WEB DEVELOPMENT

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LAB 1: Identify and document the purpose of key directories and files in the laravel project.



- app
- bootstrap
- config
- database
- public
- resources
- routes
- storage
- tests
- vendor
- app
 - Contains the core application code. This includes the models, controllers, and other classes that make up the application.

Sub-directories:

- Http Handles the incoming web requests and responses.
- Models Contains the application's data models, which represent the structure and relationships of the data in the database.
- Providers Contains service providers that are used to configure and bootstrap the various components of the application.

bootstrap

- ➤ Contains files for bootstrapping the Laravel framework.
 - app.php
 - providers.php

Sub-directory:

Used to store framework-generated files that improve performance by reducing the need to recompile or regenerate them every time the application runs.

config

> Contains configuration files for various services and application settings.

app.php
auth.php
cache.php
database.php
filesystems.php
logging.php
mail.php
queue.php
services.php

session.php

database

Contains files related to database management.

Sub-directories:

- factories Houses factory classes used to generate fake data/model instances in tests.
- migrations Contains migration files that define the structure of the database.
- seeders Contains seed classes to populate the database with initial data.

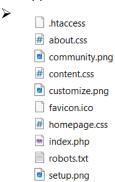
File:

🖺 database.sqlite

SQLite database file used for local development or testing, allowing the Laravel application to store and retrieve data without needing a full database server.

public

The entry point for web requests. It contains the index.php file, which initializes the Laravel application and serves static assets like CSS, JavaScript, and images.



resources

➤ Houses all views, raw assets (CSS, JS), and language files.

Sub-directories:

- CSS Contains CSS file.
- is Contains JavaScript files.
- views Contains Blade template files for rendering HTML.

routes

> Defines all routes for the application. Laravel automatically loads these files.

Files:

- console.php Defines console-based routes.
- web.php Contains routes for web interfaces.

storage

> Stores logs, compiled Blade templates, file-based sessions, and other files generated by the application.

Sub-directories:

- Stores application-specific files/ files uploaded by the user.
- framework Stores framework-generated files, including sessions and cache.
- logs Contains application logs.

tests

- > Contains automated tests for the application.
- Pest.php

 TestCase.php

Sub-directories:

- Feature Feature tests for testing HTTP requests and responses.
- Unit Unit tests for testing individual components.

vendor

> Contains third-party packages and dependencies managed by Composer. Laravel itself is included here.

Key File:

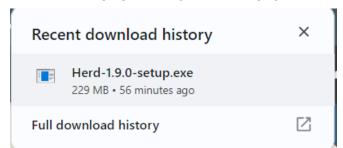
autoload.php Autoloader for project dependencies.

Key Files in the Root Directory:

*	editorconfig	Standardizes coding styles across different editors and IDEs by specifying formatting rules.
	env .env	Stores environment-specific configuration variables like database credentials and application keys.
[artisan	Provides a command-line interface for managing various aspects of a Laravel application.
	composer.json	Defines PHP dependencies and project configuration for Composer, the PHP package manager.
	composer.lock	Locks the versions of dependencies to ensure consistent installations across environments.
	package.json	Manages JavaScript dependencies and scripts for the frontend of the application
	ophpunit.xml	Configures PHPUnit settings for running tests in the Laravel application
	vite.config.js	Configures Vite for building and bundling frontend assets like JavaScript and CSS.

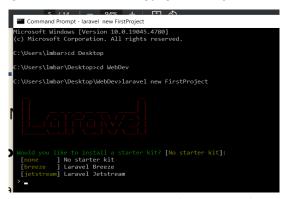
DOCUMENTATION

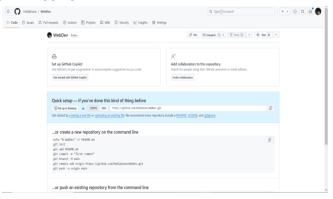
1. INSTALL LARAVEL ALONG WITH ITS DEPENDENCIES.





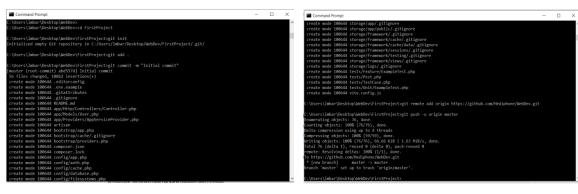
2. CREATE A LARAVEL PROJECT AND PUT IT IN A GIT REPOSITORY



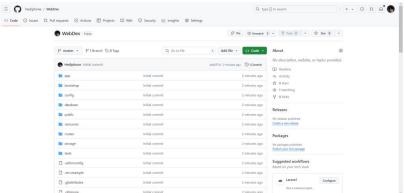


Create Laravel Project (FirstProject)

Create Repository



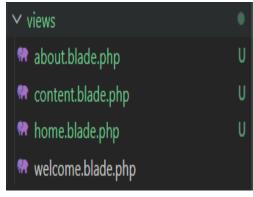
Add Project to Git Repository

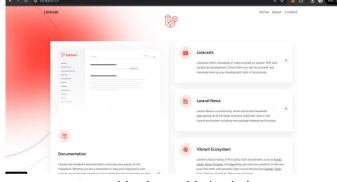


3. SET UP THE .ENV FILE TO INCLUDE DATABASE CONNECTION DETAILS

```
21
22 DB_CONNECTION=sqlite
23 DB_DATABASE=C:\Users\lmbar\Desktop\WebDev\FirstProject\database\database.sqlite
24 DB_FOREIGN_KEYs=true
25 # DB_HOST=127.0.0.1
26 # DB_PORT=3306
27 # DB_DATABASE=laravel
28 # DB_USERNAME=root
29 # DB_PASSWORD=
30
```

4. CREATE AT LEAST 3 VIEWS (HOMEPAGE, ABOUT, CONTENT)

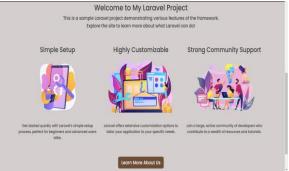




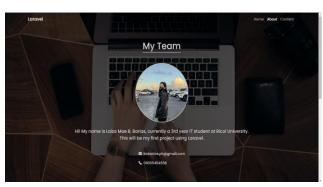
Create Views

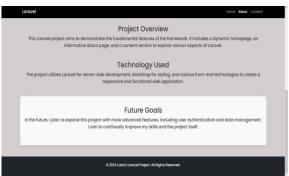
Laravel (welcome.blade.php)





Homepage (homepage.blade.php)





About (about.blade.php)



Content (content.blade.php)

5. CREATE AND RUN ROUTES