

前情回顾



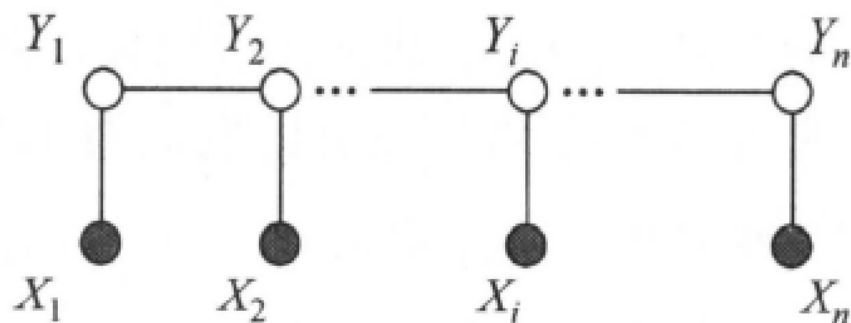
条件随机场CRF

※ 给定一组输入随机变量条件下另一组输出随机变量的条件概率分布模型

❖ $P(y|x)$

❖ y 符合马尔可夫随机场

❖ $P(y_v|x, y_{V \setminus \{v\}}) = P(y_v|x, y_{n \setminus \{v\}})$



$$P(Y_i|X, Y_1, \dots, Y_{i-1}, Y_{i+1}, \dots, Y_n) = P(Y_i|X, Y_{i-1}, Y_{i+1})$$

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$$\ast P(y|x) = \frac{1}{Z} \exp\left(\sum_j \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \lambda_j t_j(y_{i+1}, y_i, x, i) + \sum_k \sum_{i=1}^n \mu_k s_k(y_i, x, i)\right)$$

$$\ast Z = \sum_y \exp\left(\sum_j \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \lambda_j t_j(y_{i+1}, y_i, x, i) + \sum_k \sum_{i=1}^n \mu_k s_k(y_i, x, i)\right)$$

$$p(y|x) = \frac{1}{Z} \exp \sum_{k=1}^K w_k f_k(y, x) \quad Z = \sum_y \exp \sum_k w_k f_k$$

※ 引进起点标记 $y_0 = \text{start}$ 和终点标记 $y_{n+1} = \text{stop}$

※ 定义 m 阶矩阵随机变量: $M_i(x) = [M_i(y_{i-1}, y_i|x)] \in R^{m \times m}$ (假设 y 有 m 个取值)

$$\ast M_i(y_{i-1}, y_i|x) = \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^K w_k f_k(y_{i-1}, y_i, x, i)\right)$$

$$P(y|x) = \frac{1}{Z} \prod_{i=1}^{n+1} M_i(y_{i-1}, y_i|x) \quad Z = [M_1(x) M_2(x) \cdots M_{n+1}(x)]_{\text{start}, \text{stop}}$$

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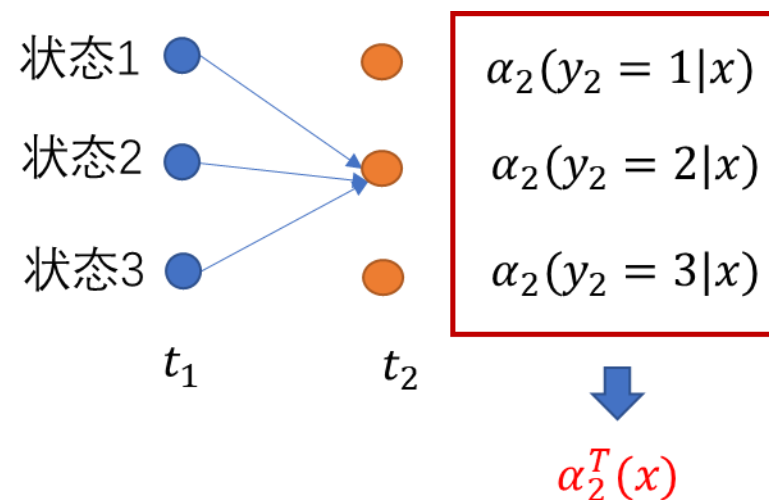
※ 概率计算

❖ 前项向量: $\alpha_i^T(y_i|x) = \alpha_{i-1}^T(y_{i-1}|x)[M_i(y_{i-1}, y_i|x)]$

❖ 后向向量: $\beta_i(y_i|x) = [M_{i+1}(y_i, y_{i+1}|x)]\beta_{i+1}(y_{i+1}|x)$

$$P(Y_i = y_i|x) = \frac{\alpha_i^T(y_i|x)\beta_i(y_i|x)}{Z(x)}$$

$$P(Y_{i-1} = y_{i-1}, Y_i = y_i|x) = \frac{\alpha_{i-1}^T(y_{i-1}|x)M_i(y_{i-1}, y_i|x)\beta_i(y_i|x)}{Z(x)}$$



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※ 参数学习

※ 梯度下降法/拟牛顿法:

$$※ \log P(y|x) = \sum_{j=1}^n [\sum_{k=1}^K w_k f_k(y_j, x_j) - \log Z(x_j)]$$

$$※ \text{loss} = -\log P(y|x)$$

※ 改进的迭代尺度法

$$※ \max L(\mathbf{w}) = \sum_{x,y} \tilde{P}(x,y) \sum_{i=1}^n w_i f_i(x,y) - \sum_x \tilde{P}(x) \log Z_{\mathbf{w}}(x)$$

※ 基本想法: 基于当前参数向量, 寻找新向量, 使得模型的对数似然函数值增大 $L(\mathbf{w} + \delta) - L(\mathbf{w}) \geq A(\delta|\mathbf{w}) \geq B(\delta|\mathbf{w})$

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※ 预测算法

※ 维特比算法：求非规范化概率最大的最优路径问题

初始

$$\delta_1(j) = w \cdot F_1(y_0 = start, y_1 = j, x), \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

递推

$$\delta_i(l) = \max_{1 \leq j \leq m} \{\delta_{i-1}(j) + w \cdot F_i(y_{i-1} = j, y_i = l, x)\}$$

$$\psi_i(l) = \arg \max_{1 \leq j \leq m} \{\delta_{i-1}(j) + w \cdot F_i(y_{i-1} = j, y_i = l, x)\}$$

$$l = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

		start	n	v	p
Bob	n	0.9	—	—	—
	v	0	—	—	—
	p	0	—	—	—

	函数条件	权重
t1	=1 ($y_{t-1} = n, y_t = v$) =0 其它	0.6
t2	=1 ($y_{t-1} = p, y_t = n$) =0 其它	0.8
t3	=1 ($y_{t-1} = v, y_t = n$) =0 其它	0.5
s1	=1 ($y_t = n, x_t = \text{人名}$) =0 其它	0.9
s2	=1 ($y_t = n, x_t = \text{地点}$) =0 其它	0.9
s3	=1 ($y_t = p, x_t = at$) =0 其它	0.7

Bob drank coffee at Starbucks

$\delta_1(j) = w \cdot F_1(y_0 = start, y_1 = j, x)$

		start	n	v	p
Bob	n	0.9	—	—	—
	v	0	—	—	—
	p	0	—	—	—
drank	n	—	0.9	0+0.5=0.5	0+0.8=0.8
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	0	0
	p	—	0.9	0	0

	函数条件	权重
t1	=1 (y _{t-1} = n, y _t = v) =0 其它	0.6
t2	=1 (y _{t-1} = p, y _t = n) =0 其它	0.8
t3	=1 (y _{t-1} = v, y _t = n) =0 其它	0.5
s1	=1 (y _t = n, x _t = 人名) =0 其它	0.9
s2	=1 (y _t = n, x _t = 地点) =0 其它	0.9
s3	=1 (y _t = p, x _t = at) =0 其它	0.7

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$$\delta_i(l) = \max_{1 \leq j \leq m} \{ \delta_{i-1}(j) + w \cdot F_i(y_{i-1} = j, y_i = l, x) \}$$

		start	n	v	p
Bob	n	0.9	—	—	—
	v	0	—	—	—
	p	0	—	—	—
drank	n	—	0.9	0+0.5=0.5	0+0.8=0.8
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	0	0
	p	—	0.9	0	0
coffee	n	—	0.9	1.5+0.5=2	0.9+0.8=1.7
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	1.5	0.9
	p	—	0.9	1.5	0.9

	函数条件	权重
t1	=1 (y _{t-1} = n, y _t = v) =0 其它	0.6
t2	=1 (y _{t-1} = p, y _t = n) =0 其它	0.8
t3	=1 (y _{t-1} = v, y _t = n) =0 其它	0.5
s1	=1 (y _t = n, x _t = 人名) =0 其它	0.9
s2	=1 (y _t = n, x _t = 地点) =0 其它	0.9
s3	=1 (y _t = p, x _t = at) =0 其它	0.7

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$$\delta_i(l) = \max_{1 \leq j \leq m} \{ \delta_{i-1}(j) + w \cdot F_i(y_{i-1} = j, y_i = l, x) \}$$

		start	n	v	p
Bob	n	0.9	—	—	—
	v	0	—	—	—
	p	0	—	—	—
drank	n	—	0.9	0+0.5=0.5	0+0.8=0.8
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	0	0
	p	—	0.9	0	0
coffee	n	—	0.9	1.5+0.5=2	0.9+0.8=1.7
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	1.5	0.9
	p	—	0.9	1.5	0.9
at	n	—	2	1.5+0.5=2	1.5+0.8=2.3
	v	—	2+0.6=2.6	1.5	1.5
	p	—	2+0.7=2.7	1.5+0.7=2.2	1.5+0.7=2.2

	函数条件	权重
t1	=1 (y _{t-1} = n, y _t = v) =0 其它	0.6
t2	=1 (y _{t-1} = p, y _t = n) =0 其它	0.8
t3	=1 (y _{t-1} = v, y _t = n) =0 其它	0.5
s1	=1 (y _t = n, x _t = 人名) =0 其它	0.9
s2	=1 (y _t = n, x _t = 地点) =0 其它	0.9
s3	=1 (y _t = p, x _t = at) =0 其它	0.7

Bob drank coffee at Starbucks

$$\delta_i(l) = \max_{1 \leq j \leq m} \{ \delta_{i-1}(j) + w \cdot F_i(y_{i-1} = j, y_i = l, x) \}$$

		start	n	v	p
Bob n	n	0.9	—	—	—
	v	0	—	—	—
	p	0	—	—	—
drank v	n	—	0.9	0+0.5=0.5	0+0.8=0.8
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	0	0
	p	—	0.9	0	0
coffee n	n	—	0.9	1.5+0.5=2	0.9+0.8=1.7
	v	—	0.9+0.6=1.5	1.5	0.9
	p	—	0.9	1.5	0.9
at p	n	—	2	1.5+0.5=2	1.5+0.8=2.3
	v	—	2+0.6=2.6	1.5	1.5
	p	—	2+0.7=2.7	1.5+0.7=2.2	1.5+0.7=2.2
starbucks n	n	—	2.3+0.9=3.2	2.6+0.5+0.9=4	2.7+0.8+0.9=4.4
	v	—	2.3+0.6=2.9	2.6	2.7
	p	—	2.3	2.6	2.7

	函数条件	权重
t1	=1 ($y_{t-1} = n, y_t = v$) =0 其它	0.6
t2	=1 ($y_{t-1} = p, y_t = n$) =0 其它	0.8
t3	=1 ($y_{t-1} = v, y_t = n$) =0 其它	0.5
s1	=1 ($y_t = n, x_t = \text{人名}$) =0 其它	0.9
s2	=1 ($y_t = n, x_t = \text{地点}$) =0 其它	0.9
s3	=1 ($y_t = p, x_t = at$) =0 其它	0.7

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$$\delta_i(l) = \max_{1 \leq j \leq m} \{ \delta_{i-1}(j) + w \cdot F_i(y_{i-1} = j, y_i = l, x) \}$$

Thanks.

