Dune workflow on the baron dataset

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We use the data from (Baron et al. 2016), which is a human pancreas dataset, to display a full scRNA-Seq workflow where **Dune** is run to improve the quality of the clustering. We will see how **Dune** improves the quality of each of the clustering methods used as input.

1 Load data

We rely on a pre-processed dataset where the count matrix has already been computed. We also have information on the batches, i.e the ids of the donors, as well as the cell labels assigned in the original publication. Note that, in that publication, cells were clustered using hierarchical clustering with a final manual merging step. We will show how, running each algorithm with its default, we can polish the results with Dune.

```
set.seed(19)
suppressPackageStartupMessages({
  library(SingleCellExperiment)
  library(stringr)
  library(scRNAseq)
```

```
# Load pre-processed dataset
sce <- BaronPancreasData()</pre>
## Warning: `select_()` is deprecated as of dplyr 0.7.0.
## Please use `select()` instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_warnings()` to see where this warning was generated.
## Warning: `filter_()` is deprecated as of dplyr 0.7.0.
## Please use `filter()` instead.
## See vignette('programming') for more help
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_warnings()` to see where this warning was generated.
## snapshotDate(): 2019-10-22
## see ?scRNAseq and browseVignettes('scRNAseq') for documentation
## downloading 1 resources
## retrieving 1 resource
## loading from cache
## see ?scRNAseq and browseVignettes('scRNAseq') for documentation
## downloading 1 resources
## retrieving 1 resource
## loading from cache
# Filter very lowly expressed genes for computational practices.
filt <- rowSums(counts(sce) >= 2) >= 10
sce <- sce[filt, ]</pre>
sce
## class: SingleCellExperiment
## dim: 12336 8569
## metadata(0):
## assays(1): counts
## rownames(12336): A1CF A2M ... ZZZ3 pk
## rowData names(0):
## colnames(8569): human1_lib1.final_cell_0001 human1_lib1.final_cell_0002
     ... human4_lib3.final_cell_0700 human4_lib3.final_cell_0701
## colData names(2): donor label
## reducedDimNames(0):
## spikeNames(0):
## altExpNames(0):
rm(filt)
```

2 Pre-processing

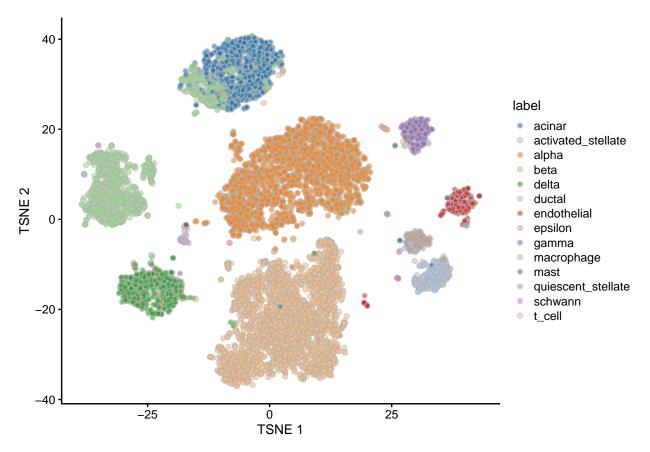
To normalize the dataset, we can rely on two methods. We first use the default pipeline from **Seurat** (Cao et al. 2019). Then, we use the **scvi** method from (Lopez et al. 2018).

```
suppressPackageStartupMessages({
  library(Seurat)
})
pre_process_time <- system.time({</pre>
  se <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = counts(sce),</pre>
                             min.cells = 0,
                             min.features = 0,
                             project = "de")
  se <- AddMetaData(se, as.data.frame(colData(sce)))</pre>
  se <- NormalizeData(se, verbose = FALSE)</pre>
  se <- FindVariableFeatures(se, selection.method = 'vst', nfeatures = 4000,</pre>
                               verbose = FALSE)
  se <- se[VariableFeatures(se), ]</pre>
  se <- ScaleData(object = se, vars.to.regress = c("nCount_RNA", "donor"))</pre>
  sce <- as.SingleCellExperiment(se)</pre>
})
## Regressing out nCount_RNA, donor
## Centering and scaling data matrix
# Note that this chunk of code is actually python code run from R. To use the
# reticulate package, please follow https://rstudio.github.io/reticulate/index.html
suppressPackageStartupMessages({
  library(reticulate)
})
use_python("/usr/local/linux/anaconda3.7/bin/python3")
scvi <- import("scvi")</pre>
anndata <- import("anndata")</pre>
np <- import("numpy")</pre>
sc <- import("scanpy")</pre>
scvi_time <- system.time({</pre>
  scvi$settings$seed = OL
  adata <- anndata$AnnData(X = as.sparse(t(counts(sce))),</pre>
                             obs = data.frame(cells = colnames(sce),
                                                batch = sce$donor))
  scvi$data$setup_anndata(adata, batch_key = "batch")
  model <- scvi$model$SCVI(adata)</pre>
  model$train(n_epochs = 100L, n_epochs_kl_warmup = 25L)
})
We can visualize the data using the labels from the original publication, and reducing the 10 dimensions
of the latent space from scvi to 2 using t-SNE (van der Maaten and Hinton 2008, van der Maaten (2014),
Krijthe (2015)).
```

```
library(scater)

## Loading required package: ggplot2

reducedDim(sce, "scvi") <- model$get_latent_representation()
denoised <- t(model$get_normalized_expression(adata, library_size = 10e4))
dimnames(denoised) <- dimnames(counts(sce))
assay(sce, "denoised") <- log1p(denoised)
sce <- runTSNE(sce, dimred = "scvi")
plotTSNE(sce, colour_by = "label")</pre>
```



As we can see, the **scvi** method clearly clusters correctly the original labels. Note however that this is information that would not available while analyzing a new dataset. One would instead need to rely on known-marker genes.

3 Creating inputs to Dune

Dune takes as input a set of clustering results. We therefore need to produce such a set. Here, we will demonstrate by producing three clustering results.

3.1 SC3

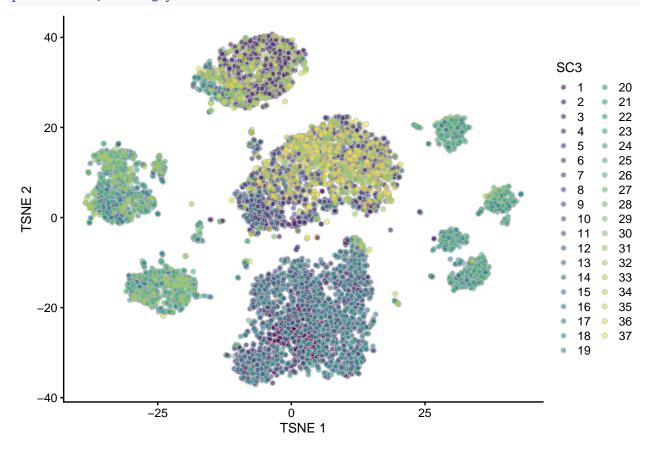
We first use SC3 (Kiselev et al. 2017). We use as input the denoised count matrix from scvi. SC3 has a function to estimate the value of K, the exact number of clusters.

Since the dataset has more than 5000 cells, **SC3** is automatically run in hybrid mode to lower runtime. However, the process is still quite slow. The code below is run in the default mode. If you want to run it faster, set <code>default=FALSE</code>

```
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(SC3))
default <- TRUE
sc3_time <- system.time({
    sce_sc3 <- sce
    logcounts(sce_sc3) <- assay(sce, "denoised")
    rowData(sce_sc3)$feature_symbol <- rownames(sce_sc3)
    counts(sce_sc3) <- as.matrix(counts(sce_sc3))</pre>
```

```
logcounts(sce_sc3) <- as.matrix(logcounts(sce_sc3))</pre>
sce_sc3 <- sc3_estimate_k(sce_sc3)</pre>
K <- metadata(sce_sc3)$sc3$k_estimation</pre>
# Note: with R \ge 4.0, RStudio and Mac OS, this can fails.
# A workaround is running
# parallel:::setDefaultClusterOptions(setup_strategy = "sequential")
if (default) {
  sce_sc3 <- sc3(sce_sc3, ks = K, n_cores = NCORES, rand_seed = 786907)</pre>
} else {
  sce_sc3 <- sc3(sce_sc3, ks = K, n_cores = NCORES, rand_seed = 786907,</pre>
                  svm_num_cells = round(.1 * ncol(sce)))
}
sce_sc3 <- sc3_run_svm(sce_sc3, ks = K)</pre>
sce$SC3 <- colData(sce_sc3)[, paste0("sc3_", K, "_clusters")] %>% as.factor()
```



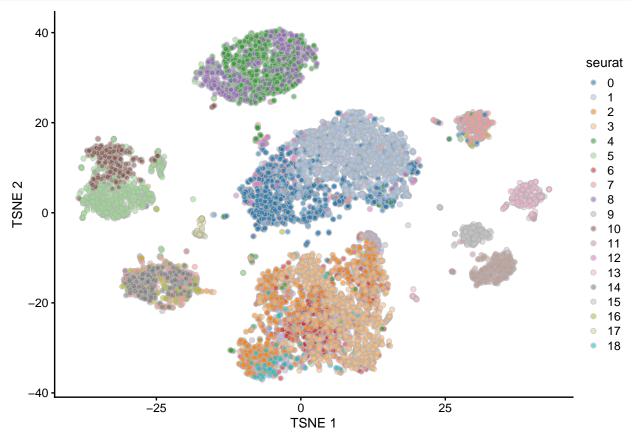


As we can see, SC3 estimates too many clusters and, as a result, fails to properly cluster the data (according to the original clusters).

3.2 Seurat

The second method we use is Seurat, which first construct a Shared Nearest Neighbor (SNN) Graph and then runs the Louvain algorithm on the graph to identify clusters.

```
seurat_time <- system.time({
    se <- RunPCA(se, verbose = FALSE)
    se <- FindNeighbors(se, verbose = FALSE)
    se <- FindClusters(object = se, verbose = FALSE)
    sce$seurat <- Idents(se)
})
plotTSNE(sce, colour_by = "seurat")</pre>
```

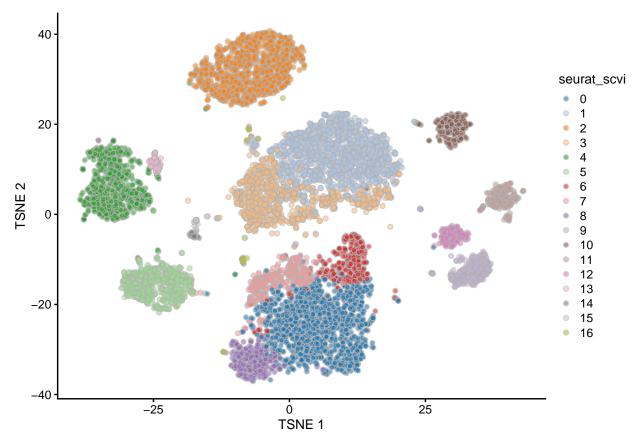


Seurat seems to perform better than **SC3** here but still seems to overpartition the data (with the default parameters).

3.3 Seurat with SCVI

Finally, we run the **Seurat** clustering workflow, but instead of building the SNN using the top 10 pcs, we build it using the latent space from **scvi**.

```
seurat_scvi_time <- system.time({
    seu <- as.Seurat(x = sce, counts = "counts", data = "counts")
    seu <- FindNeighbors(seu, reduction = "scvi", verbose = FALSE)
    seu <- FindClusters(object = seu, verbose = FALSE)
    sce$seurat_scvi <- Idents(seu)
})
plotTSNE(sce, colour_by = "seurat_scvi")</pre>
```



This seems to produce the best result, at least on the latent space of **scvi**, but still results in possible over-partition.

4 Dune

4.1 Running Dune

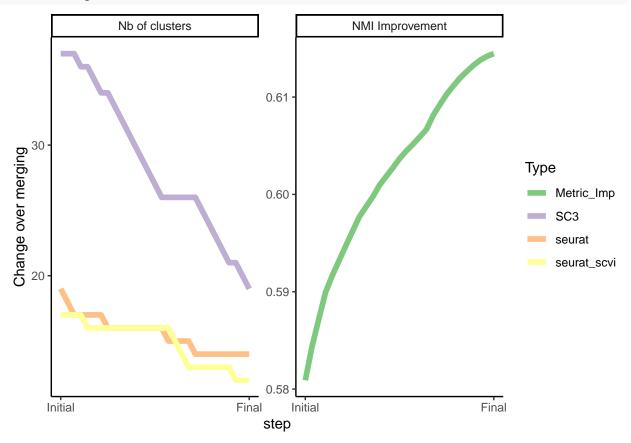
We can now run **Dune**, using the three clustering results as input. Since all clusterings seem to reflect over-partitioning of the data, **Dune** will aim to identify the common underlying structure and polish all inputs, using the Normalized Mutual Information (NMI) as a merging criterion.

```
library(Dune)
df <- colData(sce)[, c("SC3", "seurat", "seurat_scvi")] %>%
    as.matrix()
dune_time <- system.time(
    merger <- Dune(clusMat = df, metric = "NMI")
)
colData(sce)[, c("SC3_final", "seurat_final", "seurat_scvi_final")] <-
lapply(merger$currentMat, as.factor) %>%
    as.data.frame()
```

4.2 Vizualing the merging

We can first see how the number of clusters in each clustering set decreased as merging occurred, and how the mean NMI increased when merging.





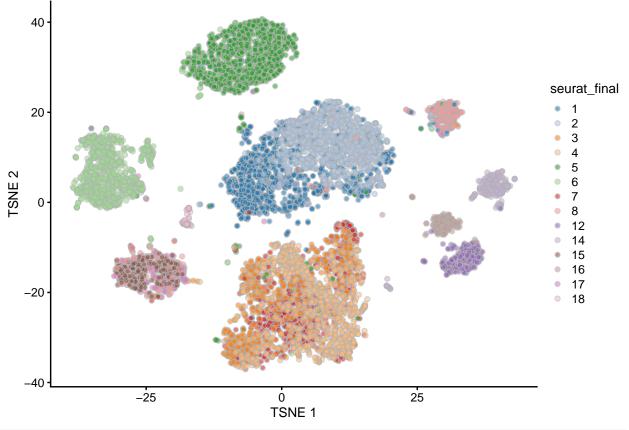
5 Picking the final clustering result to use

While **Dune** increases the concordance between the three sets of clusters, it does not pick one at the end. That choice remains to the user. **Dune** does not seek to replace biological knowledge or other metrics used to rank clustering methods. Instead, it aims to improve all its inputs, and to lessen the impact of the selection of one set of clusters.

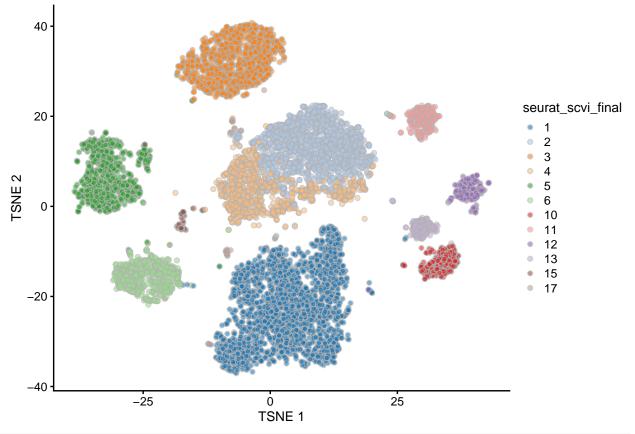
5.1 Manual selection

One common way to pick clustering results is still manual, using visualization.

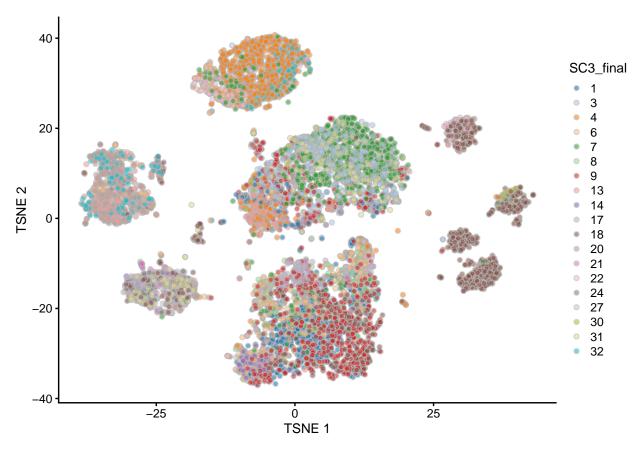
plotTSNE(sce, colour_by = "seurat_final")



plotTSNE(sce, colour_by = "seurat_scvi_final")



plotTSNE(sce, colour_by = "SC3_final")



Here, we can see that all clustering results look more consistent with the low dimensionality representation. Moreover, it clearly looks like **Seurat** using the latent space from **scvi** produces better results.

5.2 Selection based on sihouette

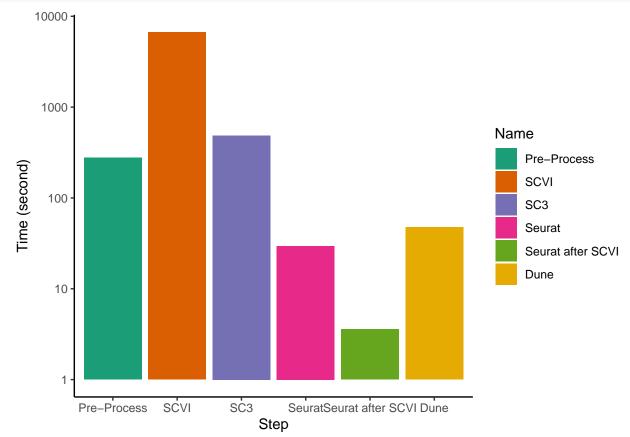
```
library(cluster)
dist_mat <- dist(as.matrix(reducedDim(sce, "scvi")))</pre>
sils_init <- lapply(merger$initialMat %% as.data.frame, function(label){
  silhouette(label, dist = dist_mat)[,3] %>% mean()
}) %>% unlist()
sils_init
           SC3
                    seurat seurat_scvi
## -0.12061265 0.05173394 0.21896687
sils_final <- lapply(merger$currentMat %>% as.data.frame, function(label){
  silhouette(label, dist = dist_mat)[,3] %>% mean()
}) %>% unlist()
sils_final
##
           SC3
                    seurat seurat_scvi
## -0.05884367 0.13027202 0.23961572
```

For all methods, the average silhouette information increased after merging with **Dune**. On that metric, all methods are improved with the merging. Moreover, and consistent with the visual representation, **Seurat** using the latent space from **scvi** clearly outperforms the other two. That is the one that will be used.

6 Runtimes

We can also compare the runtimes of all parts of the workflow. Running **SC3** in default mode is quite slow, followed by **scvi**. Running **Dune** itself is quite quick compared to other steps.

```
times <- c(pre_process_time[1],</pre>
           scvi_time[1],
           sc3_time[1],
           seurat_time[1],
           seurat_scvi_time[1],
           dune_time[1])
names(times) <- c("Pre-Process",</pre>
                   "SCVI",
                   "SC3",
                   "Seurat",
                   "Seurat after SCVI",
                   "Dune")
df <- data.frame(times = times,</pre>
                  Name = factor(names(times), levels = names(times)))
ggplot(df, aes(x = Name, y = times, fill = Name)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme_classic() +
  labs(x = "Step", y = "Time (second)") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Dark2") +
  scale_y_log10()
```



7 Session

sessionInfo()

```
## R version 3.6.1 (2019-07-05)
## Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
## Running under: Ubuntu 18.04.3 LTS
## Matrix products: default
           /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas/libblas.so.3
## LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libopenblasp-r0.2.20.so
##
## locale:
## [1] LC CTYPE=en US.UTF-8
                                   LC NUMERIC=C
  [3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_COLLATE=en_US.UTF-8
   [5] LC MONETARY=en US.UTF-8
                                   LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC_NAME=C
## [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8
## [9] LC ADDRESS=C
                                   LC TELEPHONE=C
## [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
## attached base packages:
## [1] parallel
                stats4
                           stats
                                     graphics grDevices utils
                                                                    datasets
## [8] methods
                 base
## other attached packages:
## [1] cluster_2.1.0
                                    Dune_1.1.0
   [3] SC3_1.14.0
                                    scater_1.14.6
## [5] ggplot2_3.3.1
                                    Seurat_3.2.1
## [7] scRNAseq 2.0.2
                                    stringr 1.4.0
## [9] SingleCellExperiment_1.8.0
                                    SummarizedExperiment_1.16.1
## [11] DelayedArray 0.12.3
                                    BiocParallel 1.20.1
## [13] matrixStats_0.56.0
                                    Biobase_2.46.0
                                    GenomeInfoDb_1.22.1
## [15] GenomicRanges 1.38.0
## [17] IRanges_2.20.2
                                    S4Vectors_0.24.4
## [19] BiocGenerics 0.32.0
                                    knitr 1.28
## [21] rmarkdown_2.2
                                    reticulate_1.13
## [23] SCF_3.6.1
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
##
     [1] tidyselect_1.1.0
                                       RSQLite_2.1.2
                                       htmlwidgets_1.5.1
##
     [3] AnnotationDbi_1.48.0
     [5] grid_3.6.1
##
                                       Rtsne_0.15
##
     [7] munsell_0.5.0
                                       codetools_0.2-16
##
     [9] ica_1.0-2
                                       future_1.17.0
  [11] miniUI_0.1.1.1
                                       withr_2.1.2
   [13] colorspace_1.4-1
                                       ROCR_1.0-11
## [15] robustbase_0.93-5
                                       tensor 1.5
## [17] listenv 0.8.0
                                       labeling 0.3
## [19] GenomeInfoDbData_1.2.2
                                       polyclip_1.10-0
##
   [21] farver_2.0.1
                                       bit64_0.9-7
## [23] pheatmap_1.0.12
                                       vctrs_0.3.0
## [25] generics 0.0.2
                                       xfun 0.14
## [27] BiocFileCache_1.10.2
                                       R6_2.4.0
```

```
ggbeeswarm_0.6.0
## [29] doParallel_1.0.15
## [31] rsvd 1.0.2
                                       bitops_1.0-6
## [33] spatstat.utils 1.17-0
                                       assertthat 0.2.1
## [35] promises_1.1.0
                                       scales_1.0.0
## [37] beeswarm 0.2.3
                                       gtable 0.3.0
## [39] npsurv 0.4-0
                                       globals 0.12.5
## [41] goftest 1.2-2
                                       rlang 0.4.6
                                       lazyeval_0.2.2
## [43] splines_3.6.1
## [45] BiocManager 1.30.10
                                       yaml_2.2.0
## [47] reshape2_1.4.3
                                       abind_1.4-5
## [49] httpuv_1.5.3.1
                                       tools_3.6.1
## [51] ellipsis_0.3.1
                                       RColorBrewer_1.1-2
## [53] ggridges_0.5.1
                                       Rcpp_1.0.5
## [55] plyr_1.8.4
                                       progress_1.2.2
## [57] zlibbioc_1.32.0
                                       purrr_0.3.4
##
   [59] RCurl_1.95-4.12
                                       prettyunits_1.0.2
## [61] rpart_4.1-15
                                       deldir_0.1-23
## [63] pbapply 1.4-2
                                       viridis 0.5.1
## [65] cowplot_1.0.0
                                       zoo_1.8-6
## [67] ggrepel_0.8.1
                                       magrittr 1.5
## [69] data.table_1.12.8
                                       lmtest_0.9-37
## [71] RANN_2.6.1
                                       mvtnorm 1.0-11
## [73] fitdistrplus_1.0-14
                                       hms_0.5.3
## [75] patchwork 1.0.0
                                       lsei 1.2-0
## [77] mime_0.7
                                       evaluate 0.14
## [79] xtable_1.8-4
                                       gridExtra 2.3
## [81] compiler_3.6.1
                                       tibble_2.1.3
## [83] KernSmooth_2.23-15
                                       crayon_1.3.4
## [85] htmltools_0.4.0
                                       mgcv_1.8-28
## [87] pcaPP_1.9-73
                                       later_1.0.0
## [89] tidyr_1.1.0
                                       rrcov_1.4-7
## [91] DBI_1.0.0
                                       tweenr_1.0.1
## [93] ExperimentHub_1.12.0
                                       WriteXLS_5.0.0
## [95] dbplyr_1.4.2
                                       MASS_7.3-51.4
   [97] rappdirs 0.3.1
                                       Matrix 1.2-17
## [99] igraph_1.2.4.1
                                       pkgconfig_2.0.3
## [101] registry 0.5-1
                                       plotly_4.9.0
## [103] foreach_1.4.7
                                       vipor_0.4.5
## [105] rngtools_1.4
                                       pkgmaker_0.27
## [107] XVector_0.26.0
                                       bibtex_0.4.2
## [109] doRNG 1.7.1
                                       digest 0.6.25
## [111] sctransform 0.2.0
                                       RcppAnnoy_0.0.16
                                       leiden 0.3.3
## [113] spatstat.data_1.4-3
## [115] uwot_0.1.8
                                       DelayedMatrixStats_1.8.0
## [117] curl_4.3
                                       shiny_1.4.0.2
## [119] lifecycle_0.2.0
                                       nlme_3.1-140
## [121] aricode_1.0.0
                                       jsonlite_1.6.1
## [123] BiocNeighbors_1.4.2
                                       viridisLite_0.3.0
## [125] pillar_1.4.2
                                       lattice_0.20-38
## [127] fastmap_1.0.1
                                       httr_1.4.1
## [129] DEoptimR_1.0-8
                                       survival_2.44-1.1
## [131] interactiveDisplayBase 1.24.0 glue 1.4.1
## [133] gganimate_1.0.6
                                       spatstat_1.64-1
## [135] png 0.1-7
                                       iterators 1.0.12
```

```
## [137] BiocVersion_3.10.1 bit_1.1-14
## [139] class_7.3-15 stringi_1.4.3
## [141] blob_1.2.0 BiocSingular_1.2.2
## [143] AnnotationHub_2.18.0 memoise_1.1.0
## [145] dplyr_1.0.0 irlba_2.3.3
## [147] e1071_1.7-2 future.apply_1.3.0
```

References

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