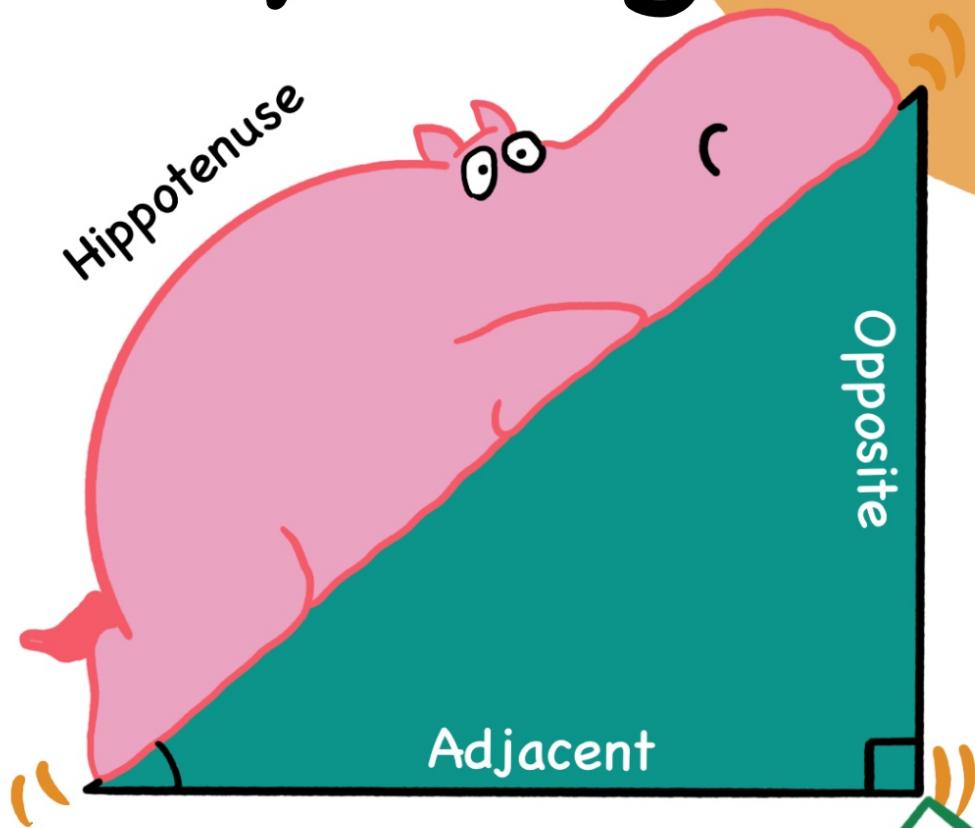


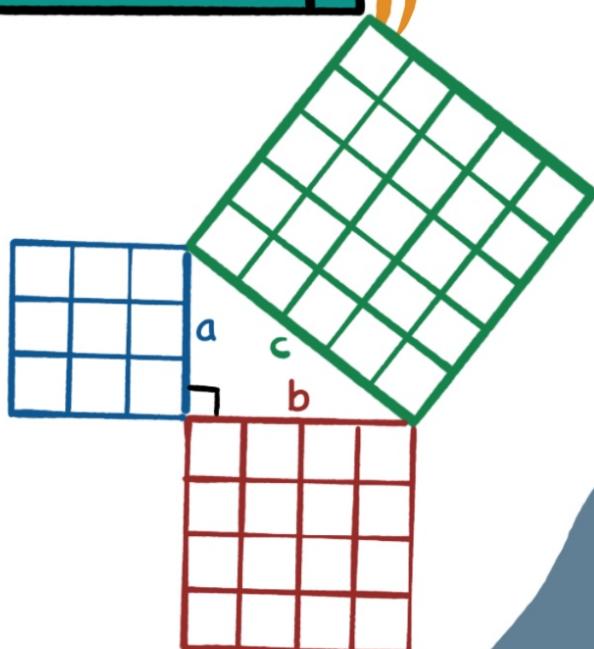
Pythagoras



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$3^2 + 4^2 = 5^2$$

$$9 + 16 = 25$$



1.

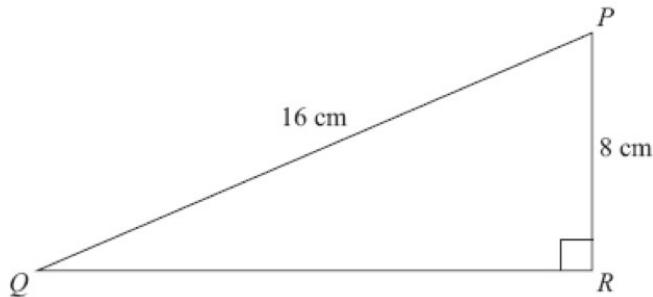


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

PQR is a right-angled triangle.

$$PQ = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$PR = 8 \text{ cm}$$

Calculate the length of QR .

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

$$\begin{aligned} QR^2 &= 16^2 - 8^2 \\ QR &= \sqrt{16^2 - 8^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\approx 13.86 \text{ cm}$$

.....13.86..... cm

(3 marks)

2.

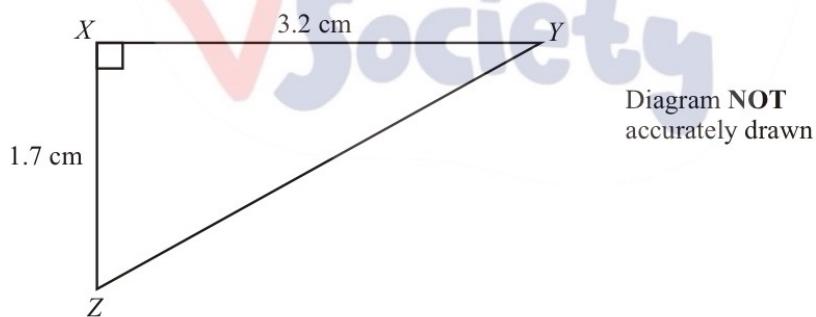


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

XYZ is a right-angled triangle.

$$XY = 3.2 \text{ cm}$$

$$XZ = 1.7 \text{ cm}$$

Calculate the length of YZ .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} YZ^2 &= 1.7^2 + 3.2^2 \\ YZ &= \sqrt{1.7^2 + 3.2^2} \\ &\approx 3.62 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

.....3.62..... cm

(3 marks)

3.

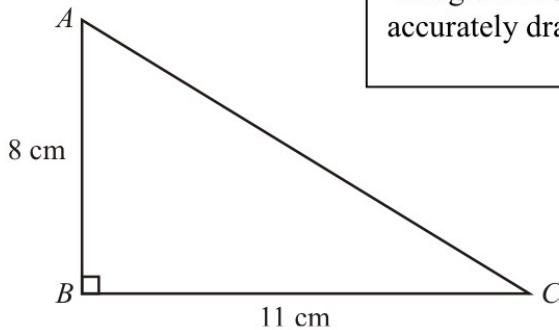


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

ABC is a right-angled triangle.

$$\begin{aligned}AB &= 8 \text{ cm}, \\BC &= 11 \text{ cm}.\end{aligned}$$

Calculate the length of AC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned}AC^2 &= 8^2 + 11^2 \\AC &= \sqrt{8^2 + 11^2} \\&= 13.6 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... cm

(3 marks)

4.

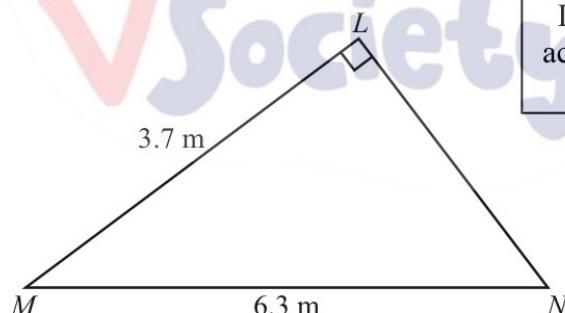


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

Angle $MLN = 90^\circ$.

$$LM = 3.7 \text{ m}.$$

$$MN = 6.3 \text{ m}.$$

Work out the length of LN .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned}LN^2 &= 6.3^2 - 3.7^2 \\LN &= \sqrt{6.3^2 - 3.7^2} \\&= 5.10 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

$LN = \dots \dots \dots \text{ m}$

(3 marks)

5.

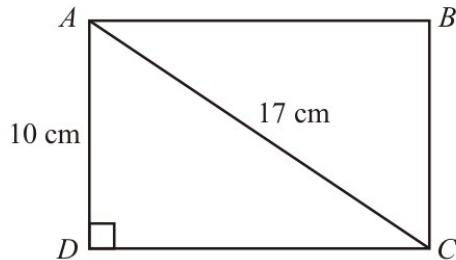


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$ABCD$ is a rectangle.

$AC = 17 \text{ cm}$.

$AD = 10 \text{ cm}$.

Calculate the length of the side CD .

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned} CD^2 &= 17^2 - 10^2 \\ CD &= \sqrt{17^2 - 10^2} \\ &= 13.7 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

.....
13.7 cm
(3 marks)

6.



Diagram NOT accurately drawn

The diagram shows three cities.

Norwich is 168 km due East of Leicester.

York is 157 km due North of Leicester.

Calculate the distance between Norwich and York.

Give your answer correct to the nearest kilometre.

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 157^2 + 168^2 \\ x &= \sqrt{157^2 + 168^2} \\ &= 229.9 \\ &= 230 \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

.....
230 km
(3 marks)

7.

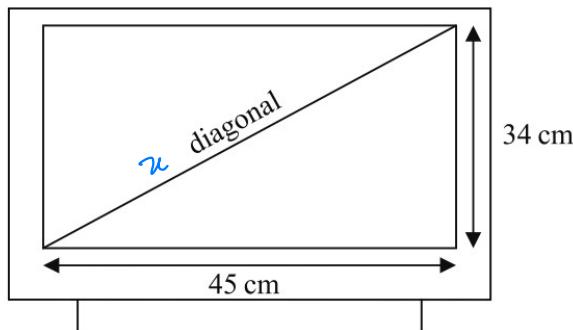


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A rectangular television screen has a width of 45 cm and a height of 34 cm.

Work out the length of the diagonal of the screen.
Give your answer correct to the nearest centimetre.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 45^2 + 34^2 \\x &= \sqrt{45^2 + 34^2} \\&= 56 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... 56 cm
(4 marks)

8.

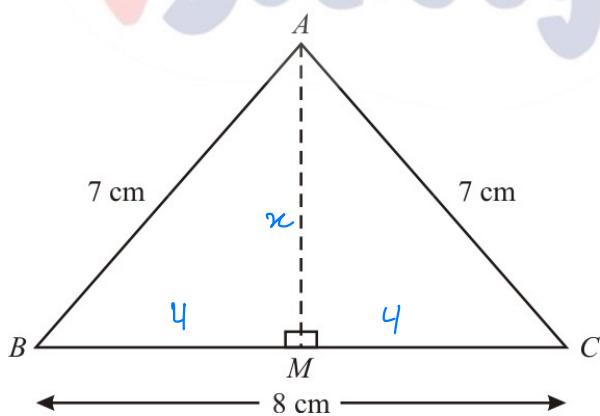


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the length, in centimetres, of AM .
Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 7^2 - 4^2 \\x &= \sqrt{7^2 - 4^2} \\&= 5.74 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... 5.74 cm
(3 marks)

9.

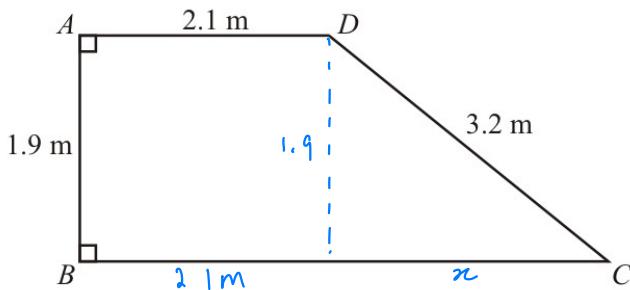


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

$ABCD$ is a trapezium.

AD is parallel to BC .

Angle A = angle B = 90.

$AD = 2.1$ m, $AB = 1.9$ m, $CD = 3.2$ m.

Work out the length of BC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$x^2 = 3.2^2 - 1.9^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{3.2^2 - 1.9^2}$$

$$= 2.5748$$

$$\begin{aligned} BC &= 2.1 + 2.5748 \\ &= 4.67 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

..... 4.67

m (4 marks)

10.

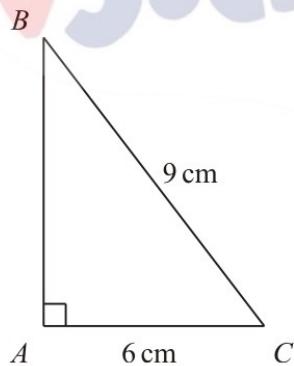


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

ABC is a right-angled triangle.

$AC = 6$ cm.

$BC = 9$ cm.

Work out the length of AB .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$AB^2 = 9^2 - 6^2$$

$$AB = \sqrt{9^2 - 6^2}$$

$$= 6.71 \text{ cm}$$

..... 6.71

cm (3 marks)

11.

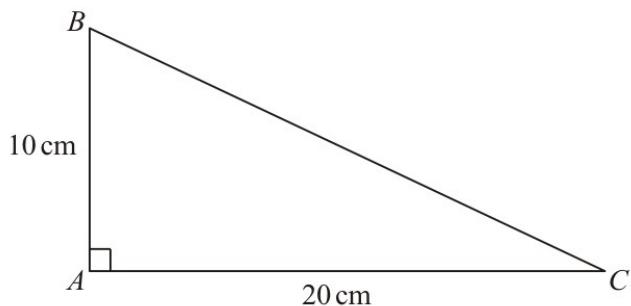


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

In triangle ABC ,

$$AB = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$AC = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{angle } BAC = 90^\circ$$

Work out the length of BC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

You must state the units in your answer.

$$\begin{aligned} BC^2 &= 10^2 + 20^2 \\ BC &= \sqrt{10^2 + 20^2} \\ &\approx 22.4 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

..... 22.4 cm

(4 marks)

12.

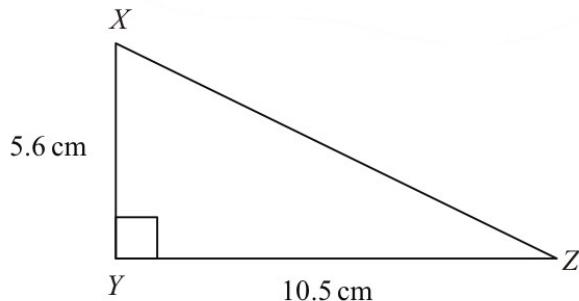


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

In the triangle XYZ

$$XY = 5.6 \text{ cm}$$

$$YZ = 10.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{angle } XYZ = 90^\circ$$

Work out the length of XZ .

$$\begin{aligned} XZ^2 &= 5.6^2 + 10.5^2 \\ XZ &= \sqrt{5.6^2 + 10.5^2} \\ &\approx 11.9 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

..... 11.9 cm

(3 marks)

13. ABCD is a trapezium.

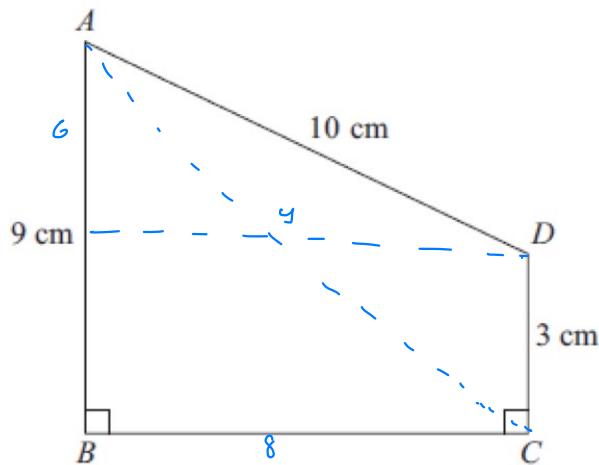


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$$AD = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$AB = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$DC = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Angle } ABC = \text{angle } BCD = 90^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= 10^2 - 6^2 \\ y &= \sqrt{10^2 - 6^2} \\ &= 8 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Calculate the length of AC.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} AC^2 &= 9^2 + 8^2 \\ AC &= \sqrt{9^2 + 8^2} \\ &= 12.0 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

..... cm

(5 marks)

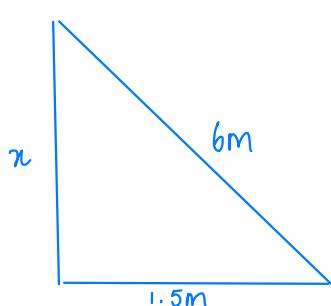
14. A ladder is 6 m long.

The ladder is placed on horizontal ground, resting against a vertical wall.

The instructions for using the ladder say that the bottom of the ladder must **not** be closer than 1.5 m from the bottom of the wall.

How far up the wall can the ladder reach?

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

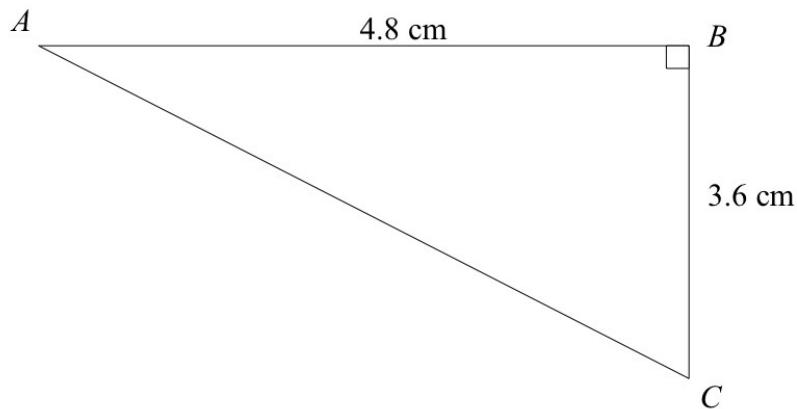


$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 6^2 - 1.5^2 \\ x &= \sqrt{6^2 - 1.5^2} \\ &= 5.8 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

..... m

(4 marks)

1



Calculate the length of AC.

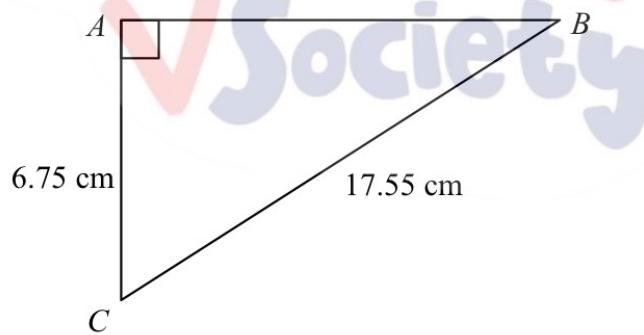
$$\begin{aligned}AC^2 &= 4.8^2 + 3.6^2 \\AC &= \sqrt{4.8^2 + 3.6^2} \\&\approx 6 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

6

.....cm

(Total for question 1 is 3 marks)

2



Calculate the length of AB.

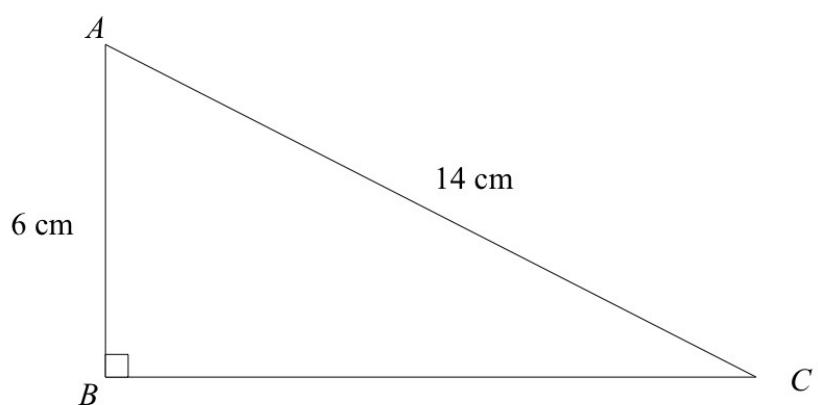
$$\begin{aligned}AB^2 &= 17.55^2 - 6.75^2 \\AB &= \sqrt{17.55^2 - 6.75^2} \\&\approx 16.2 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

16.2

.....cm

(Total for question 2 is 3 marks)

3



Calculate the length of BC.

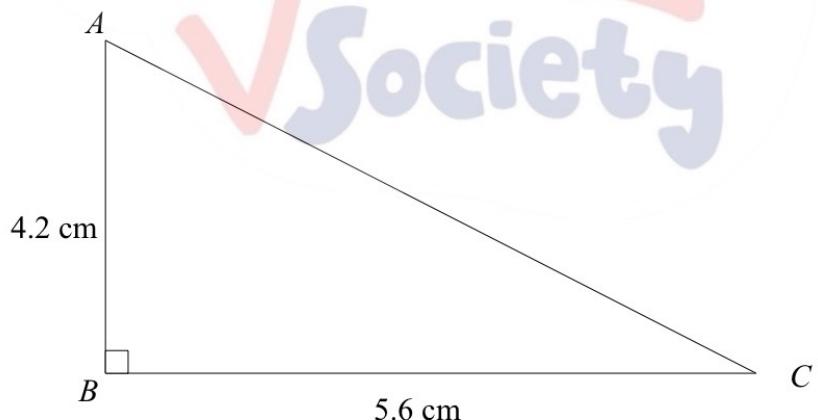
Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned}BC^2 &= 14^2 - 6^2 \\BC &= \sqrt{14^2 - 6^2} \\&= 12.6 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

.....cm

(Total for question 3 is 3 marks)

4



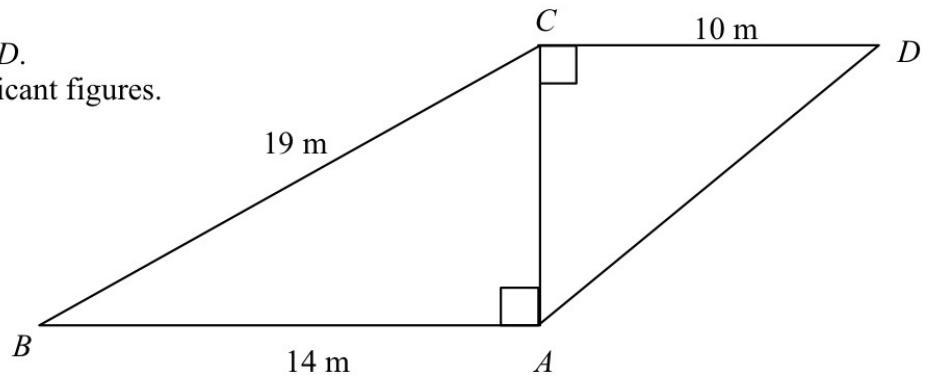
Calculate the length of AC.

$$\begin{aligned}AC^2 &= 4.2^2 + 5.6^2 \\AC &= \sqrt{4.2^2 + 5.6^2} \\&= 7 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

.....cm

(Total for question 4 is 3 marks)

- 5 Calculate the length of the AD .
Give your answer to 3 significant figures.



$$AC^2 = 19^2 - 14^2$$

$$AC = \sqrt{19^2 - 14^2}$$

$$= 12.84523528$$

$$AD^2 = 10^2 + 12.8^2$$

$$AD = \sqrt{10^2 + 12.8^2}$$

$$= 16.3 \text{ m}$$

.....16.3.....m

(Total for question 5 is 4 marks)

- 6 Calculate the length of the AB .
Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

$$AC^2 = 7^2 + 4^2$$

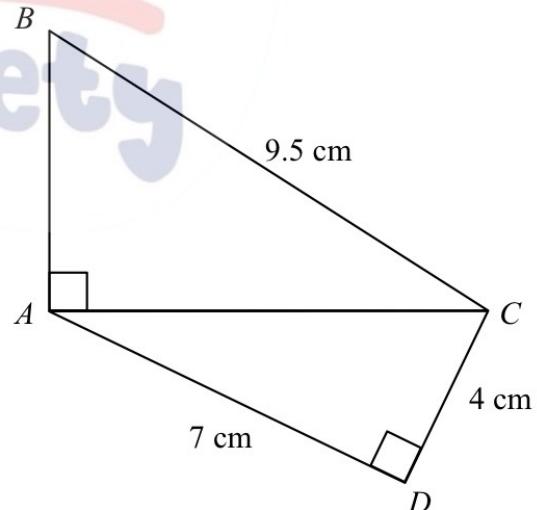
$$AC = \sqrt{7^2 + 4^2}$$

$$= 8.06$$

$$AB^2 = 9.5^2 - 8.06^2$$

$$AB = \sqrt{9.5^2 - 8.06^2}$$

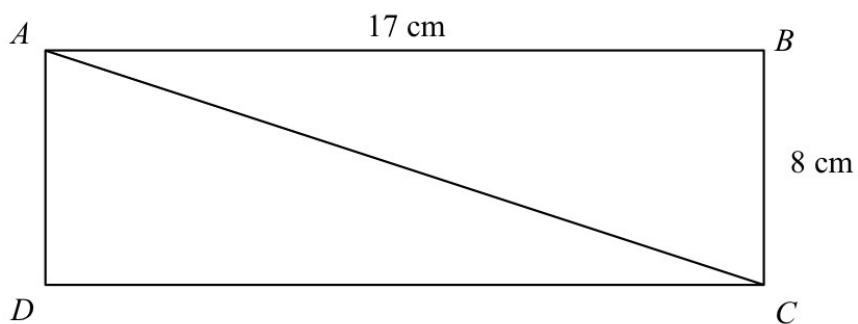
$$= 5.02 \text{ cm}$$



.....5.02.....cm

(Total for question 5 is 4 marks)

7



$ABCD$ is a rectangle .

Calculate the length of the diagonal AC .

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned} AC^2 &= 17^2 + 8^2 \\ AC &= \sqrt{17^2 + 8^2} \\ &= 18.8 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

.....18.8.....cm

(Total for question 7 is 3 marks)

8

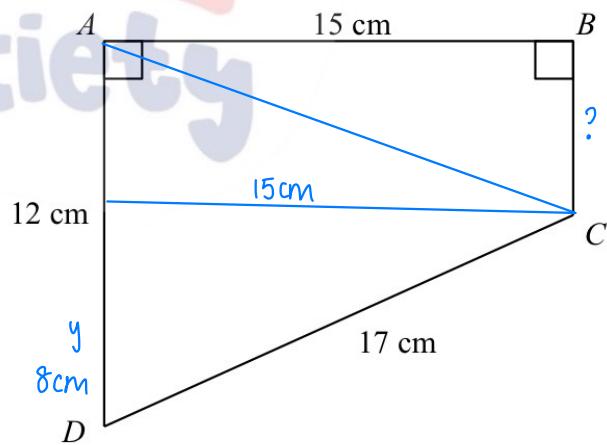
$ABCD$ is a trapezium.

Calculate the length of BC .

$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= 17^2 - 15^2 \\ y &= \sqrt{17^2 - 15^2} \\ &= 8 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$BC = 12 - 8$$

$$= 4 \text{ cm}$$



4

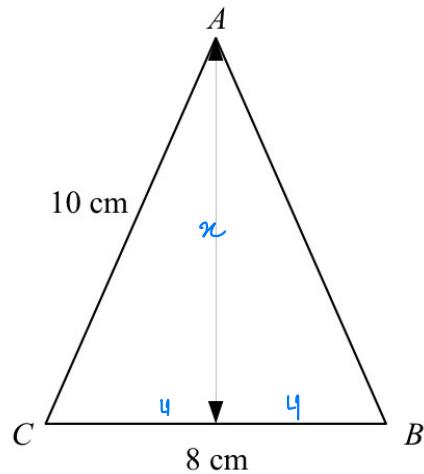
.....cm

(Total for question 8 is 3 marks)

- 9 ABC is an isosceles triangle.

Calculate the perpendicular height of ABC .
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures..

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 10^2 - 4^2 \\x &= \sqrt{10^2 - 4^2} \\&= 9.17\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$



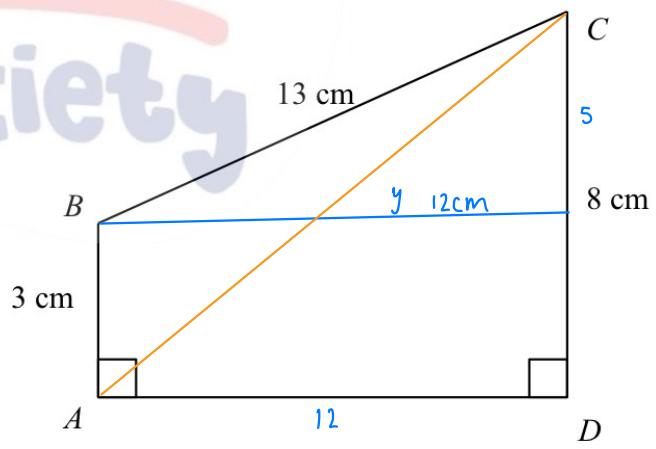
.....cm

(Total for question 9 is 3 marks)

- 10 $ABCD$ is a trapezium.

Calculate the length of AC .
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures..

$$\begin{aligned}y^2 &= 13^2 - 5^2 \\y &= \sqrt{13^2 - 5^2} \\&= 12\text{ cm} \\AC^2 &= 12^2 + 5^2 \\AC &= \sqrt{12^2 + 5^2} \\&= 13\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

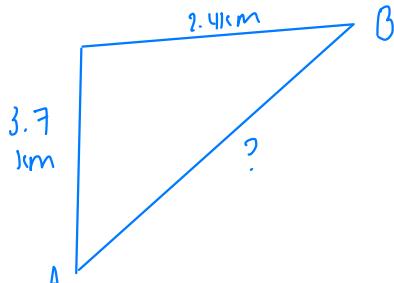


.....cm

(Total for question 10 is 4 marks)

- 11 A ship leaves point A and sails for 3.7 km due North.
The ship then sails for 2.4 km due East to reach point B.

Calculate the the shortest distance between point A and point B.
Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



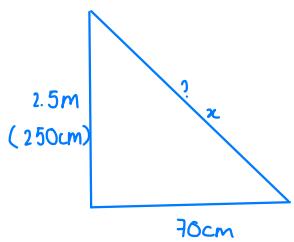
$$\begin{aligned}AB^2 &= 3.7^2 + 2.4^2 \\AB &= \sqrt{3.7^2 + 2.4^2} \\&\approx 4.4 \text{ km}\end{aligned}$$

..... km

(Total for question 11 is 3 marks)

- 12 A ladder reaches 2.5 m up a vertical wall.
The base of the ladder is 70 cm from the base of the wall on a horizontal ground.

Find the length of the ladder.



$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 250^2 + 70^2 \\x &= \sqrt{250^2 + 70^2} \\&\approx 259.6 \text{ cm} \\&\approx 2.6 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

..... m

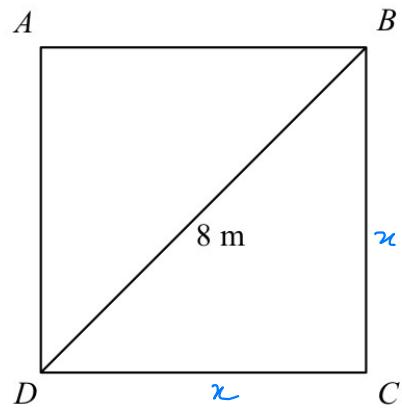
(Total for question 12 is 4 marks)

The Maths Society

- 13 $ABCD$ is a square.
The diagonal of the square is 8 m.

Calculate the perimeter of the square.
Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 + x^2 &= 8^2 \\2x^2 &= 64 \\x^2 &= 32 \\x &= \sqrt{32} \\&= 5.7\text{ m}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}P &= 5.7 \times 4 \\&= 22.8\end{aligned}$$

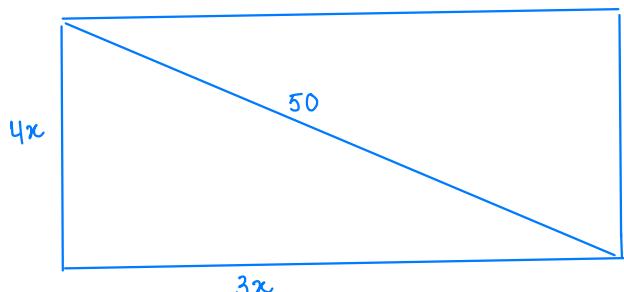
.....m

(Total for question 13 is 3 marks)

- 14 A television has a diagonal length of 50 inches.

The ratio of the length of the television to the width of the television is 4:3

Calculate the length and the width of the television.
Give your answers correct to 1 decimal place.



$$\begin{aligned}4x^2 + 3x^2 &= 50^2 \\7x^2 &= 2500 \\x^2 &= 357.14\dots \\x &= \sqrt{357.14\dots} \\&\approx 18.9\end{aligned}$$

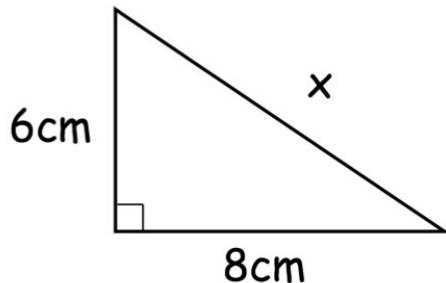
$$\begin{aligned}(l) 4x &= 18.9 \times 4 \\&= 75.6\\(w) 3x &= 18.9 \times 3 = 56.7\end{aligned}$$

Length 75.6 inches

Width 56.7 inches

(Total for question 14 is 3 marks)

1. Shown below is a right angled triangle.



Not drawn
accurately

Use Pythagoras' theorem to work out the value of x.

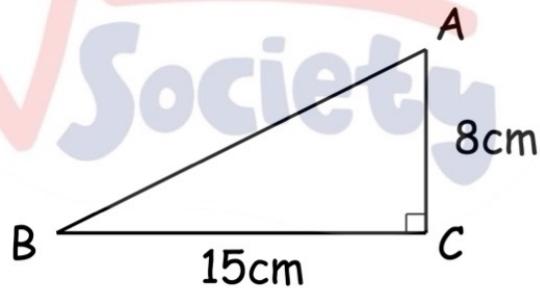
$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 6^2 + 8^2 \\x &= \sqrt{36 + 64} \\&= \sqrt{100} \\&= 10 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... cm
(3)

- 2.



Not drawn
accurately



ABC is a right angled triangle.

$$AC = 8\text{cm}$$

$$BC = 15\text{cm}$$

Calculate the length of AB.

$$\begin{aligned}AB^2 &= 15^2 + 8^2 \\AB &= \sqrt{225 + 64} \\&= \sqrt{289} \\&= 17 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

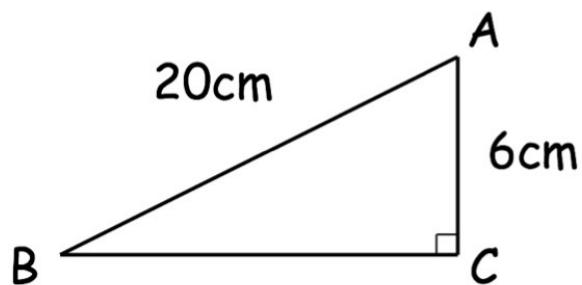
..... cm
(3)

The Maths Society

3.



Not to scale



ABC is a right-angled triangle.

$$AC = 6\text{cm}$$

$$AB = 20\text{cm}$$

Calculate the length of BC.

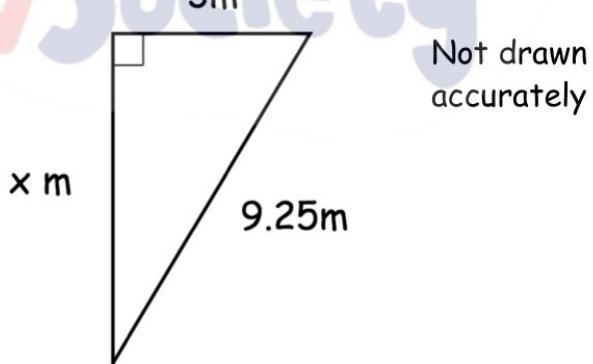
Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned} BC^2 &= 20^2 - 6^2 \\ BC &= \sqrt{20^2 - 6^2} \\ &= 19.1\text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

.....19.1..... cm
(3)

4.

Below is a right-angled triangle.



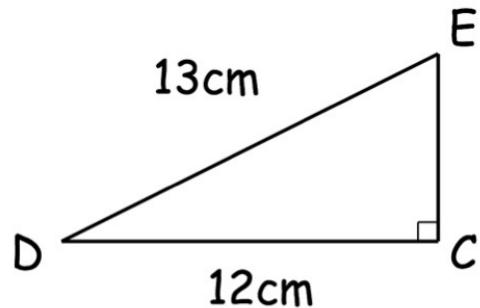
Work out the value of x

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 9.25^2 - 3^2 \\ x &= \sqrt{9.25^2 - 3^2} \\ &= 8.75\text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

.....8.75..... m
(3)

The Maths Society

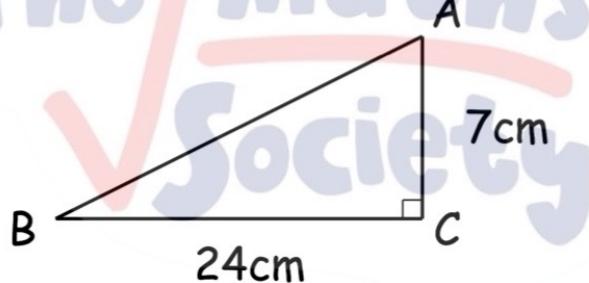
5. Shown below is a right angled triangle, CDE.



Not to scale

Work out the length of CE.

$$\begin{aligned}CE^2 &= 13^2 - 12^2 \\CE &= \sqrt{169 - 144} \\&= \sqrt{25} \\&= 5 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$



.....
5cm
(3)

Not drawn
accurately

ABC is a right-angled triangle.

$$AC = 7 \text{ cm.}$$

$$BC = 24 \text{ cm.}$$

Calculate the length of AB.

$$\begin{aligned}AB^2 &= 7^2 + 24^2 \\AB &= \sqrt{7^2 + 24^2} \\&= 25 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

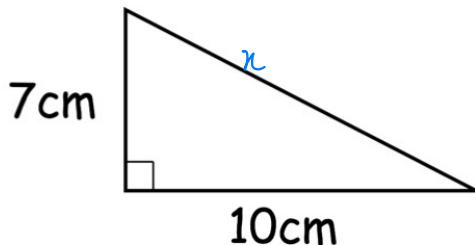
.....
25cm
(3)

The Maths Society

7. Shown is a right-angled triangle.



Not to scale



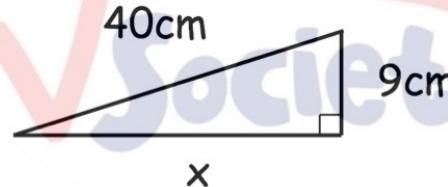
Work out the perimeter of the triangle
Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 7^2 + 10^2 \\x &= \sqrt{49 + 100} \\&\approx 12.2\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}P &= 7 + 10 + 12.2 \\&\approx 29.2\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... 29.2 cm
(4)

- 8.



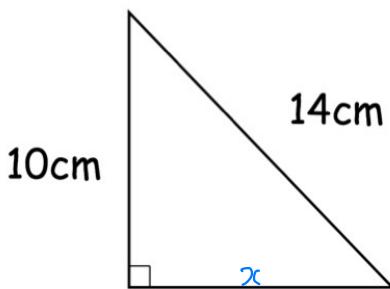
Charles says that the length of the missing side is 41cm.
Here is his method:

$$\begin{aligned}a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\9^2 + 40^2 &= x^2 \\81 + 1600 &= x^2 \\x^2 &= 1681 \\x &= 41\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

Explain his mistake.

..... $x^2 \neq c^2$, $40^2 = c^2$

9.



Not drawn
to scale

Shown is a right-angled triangle.

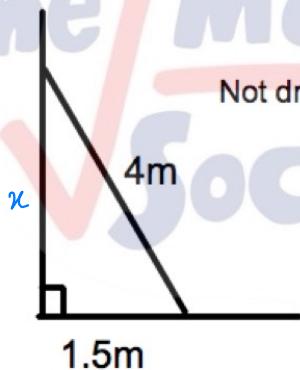
Calculate the area of the triangle

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 14^2 - 10^2 \\x &= \sqrt{14^2 - 10^2} \\&= 9.80 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times 9.80 \times 10 \\&= 49.0 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

..... 49.0 cm²
(4)

10.



Not drawn to scale

A 4 metre ladder is placed against a vertical wall.

The base of the ladder is 1.5 metres from the base of the wall.

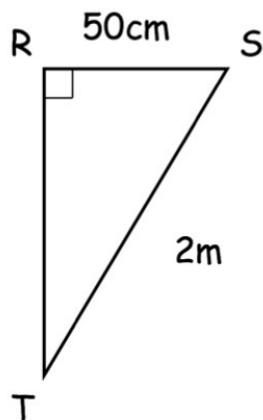
Work out how far the ladder reaches up the wall.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 4^2 - 1.5^2 \\x &= \sqrt{4^2 - 1.5^2} \\&= 3.7 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

..... 3.7 m
(3)

The Maths Society

11.

Not drawn
accurately

RST is a right-angled triangle.

RS is 50cm : 0.5m

ST is 2m

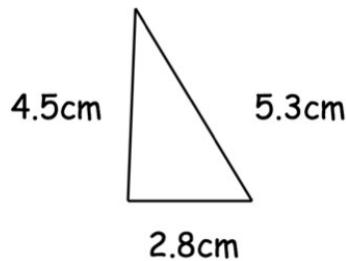
Calculate the length of RT

Give your answer in metres, correct to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned}RT^2 &= 2^2 - 0.5^2 \\RT &= \sqrt{2^2 - 0.5^2} \\&\approx 1.9\text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

..... 1.9 m
(4)

12. Belinda sketches the triangle below.

Not drawn
accurately

Show that the triangle is right-angled.

$$\begin{aligned}4.5^2 + 2.8^2 &= \sqrt{4.5^2 + 2.8^2} \\&\approx 5.3\text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

13. Nicole draws a triangle.



The lengths of the sides are 4cm, 6cm and 7cm.

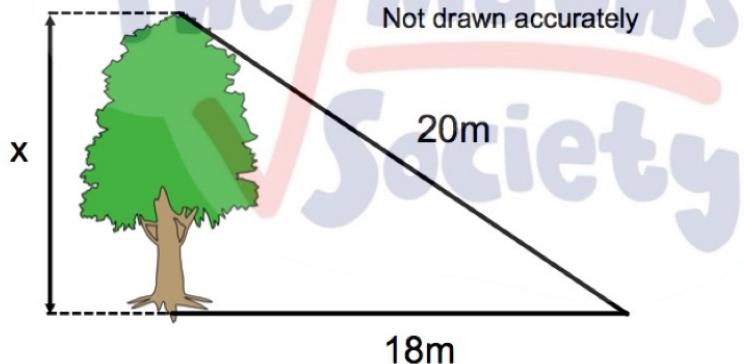
Is the triangle a right-angled triangle?

Explain your answer.

$$4^2 + 6^2 = \sqrt{4^2 + 6^2} = 7.21\text{ cm} \neq 7\text{ cm} \text{ (not right angled } \Delta)$$

(2)

- 14.



18m

The distance from a point on the ground to the base of a tree is 18 metres.

The distance from a point on the ground to the top of a tree is 20 metres.

Calculate the height of the tree.

Give the answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 20^2 - 18^2 \\x &= \sqrt{20^2 - 18^2} \\&= 8.7\text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

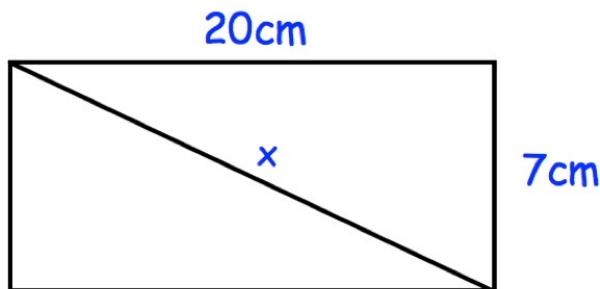
8.7

..... m

The Maths Society

(3)

15. Shown below is a rectangle.

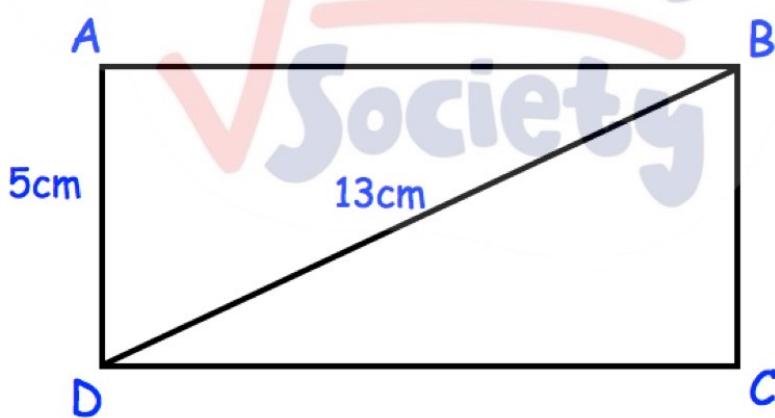


Find the length of the diagonal, x.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 20^2 + 7^2 \\x &= \sqrt{20^2 + 7^2} \\&\approx 21.2 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... 21.2 cm
(3)

16. Below is rectangle, ABCD



$$AD = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$BD = 13 \text{ cm}$$

Calculate the area of rectangle ABCD.

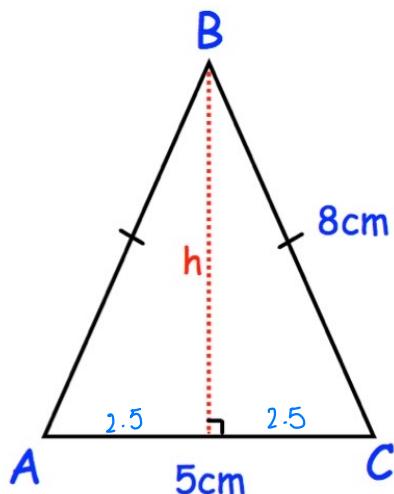
$$\begin{aligned}AB^2 &= 13^2 - 5^2 \\AB &= \sqrt{13^2 - 5^2} \\&\approx 12 \text{ cm} \\ \text{Area} &= 12 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} \\&= 60 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

..... 60 cm²
(3)

The Maths Society

17. ABC is an isosceles triangle.

 AB = BC = 8cm
AC = 5cm



Not drawn accurately

Calculate the height of the triangle, h.

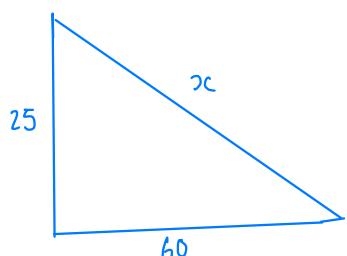
$$\begin{aligned} h^2 &= 8^2 - 2.5^2 \\ &\approx \sqrt{8^2 - 2.5^2} \\ &= 7.6 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

.....1.6.....cm
(3)

18. A helicopter is flying from Redville to Leek.

 The helicopter departs Redville, flies 60 miles **west**, then 25 miles **north** and arrives in Leek.

Work out the direct distance of Leek from Redville.



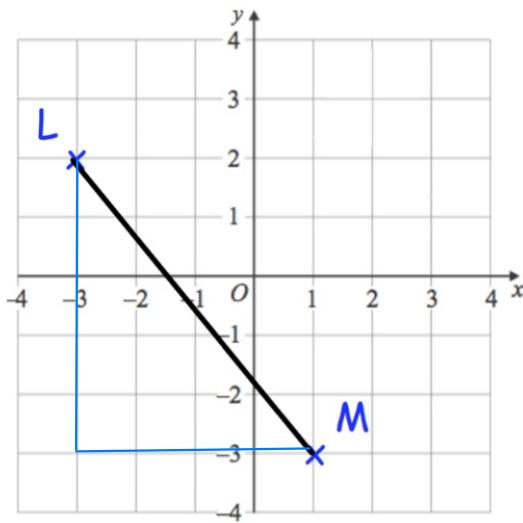
$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 25^2 + 60^2 \\ x &= \sqrt{25^2 + 60^2} \end{aligned}$$

: 65 miles

.....65.....miles
(3)

The Maths Society

19. A line joining the points L (-3, 2) and M(1, -3)



Work out the length of line LM.

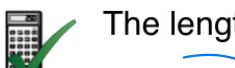
Give your answer to 3 decimal places.

(3)

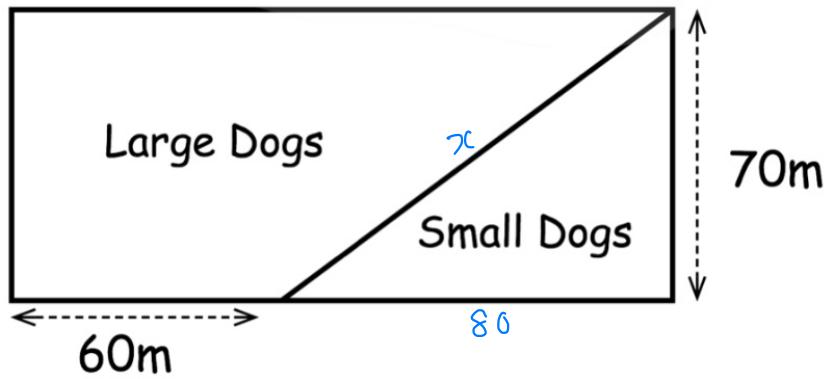
$$\begin{aligned}LM^2 &= 5^2 + 4^2 \\LM &= \sqrt{5^2 + 4^2} \\&= 6.403 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

20. A council are designing a dog park that will be in a rectangular field.

The length of the field is twice the width of the field.



The field will be divided by a wall into two sections, one for large dogs and the other for small dogs.



$$140 \cdot 60 = 80$$

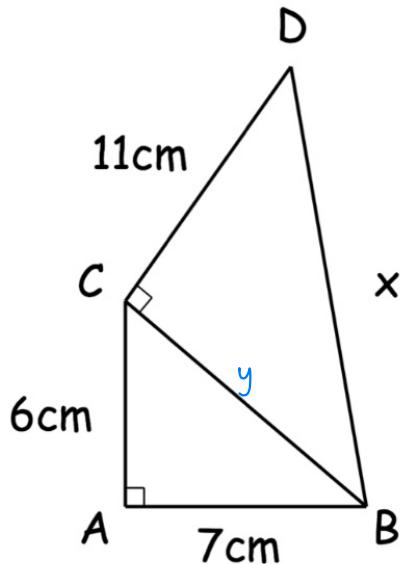
Work out the length of the wall dividing the two sections.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 80^2 + 70^2 \\x &= \sqrt{80^2 + 70^2} \\&= 106.3 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

.....106.3.....m

The Maths Society (4)

21. Below are two triangles, ABC and BCD.



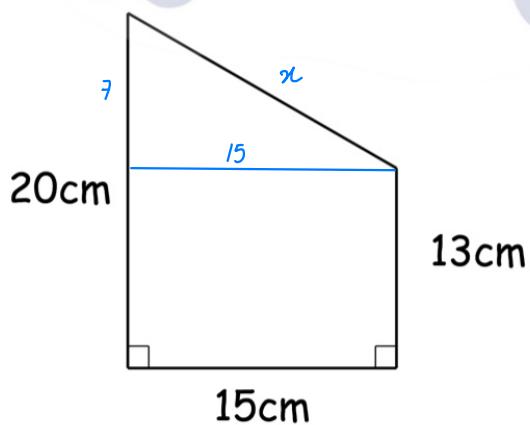
Find the length of BD.

$$\begin{aligned}BC^2 &= 6^2 + 7^2 \\BC &= \sqrt{6^2 + 7^2} \\&= 9.2 \text{ cm} \\BD^2 &= 9.2^2 + 11^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}BD &= \sqrt{9.2^2 + 11^2} \\&= 14.4 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

.....cm
(4)

22. A frame is made from wire.
The frame is a trapezium.



Calculate the total length of wire needed to make the frame.
Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

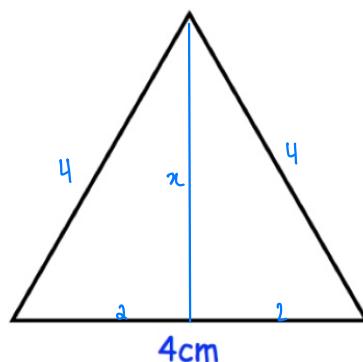
$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 7^2 + 15^2 \\x &= \sqrt{7^2 + 15^2} \\&= 16.55 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{total} &= 16.55 + 20 + 13 + 15 \\&= 64.55 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

.....cm
(4)

The Maths Society

23. Shown below is an equilateral triangle of side length 4cm



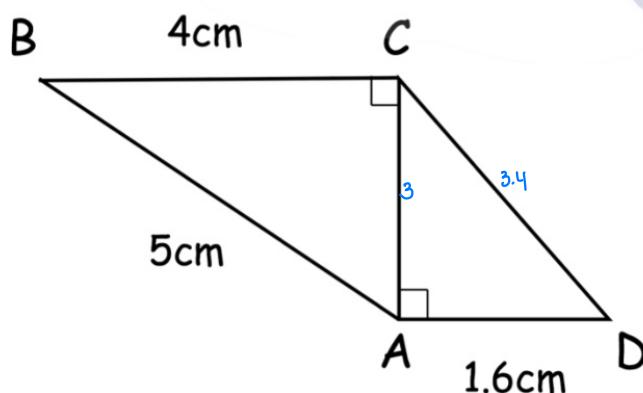
Not drawn
accurately

Calculate the area of the triangle

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 4^2 - 2^2 \\x &= \sqrt{4^2 - 2^2} \\&\approx 3.46 \\ \text{area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 3.46 \\&\approx 6.9 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

..... cm²
(5)

24. Rebecca makes a metal frame for a brooch by joining 5 pieces of wire.



Not drawn
accurately

The mass of the wire is 0.489g per centimetre.

Calculate the mass of the metal frame.

$$\begin{aligned}AC^2 &= 5^2 - 4^2 \\AC &= \sqrt{5^2 - 4^2} \\&\approx 3\text{cm} \\DC^2 &= 3^2 + 1.6^2 \\DC &= \sqrt{3^2 + 1.6^2} \\&\approx 3.4\text{cm}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{total} = 4 + 5 + 3 + 3.4 + 1.6$$

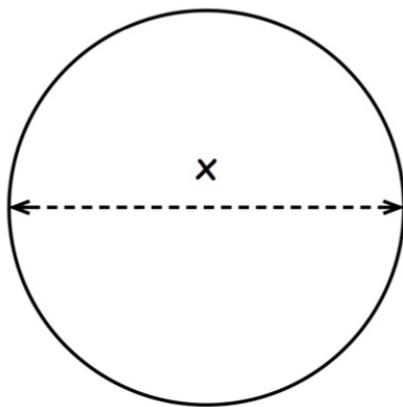
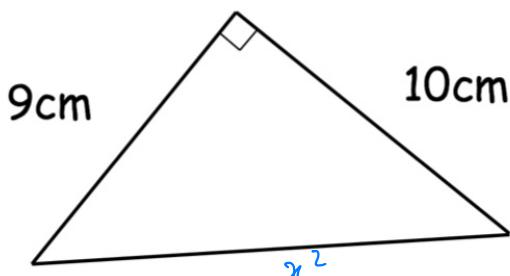
$$= 17$$

$$\text{mass} = 17 \times 0.489 = 8.313\text{g}$$

..... g

The Maths Society (5)

25. Shown below is a right-angled triangle and a circle.



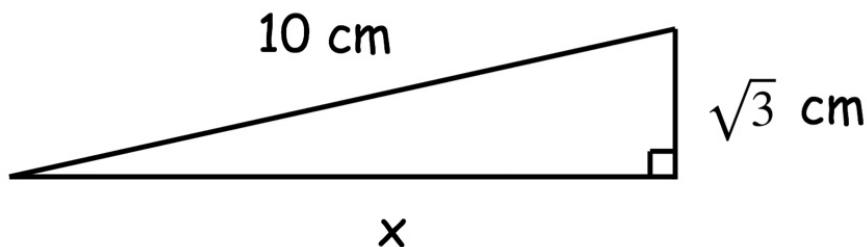
The perimeter of the triangle is equal to the circumference of the circle.

Find the diameter of the circle, x.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 9^2 + 10^2 \\x &= \sqrt{9^2 + 10^2} \\&\approx 13.5 \text{ cm} \\ \text{diameter} &= 13.5 + 9 + 10 \\&= 32.5 \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... 32.5 cm
(4)

26. Shown below is a right-angled triangle.



Work out the length of x

Leave your answer as a surd.

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 &= 10^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2 \\x &= \sqrt{100 - 3} \\&= \sqrt{97} \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

..... $\sqrt{97}$ cm
(3)