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## Problema 1

Encuentre la serie de Fourier compleja de:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & -1 < x < 0 \\ e^{-x} & 0 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n e^{iw_n x}$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-1}^{L} f(x) e^{-iw_n x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-1}^{0} f(x) e^{-iw_n x} dx + \int_{0}^{1} f(x) e^{-iw_n x} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{1} e^{-x} \cdot e^{-iw_n x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{1} e^{-(1+iw_n)x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2(1+iw_n)} e^{-(1+iw_n)x} \Big|_{0}^{1} = -\frac{1}{2(1+iw_n)} \Big[ e^{-(1+iw_n)} - 1 \Big]$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(1+in\pi)} \left[ e^{-(1+in\pi)} - 1 \right] \right\} e^{in\pi x}$$

## Problema 2

Calcule la serie de Fourier compleja de:

$$f(x) = \sin x \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{i\omega_n x}$$

$$C_{\nu} = \frac{3r}{7} \int_{r}^{-r} t(x) G_{im\nu x} dx$$

$$W_n = \frac{n\pi}{L} = \frac{4n\pi}{\pi} = 4n$$

$$\frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-1}^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{-i4nx} dx$$

$$\frac{\mu}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x) e^{-iw_n x} dx = 2 \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x) e^{-iu_n x} dx$$

$$u = \sin(x)$$
  $dv = e^{-iu_{nx}} dx$   
 $dv = \cos(x) dx$   $v = \frac{1}{-iu_{nx}} e^{-iu_{nx}}$ 

$$(\sin x) \frac{1}{-i4n} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{-i4n} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} e^{-i4nx} \cos(x) dx$$

$$U = \cos(x) \qquad dv = e^{-i4nx} dx$$

$$dv = -\sin(x) dx \qquad V = \frac{1}{-i4n} e^{-i4nx}$$

$$(\sin x) \frac{1}{-i4n} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} - (\cos x) \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{-i4nx} dx$$

$$2\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x) e^{-i4nx} dx = 2\left\{ (\sin x) - \frac{1}{-i4n} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - (\cos x) - \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x) e^{-i4nx} dx \right\}$$

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x) e^{-i4nx} dx \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} \right] = (\sin x) \frac{1}{-i4n} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - (\cos x) \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x) e^{i4nx} dx \left[ \frac{(i4n)^2 + 1}{(i4n)^2} \right] = (\sin x) \frac{1}{-i4n} e^{i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - (\cos x) \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(x)e^{-iunx} dx = \frac{(i4n)^2 (\sin x)}{((i4n)^2 + 1)} \frac{1}{(-iun)} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - \frac{(iun)^2 (\cos x)}{((i4n)^2 + 1)} \frac{1}{(i4n)^2} e^{-i4nx} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$= -\frac{i4n(\sin^{\pi/4})e^{in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1} + \frac{i4n(\sin^{-\pi/4})e^{in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1} - \frac{\cos(\pi/4)e^{in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1} + \frac{\cos(\pi/4)e^{in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1}$$

$$= \frac{-i4n(\sqrt{2}/2)e^{-in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1} + \frac{i4n(-\sqrt{2}/2)e^{in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1} - \frac{(\sqrt{2}/2)e^{-in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1} + \frac{(\sqrt{2}/2)e^{in\pi}}{(i4n)^2+1}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2[(i4n)^2+1]} \left[ -i4ne^{-in\pi} - i4ne^{in\pi} - e^{-in\pi} + e^{in\pi} \right]$$

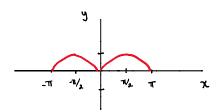
$$\frac{\sqrt{2!}}{2[(i4n)^2+1]} \left[ e^{in\pi} (1-i4n) - e^{in\pi} (1+i4n) \right] = C_n$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{2!}}{2[(i4n)^2 + 1]} \left[ e^{in\pi} (1 - i4n) - e^{-in\pi} (1 + i4n) \right] \right\} e^{i4n\chi}$$

## Problema 3

Para la función  $f(x) = \sin x$  para  $0 < x < \pi$ .

- 1. Construya una extensión par de la función.
- 2. Calcule la serie de Fourier compleja de la extensión par.
- 3. De la serie de Fourier compleja calcule la serie de cosenos de la función original



L= T

$$C_n = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(x) e^{-i\omega_n x} dx \qquad W_n = \frac{n\pi}{L} = n$$

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$$C_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{inx} dx \right) = \cos e^{inx} e^{inx} dx$$

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$$2.1$$
 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin(x)e^{inx} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{inx} dx$$

$$U=\sin(x) \qquad dv=e^{-tn}$$

$$dv=\cos(x)dx \qquad v=\frac{1}{t}$$

$$U = \sin(x) \qquad dv = e^{-inx} dx \Rightarrow (\sin x) \frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx} \int_{0}^{\pi} -\frac{1}{-in} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos(x) e^{-inx} dx$$

$$dv = \cos(x) dx \qquad v = \frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx} \Rightarrow (\sin x) \frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx} \int_{0}^{\pi} -\frac{1}{-in} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos(x) e^{-inx} dx$$

$$0 = \cos(x)$$
  $dv = e^{-inx}$   $\Rightarrow$ 

$$(\sin x) \frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} + \left(-\frac{1}{-in}\right) (\cos x) \left(\frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx}\right) \Big|_{0}^{\pi} + \left(-\frac{1}{-in}\right) \left(\frac{1}{-in}\right) \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin (x) e^{-inx} dx$$

$$(\sin x) \frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{(in)^{2}} (\cos x) e^{-inx} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{(in)^{2}} \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{inx} dx$$

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{-inx} dx \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{(in)^{2}} \right] = \left( \sin x \right) \frac{1}{-in} e^{-inx} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{(in)^{2}} \left( (\cos x) e^{-inx} \right) \Big|_{0}^{\pi}$$

$$\frac{(in)^{2} + 1}{(in)^{2}}$$

$$\frac{(in)^2+1}{(in)^2}$$

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin(x) e^{-inx} dx = -\frac{(in)^{2}(\sin x)}{[(in)^{2}+1]} \frac{1}{\sin^{2}} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} - \frac{\tan^{2}}{[(in)^{2}+1]} \frac{1}{(in)^{2}} (\cos x) e^{-inx} \Big|_{0}^{\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{in}{(in)^2+1} \left[ \sin(\pi)e^{-in\pi} - \sin(\alpha)e^{-in\pi} \right] - \frac{1}{(in)^2+1} \left[ \cos(\pi)e^{-in\pi} - \cos(\alpha)e^{-in\pi} \right]$$

$$= \underbrace{2e^{-in\pi}}_{(in)^2+1} = C_n.$$

$$= \frac{2e^{-in\pi}}{(in)^{2}+1} = C_{n}.$$

$$\hat{f}(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2e^{-in\pi}}{(in)^{2}+1} e^{-inx}$$