### **Neural Machine Translation**

CSC401/2511 A2 Tutorial 1

#### **Outline**

- 1. Typos in the starter code
- 2. Walkthrough of the assignment
  - a. Overview
  - b. Calculating BLEU scores
  - c. Encoder
  - d. DecoderWithoutAttention
  - e. DecoderWithAttention
  - f. DecoderWithMultiHeadAttention
  - g. Putting it together: EncoderDecoder
  - h. Training and testing loop

Most of the material is covered in

3. teach.cs with GPU: srun

the **SMT lecture** 

4. Q&A

Page number to the slides: [pXX]

#### Typos in the Starter Code (piazza @354)

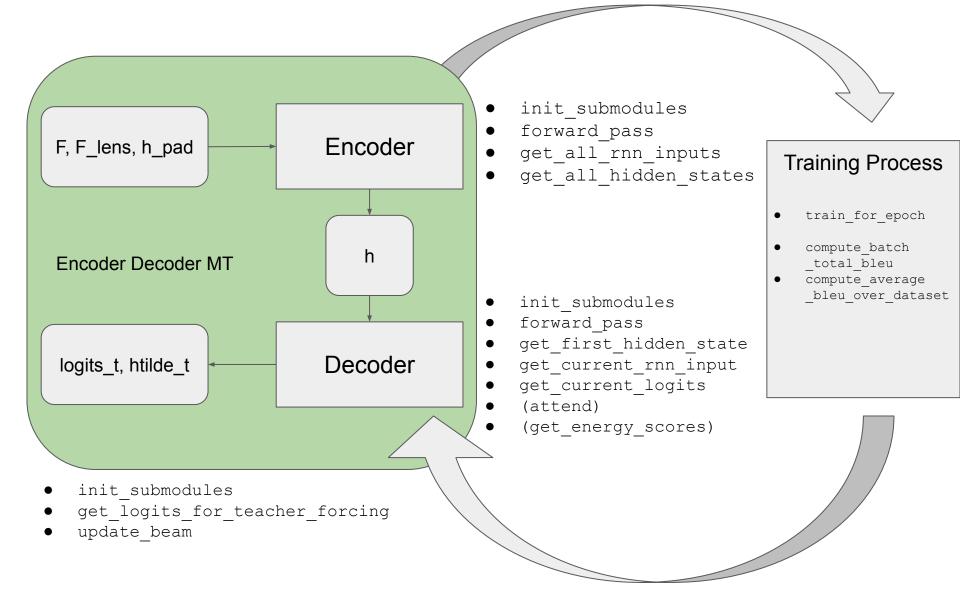
```
1. EncoderDecoder.init modules(...):
    # ...
    # 3. You will need the following object attributes:
    # ... self.heads
2. BLEU score (reference, <u>hypothesis</u>, n):
    BLEU score (reference, candidate, n):
3. DecoderWithAttention.attend(...):
    c t : torch.FloatTensor
       A float tensor of shape ``(M, self.hidden state size)``.
    The context vector c t is the product of weights alpha t and
    h.
```

#### Overview: Canadian Hansards



• You don't need to download the data, just set these environment variables export TRAIN=/h/u1/cs401/A2/data/Hansard/Training/export TEST=/h/u1/cs401/A2/data/Hansard/Testing/

#### Overview: The Assignment



#### Calculating BLEU scores

grouper

```
>>> grouper(['a', 'b', 'c'], 2)
[['a', 'b'], ['b', 'c']]
```

- n\_gram\_precision  $\frac{C}{N}$
- brevity penalty

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Brevity}_i &= \frac{r_i}{c_i} \\ \text{BP} &= \begin{cases} 1 & \text{brevity}_i < 1 \\ e^{1-\text{brevity}_i} & \text{brevity}_i \ge 1 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

• BLEU\_score  $\circ$  BLEU\_s =  $BP_c \times (p_1p_2...p_n)^{\frac{1}{n}}$   $\circ$  [p73]

- No capping
- Only 1 reference and 1 candidate
- Don't include SOS and EOS

#### Encoder

#### Encoder

$$x_s = T_F(F_s)$$

$$h = f(x)$$

h: last hidden state of RNN [p39]

#### DecoderWithoutAttention

#### DecoderWithoutAttention

## $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Decoder} \\ \tilde{x}_t = & T_E(E_{t-1}) \\ \tilde{h}_t = & g(\tilde{x}_t, \tilde{h}_{t-1}) \\ \text{logits}_t = & f(\tilde{h}_t) \end{array}$

- logits\_t is the un-normalized log probability, which means the actual probability should be normalized by softmax, instead of average.
- Pr\_b(i) =
  softmax(logits t[m])
- [p40]

#### **DecoderWithAttention**

#### Decoder

$$\tilde{x}_t = [T_E(E_{t-1}), c_{t-1}]$$
 $c_{t-1} = \text{Attend}(h_{t-1}, h_{1:s})$ 
 $= \sum_s \alpha_{t-1,s} h_s$ 
 $\alpha_{t-1} = \text{softmax}(e_{t-1,1:s}, s)$ 
 $e_{t-1,s} = \text{cosine\_similarity}(\tilde{h}_{t-1}, h_s)$ 

#### **DecoderWithAttention**

#### Decoder

$$\tilde{x}_{t} = [T_{E}(E_{t-1}), c_{t-1}]$$

$$c_{t-1} = \text{Attend}(h_{t-1}, h_{1:s})$$

$$= \sum_{s} \alpha_{t-1,s} h_{s}$$

$$\alpha_{t-1} = \text{softmax}(e_{t-1,1:s}, s)$$

$$e_{t-1,s} = \text{cosine\_similarity}(\tilde{h}_{t-1}, h_{s})$$

 The function to compute attention weights is provided to you

```
get_attention_weights
```

- Be careful with t vs. t-1!
- For the assignment, we'll use cosine similarity as the score function (1.4)
- [p43-45]

#### DecoderWithMultiHeadAttention

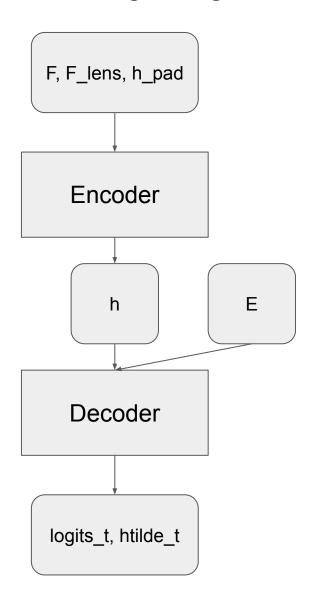
Decoder 
$$ilde{h}_{t-1}^{(n)} = ilde{W}^{(n)} ilde{h}_{t-1}$$
  $h_s^{(n)} = ilde{W}^{(n)} h_s$   $c_{t-1}^{(n)} = ext{Attention}( ilde{h}_{t-1}^{(n)}, h_{1:s}^{(n)})$   $ilde{x}_t = ilde{[T_F(E_{t-1}), Qc_{t-1}^{(1:N)}]}$ 

#### DecoderWithMultiHeadAttention

# $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Decoder} \\ \tilde{h}_{t-1}^{(n)} &= & \tilde{W}^{(n)} \tilde{h}_{t-1} \\ h_s^{(n)} &= & W^{(n)} h_s \\ c_{t-1}^{(n)} &= & \text{Attention}(\tilde{h}_{t-1}^{(n)}, h_{1:s}^{(n)}) \\ \tilde{x}_t &= & [T_F(E_{t-1}), Qc_{t-1}^{(1:N)}] \end{array}$

- You don't really need to slice the hidden weights
- Try starting with heads=1
- You also don't need for loops!
- [p46]

#### Putting it together: EncoderDecoder



- init submodules
- get\_logits\_for\_teacher\_forcing
  - Basic idea: replace y with E
  - o [p42]
- update beam
  - One step of the beam search
  - A greedy update function is provided to you, you can test the rest of the assignment by using the --greedy option
  - More beam search on next week's tutorial by Zhewei
  - o [p55-60]

#### Training and Testing Loop

- train\_for\_epoch
  - Follow the instructions in the docstring
  - Don't forget to normalize loss!
  - tqdm: easy progress bar
- compute batch total bleu
  - o a2\_bleu\_score.BLEU\_score for a batch of sentences
- compute\_average\_bleu\_over\_dataset
  - Calculate the average BLEU score of the given dataset
  - Use compute\_batch\_total\_bleu

#### teach.cs with GPU: srun

 First make sure your code works in cpu mode! Debugging in CUDA mode is much more difficult

- Basic usage: srun -p csc401 your\_regular\_command
   srun -p csc2511 if you enrolled in CSC 2511
- Check current queue: squeue -p csc401
- Keep training after disconnecting: Use screen (A.3)