22/10/2025, 13:06 script.js

```
// Clear the console to start with a clean slate
 2
   console.clear();
   // Step 1: Create an original object with nested structure
    let originalObject = {
        name: "Ajay",
9
10
11
        address: {
12
            city: "Delhi" // This is a nested object
13
14
        }
   };
15
16
   // Step 2: Create a shallow copy using the spread operator
18
   let shallowCopy = { ...originalObject };
19
20
   // `shallowCopy` gets its own copy of the top-level keys. But the `address` object is still the SAME reference as in
    `originalObject`.
22
   // Step 3: Create a deep copy using JSON.parse(JSON.stringify(...))
23
24
   let deepCopy = JSON.parse(JSON.stringify(originalObject));
25
26
   // `deepCopy` becomes a completely separate object including a brand-new, independently copied `address` object.
27
28
    // Step 4: Change the city in the original object's address
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    originalObject.address.city = "Mumbai";
31
32
   originalObject.name = "Ashu";
33
34
35
   // Because `shallowCopy.address` refers to the same object as in `originalObject`
36
   // This change will also reflect in `shallowCopy`. But `deepCopy.address` remains unchanged — it has its own copy.
```

```
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   // Step 5: Print the city from the shallow copy
40
    console.log(shallowCopy.address.city);
41
42
   // Output: "Mumbai"
43
44
   // Why? Because the `address` in shallowCopy still points to the same object as in `originalObject`, so the update is visible
    here.
46
47
   // Step 6: Print the city from the deep copy
48
    console.log(deepCopy.address.city);
50
    // Output: "Delhi"
51
52
    // Why? Because the deep copy made an independent copy of everything including `address`, so it's unaffected by the change in
    `originalObject`.
```