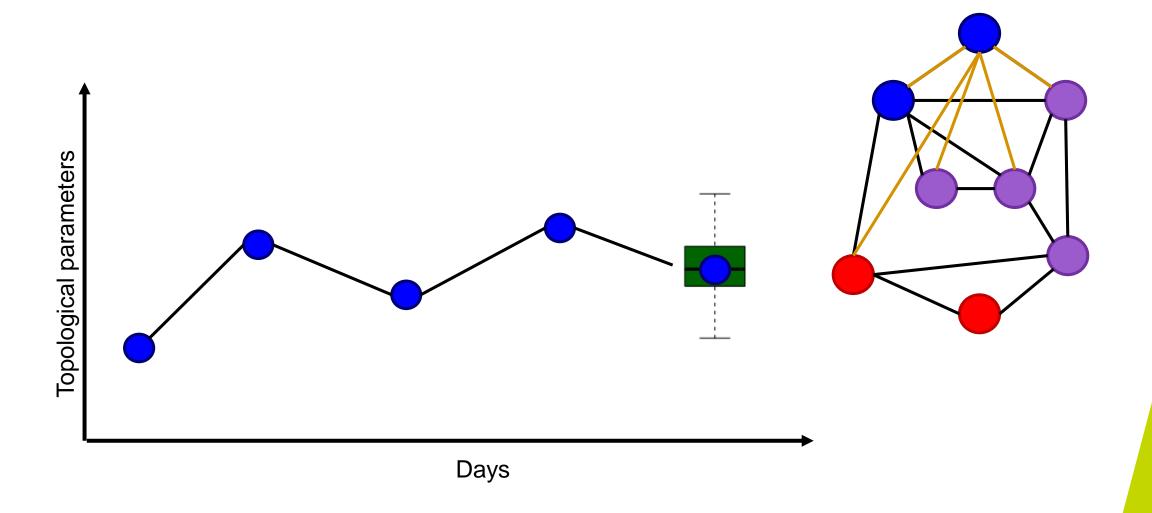






Predict social behaviour







Practical applications



Understanding the dynamics of social networks could contribute to:

- Identifying social abnormal behaviour
- The stability of the social structure of dairy cattle
- The design of prevention protocols for transmissible diseases

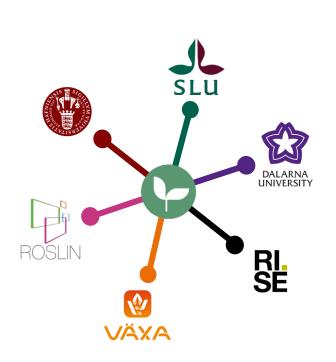


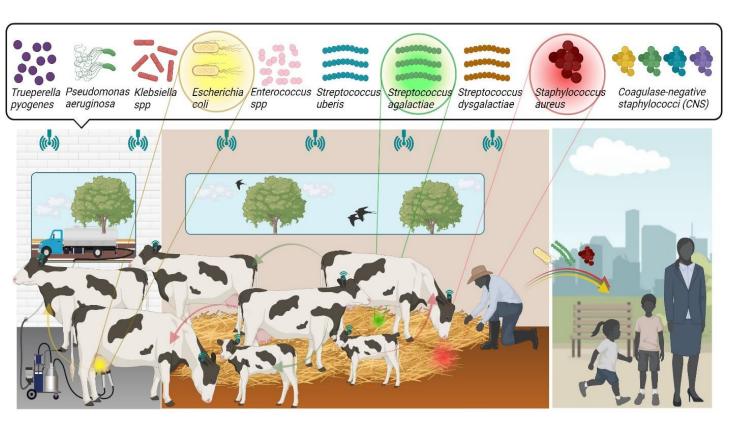
Research ongoing



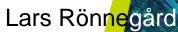
DigiGuard: Digitization for Mastitis Prevention and Resilience Enhancement in dairy cows













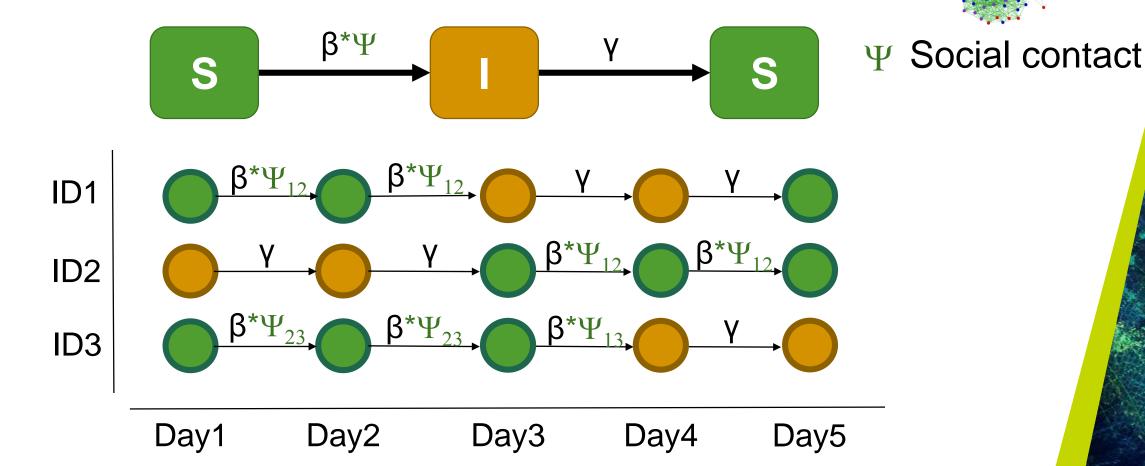


DigiGuard: Digitization for Mastitis Prevention and Resilience Enhancement in dairy cows



Simplified: β: Risk of becoming infected

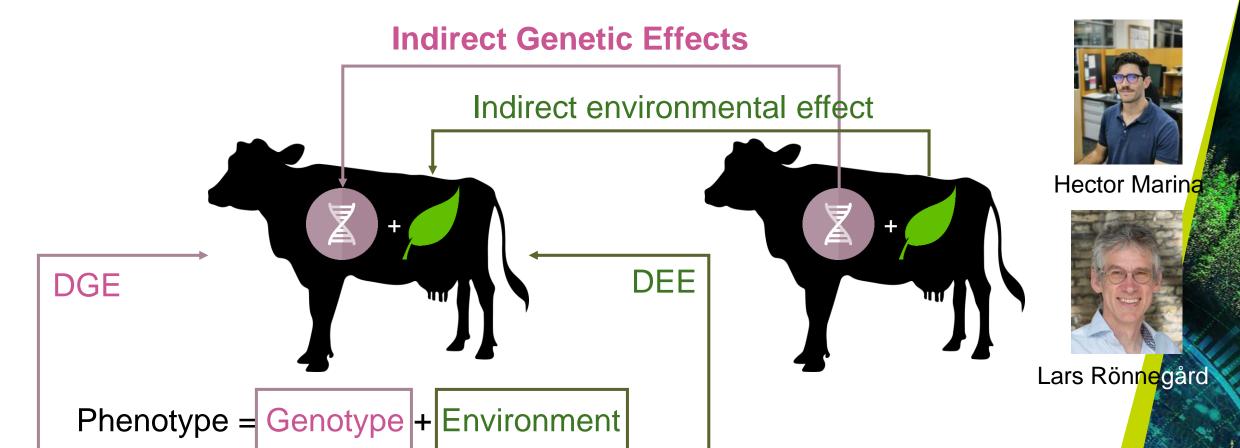
γ: Ability to recover.





Underlying indirect genetic effect of sociability in dairy cattle









GitHub



