

Problem 1: Input a, b, M

Output: $a^b \% M$

$$-10 \% 3 = -1$$

$$O(\log b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -12 - (-10) \\ & = -12 + 10 = -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{) \begin{array}{r} -10 \\ -12 \\ \hline +2 \end{array}} \quad (-4) \end{array}$$

$$2^{100} \% 17 \rightarrow \text{pow}(2, 10)$$

$$T.C: O(b)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a \leq 10^9 \\ b \leq 10^{12} \\ M \leq 10^{12} \end{array}$$

BigMod

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 1024 \% 5 & \rightarrow & (4) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 2^{10} & \rightarrow & 1 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 2 \cdot 2 & & 2 \end{array}$$

$$5 \% 3 = 2$$

$$9 \% 3 = 0$$

$$(-10) \% 3 = -1 ?$$

$$+1 ?$$

$$2 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$-3$$

$$-6$$

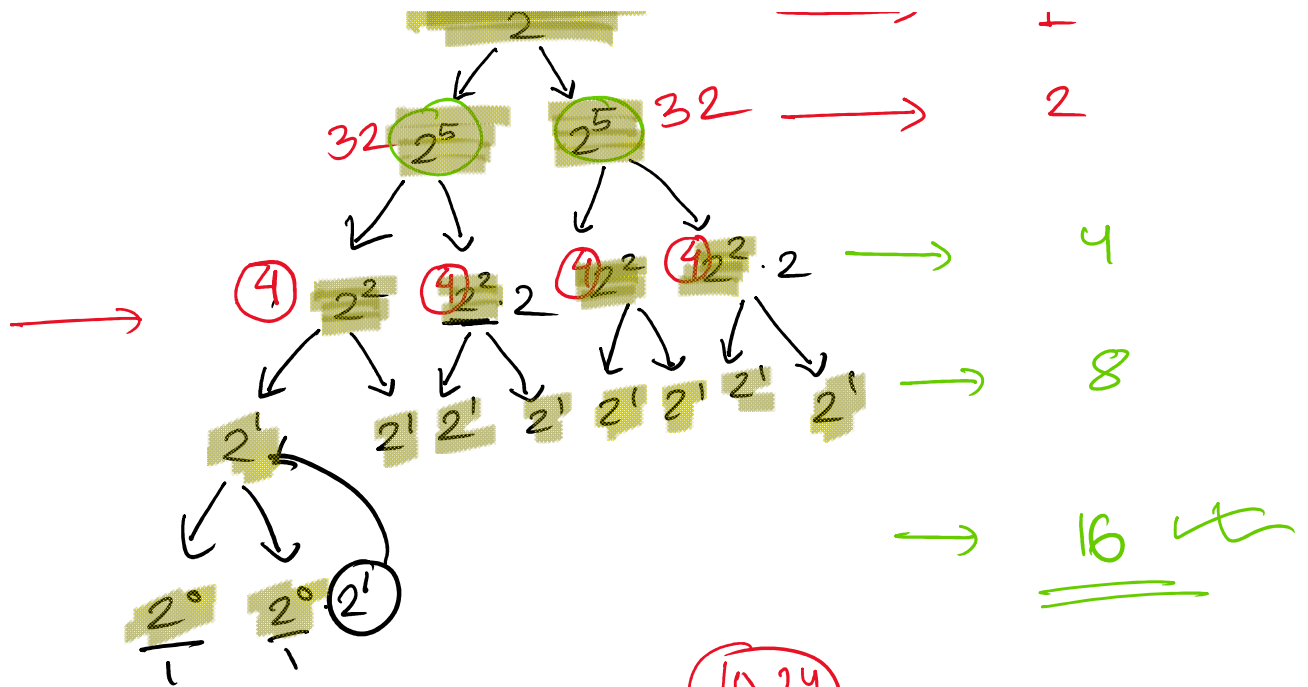
$$-9$$

$$-10$$

$$-12$$

$$-15$$

(2)



b
 \downarrow
 $b/2$
 \downarrow
 $b/4$
 \downarrow
 $b/8$
 \vdots
 \downarrow
 0

$2^{10} \leftarrow 1024$
 $2^5 = x_1 \mid y_1 = (x_1 * x_1) \cdot 2 = 1024$
 $2^2 = x_2 \mid y_2 = (x_2 * x_2 * 2) = 32$
 $2^1 = x_3 \mid y_3 = (x_3 * x_3) = 4$
 $2^0 = x_4 \mid y_4 = \left(\frac{x_4}{1} * \frac{x_4}{1} * 2\right) = 2$



$$O(\log b)$$

$$(a * b) \% M = ((a \% M) * (b \% M)) \% M \quad \checkmark$$

$$(a / b) \% M = ((a \% M) / (b \% M)) \% M \quad \times$$

$$1^0 = 1$$

$$100^0 = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

Problem 2: Given, $N \leq 10^{12}$
prime factorize $N \rightarrow P$

$$O(N)$$

$$24 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$$

$$= 2^3 \times 3^1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 24} \\ 2 \overline{) 12} \\ 2 \overline{) 6} \\ 3 \overline{) 3} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, ... P

$$[1 - N]$$

$$\frac{N}{\ln(N)}$$

$$p \times q = N$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \overline{) 125} \\ 5 \overline{) 25} \\ 5 \overline{) 5} \\ 1 \end{array} \quad \underline{\underline{125}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad p < \sqrt{N} \text{ and } q < \sqrt{N} \quad \times$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad p > \sqrt{N} \text{ and } q < \sqrt{N} \quad \times$$

$$\checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark$$

$$2, 3, 4, \underline{\underline{5}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad p > \sqrt{N} \quad \text{and} \quad q < \sqrt{N} \quad \times$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad p > \sqrt{N} \quad \text{and} \quad q > \sqrt{N} \quad \times$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad p < \sqrt{N} \quad \text{and} \quad q > \sqrt{N} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad p = \sqrt{N} \quad \text{and} \quad q = \sqrt{N} \quad \checkmark$$

$$p \cdot q > N$$

$$\downarrow \quad \uparrow$$

$$< \sqrt{N} \quad > \sqrt{N}$$

$$N = p_1^{a_1} \times p_2^{a_2} \times p_3^{a_3} \times p_4^{a_4}$$

$$N = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5}{< \sqrt{N} <} \times \overset{\textcircled{X}}{97} = 5820/60$$

$$\sqrt{N} = 76$$

$$\frac{N}{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5} = \frac{97}{\uparrow}$$

$$\underline{\underline{O(\sqrt{N})}}$$

$$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 31 = 1860$$

$$\sqrt{1860} = 43$$

$$\frac{N}{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 31} = \textcircled{1}$$