# CS241 Tutorial 3

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#### **Topics**

- Outputting bytes
- outputting isntructions
- MERL
- Relocating

## $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{1}$

Write psuedocode for a function output\_word which takes a 32bit integer and outputs each of its 4 bytes to standard output. Assume the existence of a function output\_byte which takes an int and outputs the loworder byte if the integer can be represented in 8 bits

```
Void output_word(int word){
char c;
c = word >> 24;
output_byte(c);
c = word >> 16;
output_byte(c);
c = word >> 81
output_byte(c);
c = word;
output_byte(c);
}
0110
 >>1
0011
0110
 <<1
```

1100

1100

>>1

1110

1100

<<1

1000

## $\mathbf{Q2}$

Write a function assemble\_add which assembles add instructions of the form add \$d, \$s, \$t given d, s and t and returns an int representing the binary encoding of the add instruction.

<u>MERL</u> Mips executible relactable linkable Stick notes:

- REL 0x1 loc
- ESD 0x5 val len
- ESR 0x11 loc len

#### $\mathbf{Q4}$

ESR

0x11

loc

len

# Q3.2

```
lis $6
.word 0x18
sw $31, -4($30)
lis $31
. \\ \texttt{word} \ 4
sub $30, $30, $31
lis $3
.word proc
lis $11
. \\ \texttt{word} \ 1
loop:
beq $2, $0, end
jalr $3
sub $2, $2, $11
beq $0, $0, loop
end:
add $3, $1, $0
lis $31
. word 4
add $30, $30, $31
1w $31, -4($30)
jr $31
proc:
add $1, $1, $6
jr $31
```