

## Data Bootcamp: Code Practice #3

Revised: February 27, 2018

Answer each of the questions below in a Jupyter Notebook.

1. Enter and run this code in a Jupyter cell to produce the dataframe weo:

The numbers are GDP per person in thousands of US dollars, 2008 to 2014, variable PPPPC in the IMF's *World Economic Outlook* database.

- a. Explain the import statement.
- b. What type of object is data?
- c. Why does the last line have pd prior to the DataFrame function?
- d. What type of object is weo?
- e. How many rows does it have? Columns?
- f. What dtypes are the variables/columns? What does this mean?
- g. Challenging. What are each of these expressions? What type? weo ['Year']

```
weo['Year']
weo[['Year']]
```

- h. *Challenging*. Find and apply a method to convert weo['Year'] to type float. *Hint:* The method begins with the letter a.
- i. Describe the result of the statement t = weo.tail(3). What kind of object is t? What does it look like?
- j. How would you create a new dataframe that consists of the first 4 rows of weo?
- k. What type of object is weo ['BRA']?
- I. Create a new variable equal to the ratio of Brazil's GDP per capita to Japan's and add it to the ataFrame.
- m. Challenging. Use the drop() method to eliminate this (new) variable from the dataframe.
- n. What are weo's row and column labels?
- o. Set the index equal to the Year variable.
- p. Change the names of the other variables to Brazil, Japan, and United States.

- q. Export the dataframe to an Excel spreadsheet.
- r. What method would you use to compute the mean for each country? What are the means?
- s. Challenging. How would you compute means across countries for each year?
- t. Plot the data by applying a plot method to weo.
- u. Challenging. Change the colors of the lines to green (Brazil), red (Japan), and blue (US).
- v. Challenging. Do the same plot with a log scale. Hint: Read the documentation for the plot method.
- w. Plot Brazil on its own.
- 2. Use read\_csv() to read the responses of a previous semesters entry poll from

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NYUDataBootcamp/Materials/master/Data/entry\_poll\_fall16.csv

- a. Read the file and assign it to the variable ep.
- b. Describe its contents. What are the variables? The responses?
- c. What data types are the variables?
- d. Change the variable names to something shorter.
- e. Challenging. Describe what this code does:
   ep[list(ep)[1]].value\_counts()

Suggestion: Break it into two or more statements and explain them one at a time.

3. Consider the 538 college majors data at url:

```
url1 = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fivethirtyeight/data/master/'
url2 = 'college-majors/recent-grads.csv'
url = url1 + url2
```

The variables are described at

https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/college-majors

- a. Create a dataframe df538 from the csv file at url using read\_csv(). What are its dimensions?
- b. What argument/parameter would you use to read only the first ten lines of the file?
- c. Extract the variables numbered [2, 4, 15, 16, 17]. What are the names of these variables? What do they represent?
- d. Set the index equal to Major.
- e. Use the sort\_values() method to sort the data by Total.
- f. What code would you use to extract the ten majors with the greatest number of people?

- g. *Challenging*. Construct horizontal bar charts of the top ten majors sorted, first, by median salary and, second, by the salary of the 25th percentile. In each case plot just the variable you sorted on.
- 4. Approximately how long did this assignment take you? Answer this by creating a .csv file and entering the time (in minutes) and posting it to your GitHub my\_first\_repository titled time\_for\_practice3.csv