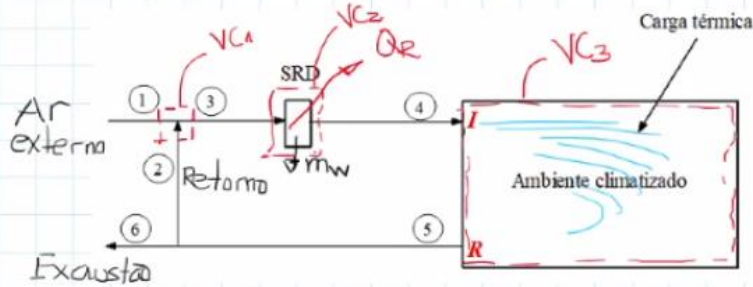


Sistemas Térmicos II – Unidade III – Aula 27/04/2021

Na instalação esquematizada na Figura, uma vazão de ar externo de $0,83 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ é misturado com outra vazão de ar de retorno de $4,27 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. As condições do ar externo são: $T_{B1} = 35^\circ\text{C}$ e $UR=70\%$. O ar de retorno apresenta condições semelhantes ao ar de exaustão de $T_{B2}=24^\circ\text{C}$ e $UR=50\%$. Sabendo que a carga térmica sensível é 14kW e a latente de 6kW . Determine: a) temperatura do ar de insuflamento, b) a capacidade da serpentina de resfriamento e desumidificação (SRD), c) a quantidade de água retirada pela serpentina de resfriamento e desumidificação.



Dados: $\dot{V}_1 = 0,83 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$; $\dot{V}_2 = 4,27 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
 $T_1 = 35^\circ\text{C}$; $T_2 = 24^\circ\text{C}$
 $UR_1 = 0,7$; $UR_2 = 0,5$
 $\dot{Q}_s = 14\text{kW}$; $\dot{Q}_L = 6\text{kW}$

$L = 0 \text{ m}$

Determinar

a) T_4 b) \dot{Q}_R c) \dot{m}_w

$$P = 101,325 (1 - 2,25569 \cdot 10^{-5} L)^{5,2561} \text{ kPa}$$

$$-500 \text{ m} \leq L \leq 11000 \text{ m}$$

$P_R = P_T$

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ASHRAE Psychrometric Gráfico N. 1
 Temperatura Normal
 Pressão Barométrica: 101,325 kPa
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SOLUÇÃO

VC1

CM: AR

CM: VAPOR

CE

$$\dot{m}_{a1} + \dot{m}_{a2} = \dot{m}_{a3} \quad (1)$$

$$\dot{m}_{s1} + \dot{m}_{s2} = \dot{m}_{s3} \quad (2)$$

$$\dot{m}_{a1}h_1 + \dot{m}_{a2}h_2 = \dot{m}_{a3}h_3 \quad (3)$$

$$\boxed{V = \dot{m}_a v_a} \rightarrow v_a = \frac{R_a T}{P_a}; \quad P = P_a + P_s$$

$$P_a = P - P_s$$

$$UR = \frac{P_s}{P_{s, \text{sat}}}$$

$$P_{s1} = UR_1 * P_{s1, \text{sat}}(T_1) = 3,9396 \text{ kPa} \quad v_{a1} = 0,908 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg(a)}$$

$$P_{s2} = UR_2 P_{s2, \text{sat}}(T_2) = 1,4925 \text{ kPa} \quad v_{a2} = 0,8542 \text{ "}$$

Logo:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \dot{m}_{a1} = 0,9140 \text{ kg(a)}/\text{s} \\ \dot{m}_{a2} = 4,9985 \text{ kg(a)}/\text{s} \end{array} \right\} \dot{m}_{a3} = 5,9125 \text{ kg(a)}/\text{s}$$

$$h = 1,005T + w(2500,9 + 1,82T) \leftarrow$$

$$h_1 = 99,7 \text{ kJ/kg(a)}$$

$$h_2 = 47,9 \text{ "}$$

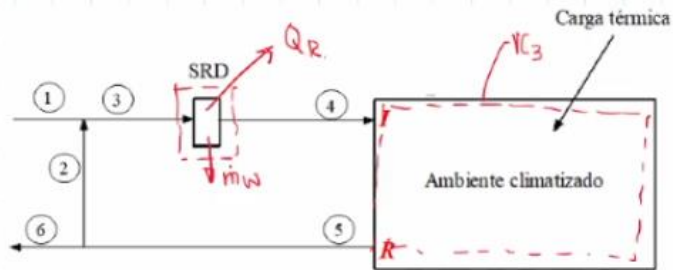
$$\text{Da Eq (3)} \quad h_3 = \frac{\dot{m}_{a1}h_1 + \dot{m}_{a2}h_2}{\dot{m}_{a3}} = 55,9 \text{ kJ/kg(a)}$$

$$\text{Da Eq (2)} \quad w = \frac{\dot{m}_s}{\dot{m}_a} = \frac{\dot{m}_s}{\dot{m}_a} \rightarrow \dot{m}_{s3} = w_1 \dot{m}_{a1} + w_2 \dot{m}_{a2} = 69,48 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg(s)}/\text{s}$$

$$w_3 = \frac{\dot{m}_{s3}}{\dot{m}_{a3}} = 11,75 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg(s)}/\text{kg(a)}$$

VC₂

CM: Ar
 CM: vapor
 CE:



$$\dot{m}_{a3} = \dot{m}_{a4}$$

$$\dot{m}_{s3} = \dot{m}_w + \dot{m}_{s4} \rightarrow \dot{m}_w = \dot{m}_{s3} - \dot{m}_{s4}$$

$$\dot{m}_w = \dot{m}_{a3}(\omega_3 - \omega_4) \quad (4)$$

$$\dot{m}_{a3}h_3 = \dot{m}_{a3}h_4 + \dot{m}_w h_{l,T4} + \dot{Q}_R$$

$$\dot{Q}_R = \dot{m}_{a3}(h_3 - h_4) - \dot{m}_w h_{l,T4} \quad (5)$$

VC₃

CM: Ar →

CM: VAPOR →

CE

$$\dot{m}_{a4} = \dot{m}_{a5} = \dot{m}_{a3}$$

$$\dot{m}_{s3} = \dot{m}_{s4}$$

$$\dot{m}_{a3}h_4 + \dot{Q}_T = \dot{m}_{a3}h_5$$

$$h_5 = h_2 = h_6$$

$$\dot{Q}_T = \dot{Q}_S + \dot{Q}_L = 20 \text{ kW}$$

$$h_4 = 44,52 \text{ kJ/kg(a)}$$

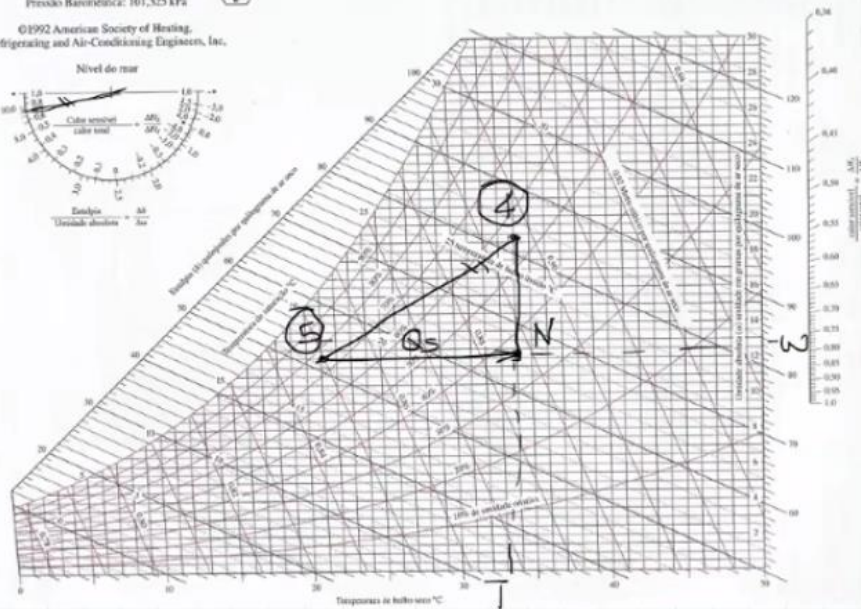
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{CM: Ar} \rightarrow \dot{m}_{a4} = \dot{m}_{a5} = \dot{m}_{a3} \\ \text{CM VABR} \rightarrow \dot{m}_{s3} = \dot{m}_{s4} \\ \text{CE} \quad \underline{\dot{m}_{a3} h_4 + \dot{Q}_T = \dot{m}_{a3} h_5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} h_5 = h_2 = h_6 \quad \checkmark \\ \dot{Q}_T = \dot{Q}_S + \dot{Q}_L = 20 \text{ kW} \\ h_4 = 44,52 \text{ kJ/kg(a)} \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$



$$\text{FCS} = \frac{\dot{Q}_S}{\dot{Q}_T} = 0,7$$

ASHRAE Psychrometric Graph N. 1
Temperatura Normal
Pressão Barométrica: 101,325 kPa
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$$\dot{Q}_S = \dot{m}_{a3} (h_N - h_5) = 14 \rightarrow$$

$$\dot{Q}_L = \dot{m}_{a3} (h_4 - h_N) = 6 \rightarrow$$

$$h_4 = 1,005 T_4 + w_4 (2500,9 + 1,82 T_4)$$

$$h_N = 1,005 T_4 + w_5 (2500,9 + 1,82 T_4)$$

$$w_4 = 8,95 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg(s)/kg(a)}$$

Logo - $T_4 = 21,83^\circ \text{C}$

a) $\dot{m}_w = \dot{m}_{a3} (w_3 - w_4) = 16,5 \times 10^{-3}$

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$$c) \dot{Q}_R = \dot{m}_{a3}(h_3 - h_4) - \dot{m}_w h_{a,T4}$$

$$h_{a,T4} \approx h_1(T_4) \approx 92,33 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{Q}_R = 65,76 \text{ kW}$$

Talking: