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script.js

```
console.clear();
    // Strings in JavaScript: It is a sequence of characters either enclosed in single or double quotes. They are immutable and
    cannot be changed.
   let str = "This is my first string";
    console.log(str);
    // It also includes the space character in the length.
10
   console.log("The length of the string is: " + str.length);
11
12
    // String Search Methods
13
14
15
16
17
    1. indexOf(): It returns the index of the first occurrence of the specified substring in the string.
18
    2. lastIndexOf(): It returns the index of the last occurrence of the specified substring in the string.
19
20
21
    3. from(): It converts a string into an array of characters.
22
   4. search(): It returns the index of the first occurrence of the specified substring in the string.
23
24
   5. match(): It returns an array of match results and null if no match is found.
25
26
    6. matchAll(): It returns an iterator of all match results.
27
28
    7. startsWith(): It returns true if the string starts with the specified substring.
29
30
31
    8. endsWith(): It returns true if the string ends with the specified substring.
32
   9. includes(): It returns true if the string contains the specified substring.
33
34
   10. slice(): It extracts a part of the string and returns a new extracted string. It will exclude the last index.
```

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```
36
37
    11. substring(): It extracts a part of the string and returns a new extracted string. It will exclude the last index. It is
    similar to slice(). The difference is that it allows negative indexes.
38
   12. at(): It returns the character at the specified index.
39
40
    13. charAt(): It returns the character at the specified index. It is similar to at(). The difference is that it does not allows
41
    negative indexes.
42
    14. replace(): It replaces the first occurrences of a substring or character with another substring or character.
43
44
    15. replaceAll(): It replaces all occurrences of a substring or character with another substring or character.
45
46
    16. trim(): It removes all leading and trailing white spaces from a string.
47
48
49
    17. trimStart(): It removes all leading white spaces from a string.
50
    18. trimEnd(): It removes all trailing white spaces from a string.
51
52
    19. toLowerCase(): It converts a string to lowercase.
53
54
    20. toUpperCase(): It converts a string to uppercase.
55
56
57
    21. split(): It splits a string into an array of substrings based on the specified separator.
58
    */
59
60
61
    let myName = "Hello JavaScript, Welcome to World's Best JavaScript Community";
62
    console.log("The first index of 'a' is: " + myName.indexOf("a")); // 2
63
64
    console.log("The last index of 'a' is: " + myName.lastIndexOf("a")); // 17
65
66
67
    console.log(Array.from(myName)); // [h, e, l, l, o, , , J, a, v, a, s, c, r, i, p, t, , , W, e, l, c, o, m, e, , t, o, , W, o,
    r, l, d, 's, B, e, s, t, , J, a, v, a, s, C, o, m, m, u, n, i, t, y]
68
69
    console.log("The index of 'JavaScript' is: " + myName.search("JavaScript")); // 6
70
```

```
console.log(resultReplace);
109
110
    let resultReplaceAll = myName.replaceAll("JavaScript", "JavaScript Programming"); // Hello JavaScript Programming
111
112
    console.log(resultReplaceAll);
113
114
    let resultTrim = myName.trim(); // Hello JavaScript, Welcome to World's Best JavaScript Community
115
116
    console.log(resultTrim);
117
118
119
    let resultUpperCase = myName.toUpperCase(); // HELLO JAVASCRIPT, WELCOME TO WORLD'S BEST JAVASCRIPT COMMUNITY
120
    console.log(resultUpperCase);
121
122
    let resultLowerCase = myName.toLowerCase(); // hello javascript, welcome to world's best javascript community
123
124
    console.log(resultLowerCase);
125
126
    let resultSplit = myName.split(" "); // [Hello, JavaScript, Welcome, to, World's, Best, JavaScript, Community]
127
128
129
    console.log(resultSplit);
```