

## §8.1 直角坐标下的二重积分

### 一、填空题 (一)

1. 根据二重积分的几何意义, 计算  $\iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq a^2} d\sigma = \frac{\pi a^2}{\text{面积}}$ ;

$\iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq a^2} \sqrt{a^2-x^2-y^2} d\sigma = \frac{2}{3} \pi a^3$ . 上半球体积

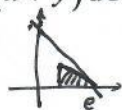
2. 已知  $I_1 = \iint_{x^2+y^2 \leq 1} |xy| dx dy$ ,  $I_2 = \iint_{|x|+|y| \leq 1} |xy| dx dy$ ,  $I_3 = \iint_{\substack{|x| \leq 1 \\ |y| \leq 1}} |xy| dx dy$ , 则  $I_1, I_2, I_3$  的大小为

$$I_2 < I_1 < I_3$$



3. 设  $D$  是三角形闭区域, 三顶点分别为  $(1,0), (1,1), (e,0)$ , 比较  $I_1 = \iint_D \ln(x+y) d\sigma$  与

$I_2 = \iint_D (\ln(x+y))^2 d\sigma$  的大小关系为  $I_2 < I_1$ .



4. 改换二次积分  $\int_1^e dx \int_0^{\ln x} f(x,y) dy$  的积分次序为  $\int_0^1 dy \int_{e^y}^e f(x,y) dx$ .



5. 改换二次积分  $\int_0^1 dy \int_{-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} f(x,y) dx$  的积分次序为  $\int_{-1}^1 dx \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} f(x,y) dy$ .



6. 设  $D = \{(x,y) | -3 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}$ , 计算二重积分  $I = \iint_D xy^2 d\sigma = -\frac{5}{8}$ .

二、试估计二重积分  $I = \iint_D \ln(1+x^2+y^2) d\sigma$  的值, 其中  $D = \{(x,y) | 1 \leq x^2+y^2 \leq 2\}$ .

$$\ln 2 \leq \ln(1+x^2+y^2) \leq \ln 3$$

$$\therefore \pi \ln 2 = \iint_D \ln 2 d\sigma \leq \iint_D \ln(1+x^2+y^2) d\sigma \leq \iint_D \ln 3 d\sigma = \pi \ln 3$$

$$\therefore \pi \ln 2 \leq I \leq \pi \ln 3$$



### 三、计算下列二重积分

1.  $I = \iint_D xy d\sigma$ , 其中  $D$  由  $y=x, x=1$  及  $x$  轴所围成.

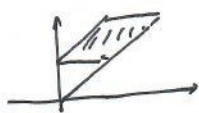
$$D = \{(x,y) | 0 \leq y \leq x, 0 \leq x \leq 1\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^1 dx \int_0^x xy dy = \int_0^1 x \cdot \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4}{8} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$



2.  $I = \iint_D (x^2 + y^2) d\sigma$ , 其中  $D$  由  $y = x, y = x+1, y = 1, y = 2$  围成.

用X型要分块



$$D = \{(x, y) \mid y+1 \leq x \leq y, 1 \leq y \leq 2\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_1^2 dy \int_{y-1}^y (x^2 + y^2) dx \\ &= \int_1^2 \left( \frac{x^3}{3} + y^2 x \right) \Big|_{y-1}^y dy = \int_1^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{3} [y^3 - (y-1)^3] + y^2 \right\} dy \\ &= \int_1^2 \left( \frac{2}{3} y^2 - y + \frac{1}{3} \right) dy = \left( \frac{2}{9} y^3 - \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{y}{3} \right) \Big|_1^2 = \frac{7}{2} \end{aligned}$$

3.  $I = \iint_D \frac{\sin x}{x} dx dy$ , 其中  $D$  是直线  $y = x$  及曲线  $y = x^2$  所围成.

$$D = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 \leq y \leq x, 0 \leq x \leq 1\}$$

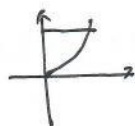


这两个原函数积不出

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^1 dx \int_{x^2}^x \frac{\sin x}{x} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot y \Big|_{x^2}^x dx = \int_0^1 \frac{\sin x}{x} (x - x^2) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \sin x dx - \int_0^1 x \sin x dx = -\cos x \Big|_0^1 + \int_0^1 x \cdot (\cos x)' dx \\ &= -\cos 1 + 1 + x \cos x \Big|_0^1 - \sin x \Big|_0^1 = 1 - \sin 1 \end{aligned}$$

4.  $I = \iint_D x^2 \sin y^2 d\sigma$ , 其中  $D$  是曲线  $y = x^3$  和直线  $y = 1, x = 0$  所围的位于第一象限的闭区域.

域.



$$D = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq \sqrt[3]{y}, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^1 dy \int_0^{\sqrt[3]{y}} x^2 \sin y^2 dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \sin y^2 \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^{\sqrt[3]{y}} dy = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 \sin y^2 \cdot y dy \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \int_0^1 \sin y^2 dy^2 = -\frac{1}{6} \cos y^2 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{6} (1 - \cos 1) \end{aligned}$$

四、计算下列二次积分

1.  $I = \int_0^2 dx \int_x^2 e^{-y^2} dy$

必须先改为先  $x$  再  $y$  的积分



$$D = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq y, 0 \leq y \leq 2\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^2 dy \int_0^y e^{-y^2} dx = \int_0^2 e^{-y^2} \cdot x \Big|_0^y dy \\ &= \int_0^2 y e^{-y^2} dy = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 e^{-y^2} d(-y^2) = \left. -\frac{1}{2} e^{-y^2} \right|_0^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (1 - e^{-4}) \end{aligned}$$

2.  $I = \int_0^1 dx \int_x^1 x \sin y^3 dy$



$$D = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq y, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^1 dy \int_0^y x \sin y^3 dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \sin y^3 \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^y dy = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 y^2 \sin y^3 dy \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \int_0^1 \sin y^3 dy^3 = \left. -\frac{1}{6} \cos y^3 \right|_0^1 = \frac{1}{6} (1 - \cos 1) \end{aligned}$$