

**index.html**

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3
4  <head>
5      <meta charset="UTF-8">
6      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
7      <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
8      <title>Introduction to CSS</title>
9
10     <style>
11
12         ol {
13             color: blue;
14         }
15
16     </style>
17 </head>
18
19 <body>
20
21     <h1>Introduction to CSS</h1>
22
23     <p style="color: green;">CSS, or Cascading Style Sheets, is the language used to style and enhance HTML documents.
24     It defines the presentation of HTML elements on a web page, enabling changes to fonts, colors, sizes, spacing, column
25     layouts and animations.</p>
26
27     <p>There are three types of CSS: Inline, Internal, and External CSS.</p>
28
29     <p>Inline CSS is written in the body tag of the HTML document.</p>
30
31     <p>Internal CSS is written in the head tag of the HTML document.</p>
32
33     <p>External CSS is written in a separate CSS file and later linked to the HTML document.</p>
34
35     <p>The inline CSS has the highest priority and overrides the internal and external CSS.</p>
36
```

```
37     <p>The anatomy of Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) refers to the different components or parts that make up CSS. </p>
38
39     <ol>
40         <li>Selector</li>
41         <li>Properties</li>
42         <li>Values</li>
43         <li>Declaration</li>
44         <li>Rule</li>
45     </ol>
46
47 </body>
48
49 </html>
```

**style.css**

```
1 h1 {  
2   color:  red  
3   text-align: center;  
4 }
```

# Introduction to CSS

CSS, or Cascading Style Sheets, is the language used to style and enhance HTML documents. It defines the presentation of HTML elements on a web page, enabling changes to fonts, colors, sizes, spacing, column layouts and animations.

There are three types of CSS: Inline, Internal, and External CSS.

Inline CSS is written in the body tag of the HTML document.

Internal CSS is written in the head tag of the HTML document.

External CSS is written in a separate CSS file and later linked to the HTML document.

The inline CSS has the highest priority and overrides the internal and external CSS.

The anatomy of Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) refers to the different components or parts that make up CSS.

1. Selector
2. Properties
3. Values
4. Declaration
5. Rule