Front end API

This page gathers all the API calls that can be used by the backend.

Backend -> Front end



Warning

The functions can only be called if they are available on the web/build directory, therefore if you make a change using <code>npmrun</code> serve won't show it, you will need to rebuild the front end with <code>npmrun</code> buildWeb or by using <code>npmrun</code> start.



Note

These functions can only be called after eel is initiated with eel.init().

Core API

Collection of all functions/API calls available to the backend. You can find them in the bolinho_api/core.py file.

The JavaScript file can be found in the api folder.

ping()

ping()

Tries to ping the bolinho front-end, returns 1 if it worked

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.core import core_api

while True:
    try:
    if core_api.ping():
        print("got a ping!")
        break
    pass
    except:
    eel.sleep(1)
```

get_config_params()

get_config_params()

Tries to ping the bolinho front-end, returns 1 if it worked

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.core import core_api

config = core_api.get_config_params()
current_save_version = config["configVersion"]
print(current_save_version)
```

This function is located at src/web/src/App.js

go_to_experiment_page()

go_to_experiment_page()

Asks the front end to go to the experiment page.

Returns 1 if succeeded.

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.core import core_api
change_pages = True
if change_pages:
    core_api.go_to_experiment_page()
```

go_to_home_page()

go_to_home_page()

Asks the front end to go to the home page.

Returns 1 if succeeded.

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.core import core_api

change_pages = True
if change_pages:
    core_api.go_to_home_page()
```

show_connect_prompt()

show_connect_prompt()

Asks the front end to show the connection prompt.

The connection prompt is used to select the serial port.

Returns 1 if succeeded.

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.core import core_api
config = core_api.get_config_params()
device_port = config["port"]
while not device_port:
    core_api.show_connect_prompt()
    device_port = config["port"]
```

UI API

Collection of all functions/API calls available to the backend for UI in general. You can find them in the bolinho_api/ui.py file.

The JavaScript file can be found in the api folder.

success_alert(text)

success_alert(text)

Uses React-Toastify to create an success alert.

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.ui import ui_api
ui_api.success_alert("Success!")
```

error alert(text)



prompt user(description, options, callback func)

```
prompt_user(description, options, callback_func)

Prompts the user with a 'description', and shows the 'options' to the user.

The result is passed to the callback_function

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.ui import ui_api

def get_result(result):
    if result == "yes":
        print("The user chose yes")
    print("The user chose no")

Ulapi.prompt_user(
    description="Do you want to pay 1000?",
    options=["yes", "no"],
    callback_func= get_result,
    )
```

Experiment page API

Collection of all functions/API calls available to the backend for the **experiment** routine. You can find them in the bolinho_api/experiment.py file.

The JavaScript file can be found at web/src/api/contexts/ExperimentPageContext.tsx .

get_load_percentage()

get_load_percentage()

Asks the front for the current load percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Returns the load percentage value

Python usage example

 $from \ bolinho_api.experiment \ import \ experiment_api$

print(experiment api.get load percentage())

set_load_percentage(newValue)

set_load_percentage(newValue)

Sets the current load percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Python usage example

 $from\ bolinho_api.experiment\ import\ experiment_api$

for number in range(100):
 experiment_api.set_load_percentage(number)
 eel.sleep(0.1)

get time percentage()

get_time_percentage()

Asks the front for the current time percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Returns the load percentage value

Python usage example

from bolinho api.experiment import experiment api

print(experiment api.get time percentage())

set_time_percentage(newValue)

set_time_percentage(newValue)

Sets the current time percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Python usage example

 $from\ bolinho_api.experiment\ import\ experiment_api$

 $experiment_api.set_time_percentage({\color{red}22})$

get distance percentage()

get_distance_percentage()

Asks the front for the current distance percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Returns the load percentage value

Python usage example

from bolinho api.experiment import experiment api

print(experiment api.get distance percentage())

set_distance_percentage(newValue)

set_distance_percentage(newValue)

Sets the current distance percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Python usage example

 $from\ bolinho_api.experiment\ import\ experiment_api$

 $experiment_api.set_distance_percentage({\color{red}22})$

get delta load percentage()

get_delta_load_percentage()

Asks the front for the current delta load percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Returns the load percentage value

Python usage example

from bolinho api.experiment import experiment api

print(experiment api.get delta load percentage())

set delta load percentage(newValue)

set_delta_load_percentage(newValue)

Sets the current delta load percentage.

This variable is shown to the user in a progress bar. And is usually between 0-100.

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api

 $experiment_api.set_delta_load_percentage({\color{red}22})$

get experiment parameters()

get_experiment_parameters()

Asks the front for the current experiment parameters.

Returns a formatted string

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api

print(experiment api.get experiment parameters())

set experiment parameters(newValue)

set_experiment_parameters(newValue)

Sets the current experiment parameters.

Receives a formatted string.

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api

experiment_api.set_experiment_parameters("Experiment 202
 Load cell: lxi92")

get readings()

get_readings()

Asks the front for the current Readings.

Returns an object of type Readings, this object gathers all the current readings of the machine. Such as Current z axis position, current load, and status

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api

 $reading_obj = experiment_api.get_readings()$

print(reading_obj.status)

set readings(newValue)

.

set_readings(newValue)

Sets the current Readings.

Receives an object of type Readings, this object gathers all the current readings of the machine. Such as Current z axis position, current load, and status.

This function dumps the object to a JSON and sends it to the front end

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api
from bolinho_api.jsClasses import Readings
new_machine_readings = Readings(299, 87, 300, "not good")
```

experiment_api.set_readings(new_machine_readings)

get description()

get_description()

Asks the front for the current description.

Returns a formatted string

Python usage example

 $from\ bolinho_api.experiment\ import\ experiment_api$

 $\frac{print}(experiment_api.get_description())$

set description(newValue)

set_description(newValue)

Sets the current description.

Receives a formatted string.

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api

experiment api.set description("New Experiment description")

get_material()

get_material()

Asks the front for the current Material.

Returns an object of type Material.

Python usage example

from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api

 $material_obj = experiment_api.get_material()$

print(material_obj.name)

set material(newValue)

set_material(newValue)

Sets the current Material.

Receives an object of type Material

This function dumps the object to a JSON and sends it to the front end

Python usage example

```
from bolinho_api.experiment import experiment_api
from bolinho_api.jsClasses import Readings

current_material = Material(
    id=23,
    name="aço 22",
    batch="1",
    experimentArray=[1, 3, 2],
    supplier="Metalúrgica JOSÉ",
    extraInfo="Cilindro",
)

experiment_api.set_material(current_material)
```