## Parallel Processing Winter 2017-2018

## **Programming Assignment 0**

**Objective:** The goal of this assignment is to set up the computational environment, get you familiar with programming under the Linux environment, and to get you started writing MPI code.

In this assignment you are to write the first MPI hello world program under linux platform. Complete the following steps and post any problems you get on the course group page.

- 1) In case you are new to Linux, open a shell window and create a folder where you will be working (ask lab assistance if you are new to this)
  - \$ mkdir cs480
  - \$ mkdir assignment1
  - \$ cd assignment1
- 2) It is very likely that you have everything you need already installed, check that by writing on the command line:

\$ mpic++

if you get command not found then it is either not in your path or you need to do some installation as follows. If the command is found then skip to step 5

The following instruction are given for redhat based linux (redhat, centos, ..etc) and for debian based linux (Ubuntu).

a) Check if the compiler gcc is installed

Redhat: rpm -q gcc-c++

if not installed, do (while connected to the internet)

Redhad: sudo yum install gcc-c++

Debian:

\$ sudo apt-get update

\$ sudo apt-get install build-essential

\$ gcc -v

\$ make -v

b) Check if openmpi is installed Redhat: \$ rpm -q openmpi

if not do

redhad:

\$sudo yum install openmpi openmpi-devel

ubuntu:

sudo apt-get install openmpi-bin libopenmpi-dev

c) Make sure the wrapper is in your path

\$ which mpic++

if not add it to your path, by adding to your ~/.bashrc the line

PATH=\$PATH:/usr/lib64/openmpi/bin/

save the file and sources it

\$ source ~/.bashrc

now try

\$ mpic++

if you still get command not found, please post your problem on the facebook group page

3) Using your favorite editor - I strongly suggest to use either vi or emacs, open a new file under the name hello.cpp. If emacs is not installed, install it by using

Redhat: \$ sudo yum install emacs Debian: \$ apt-get install emacs

If you like notepad++ on windows, then you might consider geany

Redhat: \$sudo yum install geany Debian: \$sudo apt-get install geany 4) Copy the following hello world mpi program to the hello.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <mpi.h>

using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
          MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
          cout << "Hello World " << endl;
          MPI_Finalize();
          return 0;
}</pre>
```

5) Compile the program from the line command do

```
mpic++ -o hello hello.cpp
```

6) Fix any compilation errors you get until you get an executable, then try run the executable

```
$ mpirun -np 2 ./hello
$ mpirun -np 4 ./hello
```

- 7) If you get a shared library error when trying to run the executable, update the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH in your ~/.bashrc to include the path to the shared library.
- 8) Add code, so your program prints the following when you run it

9) Add code, so your program prints the processor name as well

```
Use: MPI Get processor name(name, &len);
```

10) Add code, so that processes with even rank say hello from rank, while processes with odd ranks say hi from rank. Like,

```
$ mpirun -np 4 ./hello hello from 0
```

hi from 1 hello world from 2 hi from 3

11) Now we want to use the powerful linux make utility for compilation and linking project as explained in class

12) Using the makefile, your program should produce the following results when we type

\$ make

\$ make test1

hello from 0 out of 4 [processor name] hi from 1 out of 4 [processor name] hello world from 2 out of 4 [processor name] hi from 3 out of 4 [processor name]

## What to turn in

Tarball file contains the hello.cpp file and the makefile only