

# CS747 Assignment 2

Yash Salunkhe - 210020156

## 1 Task 1

My implementations of the algorithms Value Iteration, Linear Programming and Howard's Policy Iteration are in the file `planner.py`. Tiebreaks are done randomly as I have used `np.argmax` in my code. The parameters `endstate`, `mdptype` are not required as these algorithms do not need this information to find optimal value functions. One observation was that value iteration is best(for my system) for larger MDPs and a possible reason for that is matrix inversions and operations become computationally expensive for larger sizes.

## 2 Task 2

The number of states in my MDP problem is 8194. The indexing done is as - 0 indicates a loss, 1 - 8192 indicates intermediate states, 8193 indicates a win. There will be 8192 states as each state is represented by the positions of my 2 players and opponent's 1 player along with possession of the ball.

The required plots are as shown:

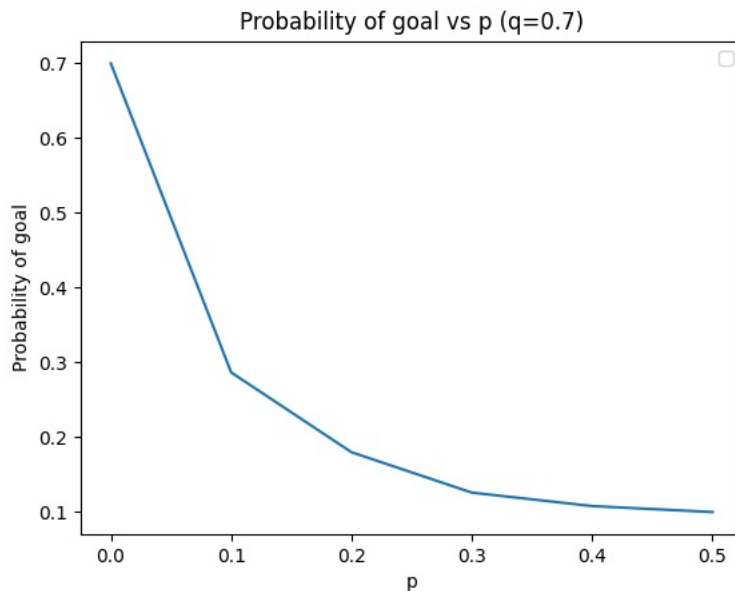


Figure 1: Expected number of goals vs variation in  $p$

**Explanation** - With increase in the value of  $p$ ,  $1 - 2p$  decreases which is the probability a player will keep possession in the desired direction. The game ends with a probability of  $2p$ (for a player with the ball) and  $p$ (for a player without the ball) and hence the expected number of goals decreases with increase in  $p$ .

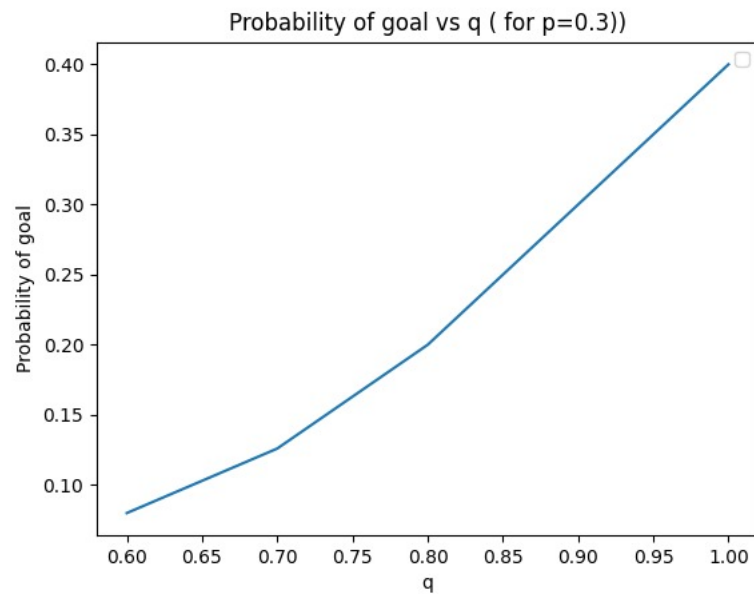


Figure 2: Expected number of goals with variation of q

**Explanation** - With increase in q, my probability of a successful shoot and a successful pass increases which is proportional to q and hence the expected number of goals increases as successful passes lead to high probabilities of goal scoring.

Probability of successful pass -  $q - 0.1 \cdot \max(|x1 - x2|, |y1 - y2|)$

Probability of a successful shoot (goal) -  $q - 0.2 \cdot (3 - x1)$