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Graph Data Science



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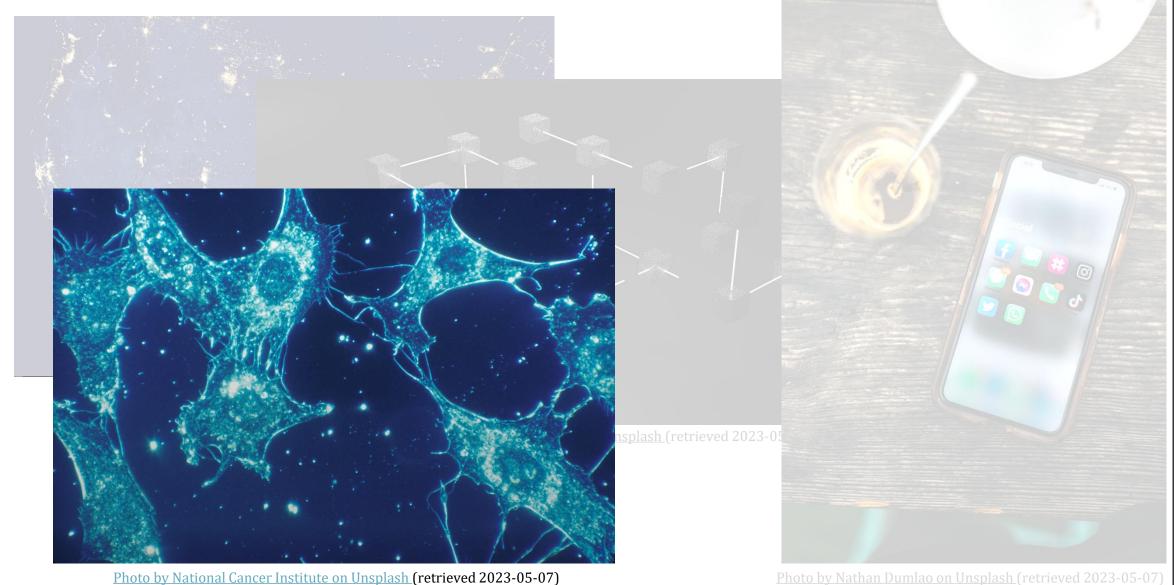
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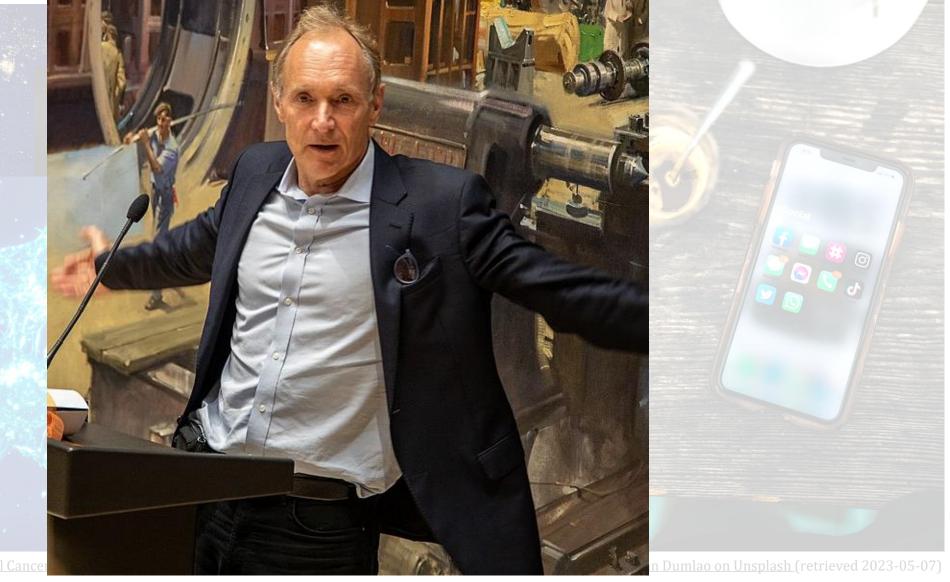


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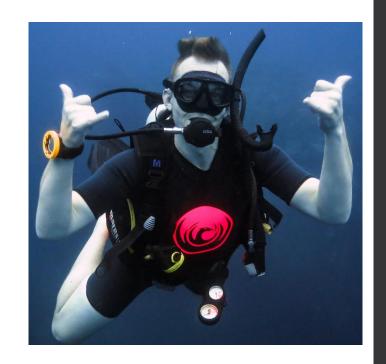
This course – getting to know each other

About me: Nanotechnology → theoretical physics → complex systems → PhD in Computer Science / AI → Sr. Data Scientist at FedEx

My contact: <u>ilja.rausch@pm.me</u>

My LinkedIn: linkedin.com/in/ilja-rausch/

Disclaimer: None of the material is linked to FedEx!



This course – getting to know each other

About you

- Your background and interests
 - Engineering (mechanical, industrial, technology and systems)
 - Innovation and design
 - Cybersecurity

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 - Business / industry
- Motivation to take this course
 - Fun / curiosity
 - Career development
 - FOMO
 - Other



• Attendance: in my view, not 100% mandatory



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Computer:

- useful but not a must to follow the lectures
- strongly recommended for the graded presentation



Slides: will be shared



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- one presentation (10-15 minutes) per student, 5 minutes Q&A
- in groups of two; Dates: Jul 3rd Jul 5th



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- all tools are allowed (PowerPoint, LaTeX, Google Slides)
- strongly invited to do your own literature research
 - Wikipedia is acceptable for images but insufficient for information
 - ChatGPT is allowed but <u>be very very careful</u>



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- cover the core notions about the selected topic + limitations
- in simplified terms (similar to a technical presentation given to the upper management in business)
- pack the information into a story (make it a fun story if you want); build an imaginary business case

Course overview - topics for presentations

- 1. Network centrality (PageRank, Katz)
- 2. Network controllability and control nodes
- 3. Trees in ML: random forests and gradient boosting
- 4. GNNs (GraphSAGE, GIN)
- 5. Reinforcement learning
- 6. Word/Text embeddings
- 7. Clustering and vector similarity in ML
- 8. Dimensionality reduction (PCA and t-SNE)
- 9. Data sampling techniques (SMOTE)
- 10. Bayesian hyperparameter tuning
- 11. Explainable AI (XAI), Feature importance
- 12. Recommender Systems

- 13. Multivariate testing and A/B testing
- 14. Time Series (ARIMA, drift and temporal networks)
- 15. Meta-heuristics and Genetic Algorithms/ACO/PSO
- 16. Collective foraging/flocking
- 17. Site-selection + inhibition in bee colonies
- 18. Simulating signal propagation on networks
- 19. Qubits
- 20. Prompt engineering

Course overview - syllabus

	Sessio n#	Description
	1	Introductory lecture, course overview; some useful tools from statistics
K 1	2	Introduction to Network Science
WEEK 1	3	Introduction to Machine Learning
	4	Neural Networks
	5	Deep Learning architectures: CNNs, Attention, Transformers, BERT
WEEK 2	6	Knowledge Graphs and Graph Neural Networks
	7	Data mining; Quantum computing;
	8	Collective intelligence, simulation and agent-based modeling
	9	Practical tips for software and ML development
	10	Practical tips for working in the private sector (business, industry)
WEEK 3	11	Students' presentations I
	12	Students' presentations II
	13	Students' presentations III
	14	Guided hands-on session for creating a simple PoC with GNNs and Python
	15	Last day of class: grading and general feedback



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<u>Course overview – my promise</u>

- The course will widen your horizon
- Provide a broad (but incomplete) overview of Graph Data Science
- Lower the barrier to entry, enabling you to explore beyond
- Some insights useful for business / industry



Image created with Dall-E 2 (created 2023-05-13)

<u>Useful literature and tutorials</u>

- The Art of Statistics book by D. Spiegelhalter
- Statistics course by J. Blitzstein (Harvard)
- Network science book by A.-L. Barabási
- The Machine and Deep Learning Compendium
- A high-bias, low-variance introduction to Machine Learning for physicists paper by Mehta et al.
- Machine Learning course by Y. Abu-Mostafa
- Neural Networks lecture by F. Marquardt
- Deep Learning course by Andrew Ng
- Attention is all you need publication by Vaswani et al.
- Gentle introduction to GNNs web article by Sanchez-Lengeling et al.
- Machine Learning with Graphs by J. Leskovec (Stanford)
- Collective Motion paper by Viscek et al.
- Corey Shafer YouTube channel
- Scaled Agile Framework material



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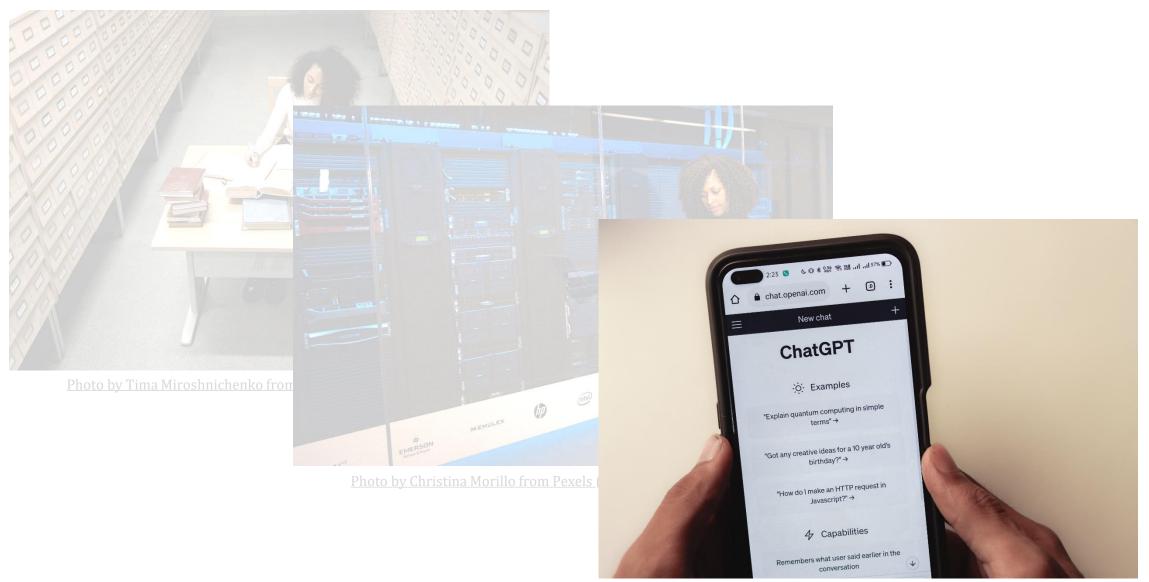


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Data analysis

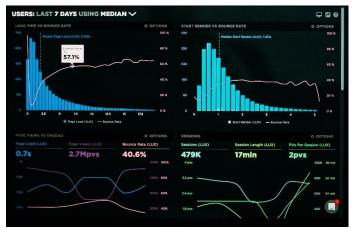


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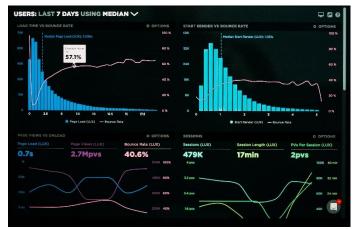


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Data bases & DevOps

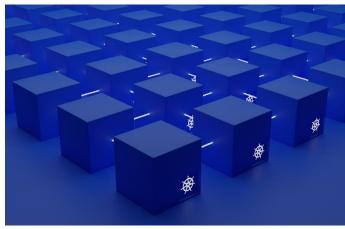


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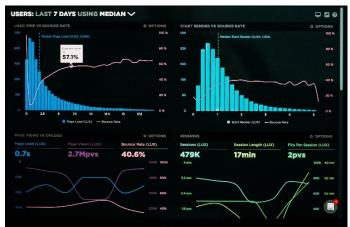


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AI and software dev



Photo by Christopher Gower on Unsplash (retrieved 2023-05-13)

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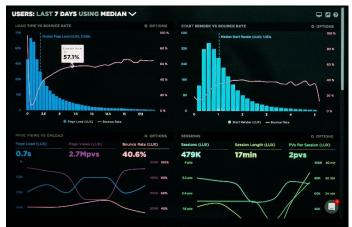


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Graphs / Networks

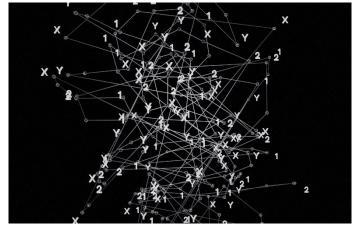
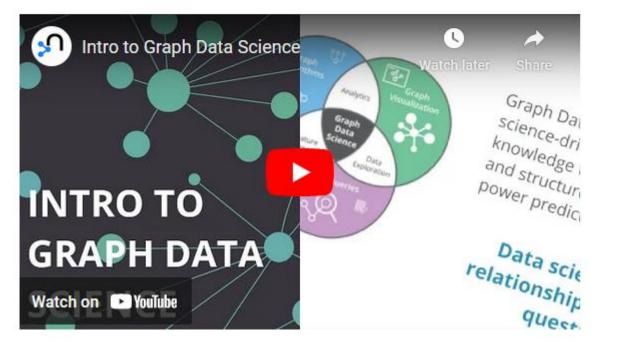


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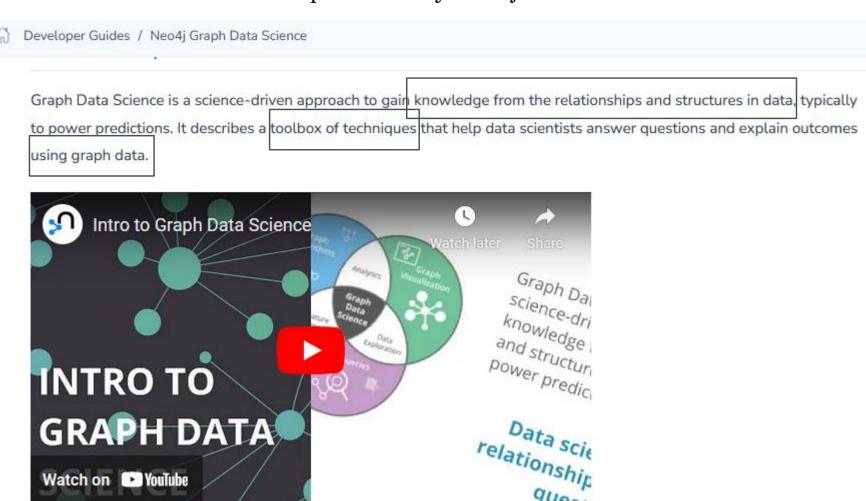
Graph Data Science term coined / promoted by Neo4j

Developer Guides / Neo4j Graph Data Science

Graph Data Science is a science-driven approach to gain knowledge from the relationships and structures in data, typically to power predictions. It describes a toolbox of techniques that help data scientists answer questions and explain outcomes using graph data.



Graph Data Science term coined / promoted by Neo4j



quest.

Introduction to Graph Data Science

What is Graph Data Science?

"Traditional Data Science"

"Graph Data Science"

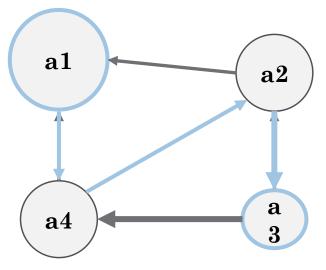
"Traditional Data Science"

structured data

	a1	a2	a3	a4
r1	0	0	0	1
r2	1	0	1	0
r3	0	1	0	1
r 4	1	1	0	0

"Graph Data Science"

graph-structured data



"Traditional Data Science"

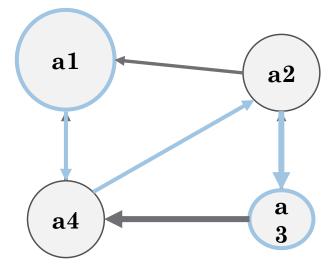
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- Databases
- Neural Networks
- Data mining

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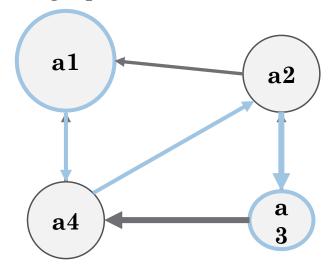
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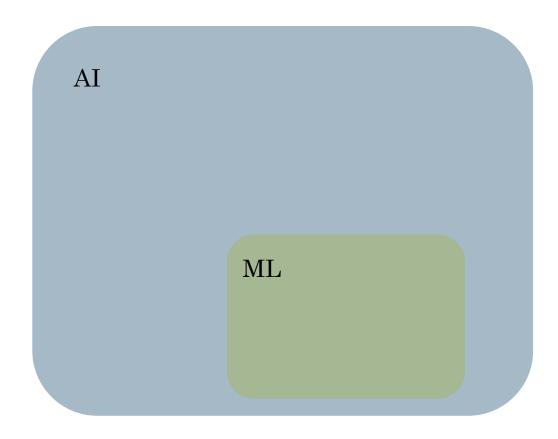
"Graph Data Science"

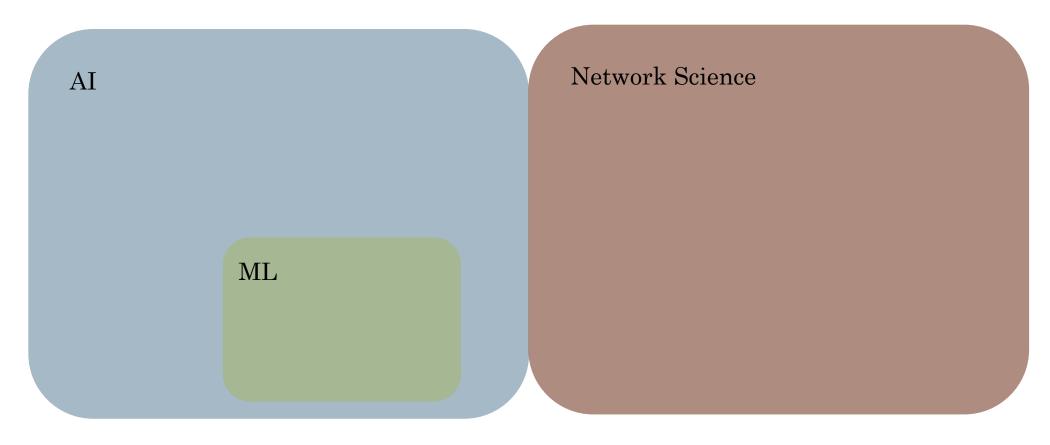
graph-structured data

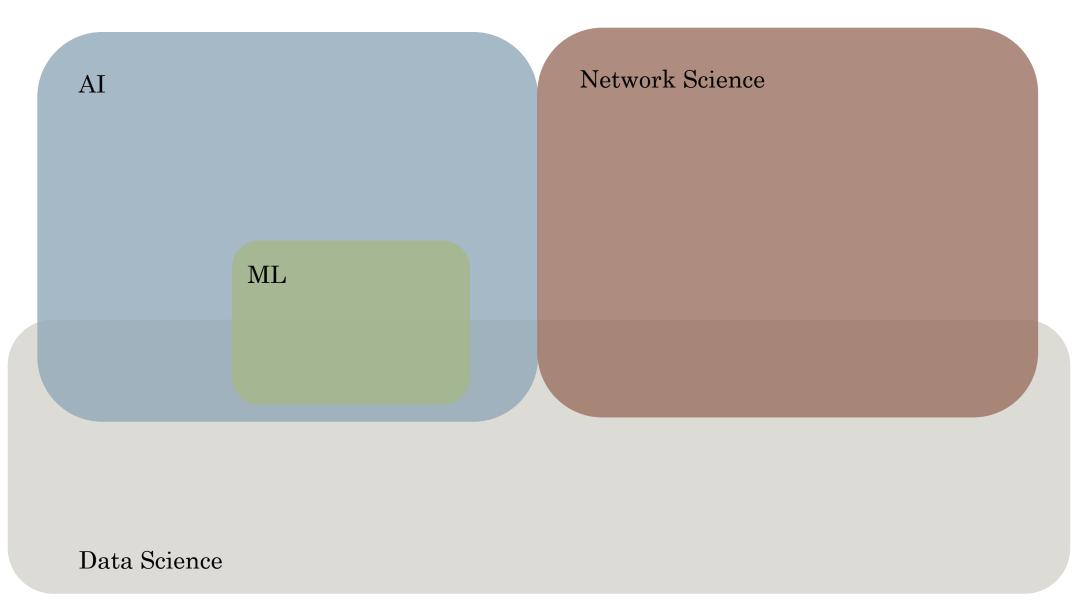


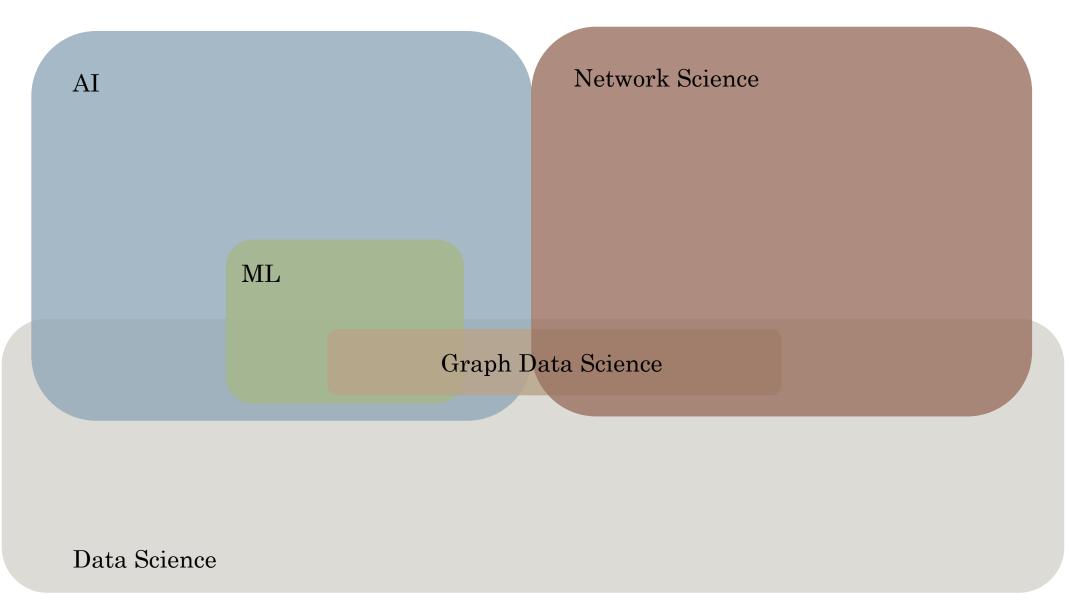
- Graph databases
- Graph Neural Networks
- Graph mining

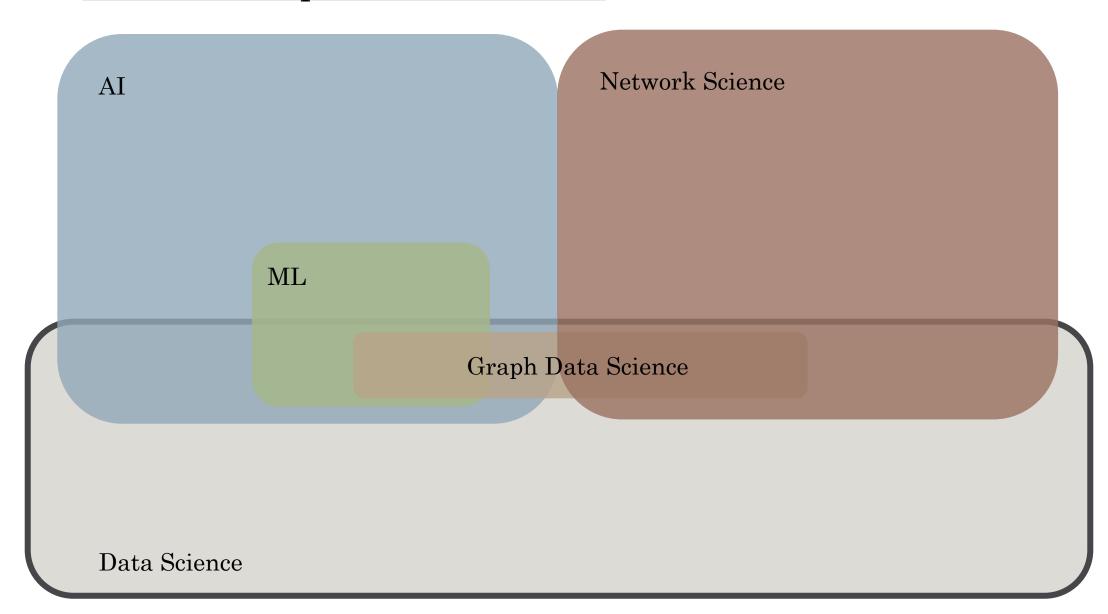
GDS = Data Science enriched with complex data relations



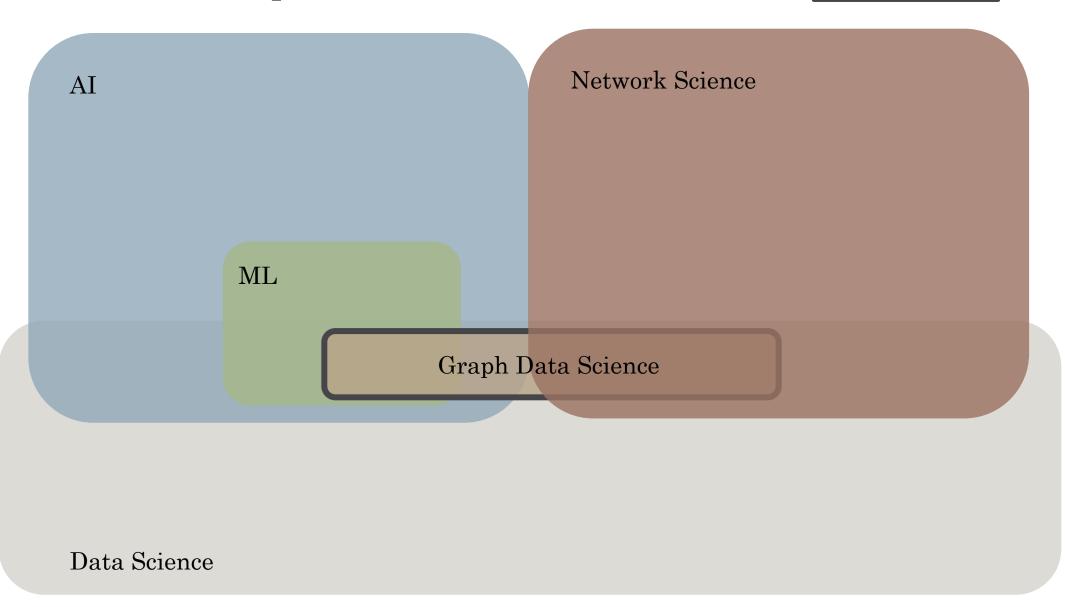


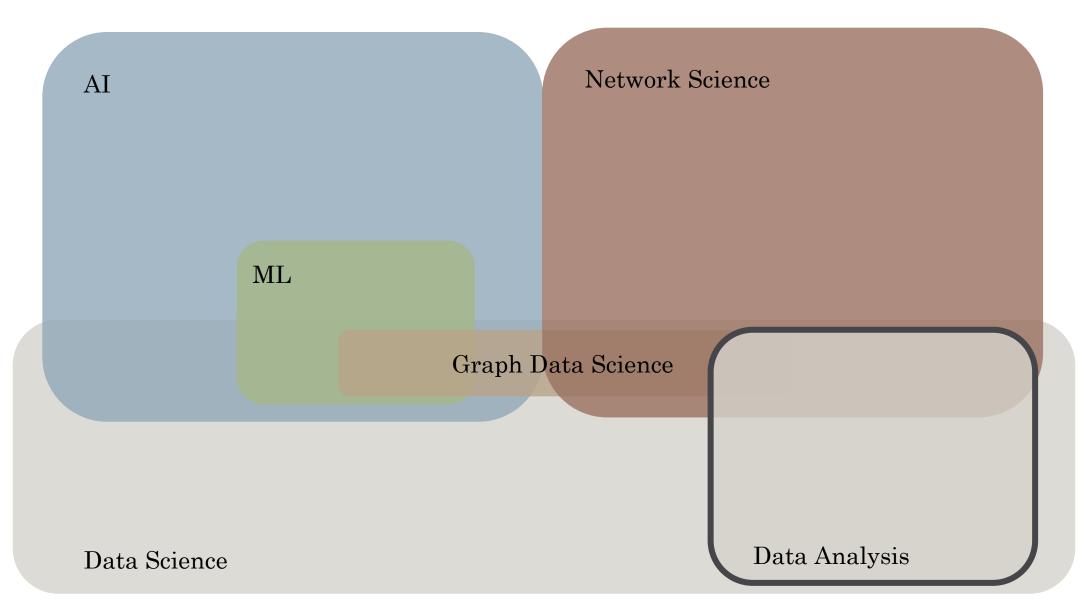


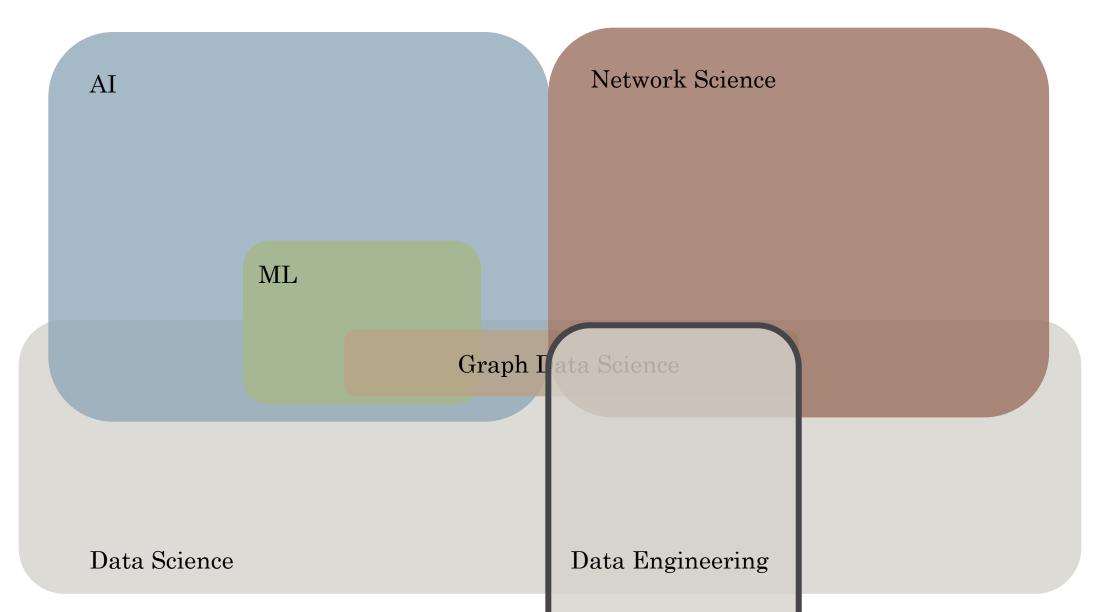




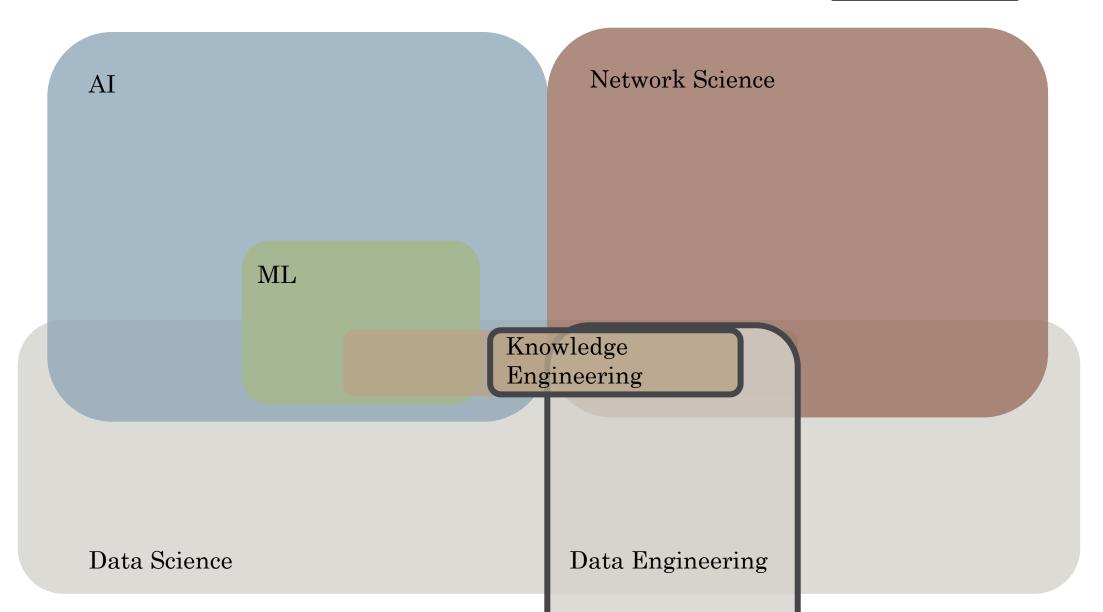
Graph Data Scientist

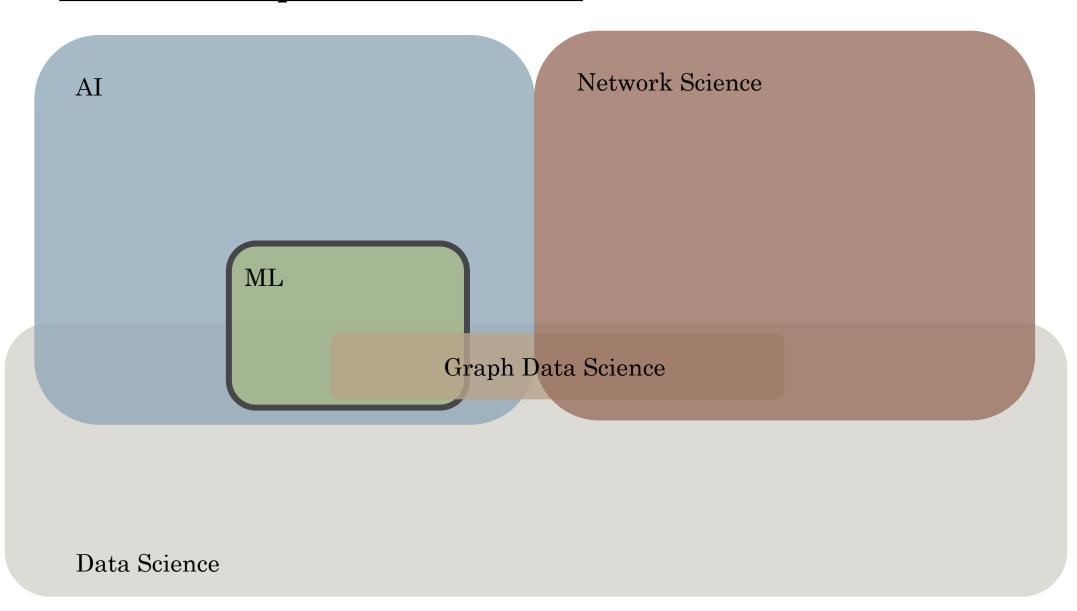


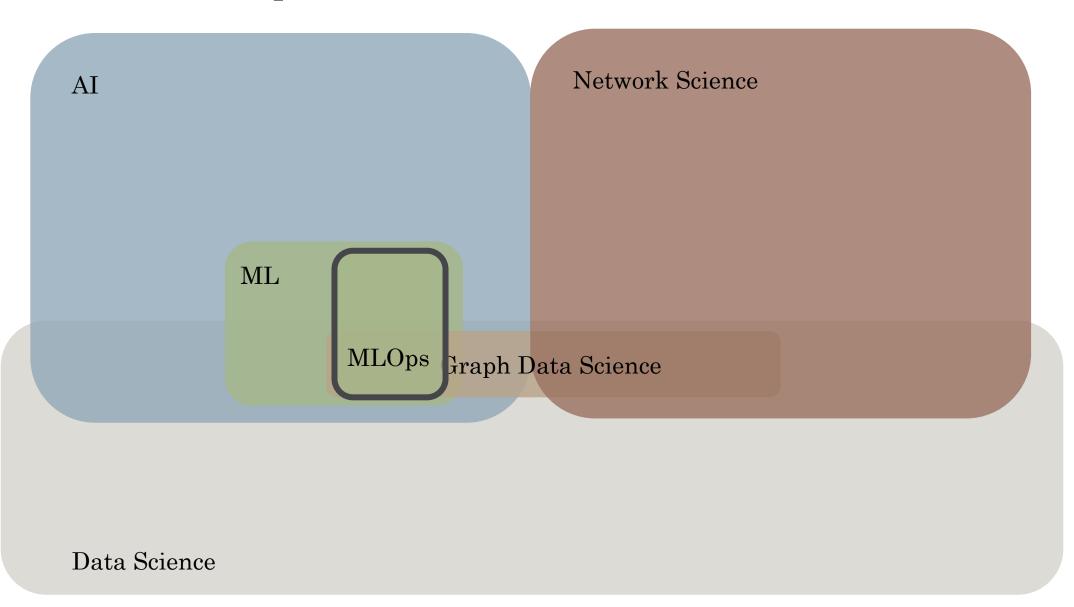




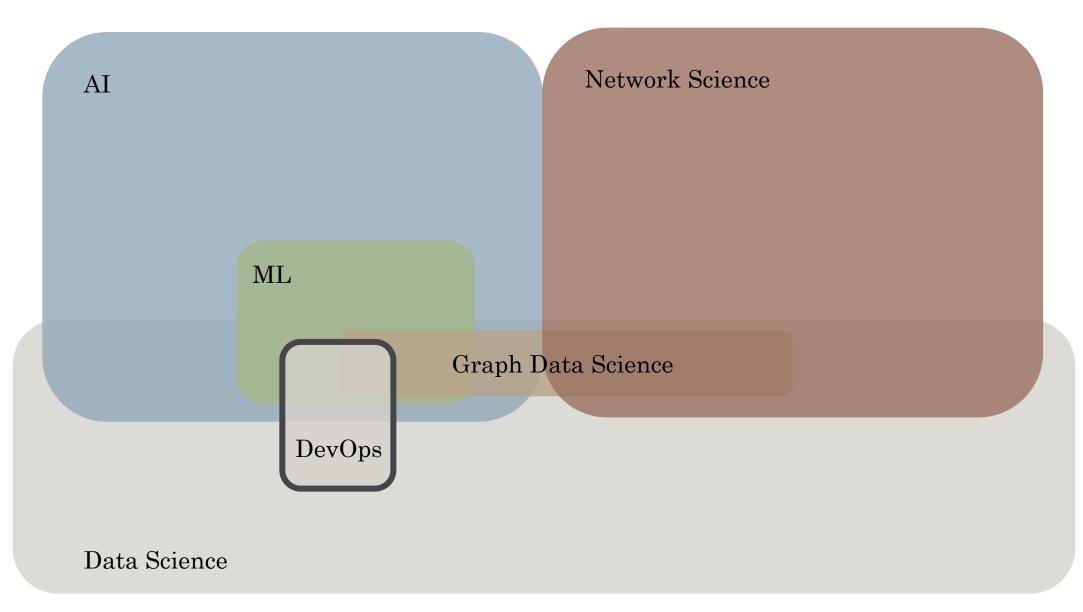
Knowledge Engineer







What is Graph Data Science?



A work week in the life of a GDS

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Emails / chat	Emails / chat	Emails / chat	Emails / chat	Emails / chat
Data analysisAIML devOther software devDebugging	Team call Other call/email	Project support activities (e.g. documentation, maintenance, git, venvs, gpu)	Data analysisAIML devSoftware devDebuggingR&D	Continuous learning Other call/email
Lunch/office chat	Lunch/office chat	Lunch/office chat	Lunch/office chat	Lunch/office chat
Calls / meetings • Manager		Alignment calls	Other call/email	 Data analysis AIML dev Other software dev Debugging R&D
BusinessPeersKnowledge		Data-related work (engineering, DevOps)	Documentation Preparing slides Dashboard dev	

1. Identify the problem / a business need



- 1. Identify the problem / a business need
- 2. Formulate an idea in analytical ways, think of a solution
- 3. Implement a small prototype for the solution







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- 4. Prepare a PoC







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4. Prepare a PoC



- 5. Promote, validate with business, get feedback, evaluate
- 6. Improve and test again



MONTHS

A YEAF

A typical Data Science project workflow

- 1. Identify the problem / a business need
- 2. Formulate an idea in analytical ways, think of a solution
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4. Prepare a PoC



- 5. Promote, validate with business, get feedback, evaluate
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- 7. Create MVP





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4. Prepare a PoC

MONTHS



- 5. Promote, validate with business, get feedback, evaluate
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8. Test and improve



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2. Formulate an idea in analytical ways, think of a solution

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4. Prepare a PoC

MONTHS



- 5. Promote, validate with business, get feedback, evaluate
- 6. Improve and test again
- 7. Create MVP



- 8. Test and improve
- 9. Monitor and maintain







A typical data modelling pipeline

Data focus

- 1. Data collection
- 2. Data understanding
- 3. Data cleaning and processing

A typical data modelling pipeline

1. Data collection

2. Data understanding

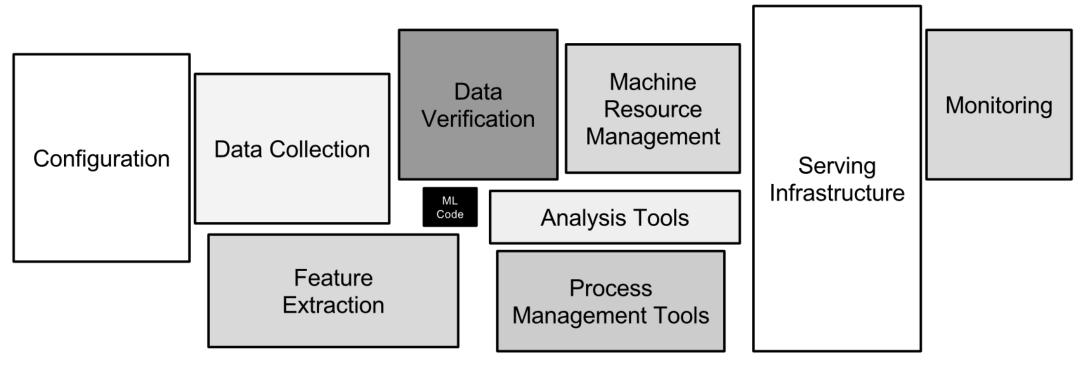
3. Data cleaning and processing

4. Model development and training

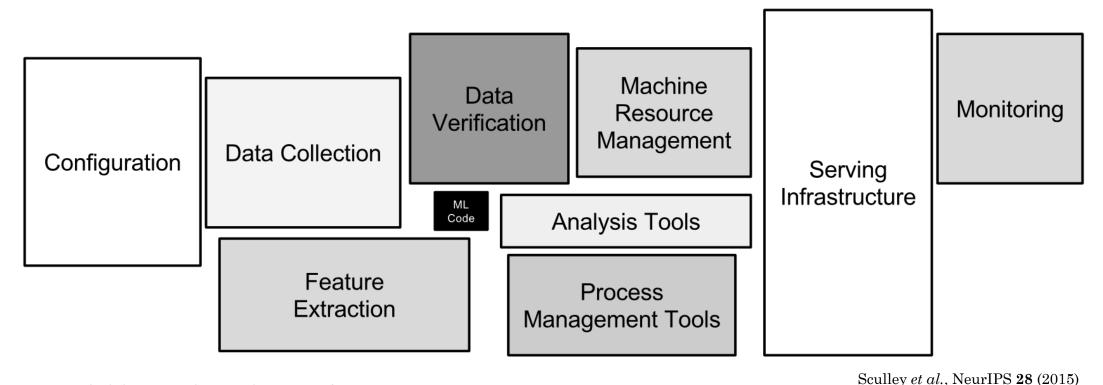
5. Model testing and business validation

6. Model deployment (and/or dashboard deployment)

7. Model maintenance (incl. retraining + retesting)

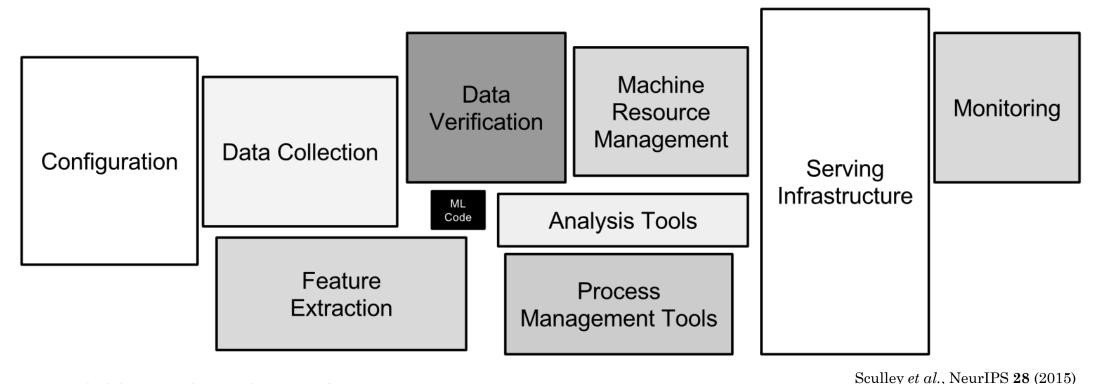


Sculley et al., NeurIPS 28 (2015)



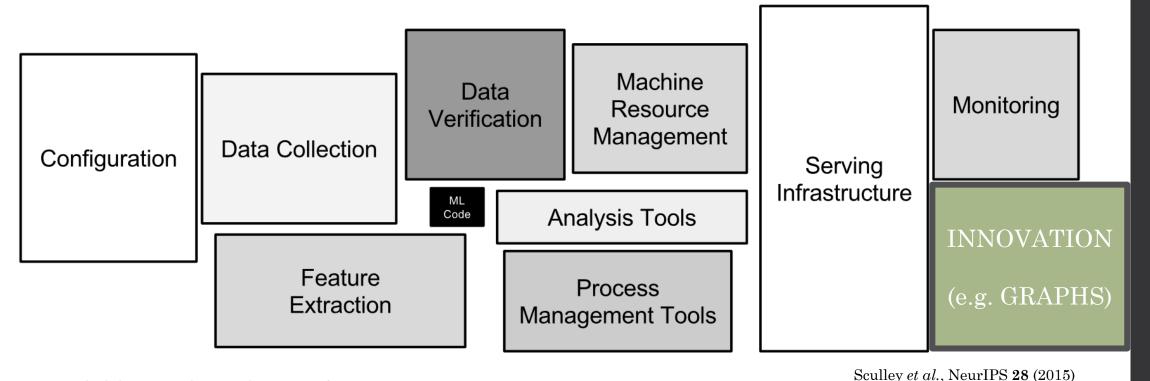
Additional conditions for success:

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